

United Cargo Handling ApS

St. Regnegade 5, 1., 1110 København

Company reg. no. 72 95 33 12

Annual report

1 January - 31 December 2023

The annual report was submitted and approved by the general meeting on the 4 June 2024.

Peter Aandahl
Chairman of the meeting

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Notes:

- To ensure the greatest possible applicability of this document, IAS/IFRS English terminology has been used.
- Please note that decimal points have not been used in the usual English way. This means that for instance DKK 146.940 means the amount of DKK 146,940, and that 23,5 % means 23.5 %.

Management's statement

Today, the board of directors and the managing director have presented the annual report of United Cargo Handling ApS for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2023.

The annual report has been presented in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

We consider the accounting policies appropriate and, in our opinion, the financial statements provide a fair presentation of the company's assets, equity and liabilities, and financial position at 31 December 2023 and of the company's results of activities in the financial year 1 January – 31 December 2023.

At the general meeting held, a decision will be made not to have the financial statements audited as from 2024 onwards. The board of directors and the managing director consider the conditions for audit exemption to be met.

We are of the opinion that the management commentary presents a fair account of the issues dealt with.

We recommend that the annual report be approved at the Annual General Meeting.

København, 2 June 2024

Managing Director

Peter Aandahl

Board of directors

Bernd Vogelmann

David Nicholas Smith

Rasmus Tolstøj Stokholm

Peter Aandahl

Independent auditor's report

To the Shareholders of United Cargo Handling ApS

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of United Cargo Handling ApS for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2023, which comprise income statement, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity, notes and a summary of significant accounting policies, for the Company. The financial statements are prepared under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Company at 31 December 2023, and of the results of the Company's operations for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2023 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Basis for conclusion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the "Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements" section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' International Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) and the additional ethical requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the IESBA Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Management's Responsibilities for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act, and for such internal control as Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, Management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements unless Management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

Independent auditor's report

As part of an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by Management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of Management's use of the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and contents of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that gives a true and fair view.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Statement on Management's Review

Management is responsible for Management's Review.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover Management's Review, and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

Independent auditor's report

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read Management's Review and, in doing so, consider whether Management's Review is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained during the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

Moreover, it is our responsibility to consider whether Management's Review provides the information required under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Based on the work we have performed, we conclude that Management's Review is in accordance with the financial statements and has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Danish Financial Statement Act. We did not identify any material misstatement of Management's Review.

Copenhagen, 2 June 2024

Grant Thornton

Certified Public Accountants
Company reg. no. 34 20 99 36

Steen K. Bager

State Authorised Public Accountant
mne28679

Company information

The company

United Cargo Handling ApS
St. Regnegade 5, 1.
1110 København

Company reg. no. 72 95 33 12

Established: 20 October 1983

Domicile:

Financial year: 1 January - 31 December

Board of directors

Bernd Vogelmann
David Nicholas Smith
Rasmus Tolstøj Stockholm
Peter Aandahl

Managing Director

Peter Aandahl

Auditors

Grant Thornton, Godkendt Revisionspartnerselskab
Stockholmsgade 45
2100 København Ø

Management's review

The principal activities of the company

The company's activities comprise owning shares and carry on activities as a holding company.

Development in activities and financial matters

The gross loss for the year totals DKK -33.574 against DKK -57.389 last year. Income or loss from ordinary activities after tax totals DKK 45.204 against DKK 70.678 last year.

Income statement 1 January - 31 December

All amounts in DKK.

<u>Note</u>	<u>2023</u>	<u>2022</u>
Gross profit	-33.574	-57.389
Other financial income	1.511.273	832.109
Other financial costs	-1.432.495	-704.042
Pre-tax net profit or loss	45.204	70.678
Tax on ordinary results	0	0
Net profit or loss for the year	45.204	70.678
Proposed distribution of net profit:		
Transferred to retained earnings	45.204	70.678
Total allocations and transfers	45.204	70.678

Balance sheet at 31 December

All amounts in DKK.

Assets		
<u>Note</u>	<u>2023</u>	<u>2022</u>
Current assets		
Other receivables	139.313	57.253
Receivables from owners and management	4.458.000	4.458.000
Total receivables	<u>4.597.313</u>	<u>4.515.253</u>
Other financial instruments and equity investments	6.065.625	5.137.437
Total financial instruments	<u>6.065.625</u>	<u>5.137.437</u>
Cash on hand and demand deposits	3.059.265	2.630.825
Total current assets	<u>13.722.203</u>	<u>12.283.515</u>
Total assets	<u>13.722.203</u>	<u>12.283.515</u>

Balance sheet at 31 December

All amounts in DKK.

Equity and liabilities		
<u>Note</u>	<u>2023</u>	<u>2022</u>
Equity		
Contributed capital	500.000	500.000
Reserve for outstanding loans and collateral	4.458.000	4.458.000
Retained earnings	2.268.238	2.223.034
Total equity	<u>7.226.238</u>	<u>7.181.034</u>
 Liabilities other than provisions		
Trade creditors	15.000	15.000
Other payables	6.480.965	5.087.481
Total short term liabilities other than provisions	<u>6.495.965</u>	<u>5.102.481</u>
 Total liabilities other than provisions	<u>6.495.965</u>	<u>5.102.481</u>
 Total equity and liabilities	<u>13.722.203</u>	<u>12.283.515</u>

1 Disclosures on fair value

Statement of changes in equity

All amounts in DKK.

	Contributed capital	Reserve for outstanding loans and collateral	Retained earnings	Total
Equity 1 January 2023	500.000	4.458.000	2.223.034	7.181.034
Profit or loss for the year brought forward	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>45.204</u>	<u>45.204</u>
	<u>500.000</u>	<u>4.458.000</u>	<u>2.268.238</u>	<u>7.226.238</u>

Notes

All amounts in DKK.

1. Disclosures on fair value

	<u>Other listed securities</u>
Fair value at 31 December 2023	<u>6.065.625</u>
Change in fair value of the year recognised in the statement of financial activity	<u>928.188</u>

Accounting policies

The annual report for United Cargo Handling ApS has been presented in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act regulations concerning reporting class B enterprises. Furthermore, the company has decided to comply with certain rules applying to reporting class C enterprises.

The accounting policies are unchanged from last year, and the annual report is presented in DKK.

Recognition and measurement in general

Income is recognised in the income statement concurrently with its realisation, including the recognition of value adjustments of financial assets and liabilities. Likewise, all costs are recognised in the income statement, including depreciations amortisations, writedowns for impairment, provisions, and reversals due to changes in estimated amounts previously recognised in the income statement.

Assets are recognised in the statement of financial position when it seems probable that future economic benefits will flow to the company and the value of the asset can be reliably measured.

Liabilities are recognised in the statement of financial position when it is seems probable that future economic benefits will flow out of the company and the value of the liability can be reliably measured.

Assets and liabilities are measured at cost at the initial recognition. Hereafter, assets and liabilities are measured as described below for each individual accounting item.

Upon recognition and measurement, allowances are made for such predictable losses and risks which may arise prior to the presentation of the annual report and concern matters that exist on the reporting date.

Foreign currency translation

Transactions in foreign currency are translated by using the exchange rate prevailing at the date of the transaction. Differences in the rate of exchange arising between the rate at the date of transaction and the rate at the date of payment are recognised in the profit and loss account as an item under net financials.

Receivables, payables, and other foreign currency monetary items are translated using the closing rate. The difference between the closing rate and the rate at the time of the occurrence or initial recognition in the latest financial statements of the receivable or payable is recognised in the income statement under financial income and expenses.

Income statement

Gross loss

Gross loss comprises external costs.

Other external costs comprise costs for administration.

Accounting policies

Financial income and expenses

Net financials comprise interest, realised and unrealised capital gains and losses concerning financial assets and liabilities, amortisation of financial assets and liabilities, additions and reimbursements under the Danish tax prepayment scheme, etc. Financial income and expenses are recognised in the profit and loss account with the amounts that concerns the financial year.

Results from

Tax on net profit or loss for the year

Tax for the year comprises the current income tax for the year and changes in deferred tax and is recognised in the income statement with the share attributable to the net profit or loss for the year and directly in equity with the share attributable to entries directly in equity.

The company is subject to Danish rules on compulsory joint taxation of Danish group enterprises.

The current Danish income tax is allocated among the jointly taxed companies proportional to their respective taxable income (full allocation with reimbursement of tax losses).

Statement of financial position

Receivables

Receivables are measured at amortised cost, which usually corresponds to nominal value.

Financial instruments and equity investments

Financial instruments and equity investments recognised under current assets consist of listed shares and bonds which are measured at fair value on the reporting date. Unlisted equity investments are measured at cost. Writedown takes place to the recoverable amount if this value is lower than the carrying amount.

Cash on hand and demand deposits

Cash on hand and demand deposits comprise cash at bank and on hand.

Equity

Reserve for outstanding loans and collateral

The reserve for outstanding loans and collateral comprises amounts corresponding to loans or collateral used for the establishment of legal self-financing.

An amount corresponding to the loan or collateral is reclassified from "Retained earnings" to "Reserve for outstanding loans and collateral".

Liabilities other than provisions

Liabilities concerning payables to suppliers, group enterprises, and other payables are measured at amortised cost which usually corresponds to the nominal value.