# Dansk Reklame Film A/S

Mosedalvej 14, 2500 Valby CVR no. 89 63 27 14

Annual report 2019

Approved at the Company's annual general meeting on	11.05.2020
Chairman:	
HELKE BIORNSKON FISCHER	

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### Statement by the Board of Directors and the Executive Board

Today, the Board of Directors and the Executive Board have discussed and approved the annual report of Dansk Reklame Film A/S for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2019.

The annual report is prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Company at 31 December 2019 and of the results of the Company's operations for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2019.

Further, in our opinion, the Management's review gives a fair review of the development in the Company's operations and financial matters and the results of the Company's operations and financial position.

We recommend that the annual report be approved at the annual general meeting.

Valby, 11 May 2020 Executive Board:

Carsten Trillingsgaard Ellemo CEO

Board of Directors:

Erik Kongsvik-Ibsen Chairman Nicolai Loft Demring

Asger Flygare Bech-Thomsen

#### Independent auditor's report

#### To the shareholder of Dansk Reklame Film A/S

#### Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Dansk Reklame Film A/S for the financial year 1 January -31 December 2019, which comprise income statement, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity and notes, including accounting policies. The financial statements are prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Company at 31 December 2019 and of the results of the Company's operations for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2019 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

#### Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the "Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements" section of our report. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

#### Independence

We are independent of the Company in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these rules and requirements.

#### Management's responsibilities for the financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act and for such internal control as Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, Management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements unless Management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

#### Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance as to whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of the financial statements.

As part of an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.

#### Independent auditor's report

- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by Management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of Management's use of the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and contents of the financial statements, including the note disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that gives a true and fair view.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

#### Statement on the Management's review

Management is responsible for the Management's review.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the Management's review, and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the Management's review and, in doing so, consider whether the Management's review is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained during the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

Moreover, it is our responsibility to consider whether the Management's review provides the information required under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Based on the work we have performed, we conclude that the Management's review is in accordance with the financial statements and has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Danish Financial Statement Act. We did not identify any material misstatement of the Management's review.

Copenhagen, 11 May 2020 ERNST & YOUNG Godkendt Revisionspartnerselskab CVR no. 30 70 02 28

By Mallelde

Birgit Morville Schrøder State Authorised Public Accountant mne21337

## Management's review

## Company details

Name Address, Postal code, City

CVR no. Established Registered office Financial year

**Board of Directors** 

**Executive Board** 

Auditors

Dansk Reklame Film A/S Mosedalvej 14, 2500 Valby

89 63 27 14 22 April 1980 Copenhagen 1 January - 31 December

Erik Kongsvik-Ibsen, Chairman Nicolai Loft Demring Asger Flygare Bech-Thomsen

Carsten Trillingsgaard Ellemo, CEO

Ernst & Young Godkendt Revisionspartnerselskab Dirch Passers Allé 36, P.O. Box 250, 2000 Frederiksberg, Denmark

## Management's review

## Financial highlights

DKK'000	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Key figures					
Gross profit	32,436	27,699	11,740	17,047	22,166
Operating profit/loss	4,097	2,656	-15,961	-9,603	-3,745
Net financials	-133	-188	-499	-1,621	-1,879
Profit/loss for the year	-77	1,898	-15,136	-8,885	-4,712
[]					
Total assets	62,358	59,341	82,376	76,089	62,575
Investment in property, plant and					
equipment	615	990	643	230	11,718
Equity	8,501	8,578	-75,820	-47,116	-25,033
Financial ratios					
Return on assets	6.7%	3.7%	-20.1%	-13.9%	-6.3%
Equity ratio	13.6%	14.5%	-92.0%	-61.9%	-40.0%
Return on equity	-0.9%	-5.6%	24.6%	24.6%	25.0%
notari on equity					
Average number of employees	30	33	35	33	33

Financial ratios are calculated in accordance with the Danish Finance Society's recommendations. For terms and definitions, please see the accounting policies.

#### Management's review

#### **Business review**

The Company's principal activities comprise sale of nationwide and local digital cinema advertising and sale of digital and analogue advertising in Copenhagen Airport.

In relation to the principal activities, the Company is also engaged in sale and provision of off-screen activities, foyer spot, gatherings and events, etc.

#### Financial review

The Company's income statement for 2019 shows a loss of DKK 77 thousand as against a profit of DKK 1,898 thousand for 2018. The Company's balance sheet at 31 December 2019 shows positive equity of DKK 8,501 thousand against positive equity for 2018 of DKK 8,578 thousand.

The Company's result for 2019 from activities in sale of cinema advertising is satisfactory. The result for 2019 for the advertising activities in Copenhagen Airport is showing an unsatisfactory loss, mainly related to cost from the termination of the agreement at the end of 2020. Consequently, the total result for 2019 for the company is not satisfactory.

During 2018 the Company has repaid DKK 111.5 million to the customers who were affected by the advertisement supply shortfall. The Danish police is still investigating the case, and the Company is collaborating on the matter.

#### Special risks

The Company does not have any special industry or business risks.

#### Events after the balance sheet date

No significant events have occurred after the balance sheet date.

#### Outlook

As a consequence of the Covid-19 crises, The Company expect a substantial negative impact on the total result for 2020, due to a major fall in demand for commercials and advertising in the cinemas and Copenhagen Airport. The Cinemas have been closed since March 12 and CPH have been partly locked down. It is not possible to estimate the final impact on the expected result for the year. Covid-19 is not expected to have an impact on the company's ability to continue its activities under a going concern assumption.

As pr. 31. December 2020 the activities regarding sale of digital and analogue advertising in Copenhagen Airport will terminate.

## Income statement

Note	DKK'000	2019	2018
	Gross profit	32,436	27,699
2	Staff costs	-21,300	-19,928
3	Amortisation/depreciation and impairment of intangible assets and property, plant and equipment Other operating expenses	-6,997 -4,048	-5,115
4 5	Profit before net financials Financial income Financial expenses	91 62 -195	2,656 55 -243
6	<b>Profit/loss before tax</b> Tax for the year	-42 -35	2,468 570
	Profit/loss for the year	-77	1,898

## Balance sheet

Note	DKK'000	2019	2018
_	ASSETS Fixed assets		
7	Intangible assets Completed development projects	146	1,690
		146	1,690
8	<b>Property, plant and equipment</b> Fixtures and fittings, other plant and equipment Property, plant and equipment under construction	0 0	4,735 103 4,838
	Total fixed assets	146	6,528
	Non-fixed assets Receivables Trade receivables	20,364	23,481
9	Receivables from group entities Deferred tax assets Corporation tax receivable Other receivables	35,968 2,935 0 197	509 1,127 22,973 1,357
10	Prepayments	2,748	3,366
		62,212	52,813
	Total non-fixed assets	62,212	52,813
	TOTAL ASSETS	62,358	59,341

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Note	DKK'000	2019	2018
	EQUITY AND LIABILITIES Equity		
11	Share capital	3,100	3,100
	Reserve for development costs	146	1,242
	Retained earnings	5,255	4,236
	Total equity	8,501	8,578
	Provisions	4.000	0
12	Other provisions	4,290	0
	Total provisions	4,290	0
13	Liabilities other than provisions Non-current liabilities other than provisions		
10	Other payables	667	0
		667	0
	Current liabilities other than provisions		
	Trade payables	24,366	20,357
	Payables to group entities	15,189 1.843	22,149 0
	Corporation tax payable	2,154	1,696
14	Other payables Deferred income	5,348	6,561
14		48,900	50,763
	Total liabilities other than provisions	49,567	50,763
	TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES	62,358	59,341

Accounting policies
Contractual obligations and contingencies, etc.
Related parties

## Statement of changes in equity

Note	DKK'000	Share capital	Reserve for development costs	Retained earnings	Total
17	Equity at 1 January 2018 Transfer, see	3,100	1,469	-80,389	-75,820
	"Appropriation of profit/loss" Contribution from group	0	-227 0	2,125 82,500	1,898 82,500
17	Equity at 1 January 2019 Transfer, see	3,100	1,242	4,236	8,578
	"Appropriation of profit/loss"	0	-1,096	1,019	-77
	Equity at 31 December 2019	3,100	146	5,255	8,501

#### Notes to the financial statements

#### 1 Accounting policies

The annual report of Dansk Reklame Film A/S for 2019 has been prepared in accordance with the provisions in the Danish Financial Statements Act applying to medium-sized reporting class C entities.

The accounting policies used in the preparation of the financial statements are consistent with those of last year.

#### Omission of a cash flow statement

With reference to section 86(4) of the Danish Financial Statements Act, no cash flow statement has been prepared. The Company's cash flows are included in the consolidated cash flow statement of Egmont Fonden.

#### Reporting currency

The financial statements are presented in Danish kroner (DKK'000).

#### Foreign currency translation

On initial recognition, transactions denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the exchange rates at the transaction date. Foreign exchange differences arising between the exchange rates at the transaction date and at the date of payment are recognised in the income statement as financial income or financial expenses.

Receivables, payables and other monetary items denominated in foreign currencies are translated into Danish kroner at the exchange rate at the balance sheet date. Realised and unrealised exchange gains and losses are recognised in the income statement as financial income/expenses.

#### Income statement

#### Revenue

The Company has chosen IAS 18 as interpretation for revenue recognition.

Income from the sale of goods and finished goods is recognised in revenue at the time of delivery and when the risk passes to the buyer, provided that the income can be made up reliably and is expected to be received.

Revenue is measured at the fair value of the agreed consideration excluding VAT and axes charged on behalf of third parties. All discounts and rebates granted are recognised in revenue.

#### Gross profit

With reference to section 32 of the Danish Financial Statements Act, the items Revenue and Other external expenses are consolidated into one item called Gross profit/loss.

#### Other operating income and operating expenses

Other operating income and operating expenses comprise items of a secondary nature relative to the Company's core activities, including gains or losses on the sale of fixed assets.

#### Other external expenses

Other external expenses comprise the year's expenses relating to the Company's core activities, including expenses relating to distribution, sale, advertising, administration, premises, bad debts, payments under operating leases, etc.

#### Notes to the financial statements

#### 1 Accounting policies (continued)

#### Staff costs

Staff costs comprise wages and salaries, including holiday allowance and pensions, as well as other social security contributions, etc., made to the Company's employees. Refunds received from public authorities are deducted from staff costs.

#### Financial income and expenses

Financial income and expenses comprise interest income and expenses, including from group entities, realised and unrealised exchange gains and losses regarding transactions denominated in foreign currencies.

### Tax

The Company is jointly taxed with the Egmont Group's other Danish entities with Egmont International Holding A/S as the administrative company.

The current tax is allocated by settling the joint taxation contributions between the jointly taxed entities in proportion to their taxable income. Loss-making entities receive joint taxation contributions from entities which have been able to apply the losses to reduce their own taxable income (full absorption).

Tax for the year comprises current tax for the year and changes in deferred tax. The tax expense relating to the profit/loss for the year is recognised in the income statement, and the tax expense relating to amounts recognised directly in equity is recognised directly in equity.

#### **Balance sheet**

#### Intangible assets

Development costs comprise expenses, salaries and amortisation directly or indirectly attributable to development activities.

Development projects that are clearly defined and identifiable, where the technical feasibility, sufficient resources and a potential future market or development opportunities are evidenced, and where the Company intends to produce, market or use the project, are recognised as intangible assets provided that the cost can be measured reliably and that there is sufficient assurance that future earnings can cover production costs, selling costs and administrative expenses and development costs.

Other development costs are recognised in the income statement as incurred.

Development costs that are recognised in the balance sheet are measured at cost less accumulated amortisation and impairment losses.

On completion of a development project, development costs are amortised on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful life. The amortisation period is usually 5 years.

Gains and losses on the sale of intangible assets are recognised in the income statement under other operating income or other operating expenses, respectively. Gains and losses are calculated as the difference between the selling price less selling expenses and the carrying amount at the time of sale.

#### Notes to the financial statements

#### 1 Accounting policies (continued)

#### Property, plant and equipment

Fixtures and fittings, tools and equipment are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Cost includes the acquisition price and costs directly related to the acquisition until the time at which the asset is ready for use.

Depreciation, which is calculated as cost less any residual value, is provided on a straight-line basis over the expected useful life. The expected useful lives are as follows:

Fixtures and operating equipment: 3-5 years

Depreciation is calculated based on the residual value of the asset and is reduced by impairment losses, if any. The depreciation period and the residual value are determined at the time of acquisition and are reassessed every year. Where the residual value exceeds the carrying amount of the asset, no further depreciation charges are recognised.

Gains or losses are calculated as the difference between the selling price less selling costs and the carrying amount at the date of disposal. Gains and losses from the disposal of property, plant and equipment are recognised in the income statement as other operating income or other operating expenses.

#### Leases

The Company has chosen IAS 17 as interpretation for classification and recognition of leases.

Leases that do not transfer substantially all the risks and rewards incident to the ownership to the Company are classified as operating leases. Payments relating to operating leases and any other rent agreements are recognised in the income statement over the term of the lease. The Company's aggregate liabilities relating to operating leases and other rent agreements are disclosed under contingent liabilities.

#### Impairment of fixed assets

Every year, intangible assets and property, plant and equipment are reviewed for impairment. Where there is indication of impairment, an impairment test is made for each individual asset or group of assets, respectively, generating independent cash flows. The assets are written down to the higher of the value in use and the net selling price of the asset or group of assets (recoverable amount) if it is lower than the carrying amount. Where an impairment loss is recognised on a group of assets, a loss must first be allocated to goodwill and then to the other assets on a pro rata basis.

#### Receivables

Receivables are measured at amortised cost.

The Company has chosen IAS 39 as interpretation for impairment of financial receivables.

Write-down for bad and doubtful debts is made when there is objective evidence that a receivable or a portfolio of receivables has been impaired. If there is objective evidence that an individual receivable has been impaired, an impairment loss is recognised on an individual basis.

Receivables in respect of which there is no objective evidence of individual impairment are tested for objective evidence of impairment on a portfolio basis. The portfolios are primarily based on the debtors' domicile and credit ratings in line with the Company's risk management policy. The objective evidence applied to portfolios is determined based on historical loss experience.

Write-downs are calculated as the difference between the carrying amount of the receivables and the present value of the expected cash flows, including the realisable value of any collateral received. The effective interest rate for the individual receivable or portfolio is used as discount rate.

## Notes to the financial statements

#### 1 Accounting policies (continued)

#### Prepayments

Prepayments comprise prepaid expenses regarding subsequent financial reporting years.

#### Cash

Cash at bank and in hand comprise operating cash and bank deposits.

Given the nature of the Group's cash pool arrangement, cash pool balances are not considered cash, but are recognised under receivables from group entities.

#### Equity

#### Reserve for development costs

The reserve for development costs comprises recognised development costs. The reserve cannot be used to distribute dividends or cover losses. The reserve will be reduced or dissolved if the recognised development costs are no longer part of the Company's operations by a transfer directly to the distributable reserves under equity.

#### Provisions

Provisions comprise anticipated expenses relating to onerous contracts. Provisions are recognised when the Company has a legal or constructive obligation at the balance sheet date as a result of a past event and it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation.

Provisions are measured at net realisable value or at fair value if the obligation is expected to be settled far into the future.

#### Corporation tax and deferred tax

Current tax payables and receivables are recognised in the balance sheet as tax computed on the taxable income for the year, adjusted for tax on prior-year taxable income and tax paid on account. Joint taxation contribution payable and receivable is recognised in the balance sheet as corporation tax receivable or corporation tax payable.

Deferred tax is measured using the balance sheet liability method on all temporary differences between the carrying amount and the tax value of assets and liabilities. However, deferred tax is not recognised on temporary differences relating to non-deductible assets where temporary differences arise at the date of acquisition without affecting either profit/loss for the year or taxable income. Where alternative tax rules can be applied to determine the tax base, deferred tax is measured based on the intended use of the asset or settlement of the liability, respectively.

Deferred tax assets, including the tax value of tax loss carryforwards, are measured at the expected value of their utilisation; either as a set-off against tax on future income or as a set-off against deferred tax liabilities in the same legal tax entity. Any deferred net assets are measured at net realisable values.

Deferred tax is measured according to the tax rules and at the tax rates applicable at the balance sheet date when the deferred tax is expected to crystallise as current tax.

#### Liabilities

Other liabilities are measured at net realisable value.

## Notes to the financial statements

1 Accounting policies (continued)

#### Deferred income

Deferred income comprises payments received concerning income in subsequent financial reporting years.

#### **Financial ratios**

The financial ratios stated under "Financial highlights" have been calculated as follows:

Operating profit/loss	Profit/loss before financial items adjusted for other operating income and other operating expenses
Return on assets	Profit/loss from operating activites x 100 Average assets
Equity ratio	Equity, year-end x 100 Total equity and liabilities, year-end
Return on equity	Profit/loss after tax x 100 Average equity

## Notes to the financial statements

2

DKK'000	2019	2018
Staff costs Wages/salaries Pensions Other social security costs	20,093 979 228 21,300	18,699 1,020 209 19,928
Average number of full-time employees		33

By reference to section 98b(3), (ii), of the Danish Financial Statements Act, remuneration to Management is not disclosed.

In 2018, the remuneration totalled DKK 1.4 million.

3	Amortisation/depreciation and impairment of intangible assets and property, plant and equipment		
	Amortisation of intangible assets	1,054	1,025
	Impairment of intangible assets	490	0
	Depreciation of property, plant and equipment	4,576	4,090
	Impairment of property, plant and equipment	877	0
		6,997	5,115
4	Financial income	(2)	55
	Other financial income	62	
		62	55
5	Financial expenses		
5	Interest expenses, group entities	95	102
	Other financial expenses	100	141
		195	243
		<u></u>	
6	Tax for the year	0	-22,973
	Estimated tax charge for the year	-1,808	23,555
	Deferred tax adjustments in the year Tax adjustments, prior years	1,843	-12
	lax aujustinents, prior years		
		35	570

## Notes to the financial statements

7 Intangible assets

DKK'000	Completed development projects
Cost at 1 January 2019	7,724
Cost at 31 December 2019	7,724
Impairment losses and amortisation at 1 January 2019 Impairment losses for the year Amortisation	6,034 490 1,054
Impairment losses and amortisation at 31 December 2019	7,578
Carrying amount at 31 December 2019	146

Completed development projects comprise development of the Company's CRM system.

Completed development projects have been written down by DKK 490 thousand (2018: DKK 0 thousand).

## 8 Property, plant and equipment

DKK'000	Fixtures and fittings, other plant and equipment	Property, plant and equipment under construction	Total
Cost at 1 January 2019	19,809 615	103 0	19,912 615
Additions Transferred	103	-103	0
Cost at 31 December 2019	20,527	0	20,527
Impairment losses and depreciation at 1 January 2019 Impairment losses Depreciation	15,074 877 4,576	0 0 0	15,074 877 4,576
Impairment losses and depreciation at 31 December 2019	20,527	0	20,527
Carrying amount at 31 December 2019	0	0	0

#### Notes to the financial statements

DKK'000	2019	2018
9 Deferred tax assets		
Deferred tax at 1 January Adjustment of the deferred tax charge for the year	-1,127 -1,808	-24,682 23,555
Deferred tax at 31 December	-2,935	-1,127
Deferred tax relates to:		
Intangible assets Property, plant and equipment Provisions Liabilities	-30 -1,270 -1,635 	289 -490 -509 -417 -1,127

Based on expectations for the future, the management has considered it likely that future taxable income will be available, in which unused tax deductions can be utilized.

#### 10 Prepayments

Prepayments comprise accrual of expenses relating to subsequent years.

#### 11 Share capital

The share capital consists of 3,100 shares of nom. DKK 1,000 each. All shares rank equally.

The share capital has remained unchanged for the past five years.

#### 12 Other provisions

Other provisions comprise expected costs to onerous contract.

#### 13 Non-current liabilities other than provisions

The long-term liabilities are due for payment within 1-5 years after the balance sheet date.

#### 14 Deferred income

Deferred income consists of payments received from customers that cannot be recognised as revenue until in the subsequent financial year.

### Notes to the financial statements

#### 15 Contractual obligations and contingencies, etc.

### **Contingent liabilities**

The Company is jointly taxed with other Danish entities in the Egmont International Holding Group. Together with the other entities included in the joint taxation, the Company has joint and several unlimited liability for Danish corporation taxes and withholding taxes on dividends, interest and royalties.

### Other financial obligations

The Company has non-terminable leases expiring at the end of 2020. The minimum rent in the non-terminable period is estimated at approx. DKK 33.6 million. (2018: DKK 66.8 million).

Other lease- and rent commitments amounted to DKK 0.2 million at 31 December 2019 (2018: DKK 0.9 million).

The company has a guarantee commission of DKK 12.2 milion at 31 December 2019.

#### 16 Related parties

Dansk Reklame Film A/S' related parties comprise the following:

#### Parties exercising control

Related party	Domicile	Basis for control
Nordisk Film A/S	Mosedalvej 14, 2500 Valby	Shareholder
Egmont International Holding A/S	Vognmagergade 11, 1148 Copenhagen K	Parent company of Nordisk Film A/S
Egmont Fonden	Vognmagergade 11, 1148 Copenhagen K	Ultimate parent

## Information about consolidated financial statements

Parent	Domicile
Egmont Fonden	Vognmagergade 11, 1148 Copenhagen K

#### **Related party transactions**

Dansk Reklame Film A/S was engaged in the below related party transactions:

	DKK'000	2019	2018
	Sale of goods and services, group entities	1,799	1,854
	Acquisition of goods and services, group entities	39,705	40,249
	Management fee, group entities	2,007	409
	Interest expenses, group entities, net	95	102
	Receivables from group entities	35,968	509
	Payables to group entities	15,189	22,149
17	Appropriation of profit/loss Recommended appropriation of profit/loss		
	Reserve for development costs	-1,096	-227
	Retained earnings	1,019	2,125
		-77	1,898



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Asger Flygare Bech-Thomsen

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## Dokumenter i transaktionen

Nærværende dokument

Dansk Reklame Film AS - Årsrapport 2019\_FINAL.pdf

Ovenstående dokumenter og bilag er fremsendt i underskrevet form til alle partere på e-mail eller som link til download. Underskriver er selv ansvarlig for download og sikker opbevaring af dokumenter og bilag.

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## Hændelseslog for dokument

#### Hændelseslog for dokumentet

Hændelseslog for d	Jokumentet
2020-05-11 12:29	
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2020-05-11 12:29	En besked er sendt til Erik Kongsvik-Ibsen (eki@nordiskfilm.com)
2020-05-11 12:29	En besked er sendt til Asger Flygare Bech-Thomsen (Asger.Flygare@nordiskfilm.com)
2020-05-11 12:29	En besked er sendt til Nicolai Loft Demring (nicolai.demring@nordiskfilm.com)
2020-05-11 12:29	En besked er sendt til Carsten Trillingsgaard Ellemo (ce@drf.dk)
2020-05-11 12:31	Dokumentet blev abnet via linket sendt til Erik Kongsvik-Ibsen
2020-05-11 12:37	Erik Kongsvik-Ibsen har underskrevet dokumentet Dansk Reklame Film AS - Årsrapport 2019 _FINAL.pdf via Danish NemID
	private (PID: 9208-2002-2-546860981225)
2020-05-11 12:37	Alle dokumenter sendt til Erik Kongsvik-Ibsen er blevet underskrevet
2020-05-11 13:46	Dokumentet blev åbnet via linket sendt til Nicolai Loft Demring
2020-05-11 13:50	Nicolai Loft Demring har underskrevet dokumentet Dansk Reklame Film AS - Årsrapport 2019 _FINAL.pdf via Danish NemID
	private (PID: 9208-2002-2-234617752172)
2020-05-11 13:50	Alle dokumenter sendt til Nicolai Loft Demring er blevet underskrevet
2020-05-11 14:40	Dokumentet blev åbnet via linket sendt til Asger Flygare Bech-Thomsen
2020-05-11 14:41	Asger Flygare Bech-Thomsen har underskrevet dokumentet Dansk Reklame Film AS - Årsrapport 2019 _FINAL.pdf via
2020 05 11 14 41	Danish NemID private (PID: 9208-2002-2-244667093853)
2020-05-11 14:41	Alle dokumenter sendt til Asger Flygare Bech-Thomsen er blevet underskrevet Dokumentet blev åbnet via linket sendt til Carsten Trillingsgaard Ellemo
2020-05-11 14:51	Carsten Trillingsgaard Ellemo har underskrevet dokumentet Dansk Reklame Film AS – Årsrapport 2019 _FINAL.pdf via
2020-05-11 15:00	Carsten Trillingsgaard Ellemo har underskrevet dokumentet Dansk Rekiame Film AS - Alsi apport 2019rivac.pul via Danish NemID private (PID: 9208-2002-2-628372170172)
2020-05-11 15:00	Alle dokumenter sendt til Carsten Trillingsgaard Ellemo er blevet underskrevet
2020-05-11 15.00	