

Deloitte Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab CVR no. 33963556 Weidekampsgade 6 P.O. Box 1600 0900 Copenhagen C

Phone +4536102030 Fax +4536102040 www.deloitte.dk

## **CWT Denmark A/S**

Ørestads Boulevard 35, 3. 2300 Copenhagen S Central Business Registration No 66097218

**Annual report 2019** 

The Annual General Meeting adopted the annual report on 11.09.2020

Chairman of the General Meeting

Name: Torben Brik Rodenberg

## **Contents**

	<u>Page</u>
Entity details	1
Statement by Management on the annual report	2
Independent auditor's report	3
Management commentary	6
Income statement for 2019	9
Balance sheet at 31.12.2019	10
Statement of changes in equity for 2019	12
Notes	13
Accounting policies	18

## **Entity details**

### **Entity**

CWT Denmark A/S Ørestads Boulevard 35, 3. 2300 Copenhagen S

Central Business Registration No: 66097218

Registered in: Copenhagen

Financial year: 01.01.2019 - 31.12.2019

### **Board of Directors**

Christopher Bowen, Chairman Torben Brik Rodenberg Kaj Genas Jens Michael Hyldnæs

### **Executive Board**

Torben Brik Rodenberg, Chief Executive Officer

### **Auditors**

Deloitte Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab Weidekampsgade 6 P.O. Box 1600 0900 Copenhagen C

### Statement by Management on the annual report

The Board of Directors and the Executive Board have today considered and approved the annual report of CWT Denmark A/S for the financial year 01.01.2019 - 31.12.2019.

The annual report is presented in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the Entity's financial position at 31.12.2019 and of the results of its operations for the financial year 01.01.2019 - 31.12.2019.

We believe that the management commentary contains a fair review of the affairs and conditions referred to therein.

We recommend the annual report for adoption at the Annual General Meeting.

Copenhagen, 11.09.2020

### **Executive Board**

Torben Brik Rodenberg Chief Executive Officer

### **Board of Directors**

Christopher Bowen
Chairman

Torben Brik Rodenberg

Kaj Genas

Jens Michael Hyldnæs

### **Independent auditor's report**

# To the shareholder of CWT Denmark A/S Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of CWT Denmark A/S for the financial year 01.01.2019 - 31.12.2019, which comprise the income statement, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity and notes, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial statements are prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the Entity's financial position at 31.12.2019 and of the results of its operations for the financial year 01.01.2019 - 31.12.2019 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

### **Basis for opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) and additional requirements applicable in Denmark. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of this auditor's report. We are independent of the Entity in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board of Accountants' Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

### Management's responsibilities for the financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act, and for such internal control as Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, Management is responsible for assessing the Entity's ability to continue as a going concern, for disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern, and for using the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements unless Management either intends to liquidate the Entity or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

### Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

### Independent auditor's report

Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to
fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a
material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may
involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.

- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures
  that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the
  effectiveness of the Entity's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by Management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of Management's use of the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements, and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Entity's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Entity to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures in the notes, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that gives a true and fair view.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

### Statement on the management commentary

Management is responsible for the management commentary.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the management commentary, and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the management commentary and, in doing so, consider whether the management commentary is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

Moreover, it is our responsibility to consider whether the management commentary provides the information required under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

## **Independent auditor's report**

Based on the work we have performed, we conclude that the management commentary is in accordance with the financial statements and has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Danish Financial Statements Act. We did not identify any material misstatement of the management commentary.

Copenhagen, 11.09.2020

### **Deloitte**

Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab Central Business Registration No: 33963556

Kim Gerner Jacobsen State Authorised Public Accountant Identification number (MNE) mne10122

## **Management commentary**

	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
-	DKK'000	DKK'000	DKK'000	DKK'000	DKK'000
Financial highlights					
Key figures					
Gross profit	58.969	54.209	44.354	55.005	69.341
Operating profit/loss	(1.414)	(2.427)	(15.081)	(12.154)	(6.178)
Net financials	(2.405)	(1.938)	(1.529)	1.319	(1.648)
Profit/loss for the year	(3.819)	(5.422)	(16.895)	(9.689)	(8.088)
Total assets	63.415	54.032	57.072	65.105	77.357
Investments in property,	258	178	108	256	677
plant and equipment	230	176	100	230	077
Equity	8.233	12.052	17.474	34.369	44.058
Ratios					
Return on equity (%)	(37,7)	(36,7)	(65,2)	(24,7)	(16,8)
Equity ratio (%)	13,0	22,3	30,6	52,8	57,0

Financial highlights are defined and calculated in accordance with the applicable version of "Recommendations & Ratios" issued by the CFA Society Denmark.

Ratios	Calculation formula	Ratios
Return on equity (%)	Profit/loss for the year x 100 Average equity	The entity's return on capital invested in the entity by the owners.
Equity ratio (%)	Equity x 100 Total assets	The financial strength of the entity.

### **Management commentary**

#### **Primary activities**

The primary activities of the Company are the sale of business travel services, travel management, group travels as well as meetings and events facilitated under the name of Carlson Wagonlit Travel (CWT).

Partnering with companies of all types and sizes, CWT knows that not two customers have the same requirements. Consequently, CWT works closely with each customer to define and implement the solutions that best correspond to their specific needs, challenges and objectives. To that end, CWT offers a range of products and services aimed at Programme Optimisation for the benefit of the Company as well as the traveller.

CWT solutions can be grouped into five categories:

- **1. Traveller Services** offers best-in-class services and assistance to travellers and optimises the processing of simple and complex transactions. This service includes personalised services as well as technology solutions.
- **2. Programme Optimisation** offers a variety of products and services to help customers optimise their travel programmes and savings.
- **3. Safety & Security** offers a range of products and services to inform companies of potential risks and help locate and assist travellers in an emergency situation.
- **4. Meetings & Events** offers best-in-class services to create and manage meetings and events while helping companies control and optimise related expenditures.
- **5. RoomIT** offers best-in-class hotel programmes with extensive contents and modern technology to enable customers to fully include their entire hotel needs with CWT.

### **Development in activities and finances**

Loss before tax for the year amounts to DKK 3.8 million, which is considered unsatisfactory. This is better than outlook primarily due to improved revenue & cost reduction initiatives.

#### **Outlook**

Because of the uncertainties associated with the pandemic, its ultimate impact on the Company's operations and financial results cannot be estimated at this time. This has been assessed by the directors as a non-adjusting event.

#### **Intellectual capital resources**

Carlson Wagonlit Danmark A/S is a company with a high level of know-how. Approximately 80% of the employees are travel management specialists.

The Company ensures the continuous development of employee knowledge and skills through internal and external training.

### **Management commentary**

#### **Events after the balance sheet date**

On March 11, 2020, the World Health Organization declared the 2019 Novel Coronavirus ("COVID-19") outbreak a pandemic. In response to the outbreak, many countries and organizations have implemented measures to combat the outbreak, such as travel restrictions and business closures. The resulting reduction in travel demand and the impact on the Group and Company's business has been significant, and management has taken decisive cost reduction and cash management actions to mitigate the impact on the Group and Company's liquidity and financial position. These actions to date have included delaying vendor payments (payment plans), renegotiating lease and other agreements, delaying or suspending discretionary projects, and implementing voluntary or compulsory unpaid leave or a reduction in working hours where legally allowed.

The reduced demand for travel has an unprecedented and materially adverse impact on the Group and Company's revenue, and has a material adverse effect on the Group and Company's financial position, results of operations, and cash flows. The significant reduction in revenue and earnings may also result in the impairment of goodwill and other assets within the Group in 2020; however, the Group and Company is not yet able to determine the impact, given the timing and unknown duration of the outbreak and the significant additional analysis that will be required. Because of the uncertainties associated with the pandemic, its ultimate impact on the Group and Company's operations and financial results cannot be estimated at this time. This has been assessed by the directors as a non-adjusting event.

Carlson Travel, Inc will provide, or require one of its subsidiaries to provide, financial support, if required, for the Company to remain in operation as a going concern and to meet the Company's future debts as they fall due to the extent that such debts are incurred in the ordinary course of business, for a period of twelve months from the date of the signing of the Company's financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2019.

## **Income statement for 2019**

	Notes	2019 DKK'000	2018 DKK'000
Gross profit	3	58.969	54.209
Staff costs	4	(60.255)	(56.418)
Depreciation, amortisation and impairment losses	5	(128)	(218)
Operating profit/loss		(1.414)	(2.427)
Other financial income	6	77	38
Other financial expenses	7	(2.482)	(1.976)
Profit/loss before tax		(3.819)	(4.365)
Tax on profit/loss for the year	8	0	(1.057)
Profit/loss for the year	9	(3.819)	(5.422)

## **Balance sheet at 31.12.2019**

	Notes	2019 DKK'000	2018 DKK'000
Acquired intangible assets		0	0_
Intangible assets	10	0	0
Other fixtures and fittings, tools and equipment		289	122
Leasehold improvements		21	58
Property, plant and equipment	11	310	180
Deposits		1.782	1.782
Fixed asset investments	12	1.782	1.782
Fixed assets		2.092	1.962
Trade receivables		27.912	30.582
Receivables from group enterprises		28.137	15.210
Other receivables		79	8
Prepayments	13	2.164	2.408
Receivables		58.292	48.208
Cash		3.031	3.862
Current assets		61.323	52.070
Assets		63.415	54.032

## **Balance sheet at 31.12.2019**

	Notes	2019 DKK'000	2018 DKK'000
Contributed capital	14	10.020	10.020
Retained earnings		(1.787)	2.032
Equity		8.233	12.052
Other payables	15	1.819	0
Non-current liabilities other than provisions		1.819	0
Prepayments received from customers		4.487	4.484
Trade payables		16.696	14.499
Payables to group enterprises		15.551	1.982
Income tax payable		0	1
Other payables	16	16.629	21.014
Current liabilities other than provisions		53.363	41.980
Liabilities other than provisions		55.182	41.980
Equity and liabilities		63.415	54.032
Going concern	1		
Events after the balance sheet date	2		
Unrecognised rental and lease commitments	17		
Contingent liabilities	18		
Related parties with controlling interest	19		
Transactions with related parties	20		
Group relations	21		

## Statement of changes in equity for 2019

	Contributed capital DKK'000	Retained earnings DKK'000	Total DKK'000
Equity beginning of year	10.020	2.032	12.052
Profit/loss for the year	0	(3.819)	(3.819)
Equity end of year	10.020	(1.787)	8.233

### **Notes**

### 1. Going concern

Carlson Travel, Inc will provide, or require one of its subsidiaries to provide, financial support, if required, for the Company to remain in operation as a going concern and to meet the Company's future debts as they fall due to the extent that such debts are incurred in the ordinary course of business, for a period of twelve months from the date of the signing of the Company's financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2019.

#### 2. Events after the balance sheet date

On March 11, 2020, the World Health Organization declared the 2019 Novel Coronavirus ("COVID-19") outbreak a pandemic. In response to the outbreak, many countries and organizations have implemented measures to combat the outbreak, such as travel restrictions and business closures. The resulting reduction in travel demand and the impact on the Group and Company's business has been significant, and management has taken decisive cost reduction and cash management actions to mitigate the impact on the Group and Company's liquidity and financial position. These actions to date have included delaying vendor payments (payment plans), renegotiating lease and other agreements, delaying or suspending discretionary projects, and implementing voluntary or compulsory unpaid leave or a reduction in working hours where legally allowed.

The reduced demand for travel has an unprecedented and materially adverse impact on the Group and Company's revenue, and has a material adverse effect on the Group and Company's financial position, results of operations, and cash flows. The significant reduction in revenue and earnings may also result in the impairment of goodwill and other assets within the Group in 2020; however, the Group and Company is not yet able to determine the impact, given the timing and unknown duration of the outbreak and the significant additional analysis that will be required. Because of the uncertainties associated with the pandemic, its ultimate impact on the Group and Company's operations and financial results cannot be estimated at this time. This has been assessed by the directors as a non-adjusting event.

### 3. Gross profit

Total gross revenue (traffic) amounts to DKK 1,317 million (2018: DKK 1,304 million).

Net revenue amounts to DKK 162.6 million (2018: DKK 154.8 million).

### **Notes**

	2019 DKK'000	2018 DKK'000
4. Staff costs		
Wages and salaries	53.704	49.487
Pension costs	4.397	4.450
Other social security costs	711	973
Other staff costs	1.443	1.508
	60.255	56.418
Average number of employees	125	130

According to section 98b(3)(ii) of the Danish Financial Statements Act, remuneration to Management is not disclosed.

	2019	2018
	<b>DKK'000</b>	DKK'000
5. Depreciation, amortisation and impairment losses		
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment	128	218
	128	218
	2019	2018
	DKK'000	DKK'000
6. Other financial income		
Exchange rate adjustments	77	38
	77	38_
	2019	2018
	DKK'000	DKK'000
7. Other financial expenses	<del></del>	
Interest expenses	54	340
Exchange rate adjustments	37	13
Other financial expenses	2.391	1.623
	2.482	1.976
	2019	2018
	DKK'000	DKK'000
8. Tax on profit/loss for the year		
Adjustment concerning previous years	0	1.057
	0	1.057

## **Notes**

	2019 DKK'000	2018 DKK'000
9. Proposed distribution of profit/loss		
Retained earnings	(3.819)	(5.422)
	(3.819)	(5.422)
		Acquired
		intangible
		assets
		DKK'000
10. Intangible assets		
Cost beginning of year		1.497
Cost end of year		1.497
Amortisation and impairment losses beginning of year		(1.497)
Amortisation and impairment losses end of year		(1.497)
Carrying amount end of year		0
	Other	
	fixtures and	
	fittings,	Leasehold
	tools and	improve-
	equipment	ments
	DKK'000	DKK'000
11. Property, plant and equipment		
Cost beginning of year	5.127	627
Additions	258	0
Cost end of year	5.385	627
Depreciation and impairment losses beginning of the year	(5.005)	(569)
Depreciation for the year	(91)	(37)
Depreciation and impairment losses end of the year	(5.096)	(606)
Carrying amount end of year	289	21

## **Notes**

	Deposits
	DKK'000
12. Fixed asset investments	
Cost beginning of year	1.782
Cost end of year	1.782
Carrying amount end of year	1.782
<b>13. Prepayments</b> Prepayments include accrual of expenses relating to subsequent financial years.	

			Nominal
		Par value	value
	Number	DKK'000	DKK'000
14. Contributed capital			
Ordinary shares	10.020	1	10.020
	10.020		10.020
		2019	2018
		DKK'000	DKK'000
15. Other long-term payables			
Holiday pay obligation		1.819	0
		1.819	0
		2019	2018
		DKK'000	DKK'000
16. Other payables			
VAT and duties		1.284	1.622
Wages and salaries, personal income taxes, payable	social security costs, etc	2.154	1.815
Holiday pay obligation		8.539	10.118
Other costs payable		4.652	7.459
		16.629	21.014
		2019	2018
		DKK'000	DKK'000
17. Unrecognised rental and lease comm	nitments		
Hereof liabilities under rental or lease agree	ments until maturity in total	20.778	7.440

### **Notes**

### 18. Contingent liabilities

From 18.08.2014 to 06.12.2016, the Entity participated in a Danish joint taxation arrangement in which Radisson Hospitality Denmark ApS served as the administration company. According to the joint taxation provisions of the Danish Corporation Tax Act, the Entity is therefore liable for income taxes etc for the jointly taxed entities from 18.08.2014 to 06.12.2016, and also for obligations, if any, relating to the withholding of tax on interest, royalties and dividend for the jointly taxed entities from 18.08.2014 to 06.12.2016. The total known net liability of the jointly taxed entities under the joint taxation arrangement is evident from the administration company's financial statements.

### 19. Related parties with controlling interest

CW Travel Beheermaatschappij B.V., Apollo Building, Wisselwerking 58, NL-1112 XS Diemen, the Netherlands CWT Holdco B.V., Apollo Building, Wisselwerking 58, NL-1112 XS Diemen, the Netherlands CWT Global B.V., Apollo Building, Wisselwerking 58, NL-1112 XS Diemen, the Netherlands Carlson Wagonlit B.V., Apollo Building, Wisselwerking 58, NL-1112 XS Diemen, the Netherlands Carlson Wagonlit Super Holding B.V., Apollo Building, Wisselwerking 58, NL-1112 XS Diemen, the Netherlands

CWT B.V., Apollo Building, Wisselwerking 58, NL-1112 XS Diemen, the Netherlands Carlson Travel B.V., Apollo Building, Wisselwerking 58, NL-1112 XS Diemen, the Netherlands CCI Travel Coöperatief UA, De entree 159 Oval Tower, NL- 1101, the Netherlands Carlson Travel Holdings, Inc., 701 Carlson Parkway, Minnetonka, MN 55305, USA Carlson Travel, Inc., 701 Carlson Parkway, Minnetonka, MN 55305, USA

### 20. Transactions with related parties

No transactions with related parties were made in the financial year 2019, which were not made on an arm's length basis.

### 21. Group relations

Name and registered office of the Parent preparing consolidated financial statements for the largest group: Carlson Travel Inc., 701 Carlson Parkway, Minnetonka, MN 55305, USA

Name and registered office of the Parent preparing consolidated financial statements for the smallest group: Carlson Travel Inc., 701 Carlson Parkway, Minnetonka, MN 55305, USA

### **Accounting policies**

### Reporting class

This annual report has been presented in accordance with the provisions of the Danish Financial Statements Act governing reporting class C enterprises (medium).

The accounting policies applied to these financial statements are consistent with those applied last year.

### **Recognition and measurement**

Assets are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable as a result of a prior event that future economic benefits will flow to the Entity, and the value of the asset can be measured reliably.

Liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet when the Entity has a legal or constructive obligation as a result of a prior event, and it is probable that future economic benefits will flow out of the Entity, and the value of the liability can be measured reliably.

On initial recognition, assets and liabilities are measured at cost. Measurement subsequent to initial recognition is effected as described below for each financial statement item.

Anticipated risks and losses that arise before the time of presentation of the annual report and that confirm or invalidate affairs and conditions existing at the balance sheet date are considered at recognition and measurement.

Income is recognised in the income statement when earned, whereas costs are recognised by the amounts attributable to this financial year.

### Foreign currency translation

On initial recognition, foreign currency transactions are translated applying the exchange rate at the transaction date. Receivables, payables and other monetary items denominated in foreign currencies that have not been settled at the balance sheet date are translated using the exchange rate at the balance sheet date. Exchange differences that arise between the rate at the transaction date and the rate in effect at the payment date, or the rate at the balance sheet date, are recognised in the income statement as financial income or financial expenses. Property, plant and equipment, intangible assets, inventories and other non-monetary assets that have been purchased in foreign currencies are translated using historical rates.

#### **Income statement**

### **Gross profit or loss**

Gross profit or loss comprises revenue and other external expenses.

### Revenue

Revenue from the sale of tickets etc is recognised in the income statement when delivery is made and risk has passed to the buyer. Revenue is recognised net of VAT, duties and sales discounts and is measured at fair value of the consideration fixed.

### Other external expenses

### **Accounting policies**

Other external expenses include expenses relating to the Entity's ordinary activities, including expenses for premises, stationery and office supplies, marketing costs, etc. This item also includes writedowns of receivables recognised in current assets.

#### Staff costs

Staff costs comprise salaries and wages as well as social security contributions, pension contributions, etc for entity staff.

### Depreciation, amortisation and impairment losses

Amortisation, depreciation and impairment losses relating to intangible assets and property, plant and equipment comprise amortisation, depreciation and impairment losses for the financial year, calculated on the basis of the residual values and useful lives of the individual assets and impairment testing as well as gains and losses from the sale of intangible assets as well as property, plant and equipment.

#### Other financial income

Other financial income comprises interest income, including interest income on receivables from group enterprises, net capital gains on receivables and transactions in foreign currencies as well as tax relief under the Danish Tax Prepayment Scheme etc.

### Other financial expenses

Other financial expenses comprise interest expenses, including interest expenses on payables to group enterprises, net capital losses on payables and transactions in foreign currencies as well as tax surcharge under the Danish Tax Prepayment Scheme etc.

### Tax on profit/loss for the year

Tax for the year, which consists of current tax for the year and changes in deferred tax, is recognised in the income statement by the portion attributable to the profit for the year and recognised directly in equity by the portion attributable to entries directly in equity.

### **Balance sheet**

### Intellectual property rights etc

Intellectual property rights etc comprise acquired intellectual property rights (software).

Intellectual property rights (software) acquired are measured at cost less accumulated amortisation.

Intellectual property rights (software) is amortised on a straight-line basis over a period of maximum twenty years.

Intellectual property rights (software) etc are written down to the lower of recoverable amount and carrying amount.

### Property, plant and equipment

Other fixtures and fittings, tools and equipment as well as leasehold improvements are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses.

### **Accounting policies**

Cost comprises the acquisition price, costs directly attributable to the acquisition and preparation costs of the asset until the time when it is ready to be put into operation.

The basis of depreciation is cost less estimated residual value after the end of useful life. Straight-line depreciation is made on the basis of the following estimated useful lives of the assets:

Other fixtures and fittings, tools and equipment

3 years

5 years

Leasehold improvements

For leasehold improvements, the depreciation period cannot exceed the contract period.

Estimated useful lives and residual values are reassessed annually.

Items of property, plant and equipment are written down to the lower of recoverable amount and carrying amount.

#### Receivables

Receivables are measured at amortised cost, usually equalling nominal value less writedowns for bad and doubtful debts.

### **Prepayments**

Prepayments comprise incurred costs relating to subsequent financial years. Prepayments are measured at cost.

### Cash

Cash comprises bank deposits.

#### Other financial liabilities

Other financial liabilities are measured at amortised cost, which usually corresponds to nominal value.

### **Prepayments received from customers**

Prepayments received from customers comprise amounts received from customers prior to delivery of the goods agreed or completion of the service agreed.

### Income tax receivable or payable

Current tax payable or receivable is recognised in the balance sheet, stated as tax computed on this year's taxable income, adjusted for prepaid tax

### **Cash flow statement**

As a consolidated cash flow statement is prepared by the Ultimate Parent, a cash flow statement is not prepared, see section 86(4) of the Danish Financial Statements Act.