Penneo dokumentnøgle: XMYLC-CXUMM-ON6PI-JYZQV-CHENW-HAWWY

Tantec A/S

Industrivej 6 6640 Lunderskov

CVR no. 67 38 22 18

Annual report 2020

The annual report was presented and approved at the Company's annual general meeting on

15 April 2021

Bernd Petersen

Chairman

Contents

Board	2
Independent auditor's report	3
Management's review Company details Operating review	5 5 6
Financial statements 1 January – 31 December Income statement Balance sheet Statement of changes in equity Notes	7 7 8 10

Statement by the Board of Directors and the Executive Board

The Board of Directors and the Executive Board have today discussed and approved the annual report of Tantec A/S for the financial year 1 January – 31 December 2020.

The annual report has been prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the Company's assets, liabilities and financial position at 31 December 2020 and of the results of the Company's operations for the financial year 1 January -31 December 2020.

Further, in our opinion, the Management's review gives a fair review of the matters discussed in the Management's review.

We recommend that the annual report be approved at the annual general meeting.

Kolding, 15 April 2021

Executive Board:

Morten Thrane	Kim Egede Saabye	
Board of Directors:		
Release	14. Columber	1
Bernd Petersen Chairman	Kurt Holmsted Deputy chairman	Christian Dalum
Christen H. Nielsen	Morton Thrano	King Farada Ozaka
Christen H. Nielsen	Morten Thrane	Kim Egede Saabye



Independent auditor's report

To the shareholder of Tantec A/S

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Tantec A/S for the financial year 1 January – 31 December 2020 comprising income statement, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity and notes, including accounting policies. The financial statements are prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the Company's assets, liabilities and financial position at 31 December 2020 and of the results of the Company's operations for the financial year 1 January – 31 December 2020 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the "Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements" section of our report.

We are independent of the Company in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these rules and requirements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Management's responsibility for the financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act and for such internal control that Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, Management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements unless Management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance as to whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements in Denmark will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements may arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users made on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also

— identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the company financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error as fraud may



Independent auditor's report

involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations or the override of internal control.

- obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.
- evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by Management.
- conclude on the appropriateness of Management's use of the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- evaluate the overall presentation, structure and contents of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that gives a true and fair view.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Statement on the Management's review

Management is responsible for the Management's review.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the Management's review, and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the Management's review and, in doing so, consider whether the Management's review is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained during the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

Moreover, it is our responsibility to consider whether the Management's review provides the information required under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Based on the work we have performed, we conclude that the Management's review is in accordance with the financial statements and has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Danish Financial Statements Act. We did not identify any material misstatement of the Management's review.

Copenhagen, 15 April 2021 **KPMG**Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab CVR no. 25 57 81 98

Klaus Rytz State Authorised Public Accountant mne33205

Management's review

Company details

Tantec A/S Industrivej 6 6640 Lunderskov

Website: www.tantec.com E-mail: mail@tantec.com

CVR no.: 67 38 22 18
Established: 23 March 1982

Registered office: Kolding

Financial year: 1 January – 31 December

Board of Directors

Bernd Petersen, Chairman Kurt Holmsted, Deputy chairman Christian Dalum Christen H. Nielsen Morten Thrane Kim Egede Saabye

Executive Board

Morten Thrane Kim Egede Saabye

Auditor

KPMG Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab Dampfærgevej 28 2100 København Ø

Management's review

Operating review

Principal activities

The company's main activities are production and sales of pretreatment plants for plastic and metal.

Development in activities and financial position

The Company's income statement for 2020 shows a profit of DKK 17,004 thousand as against DKK 16,661 thousand in 2019. Equity in the Company's balance sheet at 31 December 2020 stood at DKK 20,545 thousand as against DKK 13,569 thousand at 31 December 2019.

2020 was an unpredictable year due to COVID-19, but despite restrictions during the pandemic, the result for 2020 is considered satisfactory.

Events after the balance sheet date

No events materially affecting the assessment of the annual report have occurred after the balance sheet date.

Financial statements 1 January – 31 December

Income statement

DKK'000	Note	2020	2019
Gross profit	2	39,474	38,461
Staff costs	3	-17,634	-17,694
Depreciation, amortisation and impairment losses		-849	-716
Profit before financial income and expenses		20,991	20,051
Income from equity investments in group entities		651	1,083
Financial income	4	142	45
Financial expenses		-123	-89
Profit before tax		21,661	21,090
Tax on profit for the year	5	-4,657	-4,429
Profit for the year		17,004	16,661
Proposed profit appropriation			
Reserve for net revaluation under equity method		651	1,224
Proposed dividend for the year		15,500	10,000
Retained earnings		853	5,437
		17,004	16,661

Financial statements 1 January – 31 December

Balance sheet

Note	2020	2019
6		
	3,537	3,816
	1,530	1,920
	5,067	5,736
7		
	2,292	1,689
	75	75
	2,367	1,764
	7,434	7,500
	5.876	6,234
		352
	273	622
	8,367	7,208
	5,719	6,994
	17,177	7,254
	0	40
	213	192
	23,109	14,480
	653	964
	32,129	22,652
	39,563	30,152
	6	5,876 2,292 75 2,367 7,434 5,876 2,367 7,434 5,876 2,218 273 8,367 5,719 17,177 0 213 23,109 653 32,129

Financial statements 1 January – 31 December

Balance sheet

DKK'000	Note	2020	2019
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
Equity			
Contributed capital		1,300	1,300
Revaluation reserve		865	937
Reserve for net revaluation under equity method		875	272
Retained earnings		2,005	1,060
Proposed dividends for the financial year		15,500	10,000
Total equity		20,545	13,569
Provisions			
Provisions for deferred tax		296	353
Other provisions		417	401
Total provisions		713	754
Liabilities other than provisions			
Non-current liabilities other than provisions	8		
Mortgage loans		2,065	2,253
Other payables		1,496	524
		3,561	2,777
Current liabilities other than provisions			
Current portion of non-current liabilities	8	184	182
Banks, current liabilities		96	1,022
Prepayments received from customers		4,329	3,411
Trade payables		3,590	2,074
Payables to group entities		54	0
Corporation tax		4,694	4,407
Other payables		1,797	1,956
		14,744	13,052
Total liabilities other than provisions		18,305	15,829
TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES		39,563	30,152
Contractual obligations, contingencies, etc.	9		
Mortgages and collateral	10		

Financial statements 1 January – 31 December

Statement of changes in equity

DKK'000	Contributed capital	Revaluation reserve	net revaluation under equity method	Retained earnings	Proposed dividends for the financial year	<u>Total</u>
Equity at 1 January 2020	1,300	937	272	1,060	10,000	13,569
Revaluattion for the year	0	-92	0	92	0	0
Ordinary dividends paid	0	0	0	0	-10,000	-10,000
Exchange adjustment	0	0	-48	0	0	-48
Transferred over the profit appropriation	0	0	651	853	15,500	17,004
Deferred tax on revaluations	0	20	0	0	0	20
Equity at 31 December 2020	1,300	865	875	2,005	15,500	20,545

Reserve for

Financial statements 1 January – 31 December

Notes

1 Accounting policies

The annual report of Tantec A/S for 2020 has been prepared in accordance with the provisions applying to reporting class B entities under the Danish Financial Statements Act with opt-in from higher reporting classes.

The accounting policies used in the preparation of the financial statements are consistent with those of last year.

Omission of consolidated financial statements

Pursuant to section 110(1) of the Danish Financial Statements Act, no consolidated financial statements have been prepared.

Foreign currency translation

On initial recognition, transactions denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the exchange rates at the transaction date. Foreign exchange differences arising between the exchange rates at the transaction date and the date of payment are recognised in the income statement as financial income or financial expenses.

Receivables, payables and other monetary items denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the exchange rates at the balance sheet date. The difference between the exchange rates at the balance sheet date and the date at which the receivable or payable arose or was recognised in the latest financial statements is recognised in the income statement as financial income or financial expenses.

Non-current assets purchased in foreign currency are translated at the exchange rate on the transaction date.

Government grants

Government grants are recognised when it is fairly certain that the grant conditions will be complied with, and the grant will be received.

Grants compensating for costs incurred are recognised directly as operating income in the income statement as costs eligible for grants are incurred. If the conditions for receiving the grant are not complied until after related costs have been recognised, the grant is to be recognised in the income statement when the conditions have been complied with and it is fairly certain that the grant will be awarded.

Grants to acquire assets are recognised in the balance sheet as deferred income/prepayments and transferred to other operating income in the income statement line with depreciation/amortisation of the assets covered by the grant.

Income statement

Revenue

Income from the sale of goods, comprising the sale of pretreatment plants for plastic and metal, is recognised in revenue when delivery and transfer of risk to the buyer have taken place, and the income may be measured reliably and is expected to be received.

Revenue is recognized excl. VAT and taxes and less discounts in connection with the sale.

Financial statements 1 January – 31 December

Notes

1 Accounting policies (continued)

Cost of sales

Cost of sales comprises costs incurred to generate revenue for the year. This item also comprises direct costs for goods for resale and changes to inventory of goods for resale.

Other operating income

Other operating income comprises items secondary to the activities of the entity, including government grants.

Other external costs

Other external costs comprise distribution costs and costs related to sales, sales campaigns, administration, office premises, operating leases, etc.

Staff costs

Staff costs comprise wages and salaries, including holiday allowance, pension and other social security costs, etc., to the Company's employees, excluding reimbursements from public authorities.

Income from equity investments in group entities and associates

The proportionate share of the individual group entities' profit/loss after tax is recognised in the Parent Company's income statement after full elimination of intra-group gains/losses and amortisation of goodwill.

Dividends from equity investments in associates measured at cost are recognised as income in the income statement in the financial year when the dividends are declared.

Financial income and expenses

Financial income and expenses comprise interest income and expense, financial costs regarding payables and transactions denominated in foreign currencies, amortisation of financial assets and liabilities as well as surcharges and refunds under the on-account tax scheme, etc.

Tax on profit for the year

The Company is jointly taxed with FPE Fem B ApS group's other entities.

On payment of joint taxation contributions, current Danish corporation tax is allocated between the jointly taxed entities in proportion to their taxable income. Entities with tax losses receive joint taxation contributions from entities that have used the losses to reduce their own taxable profit.

Tax for the year comprises current corporation tax for the year and changes in deferred tax, including changes in tax rates. The tax expense relating to the profit/loss for the year is recognised in the income statement, and the tax expense relating to amounts directly recognised in equity is recognised directly in equity.

Financial statements 1 January – 31 December

Notes

1 Accounting policies (continued)

Balance sheet

Property, plant and equipment

On initial recognition, tangible fixed assets are measured at cost. Cost includes the purchase price and costs directly related to the acquisition until the time the asset is ready for use.

Land and buildings are subsequently measured at fair value.

The fair value is determined by regularly recurring assessments of all fair value.

Changes in the fair value in relation to the cost of the assets are offset against equity, taking into account deferred tax. If the fair value is lower than the cost, value adjustments are recognized in the income statement.

The fair value is divided into separate components, which are separately written if the useful life of the individual components is different.

Fixtures and fittings, tools and equipment are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses.

Cost comprises the purchase price and any costs directly attributable to the acquisition until the date on which the asset is available for use. Indirect production overheads and borrowing costs are not recognised in cost.

The basis of depreciation is cost less any projected residual value after the end of the useful life. Depreciation is provided on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful life. The estimated useful lives are as follows:

Buildings 25 years Fixtures and fittings, tools and equipment 5 years

The useful life and residual value are reassessed annually. Changes are treated as accounting estimates, and the effect on depreciation is recognised prospectively.

Land is not depreciated.

Gains and losses on the disposal of property, plant and equipment are stated as the difference between the selling price less selling costs and the carrying amount at the date of disposal. Gains and losses are recognised in the income statement as other operating income or other operating costs, respectively.

Investments

Equity investments in group entities are measured at the proportionate share of the entities' net asset value calculated in accordance with the Parent Company's accounting policies plus or minus unrealised intra-group gains or losses and plus or minus the residual value of positive and negative goodwill calculated in accordance with the acquisition method.

Equity investments in group entities with negative net asset values are measured at DKK 0, and any receivables from these entities are written down to the extent that the receivables are deemed irrecoverable. To the extent that the Parent Company has a legal or constructive obligation to cover a negative balance exceeding the receivable, the residual amount is recognised as provisions.

Financial statements 1 January – 31 December

Notes

1 Accounting policies (continued)

Equity investments in associates are measured at cost. In case of indication of impairment, an impairment test is conducted. When the cost exceeds the recoverable amount, write-down is made to this lower value.

Impairment of fixed assets

The carrying amount of property, plant and equipment as well as equity investments in group entities and associates is subject to an annual test for indications of impairment other than the decrease in value reflected by depreciation or amortisation.

Impairment tests are conducted of individual assets or groups of assets when there is an indication that they may be impaired. Write-down is made to the recoverable amount if this is lower than the carrying amount.

The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's net selling price and its value in use. The value in use is determined as the present value of the forecast net cash flows from the use of the asset or the group of assets, including forecast net cash flows from the disposal of the asset or the group of assets after the end of the useful life.

Inventories

Inventories are measured at cost in accordance with the FIFO method. Where the net realisable value is lower than cost, inventories are written down to this lower value.

Goods for resale and raw materials and consumables are measured at cost, comprising purchase price plus delivery costs.

Finished goods and work in progress are measured at cost, comprising the cost of raw materials, consumables and direct wages.

The net realisable value of inventories is calculated as the sales amount less costs of completion and costs necessary to make the sale and is determined taking into account marketability, obsolescence and development in expected selling price.

Construction contracts

Contract work in progress is measured at cost including directly referable costs. On account profits are not recognised concerning contract work in progress.

Receivables

Receivables are measured at amortised cost.

Write-down is made for bad debt losses where there is an objective indication that a receivable or a portfolio of receivables has been impaired. If there is an objective indication that an individual receivable has been impaired, write-down is made on an individual basis.

Prepayments

Prepayments comprise prepayment of costs incurred relating to subsequent financial years.

Financial statements 1 January – 31 December

Notes

1 Accounting policies (continued)

Equity

Revaluation reserve

Revaluation reserve comprises net revaluation of land and buildings adjusted for deferred tax.

Reserve for net revaluation under equity method

Net revaluation reserve according to the equity method comprises net revaluation of equity investments in group entities and associates in proportion to cost.

Dividends

The expected dividends payment for the year is disclosed as a separate item under equity.

Provisions

Provisions include expected costs for guarantee commitments and tax.

Warranties comprise obligations to make good any defects within the warranty period of 1-5 years. Provisions are recognised based on the Company's experience with warranties.

Corporation tax and deferred tax

Current tax payable and receivable is recognised in the balance sheet as tax computed on the taxable income for the year, adjusted for tax on the taxable income of prior years and for tax paid on account.

Deferred tax assets, including the tax value of tax loss carryforwards, are recognised at the expected value of their utilisation within the foreseeable future; either as a set-off against tax on future income or as a set-off against deferred tax liabilities in the same legal tax entity. Any deferred net assets are measured at net realisable value.

Deferred tax is measured in accordance with the tax rules and at the tax rates applicable at the balance sheet date when the deferred tax is expected to crystallise as current tax. Changes in deferred tax as a result of changes in tax rates are recognised in the income statement or equity, respectively.

Liabilities other than provisions

Financial liabilities are recognised at cost at the date of borrowing, corresponding to the proceeds received less transaction costs paid. In subsequent periods, the financial liabilities are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Accordingly, the difference between cost and the nominal value is recognised in the income statement over the term of the loan together with interest expenses.

Other liabilities are measured at net realisable value.

Financial statements 1 January – 31 December

Notes

2 Gross profit

Gross profit includes special items comprising compensation under COVID-19 government aid packages of DKK 1,109 thousand (2019: DKK 0).

	DKK'000		2020	2019
3	Staff costs			
	Wages and salaries		14,910	15,169
	Pensions		2,357	2,165
	Other social security costs		68	38
	Other staff costs		299	322
			17,634	17,694
	Average number of full-time employees		29	28
4	Financial income			
	Interest income from group entities		142	45
			142	45
5	Tax on profit for the year			
•	Current tax for the year		4,694	4,407
	Deferred tax for the year		-37	4,407
	Adjustment of deferred tax concerning revaluation reserve		-57	20
	riajustinoni di dolonda tak dondoniing foraldation focolito		4,657	4,429
6	Property, plant and equipment			
U	Property, plant and equipment		Fixtures and	
			fittings, tools	
	DKK'000	Land and	and	Total
		buildings	equipment 5 404	Total
	Cost at 1 January 2020 Additions for the year	9,861 0	5,404 180	15,265 180
	Cost at 31 December 2020	9,861	5,584	15,445
	Revaluations at 1 January 2020	2,309	0	2,309
	Revaluations at 31 December 2020	2,309	0	2,309
	Depreciation and impairment losses at 1 January 2020	-8,354	-3,484	-11,838
	Depreciation for the year	-279	-570	-849
	Depreciation and impairment losses at 31 December 2020	-8,633	-4,054	-12,687
	Carrying amount at 31 December 2020	3,537	1,530	5,067
				10

Financial statements 1 January – 31 December

Notes

7 Investments

DIMMORA	investments in group entities	investments in associated entities
Cost at 1 January 2020	1,417	75
Cost at 31 December 2020	1,417	75
Revaluations at 1 January 2020	272	0
Exchange rate adjustment	-48	0
Net profit/loss for the year	541	0
Net change in internal profit	110	0
Revaluations 31 December 2020	875	0
Carrying amount at 31 December 2020	2,292	75

⊏ outity/

Equity.

8 Non-current liabilities other than provisions

DKK'000	Total debt at 31/12 2020	Repayment, first year	debt after five years
Mortgage loans	2,249	184	1,328
Other payables	1,496	0	0
	3,745	184	1,328

9 Contractual obligations, contingencies, etc.

Contingent liabilities

The Company is jointly taxed with other Danish companies in the FPE Fem B ApS Group.

Together with the other companies in the joint taxation, the Company has joint and several liability for Danish corporation taxes and VAT and withholding taxes on dividends, interest and royalties within the joint taxation

Remaining operating lease obligations at the balance sheet date fall due at DKK 202 thousand within 9 months (2019: DKK 180 thousand).

10 Mortgages and collateral

For mortgages to credit institutes, DKK 2,249 thousand (2019: DKK 2,435 thousand), have been pledged as collateral in land and buildings, the carrying amount of which is DKK 3,537 thousand (2019: DKK 3,816 thousand).

For collateral with Danske Bank, the company has deposited mortgage deeds in land and buildings totaling DKK 7,800 thousand, and for collateral with Spar Nord Bank, the company has deposited a company mortgage totaling DKK 4,000 thousand.

Underskrifterne i dette dokument er juridisk bindende. Dokumentet er underskrevet via Penneo™ sikker digital underskrift. Underskrivernes identiteter er blevet registereret, og informationerne er listet herunder.

"Med min underskrift bekræfter jeg indholdet og alle datoer i dette dokument."

Navnet er skjult (CPR valideret)

Bestyrelsesmedlem

På vegne af: Tantec A/S

Serienummer: PID:9208-2002-2-776909369100

IP: 83.94.xxx.xxx

2021-04-15 20:15:19Z





Christen Højgaard Nielsen

Bestyrelsesmedlem

På vegne af: Tantec A/S

Serienummer: PID:9208-2002-2-074143644228

IP: 87.49.xxx.xxx

2021-04-16 05:39:33Z





Morten Thrane

Direktionsmedlem

På vegne af: Tantec A/S

Serienummer: PID:9208-2002-2-343136447641

IP: 87.104.xxx.xxx

2021-04-16 06:12:00Z





Morten Thrane

Bestyrelsesmedlem

På vegne af: Tantec A/S

Serienummer: PID:9208-2002-2-343136447641

IP: 87.104.xxx.xxx

2021-04-16 06:12:00Z





Kim Egede Saabye

Direktionsmedlem

På vegne af: Tantec A/S

Serienummer: PID:9208-2002-2-476324685743

IP: 83.88.xxx.xxx

2021-04-16 06:14:57Z





Kim Egede Saabye

Bestyrelsesmedlem

På vegne af: Tantec A/S

Serienummer: PID:9208-2002-2-476324685743

IP: 83.88.xxx.xxx

2021-04-16 06:14:57Z





Klaus Rytz

Statsautoriseret revisor

På vegne af: KPMG Statsautoriseret Revisionspartners...

Serienummer: CVR:25578198-RID:54473077

IP: 83.151.xxx.xxx

2021-04-16 06:50:097





Dette dokument er underskrevet digitalt via **Penneo.com**. Signeringsbeviserne i dokumentet er sikret og valideret ved anvendelse af den matematiske hashværdi af det originale dokument. Dokumentet er låst for ændringer og tidsstemplet med et certifikat fra en betroet tredjepart. Alle kryptografiske signeringsbeviser er indlejret i denne PDF, i tilfælde af de skal anvendes til validering i fremtiden.

Sådan kan du sikre, at dokumentet er originalt

Dette dokument er beskyttet med et Adobe CDS certifikat. Når du åbner dokumentet

i Adobe Reader, kan du se, at dokumentet er certificeret af Penneo e-signature service <penneo@penneo.com>. Dette er din garanti for, at indholdet af dokumentet er uændret.

Du har mulighed for at efterprøve de kryptografiske signeringsbeviser indlejret i dokumentet ved at anvende Penneos validator på følgende websted: https://penneo.com/validate