Annual Report 2021

The Annual General Meeting adopted the annual report on 22.04.2022



Lundbergsvej 10 8400 Ebeltoft CVR No. 45998517

Nikolaj Otto Bjørnholm Chairman of the General Meeting Kvadrat A/S | Contents

Contents

| Entity details | 2 |
|--|----|
| Statement by Management on the annual report | 3 |
| Independent auditor's report | 4 |
| Management commentary | 7 |
| Consolidated income statement for 2021 | 12 |
| Consolidated balance sheet at 31.12.2021 | 13 |
| Consolidated statement of changes in equity for 2021 | 17 |
| Consolidated cash flow statement for 2021 | 18 |
| Notes to consolidated financial statements | 20 |
| Parent income statement for 2021 | 30 |
| Parent balance sheet at 31.12.2021 | 31 |
| Parent statement of changes in equity for 2021 | 35 |
| Notes to parent financial statements | 36 |
| Accounting policies | 44 |

Kvadrat A/S | Entity details

Entity details

Entity

Kvadrat A/S Lundbergsvej 10 8400 Ebeltoft

Business Registration No.: 45998517

Registered office: Syddjurs

Financial year: 01.01.2021 - 31.12.2021

Board of Directors

Lars Monrad-Gylling, Chairman Anders Byriel Mette Rønn Bendix Torsten Leif Moe Mikael Fabian Schiller Claire Midwood

Executive Board

Anders Byriel, CEO Mette Rønn Bendix, Product Director

Auditors

Deloitte Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab City Tower, Værkmestergade 2 8000 Aarhus C

Statement by Management on the annual report

The Board of Directors and the Executive Board have today considered and approved the annual report of Kvadrat A/S for the financial year 01.01.2021 - 31.12.2021.

The annual report is presented in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements and the parent financial statements give a true and fair view of the Group's and the Parent's financial position at 31.12.2021 and of the results of their operations and the consolidated cash flows for the financial year 01.01.2021 - 31.12.2021.

Mette Rønn Bendix

Claire Midwood

We believe that the management commentary contains a fair review of the affairs and conditions referred to therein.

We recommend the annual report for adoption at the Annual General Meeting.

Ebeltoft, 22.04.2022

Executive Board

Anders Byriel

Mikael Fabian Schiller

| CEO | Product Director |
|--|------------------|
| Board of Directors | |
| | |
| | |
| Lars Monrad-Gylling Chairman | Anders Byriel |
| | |
| | |
| Mette Rønn Bendix | Torsten Leif Moe |

Independent auditor's report

To the shareholder of Kvadrat A/S

Opinion

We have audited the consolidated financial statements and the parent financial statements of Kvadrat A/S for the financial year 01.01.2021 - 31.12.2021, which comprise the income statement, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity and notes, including a summary of significant accounting policies, for the Group as well as the Parent, and the consolidated cash flow statement. The consolidated financial statements and the parent financial statements are prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements and the parent financial statements give a true and fair view of the Group's and the Parent's financial position at 31.12.2021 and of the results of their operations and the consolidated cash flows for the financial year 01.01.2021 - 31.12.2021 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) and additional requirements applicable in Denmark. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the "Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the consolidated financial statements and the parent financial statements" section of this auditor's report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' International Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) and the additional ethical requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the IESBA Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Management's responsibilities for the consolidated financial statements and the parent financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of consolidated financial statements and parent financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act, and for such internal control as Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements and parent financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements and the parent financial statements, Management is responsible for assessing the Group's and the Entity's ability to continue as a going concern, for disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern, and for using the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the consolidated financial statements and the parent financial statements unless Management either intends to liquidate the Entity or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the consolidated financial statements and the parent financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements and the parent financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in

Denmark will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements and parent financial statements.

As part of an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements and the parent financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures
 that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the
 effectiveness of the Group's and the Entity's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by Management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of Management's use of the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the consolidated financial statements and the parent financial statements, and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's and the Entity's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements and the parent financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group and the Entity to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements and the parent financial statements, including the disclosures in the notes, and whether the consolidated financial statements and the parent financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that gives a true and fair view.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Statement on the management commentary

Management is responsible for the management commentary.

Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements and the parent financial statements does not cover the management commentary, and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the consolidated financial statements and the parent financial statements, our responsibility is to read the management commentary and, in doing so, consider whether the management commentary is materially inconsistent with the consolidated financial statements and the parent financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

Moreover, it is our responsibility to consider whether the management commentary provides the information required under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Based on the work we have performed, we conclude that the management commentary is in accordance with the consolidated financial statements and the parent financial statements and has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Danish Financial Statements Act. We did not identify any material misstatement of the management commentary.

Aarhus, 22.04.2022

Deloitte

Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab CVR No. 33963556

Michael Bach

State Authorised Public Accountant Identification No (MNE) mne19691

Jens Lauridsen

State Authorised Public Accountant Identification No (MNE) mne34323

Management commentary

Financial highlights

| | 2021 | 2020 | 2019 | 2018 | 2017 |
|--|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| | DKK'000 | DKK'000 | DKK'000 | DKK'000 | DKK'000 |
| Key figures | | | | | |
| Revenue | 1,596,057 | 1,452,993 | 1,722,654 | 1,407,751 | 1,177,914 |
| Gross profit/loss | 604,923 | 522,182 | 593,359 | 502,845 | 405,598 |
| Operating profit/loss | 44,415 | 14,384 | 95,798 | 127,850 | 115,848 |
| Net financials | (16,868) | (9,429) | (7,104) | (5,418) | (13,122) |
| Profit/loss for the year | 27,190 | 6,495 | 82,391 | 96,645 | 85,972 |
| Profit for the year excl. minority interests | 18,909 | 363 | 75,186 | 91,011 | 84,970 |
| Balance sheet total | 1,527,213 | 1,245,420 | 1,198,004 | 990,244 | 800,085 |
| Investments in property, plant and equipment | 152,026 | 40,992 | 92,412 | 31,424 | 49,283 |
| Equity | 433,386 | 375,940 | 417,093 | 403,797 | 323,176 |
| Equity excl. minority interests | 396,927 | 364,380 | 403,603 | 393,053 | 317,019 |
| Average number of employees | 986 | 898 | 981 | 693 | 562 |
| Ratios | | | | | |
| Gross margin (%) | 37.90 | 35.94 | 34.44 | 35.72 | 34.43 |
| Return on equity (%) | 4.97 | 0.09 | 18.88 | 25.63 | 29.62 |
| Equity ratio (%) | 25.99 | 29.26 | 33.69 | 39.69 | 39.62 |

Financial highlights are defined and calculated in accordance with the current version of "Recommendations & Ratios" issued by the CFA Society Denmark.

Gross margin (%):

Gross profit/loss * 100

Revenue

Return on equity (%):

<u>Profit/loss for the year excl. minority interests * 100</u>

Average equity excl. minority interests

Equity ratio (%):

Equity excl. minority interests * 100

Balance sheet total

Primary activities

Kvadrat has been leading the field in textile innovation since 1968 when our company was founded.

We develop, produce and sell contemporary high-quality textiles and textile-related products for architects, designers and private consumers to specify in public spaces and domestic interiors.

Development in activities and finances

The revenue for the Group for 2021 amounted to DKK 1.596m compared to DKK 1.453m in 2020. Profit before tax amounted to DKK 31,7m compared to DKK 8,8m in 2020.

The revenue for the parent company for 2021 amounted to DKK 726m compared to DKK 644m in 2020. Profit before tax amounted to DKK 1,4m compared to DKK (15,6)m in 2020.

The annual report for both the group and the parent company has – like previous years - been significantly affected by a high level of investments in strategic projects with the purpose of streamlining internal processes as well as readjusting our customer approach in terms of the products offered and the platform used to support the trade (online vs. offline). The investments will – according to our plans - pay off over a short period of years once the strategic projects have been completed and are fully operational.

Profit/loss for the year in relation to expected developments

The development in Group and parent company revenue and profits must be compared to the primarily positive expectations in the annual report for Kvadrat A/S for 2020. The approval of the annual report for Kvadrat A/S for 2020 was made while the COVID-19 virus was still affecting large portions of the global economy negatively why the outlook for profit/loss in 2021 was subject to a high degree of uncertainty.

The Executive Board and Board of Directors considers the results for 2021 to be satisfactory.

Uncertainty relating to recognition and measurement

Recognition and measurement in the consolidated financial statements and parent company financial statement are not subject to any material uncertainties.

Unusual circumstances affecting recognition and measurement

No particular circumstances exert material influence on the consolidated financial statements and parent company financial statement.

Neither the Group nor the parent company is exposed to particular risks apart from those generally occurring in our line of business.

Outlook

We expect to continue investing in our current business, subsidiaries and internal processes in 2022 and strive to finalize and implement the remaining ongoing strategic projects mentioned above. As in previous years, any uncertainty is primarily related to developments in exchange rates and commodity prices.

The primarily negative impacts from COVID-19 diminished during FY 2021 and only select markets and regions of Kvadrat Group are negatively affected by this at the end of FY 2021. While relapses and an overall deterioration of the COVID-19 situation globally and/or regionally is certainly still a possibility, we expect to see an overall improvement in the economic circumstances surrounding our business and Group in the coming year. We expect to see both revenue and profits in 2022 to be above the levels realized in 2021.

Knowledge resources

To future-proof the Group in terms of the expected growth and expansion of the number of employees we are working proactively and continuously on developing all people in the organization to be able meet to best execute our Group strategy.

The Senior Management level of Kvadrat and management levels just below have during the past 3 years developed their competencies in leadership transition with the overall purpose to ensure high level leadership quality that is compatible to what Kvadrat has become and can evolve to in the future. We are currently more than 140 managers across production, sales subsidiaries, development companies and HQ functions. In 2021 we decided to strengthen the set up around our senior management and a larger group of leaders by creating a People Partner set up, where we internally support managers in people and performance related topics. Instead of working with external consultants to train and support our managers we will do this from our own People development utilizing their knowledge of context and more direct availability.

We continue to work on our leadership quality and also work more proactively and formalized with our leadership pool, funnel, assessment and succession. We continue, despite having to do it remotely, to develop new managers via an internal program for High Potentials that we believe could assume more responsibility in a managerial role in the future. This program has generated 28 new managers during the last 4 years. In 2021 we have complemented this with a special program for our global customer service where we have started a specialized program for talents. Finally, we are proceeding to build the necessary competencies through our Kvadrat Academy which serves as a training forum for all Kvadrat's employees. All training and competence development is organized as blended, a mix of digital and on-site learning.

In our employee surveys, the employees are asked about their general satisfaction and specific matters related to their everyday working life. The questions focus on organization, team, closest manager, own department, the individual, financial performance and culture. It is important for Kvadrat to know to which extent the employees know, believes in and act out Kvadrat's values, Kvadrat's strategy and Kvadrat's learning ambitions. In 2021 we saw a decrease from 2020 from 76 to 74. We are content with the result due to the inclusion of newly acquired entities such as Gaudium for the first time and the ongoing impact of our implementation of D365.

Our Strategic Direction in Kvadrat

The aspiration in Kvadrat is to "Push the boundaries of high-quality textiles through design and innovation". This is based on Kvadrat being a dynamic, forward-looking design company that continuously seeks to push the boundaries of aesthetics and sustainable textile design globally. Kvadrat collaborates with architects to shape spaces, designers and furniture manufacturers to craft furniture, and encourages consumers to bring their personality and identity with tactility and color into their homes.

Success in Kvadrat is defined by four KPIs: Employee Temperature, Customer Pulse, Brand Reputation and Financial Health (Revenue, EBIT, ROIC). These four KPIs are the ultimate objectives for both our short- and long-term success, and therefore, all activities must strive to maximize value across these dimensions. The four KPIs are included in Kvadrat's global incentive program.

The 2021 – 2023 Kvadrat Group Strategy

The overall ambition of the 2021 – 2023 Kvadrat Group Strategy is to win market shares, reduce complexity and strengthen the organization to prepare for the future with a globally scalable business model. To support this ambition, three strategic themes have been selected:

- Win market share to maintain and develop our strong market position
- Reduce complexity to create a scalable business model and increase efficiency
- Strengthen the organization to sharpen our competitive edge

We will win market share by outperforming within our core product categories upholstery and curtains. This includes a sharp focus on new product development, globalization, and increase in customer's wallet share. Sustainability is another important lever to increase our market share. Our aim in Kvadrat is to become market leader within Sustainability by 2030. In 2021, we defined our 2030 sustainability strategy, that includes a clear direction and ambitious targets for our products as well as our global activities. Besides other commitments, we aim to increase the share of recycled and new materials in our products and ensure substantial impact reduction from our carbon emissions, packaging materials and waste. We will in 2022 commit to Science Based Target to lead the way to a zero-carbon economy.

Many brands, business areas, and markets have been added over recent years, and hence complexity has increased. Our focus is now to reduce complexity by streamlining our processes and building a simplified European warehouse footprint.

Lastly, the organization needs to be strengthened by reinforcing capabilities while developing all employees and leaders, that over time, will be the utmost enabler of the transformation of Kvadrat from regional to global, from retail to operation and from a medium seized company to a large company.

Environmental performance

Kvadrat is very environmentally conscious and continuously strives to reduce the environmental impact from our operations. More detailed information regarding our environmental performance can be found in our sustainability report below.

Research and development activities

The development of our products happens in a close collaboration between external affiliated designers and our internal product development team.

The costs related to research activities are expensed in the income statement. The costs related to development activities are either expensed in the income statement or capitalized in the balance sheet depending on the viability and economic return of the specific development project and whether the criteria for recognition in the balance sheet have been fulfilled.

The costs to research and development activities in 2021 exceeds the incurred costs in 2020 as well as the budgeted costs for 2021.

Statutory report on corporate social responsibility

Our attitudes and initiatives regarding environmental issues, social responsibility and gender composition in management are described in our sustainability report "Our commitment to sustainability" and can be found on our website at:

https://www.kvadrat.dk/en/about/sustainability-applied/sustainability-report

The report focuses on the four main areas of our work on sustainability - Environment, Employees, Culture and Compliance.

As Kvadrat has been a member of the UN Global Compact since 2013, our sustainability report is based on the UN Global Compact's 10 principles, which we evaluate and communicate annually in terms of status, risks, development, and objectives. In addition, Kvadrat supports the UN's 17 World Objectives which are also addressed in our sustainability report.

Statutory report on the underrepresented gender

Kvadrat is subject to the rules on target figures and policies for the gender composition of management. The statutory report on the underrepresented gender is included in our sustainability report for 2021 which is available at the above-mentioned link.

Statutory report on data ethics policy

Our policies regarding data ethics can be found on our website at:

https://www.kvadrat.dk/en/legal

Events after the balance sheet date

No events have occurred after the balance sheet date to this date, which would influence the evaluation of this annual report.

Consolidated income statement for 2021

| | | 2021 | 2020 |
|--|-------|-----------|-----------|
| | Notes | DKK'000 | DKK'000 |
| Revenue | 1 | 1,596,057 | 1,452,993 |
| Other operating income | 2 | 14,852 | 18,749 |
| Cost of sales | | (688,019) | (637,620) |
| Other external expenses | 3 | (317,967) | (311,940) |
| Gross profit/loss | | 604,923 | 522,182 |
| Staff costs | 4 | (493,897) | (461,840) |
| Depreciation, amortisation and impairment losses | 5 | (66,611) | (45,958) |
| Operating profit/loss | | 44,415 | 14,384 |
| Income from investments in associates | | 4,184 | 3,873 |
| Other financial income | 6 | 2,106 | 1,977 |
| Other financial expenses | 7 | (18,974) | (11,406) |
| Profit/loss before tax | | 31,731 | 8,828 |
| Tax on profit/loss for the year | 8 | (4,541) | (2,333) |
| Profit/loss for the year | 9 | 27,190 | 6,495 |

Consolidated balance sheet at 31.12.2021

Assets

| | | 2021 | 2020 |
|--|-------|---------|---------|
| | Notes | DKK'000 | DKK'000 |
| Completed development projects | 11 | 97,247 | 90,289 |
| Acquired trademarks | | 37,793 | 12,280 |
| Goodwill | | 61,902 | 83,353 |
| Development projects in progress | 11 | 6,826 | 16,298 |
| Intangible assets | 10 | 203,768 | 202,220 |
| | | | |
| Land and buildings | | 139,574 | 134,263 |
| Plant and machinery | | 2,325 | 1,513 |
| Other fixtures and fittings, tools and equipment | | 146,686 | 81,633 |
| Leasehold improvements | | 76,397 | 42,785 |
| Property, plant and equipment in progress | | 33,644 | 20,472 |
| Property, plant and equipment | 12 | 398,626 | 280,666 |
| | | | |
| Investments in associates | | 54,262 | 56,979 |
| Other receivables | | 9,647 | 9,355 |
| Financial assets | 13 | 63,909 | 66,334 |
| Fixed assets | | 666,303 | 549,220 |

| Manufactured goods and goods for resale | | 397,551 | 307,834 |
|---|----|-----------|-----------|
| Inventories | | 397,551 | 307,834 |
| | | | |
| Trade receivables | | 221,976 | 196,326 |
| Contract work in progress | 14 | 1,856 | 3,489 |
| Receivables from group enterprises | | 1,161 | 0 |
| Receivables from associates | | 0 | 6,080 |
| Deferred tax | 15 | 38,202 | 22,235 |
| Other receivables | | 22,310 | 19,636 |
| Prepayments | 16 | 16,758 | 13,375 |
| Receivables | | 302,263 | 261,141 |
| Cash | | 161,096 | 127,225 |
| Current assets | | 860,910 | 696,200 |
| Assets | | 1,527,213 | 1,245,420 |

Equity and liabilities

| | | 2021 | 2020 |
|---|-------|---------|---------|
| | Notes | DKK'000 | DKK'000 |
| Contributed capital | 17 | 100,000 | 100,000 |
| Translation reserve | | 3,915 | (1,580) |
| Reserve for fair value adjustments of hedging instruments | | 1,488 | (647) |
| Reserve for net revaluation according to equity method | | 14,431 | 0 |
| Retained earnings | | 242,093 | 266,607 |
| Proposed dividend for the financial year | | 35,000 | 0 |
| Equity belonging to Parent's shareholders | | 396,927 | 364,380 |
| Equity belonging to minority interests | | 36,459 | 11,560 |
| Equity | | 433,386 | 375,940 |
| | | | |
| Deferred tax | 15 | 5,103 | 6,882 |
| Other provisions | 18 | 1,753 | 1,697 |
| Provisions | | 6,856 | 8,579 |
| | | | |
| Mortgage debt | | 30,346 | 35,891 |
| Bank loans | | 176,857 | 186,029 |
| Lease liabilities | | 57,817 | 16,154 |
| Other payables | 19 | 25,890 | 25,874 |
| Non-current liabilities other than provisions | 20 | 290,910 | 263,948 |

| Current portion of non-current liabilities other than provisions | 20 | 97,817 | 62,356 |
|--|----------------|------------------------|----------------------|
| Bank loans | | 381,227 | 220,710 |
| Prepayments received from customers | | 17,927 | 7,970 |
| Trade payables | | 88,302 | 79,206 |
| Payables to group enterprises | | 947 | 17,473 |
| Payables to associates | | 54,061 | 50,325 |
| Tax payable | | 18,729 | 15,845 |
| Other payables | 21 | 135,405 | 141,168 |
| Deferred income | 22 | 1,646 | 1,900 |
| Current liabilities other than provisions | | 796,061 | 596,953 |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| Liabilities other than provisions | | 1,086,971 | 860,901 |
| Liabilities other than provisions Equity and liabilities | | 1,086,971 1,527,213 | 860,901 1,245,420 |
| · | | | · |
| · | 24 | | · |
| Equity and liabilities | 24 25 | | · |
| Equity and liabilities Financial instruments | | | · |
| Equity and liabilities Financial instruments Unrecognised rental and lease commitments | 25 | | · |
| Equity and liabilities Financial instruments Unrecognised rental and lease commitments Assets charged and collateral | 25 26 | | · |
| Equity and liabilities Financial instruments Unrecognised rental and lease commitments Assets charged and collateral Transactions with related parties | 25 26 27 | | · |

Consolidated statement of changes in equity for 2021

| | Contributed capital DKK'000 | Translation reserve DKK'000 | Reserve for fair value adjustments of hedging instruments DKK'000 | Reserve for net revaluation according to equity method DKK'000 | Retained earnings DKK'000 |
|---|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|--|---|---------------------------------|
| Equity beginning of year | 100,000 | (1,580) | (647) | 0 | 266,607 |
| Exchange rate adjustments | 0 | 5,495 | 0 | 4,455 | 0 |
| Fair value adjustments of hedging instruments | 0 | 0 | 2,737 | 0 | 0 |
| Other entries on equity | 0 | 0 | 0 | 6,782 | (5,229) |
| Tax of entries on equity | 0 | 0 | (602) | 0 | 0 |
| Dividends from associates | 0 | 0 | 0 | (990) | 990 |
| Profit/loss for the year | 0 | 0 | 0 | 4,184 | (20,275) |
| Equity end of year | 100,000 | 3,915 | 1,488 | 14,431 | 242,093 |

| | Proposed dividend for the financial year DKK'000 | Equity belonging to Parent's shareholders DKK'000 | Equity belonging to minority interests DKK'000 | Total DKK'000 |
|---|--|---|--|------------------|
| Equity beginning of year | 0 | 364,380 | 11,560 | 375,940 |
| Exchange rate adjustments | 0 | 9,950 | 0 | 9,950 |
| Fair value adjustments of hedging instruments | 0 | 2,737 | 0 | 2,737 |
| Other entries on equity | 0 | 1,553 | 16,618 | 18,171 |
| Tax of entries on equity | 0 | (602) | 0 | (602) |
| Dividends from associates | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Profit/loss for the year | 35,000 | 18,909 | 8,281 | 27,190 |
| Equity end of year | 35,000 | 396,927 | 36,459 | 433,386 |

Consolidated cash flow statement for 2021

| | | 2021 | 2020 |
|--|-------|-----------|----------|
| 9.4 | Notes | DKK'000 | DKK'000 |
| Operating profit/loss | | 44,415 | 14,384 |
| Operating profit/loss from discontinued operations | | (13,300) | 0 |
| Amortisation, depreciation and impairment losses | | 66,611 | 45,292 |
| Working capital changes | 23 | (119,513) | 87,725 |
| Changes in intercompany activities | | (17,309) | (26,656) |
| Cash flow from ordinary operating activities | | (39,096) | 120,745 |
| Financial income received | | 2,106 | 25,055 |
| Financial expenses paid | | (18,974) | (34,484) |
| Taxes refunded/(paid) | | (24,800) | (13,542) |
| Other cash flows from operating activities | | 1,216 | 603 |
| Cash flows from operating activities | | (79,548) | 98,377 |
| Acquisition etc. of intangible assets | | (19,394) | (75,919) |
| Sale of intangible assets | | 0 | 692 |
| Acquisition etc. of property, plant and equipment | | (76,099) | (39,349) |
| Sale of property, plant and equipment | | 1,836 | 598 |
| Sale of fixed asset investments | | 30,800 | 0 |
| Dividends received from associates | | 990 | 20,175 |
| Cash flows from investing activities | | (61,867) | (93,803) |
| Free cash flows generated from operations and investments before financing | | (141,415) | 4,574 |
| | | | |
| Loans raised | | 14,769 | 0 |
| Repayments of loans etc. | | 0 | (49,898) |
| Dividend paid | | 0 | (44,940) |
| Other cash flows from financing activities | | 160,517 | 102,924 |
| Cash flows from financing activities | | 175,286 | 8,086 |
| Increase/decrease in cash and cash equivalents | | 33,871 | 12,660 |

| Cash and cash equivalents beginning of year | 127,225 | 114,565 |
|--|---------|---------|
| Cash and cash equivalents end of year | 161,096 | 127,225 |
| | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents at year-end are composed of: | | |
| Cash | 161,096 | 127,225 |
| Cash and cash equivalents end of year | 161,096 | 127,225 |

Notes to consolidated financial statements

1 Revenue

| | 2021 | 2020 |
|--------------------------------------|-----------|-----------|
| | DKK'000 | DKK'000 |
| Other EU countries | 1,217,445 | 1,127,031 |
| Other countries | 378,612 | 325,962 |
| Total revenue by geographical market | 1,596,057 | 1,452,993 |

The Group's business is divided into business segments and geographical markets.

The Group's primary segment comprises development and sale of design textiles and textile-related products. Secondary business areas are irrelevant. Referring to S. 96 of the Danish Financial Statements Act, Management does not want to provide additional information on the geographical distribution of revenue since a detailed distribution of revenue by geographical market will be highly detrimental to the Group's competitive situation.

2 Other operating income

| | 2021 | 2020 |
|----------------------------|---------|---------|
| | DKK'000 | DKK'000 |
| Compensation | 0 | 18,073 |
| Profit from sale of shares | 14,238 | 0 |
| Public grants | 614 | 676 |
| | 14,852 | 18,749 |

Other operating income in 2020 included compensation received from state support schemes regarding salaries and fixed costs, which were established as a result of the eruption and spread of COVID-19 in 2020. No compensation has been received in 2021. Profits from sale of shares includes profits from sale of shares in subsidiaries.

3 Fees to the auditor appointed by the Annual General Meeting

| | 2021 | 2020 |
|-----------------------------|---------|---------|
| | DKK'000 | DKK'000 |
| Statutory audit services | 1,222 | 1,453 |
| Other assurance engagements | 112 | 79 |
| Tax services | 316 | 543 |
| Other services | 267 | 1,167 |
| | 1,917 | 3,242 |

4 Staff costs

| | 2021 DKK'000 | 2020 DKK'000 |
|--|--------------------|-----------------|
| Wages and salaries | 418,246 | |
| Pension costs | 39,366 | |
| Other staff costs | 38,160 | |
| | 495,772 | 469,661 |
| Staff costs classified as assets | (1,875) | (7,821) |
| | 493,897 | |
| Average number of full-time employees | 986 | 898 |
| | | |
| | of manage- ment | |
| | 2021 DKK'000 | 2020 DKK'000 |
| Executive Board | 8,037 | |
| Board of Directors | 800 | |
| Board of Directors | 8,83 7 | |
| 5 Depreciation, amortisation and impairment losses | | |
| 5 Depreciation, amortisation and impairment losses | 2021 | 2020 |
| | DKK'000 | |
| Amortisation of intangible assets | 33,854 | 16,885 |
| Depreciation on property, plant and equipment | 33,115 | 27,783 |
| Profit/loss from sale of intangible assets and property, plant and equipment | (358) | 1,290 |
| | 66,611 | 45,958 |
| 6 Other financial income | | |
| | 2021 | 2020 |
| | DKK'000 | |
| Other interest income | 2,106 | 1,977 |
| | 2,106 | 1,977 |
| 7 Other financial expenses | | |
| • | 2021 | 2020 |
| | DKK'000 | DKK'000 |
| Other financial expenses | 18,974 | 11,406 |
| | 18,974 | 11,406 |

8 Tax on profit/loss for the year

| | 2021 | 2020 |
|------------------------|----------|----------|
| | DKK'000 | DKK'000 |
| Current tax | 22,891 | 23,741 |
| Change in deferred tax | (18,350) | (21,408) |
| | 4,541 | 2,333 |

9 Proposed distribution of profit/loss

| | 2021 DKK'000 | 2020 |
|--|-----------------|---------|
| | | DKK'000 |
| Ordinary dividend for the financial year | 35,000 | 0 |
| Retained earnings | (16,091) | 363 |
| Minority interests' share of profit/loss | 8,281 | 6,132 |
| | 27,190 | 6,495 |

10 Intangible assets

| | Completed development projects DKK'000 | Acquired trademarks DKK'000 | Goodwill DKK'000 | Development projects in progress DKK'000 |
|--|---|-----------------------------------|---------------------|---|
| Cost beginning of year | 120,514 | 32,642 | 168,161 | 16,298 |
| Exchange rate adjustments | (9) | 0 | 203 | 0 |
| Transfers | 22,854 | 13,104 | 0 | (22,854) |
| Additions | 1,321 | 29,670 | 3,842 | 13,960 |
| Disposals | (7,108) | 0 | (39,598) | (578) |
| Cost end of year | 137,572 | 75,416 | 132,608 | 6,826 |
| Amortisation and impairment losses beginning of year | (30,225) | (20,362) | (84,808) | 0 |
| Exchange rate adjustments | 7 | 0 | (203) | 0 |
| Transfers | 0 | (13,104) | 0 | 0 |
| Amortisation for the year | (17,793) | (4,157) | (11,904) | 0 |
| Reversal regarding disposals | 7,686 | 0 | 26,209 | 0 |
| Amortisation and impairment losses end of year | (40,325) | (37,623) | (70,706) | 0 |
| Carrying amount end of year | 97,247 | 37,793 | 61,902 | 6,826 |

11 Development projects

The completed development projects and development projects in progress primarily consists of a new ERP-system as well as a digital trading platform as part of a substantial digital strategic plan towards 2023 and onwards. The ERP-system was successfully launched in 2020 while the first phases of the digital trading platform has been launched at the end of 2021. Management expects a significant potential from the optimization and digitalization of the business, as future cash flows will ensure repayment of investments in the development projects, and Management does not see any indication of impairment to exist.

12 Property, plant and equipment

| | | | Other fixtures and fittings, | | Property, plant and |
|--|----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|--------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| | Land and buildings DKK'000 | Plant and machinery DKK'000 | tools and equipment DKK'000 | Leasehold improvements DKK'000 | equipment in progress DKK'000 |
| Cost beginning of year | 171,578 | 3,646 | 213,500 | 97,689 | 20,472 |
| Exchange rate adjustments | (8) | 21 | 170 | 1,579 | 0 |
| Transfers | 0 | 0 | 9,277 | 524 | 0 |
| Additions | 8,509 | 1,525 | 83,894 | 44,926 | 13,172 |
| Disposals | 0 | (1,276) | (35,119) | (4,591) | 0 |
| Cost end of year | 180,079 | 3,916 | 271,722 | 140,127 | 33,644 |
| Depreciation and impairment losses beginning of year | (37,315) | (2,133) | (131,867) | (54,904) | 0 |
| Exchange rate adjustments | 0 | (21) | (127) | (729) | 0 |
| Transfers | 0 | 0 | (9,277) | (524) | 0 |
| Depreciation for the year | (3,190) | (544) | (17,753) | (11,628) | 0 |
| Reversal regarding disposals | 0 | 1,107 | 33,988 | 4,055 | 0 |
| Depreciation and impairment losses end of year | (40,505) | (1,591) | (125,036) | (63,730) | 0 |
| Carrying amount end of year | 139,574 | 2,325 | 146,686 | 76,397 | 33,644 |

13 Financial assets

| | Investments in associates | Other receivables |
|-----------------------------------|---------------------------|-------------------|
| | DKK'000 | DKK'000 |
| Cost beginning of year | 64,831 | 9,355 |
| Transfers | (25,000) | 0 |
| Additions | 0 | 292 |
| Cost end of year | 39,831 | 9,647 |
| Revaluations beginning of year | (7,852) | 0 |
| Exchange rate adjustments | 4,455 | 0 |
| Transfers | 14,618 | 0 |
| Amortisation of goodwill | (2,901) | 0 |
| Share of profit/loss for the year | 10,850 | 0 |
| Adjustment of intra-group profits | (3,765) | 0 |
| Dividend | (990) | 0 |
| Other adjustments | 16 | 0 |
| Revaluations end of year | 14,431 | 0 |
| Carrying amount end of year | 54,262 | 9,647 |

Investments in associates comprise unamortised goodwill of DKK 4,0m at 31.12.2021.

| | | Ownership |
|------------------------------|---------------|-----------|
| Associates | Registered in | % |
| Wooltex UK Ltd. | England | 46,0 |
| 3 Days of Design ApS | Denmark | 20,0 |
| Innvik AS | Norway | 30,0 |
| 14 Contract work in progress | | |
| | 2021 | 2020 |
| | DKK'000 | DKK'000 |
| Contract work in progress | 20,248 | 22,293 |
| Progress billings | (18,392) | (18,804) |
| | 1,856 | 3,489 |

(5,103)

33,099

(6,882)

15,353

15 Deferred tax

| | 2021 | 2020 |
|--|----------|---------|
| | DKK'000 | DKK'000 |
| Intangible assets | (27,760) | (9,569) |
| Property, plant and equipment | (22,220) | (9,767) |
| Inventories | 5,457 | 4,512 |
| Receivables | (731) | (1,180) |
| Provisions | 12,486 | (81) |
| Liabilities other than provisions | 9,237 | (1,683) |
| Tax losses carried forward | 56,630 | 33,121 |
| Deferred tax | 33,099 | 15,353 |
| | | |
| | 2021 | 2020 |
| Changes during the year | DKK'000 | DKK'000 |
| Beginning of year | 15,353 | (6,259) |
| Recognised in the income statement | 18,350 | 21,408 |
| Recognised directly in equity | (604) | 204 |
| End of year | 33,099 | 15,353 |
| | 2021 | 2020 |
| | | |
| Deferred tax has been recognised in the balance sheet as follows | DKK'000 | DKK'000 |

Deferred tax assets

Deferred tax liabilities

Deferred tax assets consist primarily of timing differences on depreciation of fixed assets as well as tax-loss carryforwards from foreign subsidiaries and parent company, which are expected to use the losses within 1-5 years as a result of future positive operations.

16 Prepayments

Prepayments comprise incurred costs relating to subsequent financial years. Prepayments are measured at cost.

17 Contributed capital

| | | Nominal value |
|---|--------|------------------|
| | Number | DKK'000 |
| The shares are not divided into classes | 1,000 | 100,000 |
| | 1,000 | 100,000 |

18 Other provisions

Other provisions comprise primarily costs from other contractual obligations expected to be incurred by the Group.

19 Other payables

| | 2021 | 2020 |
|------------------------|---------|---------|
| | DKK'000 | DKK'000 |
| Holiday pay obligation | 14,357 | 12,881 |
| Other costs payable | 11,533 | 12,993 |
| | 25,890 | 25,874 |

20 Non-current liabilities other than provisions

| | | | Due after | |
|-------------------|---------------|---------------|--------------|---------------|
| | Due within 12 | Due within 12 | more than 12 | Outstanding |
| | months | months | months | after 5 years |
| | 2021 | 2020 | 2021 | 2021 |
| | DKK'000 | DKK'000 | DKK'000 | DKK'000 |
| Mortgage debt | 2,878 | 2,862 | 30,346 | 22,123 |
| Bank loans | 71,934 | 36,787 | 176,857 | 23,796 |
| Lease liabilities | 12,474 | 2,607 | 57,817 | 2,081 |
| Other payables | 10,531 | 20,100 | 25,890 | 21,081 |
| | 97,817 | 62,356 | 290,910 | 69,081 |

21 Other payables

| | 2021 | 2020 |
|--|---------|---------|
| | DKK'000 | DKK'000 |
| VAT and duties | 4,743 | 21,168 |
| Wages and salaries, personal income taxes, social security costs, etc. payable | 21,421 | 28,328 |
| Holiday pay obligation | 35,729 | 34,659 |
| Derivative financial instruments | 13,389 | 16,505 |
| Other costs payable | 60,123 | 40,508 |
| | 135,405 | 141,168 |

Derivative financial instruments are described in note 24.

22 Deferred income

Deferred income includes grants for DKK 4,9m related to development projects in progress, of which DKK 3,2m has been recognized in line with the depreciation of the associated development project. Deferred income is recognized as other income in the income statement and in note 2.

23 Changes in working capital

| | 2021 | 2020 |
|--|-----------|---------|
| | DKK'000 | DKK'000 |
| Increase/decrease in inventories | (88,444) | 15,465 |
| Increase/decrease in receivables | (27,352) | 5,720 |
| Increase/decrease in trade payables etc. | (3,717) | 66,540 |
| | (119,513) | 87,725 |

24 Derivative financial instruments

The Company have no hedged currencies at the balance date 31 December 2021.

Other payables include the negative fair value of an interest rate swap of DKK 13,1m and DKK 0,2m, respectively. The interest rate swap was made to hedge a fixed interest rate on the Company's floating-rate mortgage loan. The interest swap has a principal amount of DKK 20,0m and 18,1m, respectively and ensures a fixed interest rate of 4,82% and 5,18% in the remaining term of 16 years and 2 years.

25 Unrecognised rental and lease commitments

| | 2021 | 2020 |
|---|---------|---------|
| | DKK'000 | DKK'000 |
| Total liabilities under rental or lease agreements until maturity | 269,347 | 181,073 |

26 Assets charged and collateral

Mortgage debt is secured by way of mortgage on properties. The carrying amount of mortgaged buildings is DKK 145m recognised under land and buildings as well as DKK 34m recognised under property, plant and equipment in progress.

27 Transactions with related parties

The annual report only dislose transactions with related parties that have not been completed on market terms. No such transactions have been completed during the financial year.

28 Group relations

Name and registered office of the Parent preparing consolidated financial statements for the largest group: Kvadrat Holding A/S, CVR-nr. 15 12 00 02, Ebeltoft, Denmark.

Name and registered office of the Parent preparing consolidated financial statements for the smallest group: Kvadrat Holding A/S, CVR-nr. 15 12 00 02, Ebeltoft, Denmark.

29 Pro-rata consolidated companies

| | | Ownership |
|---------------------------|---------------|-----------|
| | Registered in | % |
| Kvadrat Maharam Pty. Ltd. | Australia | 50.00 |
| Kvadrat Shade B.V. | Netherlands | 50.00 |
| Magniberg Design AB | Sweden | 50.00 |

30 Subsidiaries

| | | Ownership |
|-----------------------------------|----------------|-----------|
| | Registered in | % |
| Danskina BV | Netherlands | 100.00 |
| Febrik BV | Netherlands | 51.70 |
| Gaudium BV | Netherlands | 100.00 |
| ASA BV | Netherlands | 100.00 |
| de Pol BV | Netherlands | 100.00 |
| Kinnasand GmbH | Germany | 100.00 |
| Kvadrat AB | Sweden | 100.00 |
| Kvadrat AG | Switzerland | 97.00 |
| Kvadrat Asia Investment Ltd. | Hong Kong | 50.50 |
| Kvadrat China Co. Ltd. | China | 50.50 |
| Kvadrat Singapore Pte. Ltd. | Singapore | 50.50 |
| Kvadrat Austria GmbH | Austria | 97.00 |
| Kvadrat BV | Netherlands | 95.10 |
| Kvadrat Finland Oy | Finland | 100.00 |
| Kvadrat GmbH | Germany | 98.00 |
| Kvadrat Iberia S.L. | Spain | 95.00 |
| Kvadrat Inc. | USA | 100.00 |
| Kvadrat Japan Co. Ltd. | Japan | 80.00 |
| Kvadrat Korea Co. Ltd. | South Korea | 100.00 |
| Kvadrat Ltd. | United Kingdom | 100.00 |
| Kvadrat Middle East DMCC | UAE | 100.00 |
| Kvadrat Norge AS | Norway | 100.00 |
| Kvadrat SA | France | 95.00 |
| Kvadrat Acoustics A/S | Denmark | 79.00 |
| Fabric Systems Ltd. | United Kingdom | 79.00 |
| Kvadrat Soft Cells A/S Inc. | USA | 79.00 |
| Kvadrat Soft Cells Hong Kong Ltd. | Hong Kong | 79.00 |
| Kvadrat Soft Cells Sp. Z.o.o. | Poland | 79.00 |
| Kvadrat SpA | Italy | 100.00 |
| Kvadrat Czech Republic s.r.o. | Czech Republic | 100.00 |

| | | Ownership |
|---|---------------|-----------|
| | Registered in | % |
| Kvadrat Tekstil Ticaret A.S. | Turkey | 100.00 |
| Personal Design SrL | Italy | 100.00 |
| REALLY ApS | Denmark | 68.00 |
| Sahco GmbH | Germany | 100.00 |
| VEROSOL Holding BV | Netherlands | 100.00 |
| VEROSOL Services BV | Netherlands | 100.00 |
| VEROSOL Nederland BV | Netherlands | 100.00 |
| VEROSOL Fabrics BV | Netherlands | 100.00 |
| VEROSOL Properties BV | Netherlands | 100.00 |
| VEROSOL Austalia Pty Ltd. | Australia | 80.00 |
| Tecnología de Control Solar Espana Holding SLU | Spain | 100.00 |
| VEROSOL Ibérica SAU | Spain | 100.00 |
| Tecnologia de Control Solar Mexicana, SA de CV | Mexico | 100.00 |
| Tecnologia de Control Solar Mexicana de Servicios, SA de CV | Mexico | 100.00 |
| VW Solarflex SA de CV | Mexico | 100.00 |
| Convert A/S | Denmark | 66.67 |

Parent income statement for 2021

| | 2021 | | 2020 |
|--|-------|-----------|-----------|
| | Notes | DKK'000 | DKK'000 |
| Revenue | 1 | 725,909 | 643,813 |
| Other operating income | 2 | 14,238 | 3,848 |
| Cost of sales | | (492,144) | (448,487) |
| Other external expenses | | (126,576) | (107,306) |
| Gross profit/loss | | 121,427 | 91,868 |
| Staff costs | 3 | (149,609) | (141,543) |
| Depreciation, amortisation and impairment losses | 4 | (28,834) | (19,608) |
| Operating profit/loss | | (57,016) | (69,283) |
| Income from investments in group enterprises | | 67,480 | 53,159 |
| Income from investments in associates | | 4,184 | 4,913 |
| Other financial income | 5 | 1,910 | 3,291 |
| Other financial expenses | 6 | (15,150) | (7,718) |
| Profit/loss before tax | | 1,408 | (15,638) |
| Tax on profit/loss for the year | 7 | 18,440 | 16,001 |
| Profit/loss for the year | 8 | 19,848 | 363 |

Parent balance sheet at 31.12.2021

Assets

| | Notes | 2021 DKK'000 | 2020 DKK'000 |
|--|-------|-----------------|-----------------|
| Completed development projects | 10 | 90,648 | 83,993 |
| Acquired trademarks | ., | 14,358 | 17,866 |
| Goodwill | | 0 | 0 |
| Development projects in progress | 10 | 55 | 7,255 |
| Intangible assets | 9 | 105,061 | 109,114 |
| | | | |
| Land and buildings | | 101,184 | 103,518 |
| Plant and machinery | | 1,457 | 0 |
| Other fixtures and fittings, tools and equipment | | 39,077 | 48,863 |
| Leasehold improvements | | 5,391 | 7,537 |
| Property, plant and equipment in progress | | 33,644 | 20,472 |
| Property, plant and equipment | 11 | 180,753 | 180,390 |
| Investments in group enterprises | | 345,796 | 261,685 |
| Investments in associates | | 62,882 | 65,484 |
| Deposits | | 1,587 | 0 |
| Other receivables | | 0 | 1,939 |
| Financial assets | 12 | 410,265 | 329,108 |
| Fixed assets | | 696,079 | 618,612 |

| | | 1,157,503 | 1,003,977 |
|---|----|-----------|-----------|
| Current assets | | 461,424 | 385,365 |
| Cash | | 6,697 | 5,621 |
| Receivables | | 198,264 | 179,335 |
| Prepayments | 14 | 8,341 | 7,884 |
| Other receivables | | 15,038 | 13,911 |
| Deferred tax | 13 | 13,959 | 0 |
| Receivables from associates | | 0 | 5,150 |
| Receivables from group enterprises | | 128,628 | 127,857 |
| Trade receivables | | 32,298 | 24,533 |
| inventories | | 230,403 | 200,403 |
| Inventories | | 256,463 | 200,409 |
| Manufactured goods and goods for resale | | 256,463 | 200,409 |

Equity and liabilities

| | | 2021 Notes DKK'000 | 2020 DKK'000 |
|--|-------|-----------------------|-----------------|
| | Notes | | |
| Contributed capital | | 100,000 | 100,000 |
| Translation reserve | | 0 | (3,936) |
| Reserve for fair value adjustments and hedging instruments | | 1,488 | (647) |
| Reserve for net revaluation according to equity method | | 70,854 | 0 |
| Reserve for development costs | | 54,720 | 59,551 |
| Retained earnings | | 134,865 | 209,412 |
| Proposed dividend for the financial year | | 35,000 | 0 |
| Equity | | 396,927 | 364,380 |
| | | | |
| Deferred tax | 13 | 0 | 2,978 |
| Provisions for investments in group enterprises | 15 | 2,699 | 0 |
| Provisions | | 2,699 | 2,978 |
| | | | |
| Mortgage debt | | 33,224 | 35,891 |
| Bank loans | | 160,957 | 161,137 |
| Lease liabilities | | 10,189 | 12,172 |
| Other payables | 16 | 17,727 | 25,874 |
| Non-current liabilities other than provisions | 17 | 222,097 | 235,074 |

| Current portion of non-current liabilities other than provisions | 17 | 74,126 | 57,041 |
|--|----------|---------------------------------------|-------------|
| Bank loans | | 286,735 | 146,585 |
| Prepayments received from customers | | 3,166 | 133 |
| Trade payables | | 53,533 | 34,883 |
| Payables to group enterprises | | 28,306 | 69,894 |
| Payables to associates | | 52,827 | 48,733 |
| Other payables | 18 | 37,087 | 44,276 |
| Current liabilities other than provisions | | 535,780 | 401,545 |
| | | | |
| Liabilities other than provisions | | 757,877 | 636,619 |
| Liabilities other than provisions | | 757,677 | 030,019 |
| Liabilities other than provisions | | 737,677 | 030,019 |
| Equity and liabilities | | 1,157,503 | 1,003,977 |
| · | | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | · · · · · · |
| · | 19 | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | · · · · · · |
| Equity and liabilities | 19 20 | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | · · · · · · |
| Equity and liabilities Financial instruments | | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | · · · · · · |
| Equity and liabilities Financial instruments Unrecognised rental and lease commitments | 20 | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | · · · · · · |
| Equity and liabilities Financial instruments Unrecognised rental and lease commitments Contingent liabilities | 20 21 | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | · · · · · · |

Parent statement of changes in equity for 2021

| | Contributed capital DKK'000 | Translation reserve DKK'000 | Reserve for fair value adjustments of hedging instruments DKK'000 | Reserve for net revaluation according to the equity method DKK'000 | Reserve for development costs DKK'000 |
|---|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|--|--|--|
| Equity beginning of year | 100,000 | (3,936) | (647) | 0 | 59,551 |
| Exchange rate adjustments | 0 | 0 | 0 | 8,767 | 0 |
| Fair value adjustments of hedging instruments | 0 | 0 | 2,737 | 0 | 0 |
| Other entries on equity | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1,185 | 0 |
| Tax of entries on equity | 0 | 0 | (602) | 0 | 0 |
| Dividends from associates | 0 | 0 | 0 | (4,559) | 0 |
| Transfer to reserves | 0 | 3,936 | 0 | (6,202) | (4,831) |
| Profit/loss for the year | 0 | 0 | 0 | 71,663 | 0 |
| Equity end of year | 100,000 | 0 | 1,488 | 70,854 | 54,720 |

| | Retained earnings DKK'000 | Proposed dividend for the year DKK'000 | Total DKK'000 |
|---|---------------------------------|---|------------------|
| Equity beginning of year | 209,412 | 0 | 364,380 |
| Exchange rate adjustments | 0 | 0 | 8,767 |
| Fair value adjustments of hedging instruments | 0 | 0 | 2,737 |
| Other entries on equity | 612 | 0 | 1,797 |
| Tax of entries on equity | 0 | 0 | (602) |
| Dividends from associates | 4,559 | 0 | 0 |
| Transfer to reserves | 7,097 | 0 | 0 |
| Profit/loss for the year | (86,815) | 35,000 | 19,848 |
| Equity end of year | 134,865 | 35,000 | 396,927 |

Notes to parent financial statements

1 Revenue

| | 2021 | 2020 | |
|--------------------------------------|---------|---------|--|
| | DKK'000 | DKK'000 | |
| Other EU countries | 584,316 | 470,899 | |
| Other countries | 141,593 | 172,914 | |
| Total revenue by geographical market | 725,909 | 643,813 | |

The Company's business is divided into business segments and geographical markets.

The Company's primary segment comprises development and sale of design textiles and textile-related products. Secondary business areas are irrelevant. Referring to S. 96 of the Danish Financial Statements Act, Management does not want to provide additional information on the geographical distribution of revenue since a detailed distribution of revenue by geographical market will be highly detrimental to the Company's competitive situation.

2 Other operating income

| | 2021 | 2020 DKK'000 |
|----------------------------|---------|-----------------|
| | DKK'000 | |
| Compensation | 0 | 3,848 |
| Profit from sale of shares | 14,238 | 0 |
| | 14,238 | 3,848 |

Other operating income in 2020 included compensation received from state support schemes regarding salaries and fixed costs, which were established as a result of the eruption and spread of COVID-19 in 2020. No compensation has been received in 2021. Profits from sale of shares includes profits from sale of shares in subsidiaries.

3 Staff costs

| | 2021 | 2020 |
|---------------------------------------|---------|---------|
| | DKK'000 | DKK'000 |
| Nages and salaries | 136,750 | 136,569 |
| Pension costs | 10,728 | 10,449 |
| Other social security costs | 2,131 | 1,375 |
| | 149,609 | 148,393 |
| Staff costs classified as assets | 0 | (6,850) |
| | 149,609 | 141,543 |
| Average number of full-time employees | 229 | 221 |
| average number of full-time employees | 22 | 29 |

| | of Manage- ment 2021 | 2020 |
|--|----------------------------|-----------------|
| - | DKK'000 | |
| Executive Board | 8,037 | |
| Board of Directors | 800 8,837 | |
| | 0,037 | 7,730 |
| 4 Depreciation, amortisation and impairment losses | | |
| | 2021 | 2020 |
| | DKK'000 | |
| Amortisation of intangible assets | 15,849 | |
| Depreciation on property, plant and equipment | 12,985 28,834 | |
| | 20,034 | 19,000 |
| 5 Other financial income | | |
| | 2021 DKK'000 | 2020 DKK'000 |
| Financial income from group enterprises | 957 | |
| Other financial income | 953 | |
| | 1,910 | |
| 6 Other financial expenses | | |
| o other municul expenses | 2021 | 2020 |
| | DKK'000 | |
| Financial expenses from group enterprises | 324 | 0 |
| Other financial expenses | 14,826 | 7,718 |
| | 15,150 | 7,718 |
| 7 Tax on profit/loss for the year | | |
| | 2021 | 2020 |
| | DKK'000 | DKK'000 |
| Change in deferred tax | (17,539) | (16,001) |
| Refund in joint taxation arrangement | (901) | 0 |
| | (18,440) | (16,001) |
| 8 Proposed distribution of profit and loss | | |
| • | 2021 | 2020 |
| | DKK'000 | DKK'000 |
| Ordinary dividend for the financial year | 35,000 | 0 |
| Retained earnings | (15,152) | 363 |
| | 19,848 | 363 |

9 Intangible assets

| | Completed | | | Development |
|--|-------------|------------|----------|-------------|
| | development | Acquired | | projects in |
| | projects | trademarks | Goodwill | progress |
| | DKK'000 | DKK'000 | DKK'000 | DKK'000 |
| Cost beginning of year | 93,443 | 35,083 | 16,974 | 7,255 |
| Transfers | 18,996 | 0 | 0 | (18,996) |
| Additions | 0 | 0 | 0 | 12,374 |
| Disposals | 0 | 0 | (16,974) | (578) |
| Cost end of year | 112,439 | 35,083 | 0 | 55 |
| Amortisation and impairment losses | (9,450) | (17,217) | (16,974) | 0 |
| beginning of year | | | | |
| Amortisation for the year | (12,341) | (3,508) | 0 | 0 |
| Reversal regarding disposals | 0 | 0 | 16,974 | 0 |
| Amortisation and impairment losses end | (21,791) | (20,725) | 0 | 0 |
| of year | | | | |
| Carrying amount end of year | 90,648 | 14,358 | 0 | 55 |

10 Development projects

The completed development projects and development projects in progress primarily consists of a new ERP-system as well as a digital trading platform as part of a substantial digital strategic plan towards 2023 and onwards. The ERP-system was successfully launched in 2020 while the first phases of the digital trading platform has been launched at the end of 2021. Management expects a significant potential from the optimization and digitalization of the business, as future cash flows will ensure repayment of investments in the development projects, and Management does not see any indication of impairment to exist.

11 Property, plant and equipment

| | | (| Other fixtures | | Property, plant |
|--|----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|--|--------------------------------------|--|
| | Land and buildings DKK'000 | Plant and machinery DKK'000 | and fittings, tools and equipment DKK'000 | Leasehold improvements DKK'000 | and equipment in progress DKK'000 |
| Cost beginning of year | 139,159 | 0 | 123,968 | 18,731 | 20,472 |
| Transfers | 0 | 1,724 | (1,724) | 0 | 0 |
| Additions | 0 | 0 | 708 | 0 | 13,172 |
| Disposals | 0 | 0 | (31,792) | (4,438) | 0 |
| Cost end of year | 139,159 | 1,724 | 91,160 | 14,293 | 33,644 |
| Depreciation and impairment losses beginning of year | (35,641) | 0 | (75,105) | (11,194) | 0 |
| Transfers | 0 | (267) | 267 | 0 | 0 |
| Depreciation for the year | (2,334) | 0 | (9,037) | (1,614) | 0 |
| Reversal regarding disposals | 0 | 0 | 31,792 | 3,906 | 0 |
| Depreciation and impairment losses end of year | (37,975) | (267) | (52,083) | (8,902) | 0 |
| Carrying amount end of year | 101,184 | 1,457 | 39,077 | 5,391 | 33,644 |

12 Financial assets

| | Investments in | | | |
|---|----------------|----------------|----------|-------------|
| | group | Investments in | | Other |
| | enterprises | associates | Deposits | receivables |
| | DKK'000 | DKK'000 | DKK'000 | DKK'000 |
| Cost beginning of year | 271,885 | 70,797 | 0 | 1,939 |
| Transfers | 25,000 | (25,000) | 1,587 | (1,587) |
| Additions | 16,791 | 3,010 | 0 | 0 |
| Disposals | (24,659) | 0 | 0 | (352) |
| Cost end of year | 289,017 | 48,807 | 1,587 | 0 |
| Revaluations beginning of year | (10,200) | (5,313) | 0 | 0 |
| Exchange rate adjustments | 3,989 | 4,778 | 0 | 0 |
| Transfers | (14,618) | 14,618 | 0 | 0 |
| Amortisation of goodwill | (7,092) | (2,999) | 0 | 0 |
| Share of profit/loss for the year | 71,664 | 11,302 | 0 | 0 |
| Adjustment of intra-group profits | 2,553 | (3,765) | 0 | 0 |
| Dividend | 0 | (4,559) | 0 | 0 |
| Investments with negative equity value depreciated over receivables | (1,463) | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Investments with negative equity value transferred to provisions | 2,699 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Other adjustments | 1,172 | 13 | 0 | 0 |
| Reversal regarding disposals | 8,075 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Revaluations end of year | 56,779 | 14,075 | 0 | 0 |
| Carrying amount end of year | 345,796 | 62,882 | 1,587 | 0 |

Investments in group enterprises comprise unamortised goodwill of DKK 37,1m at 31.12.2021.

Investments in associates comprise unamortised goodwill of DKK 5,6m at 31.12.2021.

A specification of investments in subsidiaries is evident from the notes to the consolidated financial statements.

| Investments in | | Ownership |
|---------------------------|---------------|-----------|
| associates | Registered in | % |
| Wooltex UK Ltd. | England | 46.00 |
| 3 Days of Design ApS | Denmark | 20.00 |
| Innvik AS | Norway | 30.00 |
| Kvadrat Maharam Pty. Ltd. | Australia | 50.00 |
| Kvadrat Shade BV | Netherlands | 50.00 |
| Magniberg Design AB | Sweden | 50.00 |

13 Deferred tax

| | 2021 | 2020 |
|-----------------------------------|----------|---------|
| | DKK'000 | DKK'000 |
| Intangible assets | (19,735) | (8,236) |
| Property, plant and equipment | (6,413) | (8,918) |
| Inventories | 4,904 | 4,677 |
| Provisions | 139 | (81) |
| Liabilities other than provisions | 3,375 | (4,892) |
| Tax losses carried forward | 31,689 | 14,472 |
| Deferred tax | 13,959 | (2,978) |

| | 2021 | 2020 |
|------------------------------------|---------|----------|
| Changes during the year | DKK'000 | DKK'000 |
| Beginning of year | (2,978) | (19,183) |
| Recognised in the income statement | 17,539 | 16,001 |
| Recognised directly in equity | (602) | 204 |
| End of year | 13,959 | (2,978) |

Deferred tax assets

Deferred tax assets consists primarily of timing differences on depreciation of fixed assets as well as tax-loss carryforwards, which the company expects to use within 1-5 years as a result of future positive operations.

14 Prepayments

Prepayments comprise incurred costs relating to subsequent financial years. Prepayments are measured at cost.

15 Provisions for investments in group enterprises

Provisions for investments in group enterprises is a result of investment in group enterprises with negative equity.

16 Other payables

| | 2021 | 2020 |
|------------------------|---------|---------|
| | DKK'000 | DKK'000 |
| Holiday pay obligation | 12,918 | 12,881 |
| Other costs payable | 4,809 | 12,993 |
| | 17,727 | 25,874 |

17 Non-current liabilities other than provisions

| | | | Due after | |
|-------------------|---------------|---------------|--------------|---------------|
| | Due within 12 | Due within 12 | more than 12 | Outstanding |
| | months | months | months | after 5 years |
| | 2021 | 2020 | 2021 | 2021 |
| <u></u> | DKK'000 | DKK'000 | DKK'000 | DKK'000 |
| Mortgage debt | 2,878 | 2,862 | 33,224 | 22,123 |
| Bank loans | 58,774 | 32,187 | 160,957 | 23,796 |
| Lease liabilities | 1,943 | 1,892 | 10,189 | 2,081 |
| Other payables | 10,531 | 20,100 | 17,727 | 12,918 |
| | 74,126 | 57,041 | 222,097 | 60,918 |

18 Other payables

| | 2021 | 2020 |
|--|---------|---------|
| | DKK'000 | DKK'000 |
| Wages and salaries, personal income taxes, social security costs, etc. payable | 13,601 | 14,283 |
| Holiday pay obligation | 8,106 | 7,559 |
| Derivative financial instruments | 13,389 | 16,505 |
| Other costs payable | 1,991 | 5,929 |
| | 37,087 | 44,276 |

Derivative financial instruments are described in note 19.

19 Derivative financial instruments

The Company have no hedges currencies at the balance sheet date 31 December 2021.

Other payables include the negative fair value of an interest rate swap of DKK 13,1m and DKK 0,2m, respectively. The interest rate swap was made to hedge a fixed interest rate on the Company's floating-rate mortgage loan. The interest swap has a principal amount of DKK 20,0m and 18,1m, respectively and ensures a fixed interest rate of 4,82% and 5,18% in the remaining term of 16 years and 2 years.

20 Unrecognised rental and lease commitments

| 2021 | 2020 |
|--|---------|
| DKK'000 | DKK'000 |
| Total liabilities under rental or lease agreements until maturity 14,180 | 11,284 |

21 Contingent liabilities

| | 2021 | 2020 |
|---|---------|---------|
| | DKK'000 | DKK'000 |
| | | |
| Recourse and non-recourse guarantee commitments | 235,988 | 137,899 |
| Contingent liabilities to group enterprises | 235,988 | 137,899 |

The Company has provided a guarantee for the bank debt of subsidiaries and Kvadrat Holding A/S. The secured bank debt amounts to DKK 236m at 31.12.2021, which consists of the subsidiaries drawing on the credit facilities at their bank.

The Company has provided performance guarantees for DKK 12,1m at 31.12.2021.

The Company participates in a Danish joint taxation arrangement with Kvadrat Holding A/S serving as the administration company. According to the joint taxation provisions of the Danish Corporation Tax Act, the Entity is therefore liable for income taxes etc for the jointly taxed companies and for obligations, if any, relating to the withholding of tax on interest, royalties and dividends for the jointly taxed companies. The jointly taxed entities' total known net liability under the joint taxation arrangement is disclosed in the administration company's financial statements.

22 Assets charged and collateral

Mortgage debt is secured by way of mortgage on properties. The carrying amount of mortgaged buildings is DKK 101m recognised under land and buildings as well as DKK 34m recognised under property, plant and equipment in progress.

23 Related parties with controlling interest

The Parent Kvadrat Holding A/S, Central Business Reg. No: 15 12 00 02, Ebeltoft holds all shares in the Company and thus has a controlling interest in the Company.

24 Transactions with related parties

The annual report only dislose transactions with related parties that have not been completed on market terms. No such transactions have been completed during the financial year.

Accounting policies

Reporting class

This annual report has been presented in accordance with the provisions of the Danish Financial Statements Act governing reporting class C enterprises (large).

The accounting policies applied to these consolidated financial statements and parent financial statements are consistent with those applied last year.

A few reclassifications of the comparative figures have been made in the consolidated financial statements as well as in the parent financial statements to make the figures comparable with this year. The changes have not had any impact on neither profit nor equity in the consolidated and parent financial statements.

Recognition and measurement

Assets are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable as a result of a prior event that future economic benefits will flow to the Entity, and the value of the asset can be measured reliably.

Liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet when the Entity has a legal or constructive obligation as a result of a prior event, and it is probable that future economic benefits will flow out of the Entity, and the value of the liability can be measured reliably.

On initial recognition, assets and liabilities are measured at cost. Measurement subsequent to initial recognition is effected as described below for each financial statement item.

Anticipated risks and losses that arise before the time of presentation of the annual report and that confirm or invalidate affairs and conditions existing at the balance sheet date are considered at recognition and measurement.

Income is recognised in the income statement when earned, whereas costs are recognised by the amounts attributable to this financial year.

Consolidated financial statements

The consolidated financial statements comprise the Parent and the group enterprises (subsidiaries) that are controlled by the Parent. Control is achieved by the Parent, either directly or indirectly, holding more than 50% of the voting rights or in any other way possibly or actually exercising controlling influence. Enterprises in which the Group, directly or indirectly, holds between 20% and 50% of the voting rights and exercises significant, but not controlling influence, are regarded as associates.

Basis of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements are prepared on the basis of the financial statements of the Parent and its subsidiaries. The consolidated financial statements are prepared by combining uniform items. On consolidation, intra-group income and expenses, intra-group accounts and dividends as well as profits and losses on transactions between the consolidated enterprises are eliminated. The financial statements used for consolidation have been prepared applying the Group's accounting policies.

Subsidiaries' financial statement items are recognised in full in the consolidated financial statements. Minority

interests' proportionate share of profit or loss is presented as a separate item in Management's proposal for distribution of profit or loss, and their share of subsidiaries' net assets is presented as a separate item in group equity.

Investments in subsidiaries are offset at the pro rata share of such subsidiaries' net assets at the takeover date, with net assets having been calculated at fair value.

Business combinations

Newly acquired or newly established enterprises are recognised in the consolidated financial statements from the time of acquiring or establishing such enterprises. Divested or wound-up enterprises are recognised in the consolidated income statement up to the time of their divestment or winding-up.

The purchase method is applied at the acquisition of new enterprises, under which identifiable assets and liabilities of these enterprises are measured at fair value at the acquisition date. Provisions for costs of restructuring of the enterprise acquired are only made in so far as such restructuring was decided by the enterprise acquired prior to acquisition. Allowance is made for the tax effect of restatements.

Positive differences in amount (goodwill) between cost of the acquired share and fair value of the assets and liabilities taken over are recognised under intangible assets, and they are amortised systematically over the income statement based on an individual assessment of their useful life. If the useful life cannot be estimated reliably, it is fixed at 10 years. Useful life is reassessed annually. Negative balances (negative goodwill) are recognised as income in the income statement.

Profit or loss from divestment of enterprises

Profits or losses from divestment or winding-up of subsidiaries are calculated as the difference between selling price or settlement price and the carrying amount of the net assets at the time of divestment or winding-up, inclusive of non-amortised goodwill and estimated divestment or winding-up expenses.

Foreign currency translation

On initial recognition, foreign currency transactions are translated applying the exchange rate at the transaction date. Receivables, payables and other monetary items denominated in foreign currencies that have not been settled at the balance sheet date are translated using the exchange rate at the balance sheet date. Exchange differences that arise between the rate at the transaction date and the rate in effect at the payment date, or the rate at the balance sheet date are recognised in the income statement as financial income or financial expenses. Property, plant and equipment, intangible assets, inventories and other non-monetary assets that have been purchased in foreign currencies are translated using historical rates.

When recognising foreign subsidiaries and associates that are independent entities, the income statements are translated at average exchange rates for the months that do not significantly deviate from the rates at the transaction date. Balance sheet items are translated using the exchange rates at the balance sheet date. Goodwill is considered belonging to the independent foreign entity and is translated using the exchange rate at the balance sheet date. Exchange differences arising out of the translation of foreign subsidiaries' equity at the beginning of the year at the balance sheet date exchange rates as well as out of the translation of income statements from average rates to the exchange rates at the balance sheet date are recognised directly in equity.

Exchange adjustments of outstanding accounts with independent foreign subsidiaries which are considered part of the total investment in the subsidiary in question are classified directly as equity.

Derivative financial instruments

On initial recognition in the balance sheet, derivative financial instruments are measured at cost and subsequently at fair value. Derivative financial instruments are recognised under other receivables or other payables.

Changes in the fair value of derivative financial instruments classified as and complying with the requirements for hedging the fair value of a recognised asset or a recognised liability are recorded in the income statement together with changes in the value of the hedged asset or the hedged liability.

Changes in the fair value of derivative financial instruments classified as and complying with the requirements for hedging future transactions are recognised directly in equity. When the hedged transactions are realised, the accumulated changes are recognised as part of cost of the relevant financial statement items.

For derivative financial instruments that do not comply with the requirements for being treated as hedging instruments, changes in fair value are recognised currently in the income statement as financial income or financial expenses.

Public grants

Public grants are recognised when a final commitment has been received from the grantor and it is probable that the conditions of the grant will be fulfilled. Grants are recognised as income in the income statement as earned. Grants awarded for acquisition of assets are recognised as deferred income in the balance sheet, which is taken to income on a straight-line basis over the useful life of the asset.

Income statement

Revenue

Revenue from the sale of manufactured goods and goods for resale is recognised in the income statement when delivery is made and risk has passed to the buyer. Revenue is recognised net of VAT, duties and sales discounts and is measured at fair value of the consideration fixed.

Contract work in progress is included in revenue based on the stage of completion so that revenue corresponds to the selling price of the work performed in the financial year (the percentage-of-completion method).

Other operating income

Other operating income comprises income of a secondary nature as viewed in relation to the Entity's primary activities.

Cost of sales

Cost of sales comprises goods consumed in the financial year measured at cost, adjusted for ordinary inventory writedowns.

Other external expenses

Other external expenses include expenses relating to the Entity's ordinary activities, including expenses for premises, stationery and office supplies, marketing costs, etc. This item also includes writedowns of receivables recognised in current assets.

Staff costs

Staff costs comprise salaries and wages as well as social security contributions, pension contributions, etc for entity staff

Depreciation, amortisation and impairment losses

Depreciation, amortisation and impairment losses relating to property, plant and equipment and intangible assets comprise depreciation, amortisation and impairment losses for the financial year, as well as revenue recognition of grants recieved related to the intagible fixed assets and gains and losses from the sale of intangible assets as well as property, plant and equipment.

Income from investments in group enterprises

Income from investments in group enterprises comprises the pro rata share of the individual enterprises' profit/loss after full elimination of intra-group profits or losses.

Income from investments in associates

Income from investments in associates comprises the pro rata share of the individual associates' profit/loss after pro rata elimination of intra-group profits or losses.

Other financial income

Other financial income comprises dividends etc received on other investments, interest income, including interest income on receivables from group enterprises, net capital or exchange gains on securities, payables and transactions in foreign currencies, amortisation of financial assets as well as tax relief under the Danish Tax Prepayment Scheme etc.

Other financial expenses

Other financial expenses comprise interest expenses, including interest expenses on payables to group enterprises, net capital or exchange losses on securities, payables and transactions in foreign currencies, amortisation of financial liabilities as well as tax surcharge under the Danish Tax Prepayment Scheme etc.

Tax on profit/loss for the year

Tax for the year, which consists of current tax for the year and changes in deferred tax, is recognised in the income statement by the portion attributable to the profit for the year and recognised directly in equity by the portion attributable to entries directly in equity.

Balance sheet

Goodwill

Goodwill is the positive difference between cost and fair value of assets and liabilities arising from acquisitions. Goodwill is amortised straight-line over its estimated useful life, which is fixed based on the experience gained by Management for each business area. For amounts of goodwill, useful life has been determined based on an assessment of whether the enterprises are strategically acquired enterprises with a strong market position and a long-term earnings profile and whether the amount of goodwill includes intangible resources of a temporary nature that cannot be separated and recognised as separate assets. Useful lives are reassessed annually. The amortisation periods used are 10 years.

Goodwill is written down to the lower of recoverable amount and carrying amount.

Intellectual property rights etc.

Intellectual property rights etc comprise development projects completed and in progress with related intellectual property rights and acquired intellectual property rights.

Development projects on clearly defined and identifiable products and processes, for which the technical rate of utilisation, adequate resources and a potential future market or development opportunity in the enterprise

can be established, and where the intention is to manufacture, market or apply the product or process in question, are recognised as intangible assets. Other development costs are recognised as costs in the income statement as incurred. When recognising development projects as intangible assets, an amount equalling the costs incurred less deferred tax is taken to equity under Reserve for development costs that is reduced as the development projects are amortised and written down.

The cost of development projects comprises costs such as salaries, external costs and amortisation that are directly and indirectly attributable to the development projects.

Indirect production costs in the form of indirectly attributable staff costs and amortisation of intangible assets and depreciation on property, plant and equipment used in the development process are recognised in cost based on time spent on each project.

Completed development projects are amortised on a straight-line basis using their estimated useful lives which are determined based on a specific assessment of each development project. If the useful life cannot be estimated reliably, it is fixed at 10 years. For development projects protected by intellectual property rights, the maximum amortisation period is the remaining duration of the relevant rights.

Intellectual property rights acquired are measured at cost less accumulated amortisation. Patents are amortised over their remaining duration, and licences are amortised over the term of the agreement.

Intellectual property rights etc are written down to the lower of recoverable amount and carrying amount.

Property, plant and equipment

Land and buildings as well as other fixtures and fittings, tools and equipment are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Land is not depreciated.

Cost comprises the acquisition price, costs directly attributable to the acquisition and preparation costs of the asset until the time when it is ready to be put into operation. For assets held under finance leases, cost is the lower of the asset's fair value and present value of future lease payments.

The basis of depreciation is cost less estimated residual value after the end of useful life. Straight-line depreciation is made on the basis of the following estimated useful lives of the assets:

Buildings 30-40 years
Plant and machinery 3-5 years
Other fixtures and fittings, tools and equipment 3-5 years
Leasehold improvements contract period

For leasehold improvements and assets subject to finance leases, the depreciation period cannot exceed the contract period.

Estimated useful lives and residual values are reassessed annually.

Items of property, plant and equipment are written down to the lower of recoverable amount and carrying amount.

Investments in group enterprises

In the parent financial statements, investments in group enterprises are recognised and measured according to the equity method. This means that investments are measured at the pro rata share of the enterprises' equity value plus unamortised goodwill and plus or minus unrealised intra-group profits and losses. Refer to the above section on business combinations for more details about the accounting policies used on acquisitions of investments in group enterprises.

Group enterprises with negative equity value are measured at DKK 0. Any receivables from these enterprises are written down to net realisable value based on a specific assessment. If the Parent has a legal or constructive obligation to cover the liabilities of the relevant enterprise, and it is probable that such obligation will involve a loss, a provision is recognised that is measured at present value of the costs necessary to settle the obligations at the balance sheet date.

Upon distribution of profit or loss, net revaluation of investments in group enterprises is transferred to reserve for net revaluation according to the equity method in equity.

Goodwill is the positive difference between cost and fair value of assets and liabilities arising from acquisitions. Goodwill is amortised straight-line over its estimated useful life, which is fixed based on the experience gained by Management for each business area. For amounts of goodwill, useful life has been determined based on an assessment of whether the enterprises are strategically acquired enterprises with a strong market position and a long-term earnings profile and whether the amount of goodwill includes intangible resources of a temporary nature that cannot be separated and recognised as separate assets. Useful lives are reassessed annually. The amortisation periods used are 10 years.

Investments in group enterprises are written down to the lower of recoverable amount and carrying amount.

Investments in associates

Investments in associates are recognised and measured according to the equity method. This means that investments are measured at the pro rata share of the enterprises' equity values plus unamortised goodwill and plus or minus unrealised pro rata intra-group profits and losses. Refer to the above section on business combinations for more details about the accounting policies used on acquisitions of investments in associates.

Associates with negative equity value are measured at DKK 0. Any receivables from these enterprises are written down to net realisable value based on a specific assessment. If the Parent has a legal or constructive obligation to cover the liabilities of the relevant associate, and it is probable that such obligation will involve a loss, a provision is recognised that is measured at present value of the costs necessary to settle the obligations at the balance sheet date.

Upon distribution of profit or loss, net revaluation of investments in associates is transferred to Reserve for net revaluation according to the equity method under equity.

Goodwill is the positive difference between cost and fair value of assets and liabilities arising from acquisitions. Goodwill is amortised straight-line over its estimated useful life, which is fixed based on the experience gained by Management for each business area. For amounts of goodwill, useful life has been determined based on an assessment of whether the enterprises are strategically acquired enterprises with a strong market position and a long-term earnings profile and whether the amount of goodwill includes intangible resources of a temporary nature that cannot be separated and recognised as separate assets. Useful lives are reassessed annually. The amortisation periods used are 10 years.

Investments in associates are written down to the lower of recoverable amount and carrying amount.

Investments in associates fall within the definitions of both participating interests and associates, yet in these consolidated financial statements they have been presented as investments in associates because this designation reflects more accurately the Group's involvement in the relevant entities.

Receivables

Receivables are measured at amortised cost, usually equalling nominal value, less writedowns for bad and doubtful debts.

Inventories

Inventories are measured at the lower of cost using the FIFO method and net realisable value.

Cost consists of purchase price, design fee's plus delivery costs.

The net realisable value of inventories is calculated as the estimated selling price less completion costs and costs incurred to execute sale.

Contract work in progress

Contract work in progress is measured at the selling price of the work carried out at the balance sheet date.

The selling price is measured based on the stage of completion and the total estimated income from the individual contracts in progress. Usually, the stage of completion is determined as the ratio of actual to total budgeted consumption of resources.

If the selling price of a project in progress cannot be made up reliably, it is measured at the lower of costs incurred and net realisable value.

Each contract in progress is recognised in the balance sheet under receivables or liabilities other than provisions, depending on whether the net value, calculated as the selling price less prepayments received, is positive or negative.

Costs of sales work and of securing contracts as well as finance costs are recognised in the income statement as incurred.

Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognised on all temporary differences between the carrying amount and the tax-based value of assets and liabilities, for which the tax-based value is calculated based on the planned use of each asset. However, no deferred tax is recognised for amortisation of goodwill disallowed for tax purposes and temporary differences arising at the date of acquisition that do not result from a business combination and that do not have any effect on profit or loss or on taxable income.

Deferred tax assets, including the tax base of tax loss carryforwards, are recognised in the balance sheet at their estimated realisable value, either as a set-off against deferred tax liabilities or as net tax assets.

Deferred tax relating to retaxation of previously deducted losses in foreign subsidiaries is recognised on the basis of an actual assessment of the purpose of each subsidiary.

Prepayments

Prepayments comprise incurred costs relating to subsequent financial years. Prepayments are measured at cost.

Cash

Cash comprises cash in hand and bank deposits.

Dividend

Dividend is recognised as a liability at the time of adoption at the general meeting. Proposed dividend for the financial year is disclosed as a separate item in equity. Extraordinary dividend adopted in the financial year is recognised directly in equity when distributed and disclosed as a separate item in Management's proposal for distribution of profit/loss.

Minority interests

On initial recognition, minority interests are measured at the minority interests' share of the acquiree's net assets measured at fair value. No goodwill related to the minority interests' equity interests in the acquiree is recognised.

Other provisions

Other provisions comprise anticipated costs of decided and published restructuring, etc.

Other provisions are recognised and measured as the best estimate of the expenses required to settle the liabilities at the balance sheet date. Provisions that are estimated to mature more than one year after the balance sheet date are measured at their discounted value.

Mortgage debt

At the time of borrowing, mortgage debt to mortgage credit institutions is measured at cost which corresponds to the proceeds received less transaction costs incurred. Mortgage debt is subsequently measured at amortised cost. This means that the difference between the proceeds at the time of borrowing and the nominal repayable amount of the loan is recognised in the income statement as a financial expense over the term of the loan applying the effective interest method.

Lease liabilities

Lease liabilities relating to assets held under finance leases are recognised in the balance sheet as liabilities other than provisions, and, at the time of inception of the lease, measured at the present value of future lease payments. Subsequent to initial recognition, lease liabilities are measured at amortised cost. The difference between present value and nominal amount of the lease payments is recognised in the income statement as a financial expense over the term of the leases.

Other financial liabilities

Other financial liabilities are measured at amortised cost, which usually corresponds to nominal value.

Prepayments received from customers

Prepayments received from customers comprise amounts received from customers prior to delivery of the goods agreed or completion of the service agreed.

Tax payable or receivable

Current tax payable or receivable is recognised in the balance sheet, stated as tax computed on this year's taxable income, adjusted for prepaid tax.

Deferred income

Deferred income comprises income received for recognition in subsequent financial years. Deferred income include grants received for development projects according to the Danish Financial Statements Act's requirement for gross presentation cannot be offset in the development cost in the balance sheet, but must presented separately under liabilities. Prepayment are measured at cost less a straight line income recognition in line with the linear depreciation of the associated activated project.

Cash flow statement

The cash flow statement shows cash flows from operating, investing and financing activities as well as cash and cash equivalents at the beginning and the end of the financial year.

Cash flows from operating activities are presented using the indirect method and calculated as the operating profit/loss adjusted for non-cash operating items, working capital changes and income taxes paid.

Cash flows from investing activities comprise payments in connection with acquisition and divestment of enterprises, activities and fixed asset investments as well as purchase, development, improvement and sale, etc of intangible assets and property, plant and equipment, including acquisition of assets held under finance leases.

Cash flows from financing activities comprise changes in the size or composition of the contributed capital and related costs as well as the raising of loans, inception of finance leases, instalments on interest-bearing debt, purchase of treasury shares and payment of dividend.

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash and short-term securities with an insignificant price risk less shortterm bank loans.