

Cabinplant A/S

Roesbjergvej 9, 5683 Haarby CVR no. 76 16 53 19

Annual report for 2018

Årsrapporten er godkendt på den ordinære generalforsamling, d. 31.05.19

Ralf Astrup Dirigent



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The company

Cabinplant A/S Roesbjergvej 9 5683 Haarby

Registered office: Assens CVR no.: 76 16 53 19 Financial year: 01.01 - 31.12

Executive Board

CEO Ralf Astrup CFO Jan Helskov Hansen

Board Of Directors

Erik Blom Marc Frederick Plastow CEO Ralf Astrup

Auditors

Beierholm

Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab



Cabinplant A/S

Statement of the Board of Directors and Executive Board on the annual report

We have on this day presented the annual report for the financial year 01.01.18 - 31.12.18 for Cabinplant A/S.

The annual report is presented in accordance with Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements and financial statements give a true and fair view of the group's and the parent's assets, liabilities and financial position as at 31.12.18 and of the results of the group's and parent's activities and of the group's cash flows for the financial year 01.01.18 - 31.12.18.

We believe that the management's review includes a fair review of the matters dealt with in the management's review.

The annual report is submitted for adoption by the general meeting.

Haarby, April 4, 2019

Executive Board

Jan Helskov Hansen Ralf Astrup

CEO CFO

Board Of Directors

Erik Blom Marc Frederick Plastow Ralf Astrup Chairman CEO



To the Shareholders of Cabinplant A/S

Opinion

We have audited the consolidated financial statements and parent company financial statements of Cabinplant A/S for the financial year 01.01.18 - 31.12.18, which comprise the income statement, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity and notes, inclusive of accounting policies for the group as well as for the parent company as well as the consolidated cash flow statement. The consolidated financial statements and parent company financial statements are prepared in accordance with Danish Financial Statements Act

In our opinion the consolidated financial statements and parent company financial statements give a true and fair view of the group's and the parent company's assets, liabilities and financial position at 31.12.18 and of the results of the group's and the parent company's operations and the consolidated cash flows for the financial year 01.01.18 - 31.12.18 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the "Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the consolidated financial statements and parent company financial statements" section of our report. We are independent of the company in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Management's responsibility for the consolidated financial statements and parent company financial statements

The Management is responsible for the preparation of consolidated financial statements and parent company financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act. Furthermore the Management is responsible for the internal control as the Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements and parent company financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements and parent company financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the consolidated financial statements and parent company financial statements unless management either intends to liquidate the company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.



Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the consolidated financial statements and parent company financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements and parent company financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with International Standards on Auditing and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements and parent company financial statements.

As part of an audit conducted in accordance with International Standards on Auditing and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements and parent company financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an
 opinion on the effectiveness of the company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the consolidated financial statements and parent company financial statements and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements and parent company financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the company to cease to continue as a going concern.



• Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and contents of the consolidated financial statements and parent company financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements and parent company financial statements represent the underlying

transactions and events in a manner that gives a true and fair view.

• Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or

business activities within the group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit.

We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned

scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in

internal control that we identify during our audit.

Statement regarding the management's review

Management is responsible for management's review.

Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements and parent company financial statements does

not cover management's review, and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the consolidated financial statements and parent company financial

statements, our responsibility is to read management's review and, in doing so, consider whether

management's review is materially inconsistent with the consolidated financial statements or parent company financial statements or our knowledge obtained during the audit, or otherwise appears to be

materially misstated.

Moreover, it is our responsibility to consider whether management's review provides the information

required under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Based on the work we have performed, we conclude that management's review is in accordance with

the consolidated financial statements and parent company financial statements and has been

prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Danish Financial Statements Acts. We did not

identify any material misstatement of management's review.

Odense, April 4, 2019

Beierholm

Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab

CVR no. 32 89 54 68

Henrik Welinder

State Authorized Public Accountant

MNE-no. mne23366



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GROUPS FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

Key figures

Figures in DKK '000	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Profit/loss					
Revenue	392,254	324,770	374,882	0	0
Gross profit	61,118	48,641	58,583	52,700	52,923
Operating profit/loss	20,069	11,950	18,374	24,834	15,054
Total net financials	313	-1,809	-2,811	-1,524	-1,155
Profit/loss for the year	15,756	6,863	11,457	17,684	11,054
Balance					
Total assets	194,817	169,961	170,250	187,990	144,360
Equity	65,113	51,411	43,536	63,980	54,190
Cashflow					
Net cash flow:					
Operating activities	25,388	21,857	35,649	45,562	18,395
Investing activities	-6,392	-8,097	-4,055	-3,641	-4,801
Financing activities	-1,671	-3,886	-32,375	-17,784	4,912
Cash flows for the year	17,325	9,874	-781	24,137	18,506



Management's review

Ratios						
	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	
Profitability						
Return on equity	27%	14%	21%	30%	22%	
Gross margin	16%	15%	16%	17%	21%	
Equity ratio						
Equity interest	33%	30%	26%	34%	38%	
Others						
Number of employees (average)	298	293	251	234	162	
Return on equity:	Profit/loss for the year x 100					
	Average equity					
Gross margin:	Gross result x 100 Revenue					
Equity interest:			end of year otal assets	x 100		



Primary activities

The company's activities is to engage in the development, production and sales of machines and high-tech processing and weighing/packing lines for the food processing industry.

The solutions are sold domestically and worldwide directly from the parent company and its sales subsidiaries in Poland, Germany, USA and Spain as well as from a network of sales agents in more than 35 countries.

Development in activities and financial affairs

The income statement for the period 01.01.18 - 31.12.18 shows a profit/loss of DKK 15,755,732 against DKK 6,862,604 for the period 01.01.17 - 31.12.17. The balance sheet shows equity of DKK 65,112,633.

Outlook

The company expects increased activities and improved profits for 2019.

Knowledge resources

The company has developed considerable know-how on the development and production of machines and high-tech processing and weighing/packing lines for the food processing industry. To a great extent, such intellectual resources are anchored in employees with high level of education. It is the company's clear policy to maintain and accumulate the intellectual of its employees.

Special risks

Currency risks

International activities cause impact on profit/loss, cash flow and shareholders' equity from movements in exchange and interest rates.



External environment

The company is constantly engaged in optimization of resource application to continuously minimize the main environmental impacts. The company focuses on optimizing their products in terms of energy and productivity. The company has a working environment policy that include employee satisfaction and job satisfaction.

Research and development activities

Product research activities proceeded satisfactorily during the past year. Product research was implemented particularly for the weighing/packing segments resulting in new market leading solutions.

Subsequent events

No important events have occurred after the end of the financial year to this date which would influence the evaluation of this annual report.

Corporate social responsibility

The company wishes to develop its core business and meet its strategic challenges in a financially and socially responsible way. This means that the company complies with legislation in the countries and local communities in which it operates, and that the company implements voluntary activities and commitments of a socially responsible character to attain the strategic objects.

Target figure for the underrepresented gender

Target figures for the Board of Directors

It is the company's policy to promote equal opportunities for both genders. Recruitment and posting of positions aims at an appropriate gender distribution, as all positions are filled with the most qualified candidates, regardless of age, gender and nationality.



	(Group	Parent		
	2018 DKK	2017 DKK	2018 DKK	2017 DKK	
Revenue	392,253,841	324,769,695	388,144,726	298,705,883	
Production costs	-331,135,681	-276,129,038	-339,192,547	-254,756,475	
Gross profit	61,118,160	48,640,657	48,952,179	43,949,408	
Distribution costs Administrative expenses Other operating income	-28,107,394 -13,288,912 347,250	-26,561,098 -10,662,215 490,887	-20,606,291 -10,036,584 0	-19,152,458 -9,716,970 188,864	
Profit/loss before net financials	20,069,104	11,908,231	18,309,304	15,268,844	
Income from equity investments in group enterprises Financial income Financial expenses	0 3,200,244 -2,887,407	0 3,409,610 -5,218,453	1,346,419 3,243,021 -2,938,303	-3,506,94(2,902,07(-4,881,28)	
Profit/loss before tax	20,381,941	10,099,388	19,960,441	9,782,68	
Tax on profit or loss for the year	-4,626,209	-3,236,784	-4,204,709	-3,349,350	
Profit/loss for the year	15,755,732	6,862,604	15,755,732	6,433,337	
Proposed appropriation account					
Reserve for net revaluation according to the equity method	0	0	1,129,943	-1,635,519	
Non-controlling interests	0	429,267	0	(
Retained earnings	15,755,732	6,433,337	14,625,789	8,068,856	
Total	15,755,732	6,862,604	15,755,732	6,433,33	



ASSETS

		Group	Parent		
	31.12.18 DKK	31.12.17 DKK	31.12.18 DKK	31.12.17 DKK	
Completed development projects Goodwill	4,408,082 597,036	5,732,921 442,733	4,345,888 0	5,670,727 0	
Development projects in progress	11,740,869	8,881,712	11,740,869	8,881,712	
Total intangible assets	16,745,987	15,057,366	16,086,757	14,552,439	
Land and buildings Plant and machinery Other fixtures and fittings, tools and	22,262,506 2,579,134	23,597,354 2,473,405	9,854,263 1,534,001	11,224,667 1,317,274	
equipment	2,138,380	2,928,730	658,866	1,265,924	
Total property, plant and equipment	26,980,020	28,999,489	12,047,130	13,807,865	
Equity investments in group enterprises Deposits	0 96,153	0 78,153	19,810,650 96,153	16,565,771 78,153	
Total investments	96,153	78,153	19,906,803	16,643,924	
Total non-current assets	43,822,160	44,135,008	48,040,690	45,004,228	
Raw materials and consumables Manufactured goods and goods for resale	25,322,464 11,704,705	22,510,215 13,205,157	23,005,956 11,704,705	20,561,759 13,205,157	
Total inventories	37,027,169	35,715,372	34,710,661	33,766,916	
Work in progress for third parties Trade receivables Receivables from group enterprises	0 46,147,830 5,501,994	8,790,757 34,743,317 0	0 43,837,277 11,552,144	8,790,757 33,117,085 5,469,388	
Deferred tax asset Income tax receivable Other receivables	1,166,383 0 5,682,014	1,082,453 1,191,559 1,841,890	0 0 4,788,170	0 0 774,372	
Receivables from owners and management Prepayments	t 0 4,440,375	2,118,705 6,637,115	0 4,277,694	2,118,705 6,525,670	
Total receivables	62,938,596	56,405,796	64,455,285	56,795,977	
Cash	51,028,964	33,704,474	48,498,084	30,954,788	
Total current assets	150,994,729	125,825,642	147,664,030	121,517,681	



EQUITY AND LIABILITIES

	EQUIT AND LIABILITIES	(Group	Parent	
te		31.12.18 DKK	31.12.17 DKK	31.12.18 DKK	31.12.17 DKK
0	Share capital	1,050,000	1,050,000	1,050,000	1,050,000
	Reserve for net revaluation according to the				
	equity method	0	0	11,957,505	11,126,902
	Reserve for development costs	0	0	16,086,757	14,552,439
	Retained earnings	64,062,633 65,112,633	48,554,389 49,604,389	36,018,371 65,112,633	22,875,048 49,604,389
		05,112,033	49,004,369	00,112,000	49,004,369
	Non-controlling interests	0	1,806,277	0	0
	Total equity	65,112,633	51,410,666	65,112,633	49,604,389
	Provisions for deferred tax	11,069,359	8,244,202	11,015,857	8,192,161
	Total provisions	11,069,359	8,244,202	11,015,857	8,192,161
	Mortgage debt	17,949,743	18,102,047	12,559,737	13,541,786
	Payables to other credit institutions	295,558	202,468	0	0
	Lease commitments	0	96,601	0	96,601
	Other payables	3,050,948	3,056,656	0	0
	Total long-term payables	21,296,249	21,457,772	12,559,737	13,638,387
	Short-term portion of long-term payables Prepayments received from work in	1,166,214	2,949,099	1,166,214	1,547,601
	progress for third parties	33,339,431	27,796,531	33,339,431	27,796,531
	Prepayments received from customers	7,368	55,665	0	0
	Trade payables	39,618,806	30,749,183	38,005,817	29,880,462
	Payables to group enterprises	20,321	0	13,825,837	11,050,261
	Income taxes	734,453	4,164,487	1,381,013	4,164,487
	Other payables	22,452,055	23,133,045	19,298,181	20,647,630
	Total short-term payables	97,338,648	88,848,010	107,016,493	95,086,972
	Total payables	118,634,897	110,305,782	119,576,230	108,725,359
	Total equity and liabilities	194,816,889	169,960,650	195,704,720	166,521,909

¹⁵ Contingent assets



¹⁶ Contingent liabilities

¹⁷ Charges and security

¹⁸ Related parties

Statement of changes in equity

	Share	Reserve for net revaluation according to the equity (Reserve for development	Retained	Equity of the parent company's capital	Non- controlling	
Figures in DKK	capital	method	costs	earnings	owners	interests	Total equity
Group:							
Statement of changes in equity for 01.01.18 - 31.12.18							
Balance as at 01.01.18 Foreign currency translation adjustment of foreign	1,050,000	0	0	48,554,389	49,604,389	1,806,277	51,410,666
enterprises Fair value adjustment of	0	0	0	-299,340	-299,340	0	-299,340
hedging instruments Purchase of non-controlling	0	0	0	51,852	51,852	0	51,852
interests Net profit/loss for the year	0	0	0	0 15,755,732	0 15,755,732	-1,806,277 0	-1,806,277 15,755,732
Balance as at 31.12.18	1,050,000	0	0	64,062,633	65,112,633	0	65,112,633
Parent:							
Statement of changes in equity for 01.01.18 - 31.12.18							
Balance as at 01.01.18 Foreign currency translation adjustment of foreign	1,050,000	11,126,902	14,552,439	22,875,048	49,604,389	0	49,604,389
enterprises Total depreciation, amortisation, impairment losses and write-downs	0	-299,340	0	0	-299,340	0	-299,340
during the year Fair value adjustment of	0	0	1,534,318	-1,534,318	0	0	0
hedging instruments Net profit/loss for the year	0	0 1,129,943	0	51,852 14,625,789	51,852 15,755,732	0	51,852 15,755,732
Balance as at 31.12.18	1,050,000	11,957,505	16,086,757	36,018,371	65,112,633	0	65,112,633



Consolidated cash flow statement

	Group		
	2018 DKK	2017 DKK	
Net profit/loss for the year	15,755,732	6,862,604	
Adjustments	10,456,489	11,595,542	
Change in working capital:			
Inventories	2,812,651	-3,528,039	
Receivables	10,347,038	16,629,520	
Trade payables	-6,106,967	-6,783,737	
Cash flows from operating activities before net financials	33,264,943	24,775,890	
Interest income and similar income received	3,102,813	3,409,610	
Interest expenses and similar expenses paid	-2,789,976	-5,218,453	
Income tax paid	-8,189,886	-1,109,974	
Cash flows from operating activities	25,387,894	21,857,073	
Purchase of intangible assets	-3,529,437	-7,997,776	
Purchase of property, plant and equipment	0	-425,756	
Sale of property, plant and equipment	0	327,000	
Purchase of investments	-448,420	0	
Acquisition of enterprise	-2,414,286	0	
Cash flows from investing activities	-6,392,143	-8,096,532	
Repayment of mortgage debt	-1,147,803	-2,774,700	
Arrangement of credit institutions	0	0	
Repayment of credit institutions	-138,376	-250,519	
Repayment of lease commitments	-385,082	-860,384	
Cash flows from financing activities	-1,671,261	-3,885,603	
Total cash flows for the year	17,324,490	9,874,938	
Cash, beginning of year	33,704,474	23,829,536	
Cash, end of year	51,028,964	33,704,474	
Cash, end of year, comprises:			
Cash	51,028,964	33,704,474	
Total			



_	Group		Parent	
	2018	2017	2018	2017
	DKK	DKK	DKK	DKK

1. Revenue

Information about the distribution of revenue by activities and geographical markets is provided below. The segment information is prepared in accordance with the company's accounting policies and follows the company's internal financial management.

Revenue comprises the following activities:

Revenue, activity	392,253,841	324,769,695	388,144,726	298,705,883
Revenue comprises the following geographi	cal markets:			
Revenue, Denmark	24,053,821	47,284,199	24,053,821	47,284,199
Revenue, other countries	368,200,020	277,485,496	364,090,905	251,421,684
Total	392,253,841	324,769,695	388,144,726	298,705,883
2. Employee aspects				
Wages and salaries	120,103,140	128,471,153	105,864,178	115,349,310
Pensions	9,133,400	8,807,696	9,133,400	8,762,324
Other social security costs	4,793,030	4,278,093	2,034,014	1,544,331
Other staff costs	4,653,954	5,038,256	4,012,886	4,266,906
Total	138,683,524	146,595,198	121,044,478	129,922,871
Average number of employees during the				
year	298	293	223	212
Remuneration for the management:				
Salaries, Board of Executives	2,239,019	2,318,505	2,239,019	2,318,505
Total remuneration for the management	2,239,019	2,318,505	2,239,019	2,318,505

3. Distribution of net profit

Reserve for net revaluation according to the				
equity method	0	0	1,129,943	-1,635,519
Non-controlling interests	0	429,267	0	0
Retained earnings	15,755,732	6,433,337	14,625,789	8,068,856
Total	15,755,732	6,862,604	15,755,732	6,433,337



4. Intangible assets

Figures in DKK projects Goodwill progress Group: Cost as at 01.01.18 38,034,390 1,664,773 8,881,712 Additions during the year 0 609,009 3,529,437 Transfers during the year to/from other items 670,280 0 -670,280 Cost as at 31.12.18 38,704,670 2,273,782 11,740,869 Amortisation and impairment losses as at 01.01.18 -32,301,469 -1,222,040 0 Amortisation and impairment losses as at 31.12.18 -34,296,588 -1,676,746 0 Carrying amount as at 31.12.18 4,408,082 597,036 11,740,869 Parent Cost as at 01.01.18 37,972,196 0 8,881,712 Additions during the year 0 0 3,529,437 Transfers during the year to/from other items 670,280 0 -670,280 Cost as at 31.12.18 38,642,476 0 11,740,869 Amortisation and impairment losses as at 01.01.18 -32,301,469 0 0 Amortisation and impairment losses as at 31.12.18 -34,296,588 0 0 <th></th> <th>Completed development</th> <th></th> <th>Development projects in</th>		Completed development		Development projects in
Cost as at 01.01.18	Figures in DKK	projects	Goodwill	progress
Additions during the year 0 609,009 3,529,437 Transfers during the year to/from other items 670,280 0 -670,280 Cost as at 31.12.18 38,704,670 2,273,782 11,740,869 Amortisation and impairment losses as at 01.01.18 -32,301,469 -1,222,040 0 Amortisation and impairment losses as at 31.12.18 -34,296,588 -1,676,746 0 Carrying amount as at 31.12.18 4,408,082 597,036 11,740,869 Parent Cost as at 01.01.18 37,972,196 0 8,881,712 Additions during the year 0 0 3,529,437 Transfers during the year to/from other items 670,280 0 -670,280 Cost as at 31.12.18 38,642,476 0 11,740,869 Amortisation and impairment losses as at 01.01.18 -32,301,469 0 0 Amortisation during the year -1,995,119 0 0 Amortisation and impairment losses as at 31.12.18 -34,296,588 0 0	Group:			
Transfers during the year to/from other items 670,280 0 -670,280 Cost as at 31.12.18 38,704,670 2,273,782 11,740,869 Amortisation and impairment losses as at 01.01.18 -32,301,469 -1,222,040 0 Amortisation and impairment losses as at 31.12.18 -34,296,588 -1,676,746 0 Carrying amount as at 31.12.18 4,408,082 597,036 11,740,869 Parent Cost as at 01.01.18 37,972,196 0 8,881,712 Additions during the year 0 0 3,529,437 Transfers during the year to/from other items 670,280 0 -670,280 Cost as at 31.12.18 38,642,476 0 11,740,869 Amortisation and impairment losses as at 01.01.18 -32,301,469 0 0 Amortisation during the year -1,995,119 0 0 Amortisation and impairment losses as at 31.12.18 -34,296,588 0 0		38,034,390		8,881,712
Cost as at 31.12.18 38,704,670 2,273,782 11,740,869 Amortisation and impairment losses as at 01.01.18 -32,301,469 -1,222,040 0 Amortisation and impairment losses as at 31.12.18 -34,296,588 -1,676,746 0 Carrying amount as at 31.12.18 4,408,082 597,036 11,740,869 Parent Cost as at 01.01.18 37,972,196 0 8,881,712 Additions during the year 0 0 3,529,437 Transfers during the year to/from other items 670,280 0 -670,280 Cost as at 31.12.18 38,642,476 0 11,740,869 Amortisation and impairment losses as at 01.01.18 -32,301,469 0 0 Amortisation during the year -1,995,119 0 0 Amortisation and impairment losses as at 31.12.18 -34,296,588 0 0 0		O .		
Amortisation and impairment losses as at 01.01.18	Transfers during the year to/from other items	670,280	0	-670,280
as at 01.01.18 Amortisation during the year -1,995,119 -454,706 0 Amortisation and impairment losses as at 31.12.18 -34,296,588 -1,676,746 0 Carrying amount as at 31.12.18 4,408,082 597,036 11,740,869 Parent Cost as at 01.01.18 37,972,196 0 8,881,712 Additions during the year 0 0 3,529,437 Transfers during the year to/from other items 670,280 0 Cost as at 31.12.18 38,642,476 0 11,740,869 Amortisation and impairment losses as at 01.01.18 -32,301,469 0 0 Amortisation during the year -1,995,119 0 0 Amortisation and impairment losses as at 31.12.18 -34,296,588 0 0 0 0	Cost as at 31.12.18	38,704,670	2,273,782	11,740,869
Amortisation during the year -1,995,119 -454,706 0 Amortisation and impairment losses as at 31.12.18 -34,296,588 -1,676,746 0 Carrying amount as at 31.12.18 4,408,082 597,036 11,740,869 Parent Cost as at 01.01.18 37,972,196 0 8,881,712 Additions during the year 0 0 0 3,529,437 Transfers during the year to/from other items 670,280 0 -670,280 Cost as at 31.12.18 38,642,476 0 11,740,869 Amortisation and impairment losses as at 01.01.18 -32,301,469 0 0 0 Amortisation during the year -1,995,119 0 0 Amortisation and impairment losses as at 31.12.18 -34,296,588 0 0 0	Amortisation and impairment losses			
Amortisation and impairment losses as at 31.12.18 -34,296,588 -1,676,746 0 Carrying amount as at 31.12.18 4,408,082 597,036 11,740,869 Parent Cost as at 01.01.18 37,972,196 0 8,881,712 Additions during the year 0 0 0 3,529,437 Transfers during the year to/from other items 670,280 Cost as at 31.12.18 38,642,476 0 11,740,869 Amortisation and impairment losses as at 01.01.18 -32,301,469 0 0 Amortisation during the year -1,995,119 0 0 Amortisation and impairment losses as at 31.12.18 -34,296,588 0 0 0				0
as at 31.12.18 -34,296,588 -1,676,746 0 Carrying amount as at 31.12.18 4,408,082 597,036 11,740,869 Parent Cost as at 01.01.18 37,972,196 0 8,881,712 Additions during the year 0 0 3,529,437 Transfers during the year to/from other items 670,280 0 -670,280 Cost as at 31.12.18 38,642,476 0 11,740,869 Amortisation and impairment losses as at 01.01.18 -32,301,469 0 0 Amortisation during the year -1,995,119 0 0 Amortisation and impairment losses as at 31.12.18 -34,296,588 0 0	Amortisation during the year	-1,995,119	-454,706	0
Carrying amount as at 31.12.18 4,408,082 597,036 11,740,869 Parent Cost as at 01.01.18 37,972,196 0 8,881,712 Additions during the year 0 0 3,529,437 Transfers during the year to/from other items 670,280 0 -670,280 Cost as at 31.12.18 38,642,476 0 11,740,869 Amortisation and impairment losses as at 01.01.18 -32,301,469 0 0 Amortisation during the year -1,995,119 0 0 Amortisation and impairment losses as at 31.12.18 -34,296,588 0 0	Amortisation and impairment losses			
Parent Cost as at 01.01.18 37,972,196 0 8,881,712 Additions during the year 0 0 0 3,529,437 Transfers during the year to/from other items 670,280 0 -670,280 Cost as at 31.12.18 38,642,476 0 11,740,869 Amortisation and impairment losses as at 01.01.18 -32,301,469 0 0 Amortisation during the year -1,995,119 0 0 Amortisation and impairment losses as at 31.12.18 -34,296,588 0 0 0	as at 31.12.18	-34,296,588	-1,676,746	0
Cost as at 01.01.18 37,972,196 0 8,881,712 Additions during the year 0 0 3,529,437 Transfers during the year to/from other items 670,280 0 -670,280 Cost as at 31.12.18 38,642,476 0 11,740,869 Amortisation and impairment losses as at 01.01.18 -32,301,469 0 0 Amortisation during the year -1,995,119 0 0 Amortisation and impairment losses as at 31.12.18 -34,296,588 0 0	Carrying amount as at 31.12.18	4,408,082	597,036	11,740,869
Additions during the year 0 0 3,529,437 Transfers during the year to/from other items 670,280 0 -670,280 Cost as at 31.12.18 38,642,476 0 11,740,869 Amortisation and impairment losses as at 01.01.18 -32,301,469 0 0 Amortisation during the year -1,995,119 0 0 Amortisation and impairment losses as at 31.12.18 -34,296,588 0 0	Parent			
Additions during the year 0 0 3,529,437 Transfers during the year to/from other items 670,280 0 -670,280 Cost as at 31.12.18 38,642,476 0 11,740,869 Amortisation and impairment losses as at 01.01.18 -32,301,469 0 0 Amortisation during the year -1,995,119 0 0 Amortisation and impairment losses as at 31.12.18 -34,296,588 0 0	Cost as at 01.01.18	37,972,196	0	8,881,712
Cost as at 31.12.18 38,642,476 0 11,740,869 Amortisation and impairment losses as at 01.01.18 -32,301,469 0 0 Amortisation during the year -1,995,119 0 0 Amortisation and impairment losses as at 31.12.18 -34,296,588 0 0	Additions during the year		0	3,529,437
Amortisation and impairment losses as at 01.01.18	Transfers during the year to/from other items	670,280	0	-670,280
as at 01.01.18	Cost as at 31.12.18	38,642,476	0	11,740,869
Amortisation during the year -1,995,119 0 0 Amortisation and impairment losses as at 31.12.18 -34,296,588 0 0	Amortisation and impairment losses			
Amortisation and impairment losses as at 31.12.18 -34,296,588 0 0				=
as at 31.12.18 -34,296,588 0 0	Amortisation during the year	-1,995,119	0	0
Carrying amount as at 31.12.18 4,345,888 0 11,740,869		-34,296,588	0	0
	Carrying amount as at 31.12.18	4,345,888	0	11,740,869

Development and production of machines and high-tech processing and weighing/packing lines for the food processing industry.



5. Property, plant and equipment

Figures in DKK	Land and buildings	Plant and a machinery	Other fixtures and fittings, tools and equipment
Group:			
Cost as at 01.01.18 Additions during the year Disposals during the year	52,315,490 35,556 0	15,949,833 408,420 -110,998	20,592,878 222,322 -214,106
Cost as at 31.12.18	52,351,046	16,247,255	20,601,094
Depreciation and impairment losses as at 01.01.18 Depreciation during the year Reversal of depreciation of and impairment losses on disposed assets	-28,718,136 -1,370,404 0	-13,476,428 -191,693 0	-17,664,149 -855,196 56,631
Depreciation and impairment losses as at 31.12.18	-30,088,540	-13,668,121	-18,462,714
Carrying amount as at 31.12.18	22,262,506	2,579,134	2,138,380
Carrying amount of assets held under finance leases as at 31.12.18	0	0	221,072
Parent:			
Cost as at 01.01.18 Additions during the year Disposals during the year	39,942,803 0 0	14,793,702 408,420 0	18,782,746 40,000 -32,000
Cost as at 31.12.18	39,942,803	15,202,122	18,790,746
Depreciation and impairment losses as at 01.01.18 Depreciation during the year Reversal of depreciation of and impairment losses on disposed assets	-28,718,136 -1,370,404	-13,476,428 -191,693	-17,516,822 -647,058 32,000
Depreciation and impairment losses as at 31.12.18	-30,088,540	-13,668,121	-18,131,880
Carrying amount as at 31.12.18	9,854,263	1,534,001	658,866



6. Equity investments in group enterprises

Figures in DKK				Equity invest- ments in group enterprises
Goodwill on initial recognition of ed	quity investment	s measured at e	equity value	2,273,782
Parent:				
Cost as at 01.01.18 Additions during the year				5,438,859 2,414,286
Cost as at 31.12.18				7,853,145
Revaluations as at 01.01.18 Foreign currency translation adjust Amortisation of goodwill Net profit/loss from equity investm		enterprises		4,967,157 -299,340 -454,706 1,801,125
Revaluations as at 31.12.18				6,014,236
Depreciation and impairment losse Negative equity value impaired in				6,159,755 -216,486
Depreciation and impairment losse	s as at 31.12.18			5,943,269
Carrying amount as at 31.12.18				19,810,650
The item comprises goodwill as at	31.12.18 of			597,036
Name and Registered office:	Ownership interest	Equity	Net profit/loss for the year	Recognised value
Group enterprises:				
Cabinplant Deutschland GmbH, Hermsdorf	100%	6,507,354	1,192,023	6,994,561
Cabinplant Sp. Z.o.o., Katy Wrocławskie	100%	11,664,260	-127,713	12,816,089
Cabinplant SL, Barcelona	100%	-4,583,049	785,194	0
Cabinplant Inc., Georgia, USA	100%	-1,360,220	-503,085	0



7. Deposits

Figures in DKK	Deposits
Group:	
Cost as at 01.01.18	78,153
Additions during the year	18,000
Cost as at 31.12.18	96,153
Parent	
Cost as at 01.01.18	78,153
Additions during the year	18,000
Cost as at 31.12.18	96,153

	Group		P	Parent	
	31.12.18 DKK	31.12.17 DKK	31.12.18 DKK	31.12.17 DKK	
8. Work in progress for third parties					
Work in progress for third parties On-account invoicing	111,325,450 -111,325,450	27,038,089 -18,247,332	, ,	27,038,089 -18,247,332	
Work in progress for third parties	0	8,790,757	0	8,790,757	
Prepayments received from work in progress for third parties, short-term payables	-33,339,431	-27,796,531	-33,339,431	-27,796,531	
Total	-33,339,431	-27,796,531	-33,339,431	-27,796,531	

9. Prepayments

Prepaid insurance premiums	100,176	503,768	100,176	503,768
Prepaid suppliers	2,639,494	4,478,125	2,476,813	4,366,680
Other prepayments	1,700,705	1,655,222	1,700,705	1,655,222
Total	4,440,375	6,637,115	4,277,694	6,525,670



10. Share capital

The share capital consists of:

	Quantity	Nominal value
Shares nom. DKK 1,000	1,050	1,050,000

_	Group		Parent	
	31.12.18 DKK	31.12.17 DKK	31.12.18 DKK	31.12.17 DKK
11. Non-controlling interests				
Non-controlling interests, beginning of year Purchase of non-controlling interests Net profit/loss for the year (distribution of	1,806,277 -1,806,277	1,377,010 0	0 0	0 0
net profit)	0	429,267	0	0
Total	0	1,806,277	0	0

12. Deferred tax

Additions relating to mergers and	7 070 000	0.040.004	0.400.404	7.040.400
acquisition of enterprises as at 01.01.18 Deferred tax recognised in the income	7,079,280	6,812,024	8,192,161	7,842,436
statement	2,823,696	349,725	2,823,696	349,725
Additions relating to mergers and	0.000.070	7.404.740	44.045.055	0.400.404
acquisition of enterprises as at 31.12.18	9,902,976	7,161,749	11,015,857	8,192,161
Deferred tax comprises:				
Deferred tax asset	-1,166,383	-1,082,453	0	0
Deferred tax liability	11,069,359	8,244,202	0	0
Total	9,902,976	7,161,749	0	0



13. Longterm payables

Figures in DKK	Repayment first year	Outstanding debt after 5 years	Total payables at 31.12.18	Total payables at 31.12.17
Group:				
Mortgage debt	977,053	9,602,623	18,926,796	20,226,903
Payables to other credit institutions	0	0	295,558	452,468
Lease commitments	189,161	0	189,161	670,844
Other payables	0	3,050,948	3,050,948	3,056,656
Total	1,166,214	12,653,571	22,462,463	24,406,871
Parent:				
Mortgage debt	977,053	9,602,623	13,536,790	14,515,144
Lease commitments	189,161	0	189,161	670,844
Total	1,166,214	9,602,623	13,725,951	15,185,988

14. Derivative financial instruments

The Board of Directors lays down the framework for the conclusion of contracts for derivative financial instruments. The enterprise concludes contracts for the sole purpose of hedging the interest rates on the future payments of variable interest on mortgage debt. The interest swap has a principal of DKK 14.638k and a maturity of 14 years with expiration on 30.03.32. The interest swap has a fair value of DKK -1.417k on 31.12.18. The change in fair value has been recognized directly on the equity. The interest swap has been concluded with a Danish financial institution.

15. Contingent assets

Group:

The entreprise has no contingent assets.

Parent:

The company has no contingent assets



16. Contingent liabilities

Group:

Lease commitments

The enterprise has concluded lease agreements with terms to maturity in 2019-2022 and total lease payment of DKK 3,670k.

Parent:

Lease commitments

The company has concluded lease agreements with terms to maturity in 2019-2022 and total lease payments of DKK 3,101k.

The enterprise has concluded warehouse lease with a notice of 6 months.

Other contingent liabilities

The company is taxed jointly with the other Danish companies in the group and is liable for income taxes on a pro rata basis and must comply with any obligations to withhold tax at source on interest, royalties and dividends for the jointly taxed companies. The maximum liability totals an amount corresponding to the share of the capital in the company which is owned directly or indirectly by the ultimate parent. The total tax liability for the jointly taxed companies at the balance sheet date has not yet been determined. For further information, please see the financial statements of the management company CTB Denmark Holding ApS.

17. Charges and security

Group:

Land and buildings with a carrying amount of DKK 22,263k have been provided as security for mortgage debt of DKK 18,927k. As security for bank engagements a letter of indemnity of DKK 10,000k is registered.

Parent:

Land and buildings with a carrying amount of DKK 9,854k have been provided as security for mortgage debt of DKK 13,537k. As security for bank engagements a letter of indemnity of DKK 10,000k is registered.

The company has issued mortgage deeds registered to the mortgagor in the amount of DKK 20,000k secured upon land and buildings as security for subsidiaries' debt to credit institutions. Payables to credit institutions constituted DKK 6,432 at the balance sheet date.



18. Related parties

Controlling influence:

Basis of influence

CTB Denmark Holding ApS, København

Ownership

Related party transactions are not disclosed, as all transactions are entered into in the ordinary course of business at arms' length.

Remuneration for the management is specified in note 2. Employee aspects.

The company is included in the consolidated financial statements of the parent CTB Denmark Holding ApS, København.

	G	roup
	2018 DKK	2017 DKK
19. Adjustments for the cash flow statement		
Other operating income	-347,250	-490,887
Depreciation, amortisation, impairment losses and write-downs	6,433,599	6,507,919
Financial income	-3,200,244	-3,409,610
Financial expenses	2,887,407	5,218,453
Tax on profit or loss for the year	4,626,209	3,236,784
Other adjustments	56,768	532,883
Total	10,456,489	11,595,542



20. Accounting policies

GENERAL

The annual report is presented in accordance with the provisions of the Danish Financial Statements Act for large groups and enterprises in reporting class C.

The accounting policies have been applied consistently with previous years.

Basis of recognition and measurement

Income is recognised in the income statement as earned, including value adjustments of financial assets and liabilities. All expenses, including depreciation, amortisation, impairment losses and writedowns, are also recognised in the income statement.

Assets are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the company, and the value of such assets can be measured reliably. Liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits will flow from the company, and the value of such liabilities can be measured reliably. On initial recognition, assets and liabilities are measured at cost. Subsequently, assets and liabilities are measured as described for each item below.

On recognition and measurement, account is taken of foreseeable losses and risks arising before the date at which the annual report is presented and proving or disproving matters arising on or before the balance sheet date.

CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The consolidated financial statements comprise the parent and its subsidiaries in which the parent directly or indirectly holds more than 50% of the voting rights or by way of agreements exercises control. Enterprises in which the group holds equity investments, between 20% and 50% of the voting rights and in which it has significant interest but not control, are considered associates.

All financial statements used for consolidation are prepared in accordance with the accounting policies of the group.

The consolidated financial statements consolidate the financial statements of the parent and its subsidiaries by adding together items of a uniform nature, eliminating intercompany income and expenditure, equity investments, intercompany balances and dividends as well as gains and losses resulting from transactions between the consolidated enterprises to the extent that the underlying assets and liabilities are not realised.



Non-controlling interests

The financial items of the subsidiaries are recognised in full in the consolidated financial statements. The non-controlling interests' proportionate share of the subsidiaries' equity is classified as a part of consolidated equity. The subsidiaries' results are distributed proportionately to non-controlling interests and the parent's equity interest.

Purchase and sale of non-controlling interests in a subsidiary which do not result in the parent losing control of the subsidiary are treated in the consolidated financial statements as equity transactions, and the difference between the consideration and the carrying amount is allocated to the parent's equity interest.

CURRENCY

The annual report is presented in Danish kroner (DKK).

On initial recognition, transactions denominated in foreign currencies are translated using the exchange rates applicable at the transaction date. Exchange rate differences between the exchange rate applicable at the transaction date and the exchange rate at the date of payment are recognised in the income statement as a financial item. Receivables, payables and other monetary items denominated in foreign currencies are translated using the exchange rates applicable at the balance sheet date. The difference between the exchange rate applicable at the balance sheet date and at the date at which the receivable or payable arose or was recognised in the latest annual report is recognised under financial income or expenses in the income statement. Fixed assets, inventories and other non-monetary assets acquired in foreign currencies are translated using historical exchange rates.

On recognition of foreign subsidiaries which are independent entities, the income statements are translated at the exchange rates applicable at the transaction date or approximate average exchange rates. The balance sheet items are translated using the exchange rates applicable at the balance sheet date. Foreign currency translation adjustments arising from the translation of equity at the beginning of the year using the exchange rates applicable at the balance sheet date and from the translation of income statements from average exchange rates to the exchange rates applicable at the balance sheet date are recognised directly in equity.

Translation adjustments of intercompany balances with independent foreign subsidiaries, measured using the equity method and where the balance is considered to be part of the overall investment, are recognised directly in equity. On the divestment of foreign entities, accumulated exchange differences are recognised in the income statement.



DERIVATIVE FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

On initial recognition, derivative financial instruments are measured at cost. Subsequently, they are measured at fair value and recognised under other receivables and other payables, respectively.

Fair value adjustment of derivative financial instruments classified as and meeting the criteria for hedging future cash flows (cash flow hedging) are recognised in equity. In the event that the hedged transaction results in the recognition of an asset or a liability, the accumulated fair value adjustment of the hedging instrument, which was previously recognised in equity, will be included in the cost of the asset or the liability. In the event that the hedged transaction results in the recognition of an income or an expense, the accumulated fair value adjustment of the hedging instrument, which was previously recognised in equity, will be recognised together with the hedged income or expense.

If the hedged transaction is no longer expected to occur, the cash flow hedging treatment is discontinued, and the accumulated fair value adjustment of the hedging instrument is transferred to other net financials in the income statement. If the hedged transaction is still expected to occur, but the criteria for cash flow hedging are no longer met, the hedging treatment is discontinued, and the accumulated fair value adjustment of the hedging instrument remains in equity until the transaction occurs.

Fair value adjustments of derivative financial instruments that do not meet the criteria for hedge accounting treatment are recognised under other net financials in the income statement on an ongoing basis.

LEASES

Leases relating to assets where the company has substantially all the risks and benefits incidental to the ownership of the asset (finance leases) are recognised in the balance sheet. On initial recognition, assets held under finance leases and related lease commitments are measured at the lower of the fair value of the leased asset and the present value of future lease payments. Subsequently, assets held under finance leases are treated like other similar assets.

Lease commitments relating to assets held under finance leases are recognised in the balance sheet as payables. Subsequent to initial recognition, lease commitments are measured at amortised cost according to which the interest element of the lease payment is recognised in the income statement over the lease term.

Lease payments relating to operating leases are recognised in the income statement on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

GOVERNMENT GRANTS

Government grants are recognised when there is reasonable certainty that the grant conditions have been met and that the grant will be received.



Grants to cover expenses incurred are recognised on a proportionate basis in the income statement over the period in which the expenses eligible for government grants are expensed. Government grants are recognised under other operating income.

Grants received for the production or construction of assets are recognised as deferred income under payables. For depreciable and amortisable assets, the grant is recognised as the asset is depreciated or amortised.

INCOME STATEMENT

Revenue

Income from the sale of goods is recognised in the income statement if delivery has taken place and the risk has passed to the buyer before the end of the financial year and where the selling price can be determined reliably and is expected to be paid. Revenue is measured at fair value and is determined exclusive of VAT and other taxes collected on behalf of third parties and less discounts.

Income from the delivery of services is recognised as delivery takes place, which means that revenue corresponds to the selling price of the work performed for the year stated on the basis of the stage of completion at the balance sheet date (percentage of completion method).

Construction contracts involving the delivery of highly customised installations are recognised as revenue according to the stage of completion. Accordingly, revenue corresponds to the selling price of work performed during the year (percentage of completion method).

Production costs

Costs incurred, directly or indirectly, to generate the revenue for the year, including raw materials and consumables, wages and salaries and lease of and depreciation, amortisation and impairment losses on the fixed assets used in the production process, are recognised under production costs.

Distribution costs

Costs for the distribution of goods sold during the year and sales campaigns etc., including wages and salaries for sales staff, advertising and exhibition costs etc. and lease of and depreciation, amortisation and impairment losses on the fixed assets used in the distribution and sales activity, are recognised under distribution costs.

Administrative expenses

Expenses incurred during the year for management and administration, including wages and salaries for administrative staff and management as well as office premise expenses, office expenses, bad debts etc. and lease of and depreciation, amortisation and impairment losses on the fixed assets used



for administration, are recognised under administrative expenses.

Other operating income

Other operating income comprises income of a secondary nature in relation to the enterprise's activities, including rental income, negative goodwill and gains on the sale of intangible assets and property, plant and equipment.

Depreciation, amortisation and impairment losses

The depreciation and amortisation of intangible assets and property, plant and equipment aim at systematic depreciation and amortisation over the expected useful lives of the assets. Assets are depreciated and amortised according to the straight-line method based on the following expected useful lives and residual values:

	lives,	Residual value,
	years	per cent
Completed development projects	5	0
Goodwill	5	0
Buildings	20-30	0
Plant and machinery	10-20	0
Other plant, fixtures and fittings, tools and equipment	3-8	0

Goodwill is amortised over 5 years. The useful life has been determined in consideration of the expected future net earnings of the enterprise or activity to which the goodwill relates.

Land is not depreciated.

The basis of depreciation and amortisation is the cost of the asset less the expected residual value at the end of the useful life. Moreover, the basis of depreciation and amortisation is reduced by any impairment losses. The useful life and residual value are determined when the asset is ready for use and reassessed annually.

Intangible assets and property, plant and equipment are impaired in accordance with the accounting policies referred to in the 'Impairment losses on fixed assets' section.

Income from equity investments in group enterprises

For equity investments in subsidiaries that in the parent are measured using the equity method, the share of the enterprises' profit or loss is recognised in the income statement after elimination of unrealised intercompany profits and losses and less any goodwill amortisation and impairment losses.



Other net financials

Interest income and interest expenses, the interest element of finance lease payments, foreign exchange gains and losses on transactions denominated in foreign currencies etc. are recognised in other net financials.

Amortisation of capital losses and borrowing costs relating to financial liabilities is recognised on an ongoing basis as financial expenses.

Tax on profit/loss for the year

The current and deferred tax for the year is recognised in the income statement as tax on the profit/loss for the year with the portion attributable to the profit/loss for the year, and directly in equity with the portion attributable to amounts recognised directly in equity.

The company is jointly taxed with Danish consolidated enterprises. The parent is the administration company for the joint taxation and thus settles all income tax payments with the tax authorities.

In connection with the settlement of joint taxation contributions, the current Danish income tax is allocated between the jointly taxed enterprises in proportion to their taxable incomes. This means that enterprises with a tax loss receive joint taxation contributions from enterprises which have been able to use this loss to reduce their own taxable profit.

BALANCE SHEET

Intangible assets

Completed development projects and development projects in progress

Development projects are recognised in the balance sheet where the project aims at developing a specific product or a specific process, intended to be produced or used, respectively, by the company in its production process. On initial recognition, development projects are measured at cost. Cost comprises the purchase price plus expenses resulting directly from the purchase, including wages and salaries directly attributable to the development projects until the asset is ready for use. Interest on loans arranged to finance development projects in the development period is not included in the cost. Other development projects and development costs are recognised in the income statement in the year in which they are incurred.

Development projects in progress are transferred to completed development projects when the asset is ready for use.

Development projects are subsequently measured in the balance sheet at cost less accumulated amortisation and impairment losses.



Completed development projects are amortised using the straight-line method based on useful lives, which are stated in the 'Depreciation, amortisation and impairment losses' section.

Goodwill

Goodwill is measured in the balance sheet at cost less accumulated amortisation and impairment

Goodwill is amortised using the straight-line method based on useful lives, which are stated in the 'Depreciation, amortisation and impairment losses' section.

Gains and losses on the disposal of intangible assets

Gains and losses on the disposal of intangible assets are determined as the difference between the selling price, if any, less selling costs and the carrying amount at the date of disposal.

Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment comprise land and buildings, plant and machinery as well as other fixtures and fittings, tools and equipment.

Property, plant and equipment are measured in the balance sheet at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses.

Cost comprises the purchase price and expenses resulting directly from the purchase until the asset is ready for use. Interest on loans arranged to finance production is not included in the cost.

The total cost of an asset is decomposed into separate components that are depreciated separately if the useful lives of the individual components vary.

Property, plant and equipment are depreciated using the straight-line method based on useful lives and residual values, which are stated in the 'Depreciation, amortisation and impairment losses' section.

Gains and losses on the disposal of property, plant and equipment are determined as the difference between the selling price, if any, less selling costs and the carrying amount at the date of disposal less any costs of disposal.

Equity investments in group enterprises

Equity investments in subsidiaries are measured in the balance sheet of the parent according to the equity method, meaning that these equity investments are measured at the proportionate share of the enterprises' equity value, determined according to the accounting policies of the parent, adjusted for the remaining value of positive or negative goodwill and gains and losses on transactions with the enterprises in question.



Equity investments in subsidiaries with a negative carrying amount are measured at DKK 0. Receivables that are considered part of the combined investment in the enterprises in question are impaired by any remaining negative equity value. Other receivables from such enterprises are impaired to the extent that such receivables are considered uncollectible. Provisions to cover the remaining negative equity value are recognised only to the extent that the parent company has a legal or constructive obligation to cover the liabilities of the enterprise in question.

Gains or losses on the divestment of subsidiaries are determined as the difference between the divestment consideration and the carrying amount of net assets at the time of sale, including non-amortised goodwill, as well as the expected costs of divestment or discontinuation. Gains and losses are recognised in the income statement under income from equity investments.

Impairment losses on fixed assets

The carrying amount of fixed assets which are not measured at fair value is assessed annually for indications of impairment over and above what is reflected in depreciation and amortisation.

If the company's realised return on an asset or a group of assets is lower than expected, this is considered an indication of impairment.

If there are indications of impairment, an impairment test is conducted of individual assets or groups of assets

The assets or groups of assets are impaired to the lower of recoverable amount and carrying amount.

The higher of net selling price and value in use is used as the recoverable amount. The value in use is determined as the present value of expected net cash flows from the use of the asset or group of assets as well as expected net cash flows from the sale of the asset or group of assets after the expiry of their useful lives.

Impairment losses are reversed when the reasons for the impairment no longer exist. Impairment losses on goodwill are not reversed.

Inventories

Inventories are measured at cost calculated according to the FIFO principle. Inventories are written down to the lower of cost and net realisable value.

The cost of raw materials and consumables as well as goods for resale is determined as purchase prices plus expenses resulting directly from the purchase.

The cost of manufactured finished goods and work in progress is determined as the value of direct



material and labour costs. Interest on loans arranged to finance production is not included in the cost.

The net realisable value of inventories is determined as the selling price less costs of completion and costs necessary to make the sale and is determined taking into account marketability, obsolescence and the expected development in the selling price.

Receivables

Receivables are measured at amortised cost, which usually corresponds to the nominal value, less write-downs for bad debts.

Write-downs for bad debts are determined based on an individual assessment of each receivable if there is no objective evidence of individual impairment of a receivable.

Deposits recognised under assets comprise deposits paid to the lessor under leases entered into by the company.

Work in progress for third parties

Work in progress for third parties is measured at the selling price of the work performed less onaccount invoicing made for each piece of work in progress.

The selling price is measured according to the stage of completion at the balance sheet date and total expected income from each piece of work in progress. The degree of completion for each piece of work in progress is normally calculated as the ratio between the resources spent and the total budgeted resource consumption. For some work in progress where the resource consumption cannot be used as a basis, the ratio between completed subactivities and the combined subactivities for the individual piece of work in progress is used instead.

When the selling price of a piece of work in progress cannot be determined reliably, the selling price is measured at the lower of costs incurred and net realisable value.

The individual piece of work in progress is recognised under receivables or payables in the balance sheet depending on whether the net value of the selling price less prepayments received is positive or negative.

When it is likely that the total costs of the individual piece of work in progress will exceed total sales income, the total expected loss is recognised as a provision.

Prepayments

Prepayments recognised under assets comprise costs incurred in respect of subsequent financial years.



Cash

Cash includes deposits in bank accounts as well as operating cash.

Equity

The net revaluation of equity investments in subsidiaries is recognised in the financial statements of the parent in the net revaluation reserve in equity according to the equity method to the extent that the carrying amount exceeds the cost.

Current and deferred tax

Current tax payable and receivable is recognised in the balance sheet as tax computed on the basis of the taxable income for the year, adjusted for tax paid on account.

Joint taxation contributions payable and receivable are recognised as income tax under receivables or payables in the balance sheet.

Deferred tax liabilities and tax assets are recognised on the basis of all temporary differences between the carrying amounts and tax bases of assets and liabilities. However, deferred tax is not recognised on temporary differences relating to goodwill which is non-amortisable for tax purposes and other items where temporary differences, except for acquisitions, have arisen at the date of acquisition without affecting the net profit or loss for the year or the taxable income. In cases where the tax value can be determined according to different taxation rules, deferred tax is measured on the basis of management's intended use of the asset or settlement of the liability.

Deferred tax assets are recognised, following an assessment, at the expected realisable value through offsetting against deferred tax liabilities within the same tax jurisdiction or elimination in tax on future earnings.

Deferred tax is measured on the basis of the tax rules and at the tax rates in the respective countries which, according to the legislation in force at the balance sheet date, will be applicable when the deferred tax is expected to crystallise as current tax.



Payables

Long-term payables are measured at cost at the time of contracting such liabilities (raising of the loan). The payables are subsequently measured at amortised cost where capital losses and loan expenses are recognised in the income statement as a financial expense over the term of the payable on the basis of the calculated effective interest rate in force at the time of contracting the liability.

Short-term payables are measured at amortised cost, normally corresponding to the nominal value of such payables.

Prepayments received from customers

Prepayments received from customers comprise amounts received from customers prior to the time and date of delivery of the agreed product or completion of the agreed service.

CASH FLOW STATEMENT

The cash flow statement is prepared using the indirect method, showing cash flows from operating, investing and financing activities as well as cash and cash equivalents at the beginning and end of the year.

Cash flows from operating activities comprise the net profit or loss for the year, adjusted for non-cash operating items, income tax paid and changes in working capital.

Cash flows from investing activities comprise payments in connection with the acquisition and divestment of companies and financial assets as well as the purchase, development, improvement and sale of intangible assets and property, plant and equipment.

Cash flows from financing activities comprise changes in the parent's share capital and associated costs and financing from and dividends paid to shareholders as well as the arrangement and repayment of long-term payables. Cash flows from financing activities also comprise finance lease payments.

Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning and end of the year comprise cash and short-term payables to credit institutions.

