

Grant ThorntonStatsautoriseret
Revisionspartnerselskab

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SDI Media A/S

Dortheavej 4, 2400 København NV

Company reg. no. 65 12 52 18

Annual report

1 January - 31 December 2016

The annual report have been submitted and approved by the general meeting on the 31 May 2017.

Alan Pai

Chairman of the meeting

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Notes

 $_{\infty}$ To ensure the greatest possible applicability of this document, British English terminology has been used.

 $[\]infty$ Please note that decimal points have not been used in the usual English way. This means that for instance EUR 146.940 means the amount of EUR 146,940, and that 23,5 % means 23.5 %.

Grant Thornton, Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnereelskab

Management's report

The board of directors and the managing director have today presented the annual report of SDI Media A/S for the financial year 1 January to 31 December 2016.

The annual report has been presented in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

We consider the accounting policies used appropriate, and in our opinion the annual accounts provide a true and fair view of the company's assets and liabilities and its financial position as on 31 December 2016 and of the company's results of its activities in the financial year 1 January to 31 December 2016.

We are of the opinion that the management's review includes a fair description of the issues dealt with.

The annual report is recommended for approval by the general meeting.

Copenhagen, 31 May 2017

Managing Director

Board of directors

Alberto Abisso

Chairman

Markus Böcker

Mads Eggent Bjørlie

Independent auditor's report

To the shareholder of SDI Media A/S

Opinion

We have audited the annual accounts of SDI Media A/S for the financial year 1 January to 31 December 2016, which comprise accounting policies used, profit and loss account, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity and notes. The annual accounts are prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the annual accounts give a true and fair view of the company's assets, liabilities and financial position at 31 December 2016 and of the results of the company's operations for the financial year 1 January to 31 December 2016 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with international standards on auditing and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the below section "Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the annual accounts". We are independent of the company in accordance with international ethics standards for accountants (IESBA's Code of Ethics) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these standards and requirements. We believe that the audit evidence obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Emphasis of matter

Without it affecting our opinion we draw attention to the information in note 1 which shows that the company's continued operation is dependent on liquidity from the ultimate parent, SDI Media Group Inc., and the parent has issued a financial support statement of adding liquidity to the extent that the management deems it necessary.

The management's responsibilities for the annual accounts

The management is responsible for the preparation of annual accounts that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act. The management is also responsible for such internal control as the management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of annual accounts that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the annual accounts, the management is responsible for evaluating the company's ability to continue as a going concern, and, when relevant, disclosing matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting when preparing the annual accounts, unless the management either intends to liquidate the company or to cease operations, or if it has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Independent auditor's report

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the annual accounts

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the annual accounts as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report including an opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with international standards on auditing and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements may arise due to fraud or error and may be considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions made by users on the basis of the annual accounts

As part of an audit conducted in accordance with international standards on auditing and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, we exercise professional evaluations and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement in the annual accounts, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures in response to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than the risk of not detecting a misstatement resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of the internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used by the management and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the management's preparation of the annual accounts being based on the going concern principle and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may raise significant doubt about the company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the annual accounts or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and contents of the annual accounts, including the disclosures in the notes, and whether the annual accounts reflect the underlying transactions and events in a manner that gives a true and fair view.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in the internal control that we identify during our audit.

Independent auditor's report

Statement on the management's review

The management is responsible for the management's review.

Our opinion on the annual accounts does not cover the management's review, and we do not express any kind of assurance opinion on the management's review.

In connection with our audit of the annual accounts, our responsibility is to read the management's review and in that connection consider whether the management's review is materially inconsistent with the annual accounts or our knowledge obtained during the audit, or whether it otherwise appears to contain material misstatement.

Furthermore, it is our responsibility to consider whether the management's review provides the information required under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Based on the work we have performed, we believe that the management's review is in accordance with the annual accounts and that it has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Danish Financial Statement Acts. We did not find any material misstatement in the management's review.

Copenhagen, 31 May 2017

Grant Thornton

State Authorised Public Accountants Company reg. no. 34 20 99 36

State Authorised Public Accountant

Company data

The company

SDI Media A/S

Dortheavej 4

2400 København NV

Phone

59656040

Web site

www.sdimedia.com

Company reg. no.

65 12 52 18

Established:

1 March 1981

Domicile:

Copenhagen

Financial year:

1 January - 31 December

Board of directors

Alberto Abisso, Chairman

Markus Böcker

Mads Eggert Bjørlie

Managing Director

Lars Birk

Auditors

Grant Thornton, Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab

Stockholmsgade 45

2100 København Ø

Financial highlights

EUR in thousands.	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012		
Profit and loss account:							
Net turnover	46.340	36.107	31.874	33.598	31.274		
Gross profit	8.978	8.849	8.453	10.045	9.069		
Results from operating activities	-1.911	-656	605	1.801	1.588		
Net financials	-352	-1.713	-1.670	-381	256		
Results for the year	-2.522	-2.673	-1.388	814	2.009		
Balance sheet:							
Balance sheet sum	22.912	29.372	24.081	19.773	12.787		
Investments in tangible fixed assets							
represent	355	858	749	1.139	466		
Equity	-5.695	-3.222	-457	739	-48		
Key figures in %:							
Gross margin	19,4	24,5	26,5	29,9	29,0		
Profit margin	-4,1	-1,8	1,9	5,4	5,1		
Solvency ratio	-24,9	-11,0	-1,9	3,7	-0,4		
Return on equity	92	문설(-984,4	235,6	-265,9		

The calculation of key figures and ratios does in all material respects follow the Danish Association of Finance Analysts' recommendations and does only in a few respects deviate from the recommendations.

The key figures appearing from the survey have been calculated as follows:

Gross margin	Gross results x 100
Gross margin	Net turnover
Profit margin (EBIT margin)	Results from primary activities (EBIT) x 100 Net turnover
Solvens ratio	Equity, closing balance x 100 Assets in total, closing balance
Return on equity	Results for the year x 100 Average equity

Management's review

The principal activities of the company

The company's primary activities are sound studio activities, primarily the dubbing, recoding and mixing of films and TV episodes in Denmark and 6 other countries (Sweden, Norway, Finland, Poland, the Netherlands and Belgium) where the company has branch offices.

Uncertainties as to recognition or measurement

The company recognizes work in progress for the projects for which costs were incurred however no revenues are recognized based on work delivery. Work in progress is strictly reviewed in terms of accuracy and recoverability.

Company does not construct fixed assets internally.

Development in activities and financial matters

The net turnover for the year is EUR 46.340.000 against EUR 36.107.000 last year. The results from ordinary activities after tax are EUR -2.522.000 against EUR -2.673.000 last year. The management consider the results satisfactory.

Special risks

Price risks

The company is facing price risk for the services it offers to their clients. This risk is coming from both clients and competitors side. This risk is considered to be at a moderate level as company is already providing localization and other services at competitive range and high quality.

Exchange rate risks:

The company has moderate exposure to the currency risk. The company apart from Denmark is operating via six branches which result with transactions in DKK, EUR, NOK, SEK and PLN. The majority of transactions are denominated in EUR. The company does not hedge transactions in foreign currency and is accepting this risk.

Interest risks:

The company has no exposure to the interest rate risk. Company uses group financing and any loans are based on fixed foreign exchange rates.

Environmental issues

The company is not liable to prepare green accounts and has no significant environmental approvals.

Know how resources

The company in creating and accumulating know how via systems and processes. In addition company is continuously increasing the pool of talents and translators cooperating with SDI Media.

The expected outlook

The company management positively looks on the both planned revenue increase and profitability. It is expected that company will generate positive net results in 2017.

Management's review

Events subsequent to the financial year

No events have occurred subsequent to the balance sheet date, which would have material impact on the financial position of the company.

Branches abroad

The company is operating via SDI Media A/S – Danish headquarters and six branches. Branches are located in Norway, Sweden, Netherlands, Belgium, Finland and Poland. The company plans further revenue increase which also positively impact on company profitability.

Statement of corporate social responsibility

SDI Media is the world's leading media localization provider and having worldwide footprint allows to create also a connection of people and communities. This connection results in trust and collaboration, performance and accountability, and careful, attentive service to our customers. It starts with attracting and retaining a skilled, motivated and safety-conscious workforce and extends to a global community engagement strategy that includes various charitable donations and events, active participation in sport events (marathons).

Target figures and policies for the under-represented sex

SDI Media sees diversity as a strength that has the capacity to contribute positively to company's growth, robustness as well to meet established strategies and plans. Diversity of age, gender, experience and competencies are prioritized highly.

Our ambition is to be an attractive workplace for both women and men by providing women and men with equal opportunities to pursue careers and to attain and hold positions of leadership. It is therefore important that its executives have the proper competencies, irrespective of gender.

The annual report for SDI Media A/S is presented in accordance with those regulations of the Danish Financial Statements Act concerning companies identified as class C enterprises (large enterprises).

The accounting policies used are unchanged compared to last year, and the annual report is presented in euro (EUR).

Pursuant to section 86(4) of the Danish Financial Statements Act, no cash flow statement for the enterprise has been prepared, as the relevant information is included in the consolidated annual accounts of SDI Media Group Inc..

Recognition and measurement in general

Income is recognised in the profit and loss account concurrently with its realisation, including the recognition of value adjustments of financial assets and liabilities. Likewise, all costs, these including depreciation, amortisation, writedown, provisions, and reversals which are due to changes in estimated amounts previously recognised in the profit and loss account are recognised in the profit and loss account.

Assets are recognised in the balance sheet when the company is liable to achieve future, financial benefits and the value of the asset can be measured reliably.

Liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet when the company is liable to lose future, financial benefits and the value of the liability can be measured reliably.

At the first recognition, assets and liabilities are measured at cost. Later, assets and liabilities are measured as described below for each individual accounting item.

At recognition and measurement, such predictable losses and risks are taken into consideration, which may appear before the annual report is presented, and which concerns matters existing on the balance sheet date.

Translation of foreign currency

Transactions in foreign currency are translated by using the exchange rate prevailing at the date of the transaction. Differences in the rate of exchange arising between the rate at the date of transaction and the rate at the date of payment are recognised in the profit and loss account as an item under net financials.

Debtors, creditors, and other monetary items in foreign currency are translated by using the closing rate. The difference between the closing rate and the rate at the time of the occurrence or the recognition in the latest annual accounts of the amount owed or the liability is recognised in the profit and loss account under financial income and expenses.

Fixed assets and other non-monetary assets acquired in foreign currency and which are not considered to be investment assets purchased in foreign currencies are measured at the exchange rate on the transaction date.

The profit and loss account

Net turnover

The net turnover is recognised in the profit and loss account if delivery and risk transfer to the buyer have taken place before the end of the year, and if the income can be determined reliably and is expected to be received. The net turnover is recognised exclusive of VAT and taxes and with the deduction of any discounts granted in connection with the sale.

Contract work in progress concerning construction contracts is recognised concurrently in the net turnover with the progress of the production. Thus the net turnover corresponds to the sales value of the completed productions of the year (the production method). The net turnover is recognised when the total income and costs of the contract and the scope of completion on the balance sheet date can be determined reliably, and when it is likely that the financial benefits will be received by the company.

Production costs

The production costs comprise costs, including salaries, wages and depreciation, which are incurred in order to achieve the net turnover of the year. Trade enterprises recognise cost of sales, and manufacturing enterprises recognise production costs corresponding to the turnover of the year. These costs include direct and indirect costs for raw materials and consumables, salaries and wages, rent and leasing, and depreciation on the production plant.

Additionally, writedown in connection with expected losses on contracts are recognised.

Administration costs

Administration costs comprise costs which have been incurred during the year for management and administration, including costs for the administrative staff, the executive board, offices, stationery and office supplies, and depreciation.

Cost of sales

Costs of sales includes costs for the purchase of raw materials and consumables less discounts and changes in inventories.

Other operating income/costs

Other operating income and costs comprise accounting items of secondary nature in proportion to the principal activities of the enterprise.

Net financials

Net financials comprise interest, realised and unrealised capital gains and losses concerning financial assets and liabilities, amortisation of financial assets and liabilities, additions and reimbursements under the Danish tax prepayment scheme, etc. Financial income and expenses are recognised in the profit and loss account with the amounts that concerns the financial year.

Tax of the results for the year

The tax for the year comprises the current tax for the year and the changes in deferred tax, and it is recognised in the profit and loss account with the share referring to the results for the year and directly in the equity with the share referring to entries directly on the equity.

The balance sheet

Intangible fixed assets

Intellectual property rights etc

Intellectual property rights etc. comprise aquired software and licenses.

Intellectual property rights etc. recognised in the balance sheet are measured at cost with deduction of accrued depreciation and writedown. Licenses are amortised over the term of the agreement, but over no more than 20 years. Software are amortised over 5 years.

Intellectual property rights etc. are written down to the lower of recoverable amount and carrying amount.

Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are measured at cost with deduction of accrued depreciation and writedown.

The cost comprises the acquisition cost and costs directly attached to the acquisition until the time when the asset is ready for use. For self-manufactured assts, cost comprises direct and indirect costs of materials, components, subsupplies and labour costs. For assets held under finance leases, cost is the lower of the asset's fair value and present value of future lease payments.

Indirect production costs in the form of indirect attributable staff costs and amortisation of intangible assets and depreciation of tangible fixed assets used in the development process are recognised in cost based on time spent on each asset.

The cost of a total asset is divided into separate components. These components are depreciated separately, the useful lives of each individual components differing.

Depreciation takes place on a straight line basis and based on an evaluation of the expected useful life:

Other plants, operating assets, fixtures and furniture

3-5 years

Leasehold improvements

10 years

Minor assets with an expected useful life of less than 1 year are recognised as costs in the profit and loss account in the year of acquisition.

For leasehold improvements and assets subject to finance leases, the depreciation period cannot exceed the contract period.

Fixed tangible assets are written down to the lower of recovable amount and carrying amount.

Leasing contracts

All leasing contracts are considered operational leasing. Payments in connection with operational leasing and other rental agreements are recognised in the profit and loss account over the term of the contract. The company's total liabilities concerning operational leasing and rental agreements are recognised under contingencies etc.

Leasehold improvements

Leasehold improvements are measured at cost with deduction of accrued depreciation. Depreciation takes place on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful life of the asset, which is set at 10 years.

Debtors

Debtors are measured at amortised cost which usually corresponds to face value. In order to meet expected losses, writedown takes place at the net realisable value.

Work in progress for the account of others

Contract work in progress for the account of others is measured at the market value of the work performed. The market value is measured on basis of the scope of completion on the balance sheet date and the total expected income from the individual work in progress.

If the results of a contract can not be estimated reliably, the selling price is only recognised on a cost basis, however, to the extent that it is probable that the costs will be recovered.

Contracts for which the selling price of the work performed exceeds invoicing on account and expected losses are recognised as trade debtors. Contracts for which invoicing on account and expected losses exceed the selling price are recognised as liabilities.

Prepayments from customers are recognised under liabilities.

Costs in connection with sales work and the achievement of contracts are recognised in the profit and loss account when incurred.

Accrued income and deferred expenses

Accrued income and deferred expenses recognised under assets comprise incurred costs concerning the next financial year.

Cash

Cash comprise cash at bank and in hand.

Corporate tax and deferred tax

Current tax receivable and tax liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet at the amount calculated on the basis of the expected taxable income for the year adjusted for tax on previous years' taxable income and prepaid taxes. Tax receivable and tax liabilities are set off to the extent that legal right of set-off exists and if the items are expected to be settled net or simultaneously.

Deferred tax is measured on the basis of all temporary differences in assets and liabilities with a balance sheet focus.

Deferred tax is measured based on the tax rules and tax rates applying under the legislation on the balance sheet date and prevailing when the deferred tax is expected to be released as current tax.

Liabilities

Other liabilities are measured at amortised cost which usually corresponds to the nominal value.

Profit and loss account 1 January - 31 December

Note		2016	2015
2	Net turnover	46.339.580	36.107.092
3	Production costs	-37.361.474	-27.258.170
	Gross results	8.978.106	8.848.922
4	Administration costs	-10.855.798	-9.624.281
	Other operating income	51.783	252.833
	Other operating costs	-85.077	-133.753
	Operating profit	-1.910.986	-656.279
5	Other financial income	260.847	267.966
6	Other financial costs	-612.509	-1.980.833
	Financing, net	-351.662	-1.712.867
	Results before tax	-2.262.648	-2.369.146
	Tax on ordinary results	-259.448	-304.051
7	Results for the year	-2.522.096	-2.673.197

Balance sheet 31 December

Assets

Note		2016	2015
	Fixed assets		
8	Acquired licenses	205.669	340.135
	Intangible fixed assets in total	205.669	340.135
9	Other plants, operating assets, and fixtures and furniture	580.272	796.327
10	Tangible assets under construction and prepayments for		
	tangible assets	179.493	180.733
11	Leasehold improvement	501.659	533.868
	Tangible fixed assets in total	1.261.424	1.510.928
12	Deposits	104.860	128.689
12	Financial fixed assets in total	104.860	128.689
	i manerar fixed assets in total	104.800	128.089
	Fixed assets in total	1.571.953	1.979.752
	Current assets		
	Trade debtors	7.285.104	5.647.093
13	Work in progress for the account of others	4.728.843	5.630.001
	Amounts owed by group enterprises	8.546.719	14.328.699
	Other debtors	274.500	1.324.699
14	Accrued income and deferred expenses	241.550	227.371
	Debtors in total	21.076.716	27.157.863
	Cash	263,281	234.661
	Current assets in total	21.339.997	27.392.524
	Assets in total	22.911.950	29.372.276

Balance sheet 31 December

All amounts in EUR.

	Equity and liabilities		
Note		2016	2015
	Equity		
15	Contributed capital	134.834	134.834
	Results brought forward	-5.829.793	-3.356.723
	Equity in total	-5.694.959	-3.221.889
	Liabilities		
	Prepayments received from customers	1.179.991	1.679.402
	Trade creditors	620.652	1.146.876
	Debt to group enterprises	20.779.706	25.240.327
	Corporate tax	51.604	170.690
16	Other debts	5.974.956	4.356.870
	Short-term liabilities in total	28.606.909	32.594.165

28.606.909

22.911.950

32.594.165

29.372.276

- 1 Uncertainties concerning the enterprise's ability to continue as a going concern
- 17 Staff matters
- 18 Fee, auditor
- 19 Mortgage and securities

Liabilities in total

Equity and liabilities in total

- 20 Contingencies
- 21 Related parties

Statement of changes in equity

	Contributed capital	Results brought forward	In total
Equity 1 January 2015	134.834	-592.156	-457.322
Profit or loss for the year brought forward	0	-2.673.197	-2.673.197
Exchange rate adjustments	0	-91.370	-91.370
Equity 1 January 2016	134.834	-3.356.723	-3.221.889
Profit or loss for the year brought forward	0	-2.522.096	-2.522.096
Exchange rate adjustments	0	49.026	49.026
	134.834	-5.829.793	-5.694.959

All amounts in EUR,

1. Uncertainties concerning the enterprise's ability to continue as a going concern

The company's ultimate parent, SDI Media Group Inc., has issued a financial support statement for grants of financial resources for continued operations in 2017. The financial support statement is irredeemable in twelve months from the date of approval of the financial statements of 31 December 2016.

		2016	2015
2.	Net turnover		
	Denmark	26.156.260	17.931.253
	Branch office in Poland	7.697.167	6.806.629
	Branch office in Belgium	3.507.702	3.153.009
	Branch office in Norway	2.792.374	2.173.703
	Branch office in Netherlands	2.618.228	2.824.672
	Branch office in Sweden	2.352.573	2.012.874
	Branch office in Finland	1.215.276	1.204.952
		46.339.580	36.107.092

3. Production costs

Production costs includes staff cost of EUR 3.090.860 and depreciations, amortisation and impairment losses of EUR 738.863.

4. Administration costs

Administration costs includes staff cost of EUR 5.025.781.

5. Other financial income

	Financial income, group enterprises	161.952	267.610
	Other financial income	98.895	356
		260.847	267.966
6.	Other financial costs		
	Financial costs, group enterprises	600.557	653.082
	Other financial costs	11.952	1.327.751
		612.509	1.980.833

All	amounts	in	EUR.

All a	mounts in EUR.		
		2016	2015
7.	Proposed distribution of the results		
	Allocated from results brought forward	-2.522.096	-2.673.197
	Distribution in total	-2.522.096	-2.673.197
8.	Acquired licenses		
	Cost 1 January 2016	1.056.109	850.134
	Exchange rate adjustment	0	810
	Additions during the year	74.059	0
	Transfers	0	205.165
	Cost 31 December 2016	1.130.168	1.056.109
	Amortisation and writedown 1 January 2016	-715.974	-537.080
	Exchange rate adjustment	266	192
	Amortisation for the year	-208.791	-179.086
	Amortisation and writedown 31 December 2016	-924.499	-715.974
	Book value 31 December 2016	205.669	340.135

		31/12 2016	31/12 2015
9.	Other plants, operating assets, and fixtures and furniture		
	Cost 1 January 2016	4.086.648	3.602.130
	Exchange rate adjustment	0	5.166
	Additions during the year	244.259	0
	Disposals during the year	-21.469	-120.677
	Transfers	0	600.029
	Cost 31 December 2016	4.309.438	4.086.648
	Amortisation and writedown 1 January 2016	-3.290.321	-2.767.293
	Exchange rate adjustment	651	-2.566
	Depreciation for the year	-460.956	-504.938
	Reversal of depreciation, amortisation and writedown, assets disposed of	21.460	-15.524
	Amortisation and writedown 31 December 2016	-3.729.166	-3.290.321
	Book value 31 December 2016	580.272	796.327
10.	Tangible assets under construction and prepayments for tangible assets		
	Cost 1 January 2016	180.733	153.345
	Exchange rate adjustment	-1.240	784
	Additions during the year	0	856.073
	Transfers	0	-829.469
	Cost 31 December 2016	179.493	180.733
	Book value 31 December 2016	179.493	180.733

		31/12 2016	31/12 2015
11.	Leasehold improvement		
	Cost 1 January 2016	2.511.640	2.488.047
	Exchange rate adjustment	0	-2.908
	Additions during the year	110.720	2.226
	Transfers	0	24.275
	Cost 31 December 2016	2.622.360	2.511.640
	Depreciation and writedown 1 January 2016	-1.977.772	-1.837.540
	Exchange rate adjustment	239	4.951
	Depreciation for the year	-143.168	-145.183
	Depreciation and writedown 31 December 2016	-2.120.701	-1.977.772
	Book value 31 December 2016	501.659	533.868
12.	Deposits Cost 1 January 2016 Disposals during the year Cost 31 December 2016	128.689 23.829 104.860	128.689 0 128.689
	Book value 31 December 2016	104.860	128.689
13.	Work in progress for the account of others Sales value of the production of the period Work in progress for the account of others, net	4.728.843 4.728.843	5.630.001 5.630.001
14.	Accrued income and deferred expenses		
	Accrued income and deferred expenses	241.550	227.371
		241.550	227.371

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Δ III	announ	19 111	

		31/12 2016	31/12 2015
15.	Contributed capital		
	Contributed capital 1 January 2016	134.834	134.834
		134.834	134.834

The share capital consists of 134.834 shares, each with a nominal value of EUR 1. There has not been any changes in the share capital the last 5 years.

16. Other debts

Payable VAT	436.509	428.382
Withheld tax and labour market contributions	156.185	208.271
Social security contributions	92.111	109.654
Salaries, wages and bonus	362.496	156.358
Pension contributions	34.293	17.431
Holiday pay	722.241	685.317
Insurance	113.542	117.783
Other accrued expenses	374.436	434.615
Accrued production expenses	3.683.143	2.199.059
	5.974.956	4.356.870

17. Staff matters

Salaries and wages	7.068.161	5.878.717
Pension costs	347.444	315.341
Other costs for social security	701.036	609.339
	8.116.641	6.803.397
Average number of employees	296	274

The total remunerations for the managing director and the board of directors for 2016 amounts to EUR 180.321.

All a	mounts in EUR.		
		2016	2015
18.	Fee, auditor		
	Total auditor's fee	54.822	42.346
	Statutory audit	41.117	31.760
	Other services	13.705	10.586
		54.822	42.346

19. Mortgage and securities

Banks providing service to SDI Media A/S issued on the request of the company guarantees in amount of EUR'000 337. SDI Media A/S is liable for settlement of those guarantees.

The company has issued company mortgage of EUR'000 1.342 to the company's bank.

The mortgage covers recievables and property, plant and equipment etc.

20. **Contingencies**

Contingent liabilities

The company has unrecognised rental and lease commitments. The commitments under rental agreements and leases until expiry amounts to EUR'000 3.288 (2015: EUR'000 1.969).

Related parties 21.

Transactions

During the year there has been trade with group companies. The trades has been conducted on market terms.

Consolidated annual accounts

The company is included in the consolidated annual accounts of SDI Media Group Inc., 6060 Center Drive, Suite 100, CA 90045 Los Angeles.