# Olesen Family ApS

Løgten Østervej 71, DK-8541 Skødstrup

Annual Report for 1 August 2023 - 31 March 2024

CVR No. 44 20 99 42

The Annual Report was presented and adopted at the Annual General Meeting of the company on 3/10 2024

Frances Jeanine Olesen Chairman of the general meeting



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### **Management's statement**

The Executive Board has today considered and adopted the Annual Report of Olesen Family ApS for the financial year 1 August 2023 - 31 March 2024.

The Annual Report is prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion the Financial Statements give a true and fair view of the financial position at 31 March 2024 of the Company and of the results of the Company operations for 2023/24.

We recommend that the Annual Report be adopted at the Annual General Meeting.

Skødstrup, 3 October 2024

#### **Executive Board**

Jens Brinch Olesen Manager Frances Jeanine Olesen Manager



### **Independent Practitioner's Extended Review Report**

To the shareholder of Olesen Family ApS

#### Conclusion

We have performed an extended review of the Financial Statements of Olesen Family ApS for the financial year 1 August 2023 - 31 March 2024, which comprise income statement, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity and notes, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The Financial Statements are prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Based on the work performed, in our opinion, the Financial Statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Company at 31 March 2024 and of the results of the Company's operations for the financial year 1 August 2023 - 31 March 2024 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

#### **Basis for Conclusion**

We conducted our extended review in accordance with the Danish Business Authority's Assurance Standard for Small Enterprises and FSR – Danish Auditors' standard on extended review of financial statements prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the "Practitioner's responsibilities for the extended review of the Financial Statements" section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' International Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) and the additional ethical requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the IESBA Code. We believe that the evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our conclusion.

#### Management's responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of Financial Statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act, and for such internal control as Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of Financial Statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the Financial Statements, Management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the Financial Statements unless Management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

#### Practitioner's responsibilities for the extended review of the Financial Statements

Our responsibility is to express a conclusion on the Financial Statements. This requires that we plan and perform procedures to obtain limited assurance in respect of our conclusion on the Financial Statements and, moreover, that we perform supplementary procedures specifically required to obtain additional assurance in respect of our conclusion.

An extended review consists of making inquiries, primarily of Management and others within the enterprise, as appropriate, and applying analytical procedures and the supplementary procedures specifically required as well as assessing the evidence obtained.



## **Independent Practitioner's Extended Review Report**

An extended review is less in scope than an audit and, consequently, we do not express an audit opinion on the Financial Statements.

Aarhus C, 3 October 2024

**PricewaterhouseCoopers** Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab CVR No 33 77 12 31

Christian Roding State Authorised Public Accountant mne33714



## **Company information**

The Company

Olesen Family ApS Løgten Østervej 71 DK-8541 Skødstrup CVR No: 44 20 99 42

Financial period: 1 August 2023 - 31 March 2024

Incorporated: 1 August 2023 Municipality of reg. office: Aarhus

**Executive Board** Jens Brinch Olesen

Frances Jeanine Olesen

**Auditors** 

PricewaterhouseCoopers Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab Jens Chr. Skous Vej 1 DK-8000 Aarhus C



# Income statement 1 August 2023 - 31 March 2024

	Note	2023/24
		DKK 8 months
Gross profit/loss		-31,250
		2 ( 22-
Income from investments in subsidiaries		2,756,237
Financial expenses		-12,834
Profit/loss before tax		2,712,153
Tax on profit/loss for the year	3	9,698
Net profit/loss for the year		2,721,851
Distribution of profit		
		2023/24
		DKK
Proposed distribution of profit		
Reserve for net revaluation under the equity method		2,756,237
Retained earnings		-34,386
		2,721,851



## **Balance sheet 31 March 2024**

### Assets

	Note	2023/24
		DKK
Investments in subsidiaries	4	3,256,237
Fixed asset investments		3,256,237
Fixed assets		3,256,237
Corporation tax		9,698
Receivables		9,698
Current assets		9,698
Assets		3,265,935



# **Balance sheet 31 March 2024**

## Liabilities and equity

	Note	2023/24
		DKK
Share capital	5	50,000
Reserve for net revaluation under the equity method		2,756,237
Retained earnings		-34,386
Equity		2,771,851
Payables to owners and Management		494,084
Short-term debt		494,084
Debt		494,084
Liabilities and equity		3,265,935
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# Statement of changes in equity

	Share capital	Reserve for net revaluation under the equity method	Retained earnings	Total
	DKK	DKK	DKK	DKK
Equity at 1 August	50,000	0	0	50,000
Net profit/loss for the year	0	2,756,237	-34,386	2,721,851
Equity at 31 March	50,000	2,756,237	-34,386	2,771,851



### 1. Key activities

The company's key activity is to be a holding company and thus an associated company.

	22. 22					2023/24
<b>2</b> .	Staff					
	Average number of emplo	yees				0
						2023/24 DKK
						8 months
<b>3</b> .	<b>Income tax expense</b>					
	Current tax for the year					-9,698
						-9,698
						2023/24
						DKK
4.	Investments in subsi	diaries				
	Cost at 1 August					500,000
	Cost at 31 March					500,000
	Net profit/loss for the yea	r				2,756,237
	Value adjustments at 31 March  Carrying amount at 31 March  Investments in subsidiaries are specified as follows:					2,756,237
						3,256,237
		Place of				
	Name	registered office	Share capital	Owner- ship	Equity	Net profit/loss for the year
	Carzelle A/S	Aarhus	714,284	70%	5,437,482	3,937,482
				_	5,437,482	3,937,482



#### 5. Share capital

The share capital consists of 50,000 shares of a nominal value of DKK 1. No shares carry any special rights.

#### 6. Contingent assets, liabilities and other financial obligations

#### Other contingent liabilities

The Danish group companies are jointly and severally liable for tax on the jointly taxed incomes etc of the Group. The total amount of corporation tax payable by the Group amounts to DKK 610,670. Moreover, the Danish group companies are jointly and severally liable for Danish withholding taxes by way of dividend tax, tax on royalty payments and tax on unearned income. Any subsequent adjustments of corporation taxes and withholding taxes may increase the Group's liability.

#### 7. Subsequent events

No events materially affecting the assessment of the Annual Report have occurred after the balance sheet date.



#### 8. Accounting policies

The Annual Report of Olesen Family ApS for 2023/24 has been prepared in accordance with the provisions of the Danish Financial Statements Act applying to enterprises of reporting class B as well as selected rules applying to reporting class C.

The Financial Statements for 2023/24 are presented in DKK.

#### Consolidated financial statements

With reference to section 110 of the Danish Financial Statements Act, no consolidated financial statements are prepared.

#### Recognition and measurement

Revenues are recognised in the income statement as earned. Furthermore, value adjustments of financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value or amortised cost are recognised. Moreover, all expenses incurred to achieve the earnings for the year are recognised in the income statement, including depreciation, amortisation, impairment losses and provisions as well as reversals due to changed accounting estimates of amounts that have previously been recognised in the income statement.

Assets are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits attributable to the asset will flow to the Company, and the value of the asset can be measured reliably.

Liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits will flow out of the Company, and the value of the liability can be measured reliably.

Assets and liabilities are initially measured at cost. Subsequently, assets and liabilities are measured as described for each item below.

#### **Income statement**

#### Other external expenses

Other external expenses comprise expenses for administration etc.

#### Gross profit/loss

With reference to section 32 of the Danish Financial Statements Act, gross profit/loss comprises of other external expenses.

#### Income from investments in subsidiaries

The item "Income from investments in subsidiaries" in the income statement includes the proportionate share of the profit for the year.

#### Financial income and expenses

Financial income and expenses are recognised in the income statement at the amounts relating to the financial year.

#### Tax on profit/loss for the year

Tax for the year consists of current tax for the year and changes in deferred tax for the year. The tax attributable to the profit for the year is recognised in the income statement, whereas the tax attributable to equity transactions is recognised directly in equity.

The Company is jointly taxed with other danish subsidiaries. The tax effect of the joint taxation is allocated to Danish enterprises in proportion to their taxable incomes.



#### **Balance** sheet

#### **Investments in subsidiaries**

Investments in subsidiaries are recognised and measured under the equity method.

The item "Investments in subsidiaries" in the balance sheet include the proportionate ownership share of the net asset value of the enterprises calculated on the basis of the fair values of identifiable net assets at the time of acquisition.

The total net revaluation of investments in subsidiaries is transferred upon distribution of profit to "Reserve for net revaluation under the equity method" under equity. The reserve is reduced by dividend distributed to the Parent Company and adjusted for other equity movements in the subsidiaries.

Subsidiaries with a negative net asset value are recognised at DKK 0. Any legal or constructive obligation of the Parent Company to cover the negative balance of the enterprise is recognised in provisions.

#### Receivables

Receivables are measured in the balance sheet at the lower of amortised cost and net realisable value, which corresponds to nominal value less provisions for bad debts.

#### Deferred tax assets and liabilities

Deferred income tax is measured using the balance sheet liability method in respect of temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts for financial reporting purposes on the basis of the intended use of the asset and settlement of the liability, respectively.

Deferred tax assets, including the tax base of tax loss carry-forwards, are measured at the value at which the asset is expected to be realised, either by elimination in tax on future earnings or by set-off against deferred tax liabilities within the same legal tax entity.

Deferred tax is measured on the basis of the tax rules and tax rates that will be effective under the legislation at the balance sheet date when the deferred tax is expected to crystallise as current tax. Any changes in deferred tax due to changes to tax rates are recognised in the income statement or in equity if the deferred tax relates to items recognised in equity.

#### Current tax receivables and liabilities

Current tax liabilities and receivables are recognised in the balance sheet as the expected taxable income for the year adjusted for tax on taxable incomes for prior years and tax paid on account. Extra payments and repayment under the on-account taxation scheme are recognised in the income statement in financial income and expenses.

#### Financial liabilities

Debts are measured at amortised cost, substantially corresponding to nominal value.

