

# **Better Energy Impact II Komplementar II ApS**

C/O Better Energy A/S  
Gammel Kongevej 60, 14th floor  
1850 Frederiksberg C

Business Registration No. 44053926

## **Annual Report**

15 May 2023 - 31 December 2023

The annual report was presented and  
adopted at the Annual General Meeting  
on 25 April 2024

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Ho Kei Au  
Chair of the Annual General Meeting

## Better Energy Impact II Komplementar II ApS

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## Better Energy Impact II Komplementar II ApS

### Company information

<b>Company</b>	Better Energy Impact II Komplementar II ApS C/O Better Energy A/S Gammel Kongevej 60, 14th floor 1850 Frederiksberg C Business Registration No.: 44053926 Date of formation: 15 May 2023
<b>Board of Directors</b>	Mark Augustenborg Ødum Rasmus Lildholdt Kjær
<b>Executive Board</b>	Martin Brobæk Madsen, Director
<b>Auditors</b>	Deloitte Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab Egtved Alle 4 6000 Kolding Business Registration No.: 33963556

## **Management's statement**

Today, the Executive Board and the Board of Directors have considered and adopted the annual report of Better Energy Impact II Komplementar II ApS for the financial year 15 May 2023 - 31 December 2023.

The annual report is presented in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities and financial position of Better Energy Impact II Komplementar II ApS at 31 December 2023 and of the results of the company's operations for the financial year 15 May 2023 - 31 December 2023.

In our opinion, the management's review includes a true and fair account of the matters addressed in the review.

We recommend that the annual report be adopted at the Annual General Meeting.

Frederiksberg, 25 April 2024

### **Executive Board**

Martin Brobæk Madsen  
Director

### **Board of Directors**

Mark Augustenborg Ødum  
Chairman

Rasmus Lildholdt Kjær  
Board member

## **Independent auditor's report**

### **To the shareholders of Better Energy Impact II Komplementar II ApS**

#### **Opinion**

We have audited the financial statements of Better Energy Impact II Komplementar II ApS for the financial year 15 May 2023 - 31 December 2023, which comprise the income statement, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity and notes, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial statements are prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the Entity's financial position at 31 December 2023 and of the results of its operations for the financial year 15 May 2023 - 31 December 2023 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

#### **Basis of opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) and additional requirements applicable in Denmark. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the "Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements" section of this auditor's report. We are independent of the Entity in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' International Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) and the additional ethical requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the IESBA Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

#### **Management's responsibilities for the financial statements**

Management is responsible for the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act, and for such internal control as Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, Management is responsible for assessing the Entity's ability to continue as a going concern, for disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern, and for using the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements unless Management either intends to liquidate the Entity or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

#### **Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements**

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- \* Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- \* Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Entity's internal control.

## **Independent auditor's report**

- \* Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by Management.
- \* Conclude on the appropriateness of Management's use of the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements, and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Entity's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Entity to cease to continue as a going concern.
- \* Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures in the notes, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that gives a true and fair view.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

### **Statement on Management's review**

Management is responsible for the Management's review.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the Management's review, and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the Management's review and, in doing so, consider whether the Management's Review is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

Moreover, it is our responsibility to consider whether the Management's review provides the information required by the relevant law and regulations.

Based on the work we have performed, we conclude that the Management's review is in accordance with the financial statements and has been prepared in accordance with the requirements in the relevant law and regulations. We did not identify any material misstatement of the Management's Review.

Kolding, 25 April 2024

### **Deloitte**

**Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab**

Business Registration No. 33963556

Lars Ørum Nielsen

State Authorised Public Accountant

mne26771

## **Better Energy Impact II Komplementar II ApS**

### **Management's review**

#### **The company's main activities**

The main activities of Better Energy Impact II Komplementar II ApS are to participate as a general partner in limited partnerships and/or limited partner companies that acquire, own, develop, operate and finance solar power plants and related activities.

#### **Development in activities and financial matters**

Better Energy Impact II Komplementar II ApS' income statement of the financial year 15 May 2023 - 31 December 2023 shows a result of DKK -6,274 and the balance sheet at 31 December 2023 a balance sheet total of DKK 40,850 and an equity of DKK 33,726.

## Better Energy Impact II Komplementar II ApS

### Income statement

	Note	2023 DKK
Gross profit		-8,124
Operating profit		<u>-8,124</u>
Financial income	1	<u>80</u>
<b>Profit from ordinary activities before tax</b>		<b>-8,044</b>
Tax on profit for the year	2	<u>1,770</u>
<b>Profit</b>		<b><u>-6,274</u></b>
<b>Proposed distribution of results</b>		
Retained earnings		<u>-6,274</u>
<b>Distribution of profit</b>		<b><u>-6,274</u></b>



Better Energy Impact II Komplementar II ApS

Balance sheet as of 31 December

	Note	2023 DKK
<b>Assets</b>		
Deferred tax		1,770
<b>Receivables</b>		<u>1,770</u>
<b>Cash</b>		<u>39,080</u>
<b>Current assets</b>		<u>40,850</u>
<b>Assets</b>		<u>40,850</u>

## Better Energy Impact II Komplementar II ApS

### Balance sheet as of 31 December

	Note	2023 DKK
<b>Liabilities and equity</b>		
Contributed capital		40,000
Retained earnings		-6,274
<b>Equity</b>		<b>33,726</b>
Trade payables		7,124
<b>Short-term liabilities other than provisions</b>		<b>7,124</b>
<b>Liabilities other than provisions</b>		<b>7,124</b>
<b>Equity and liabilities</b>		<b>40,850</b>
Significant events occurring after end of reporting period	3	
Group relations	4	

## Better Energy Impact II Komplementar II ApS

### Statement of changes in equity

	Contributed capital	Retained earnings	Total
Equity 15 May 2023	40,000	0	40,000
Profit (loss)	0	-6,274	-6,274
<b>Equity 31 December 2023</b>	<b>40,000</b>	<b>-6,274</b>	<b>33,726</b>

The company was established on 15 May 2023 with a contributed capital of DKK 40,000.

Notes

	<b>2023</b>
	<b>DKK</b>
<b>1. Financial income</b>	
Other financial income	80
	<u>80</u>
	<b>2023</b>
	<b>DKK</b>
<b>2. Tax on profit for the year</b>	
Change in deferred tax - Denmark	-1,770
	<u>-1,770</u>

**3. Significant events occurring after end of reporting period**

No events have occurred after the balance sheet date to this date, which would influence the evaluation of this annual report.

**4. Group relations**

No parent company submits consolidated financial statements.

### Accounting policies

#### Reporting class

The annual report of Better Energy Impact II Komplementar II ApS for 2023 has been presented in accordance with the provisions of the Danish Financial Statements Act applying to enterprises of reporting class B with addition of certain provisions for reporting class C.

As the financial year 2023 is the company's first financial year, the financial statements with associated notes have been prepared without comparative figures from the previous year.

#### Reporting currency

The annual report is presented in Danish kroner (DKK).

#### Recognition and measurement

Assets are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable as a result of a prior event that future economic benefits will flow to the company, and the value of the assets can be measured reliably.

Liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet when the company has a legal or constructive obligation as a result of a prior event, and it is probable that future economic benefits will flow out of the company, and the value of the liabilities can be measured reliably.

On initial recognition, assets and liabilities are measured at cost. Measurement subsequent to initial recognition is affected as described below for each financial statement item. Anticipated risks and losses that arise before the time of presentation of the annual report and that confirm or invalidate affairs and conditions existing at the balance sheet date are considered at recognition and measurement.

Income is recognised in the income statement when earned, whereas costs are recognised by the amounts attributable to this financial year.

#### Foreign currency translation

On initial recognition, foreign currency transactions are translated applying the exchange rate at the transaction date. Receivables, payables and other monetary items denominated in foreign currencies that have not been settled at the balance sheet date are translated using the exchange rate at the balance sheet date.

Exchange differences that arise between the rate at the transaction date and the one in effect at the payment date or the rate at the balance sheet date are recognised in the income statement as financial income or financial expenses. Property, plant and equipment, intangible assets, inventories and other non-monetary assets that have been purchased in foreign currencies are translated using historical rates.

### Income statement

#### Gross profit/loss

The company has decided to aggregate certain items of the income statement in accordance with the provisions of Section 32 of the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Gross profit or loss comprises revenue and other external expenses.

#### Revenue

Revenue is recognised net of VAT, duties and sales discounts and is measured at fair value of the consideration fixed.

#### Other external expenses

Other external expenses include expenses for operation and administration.

## **Accounting policies**

### **Financial income**

Financial income comprises interest income, including interest income on receivables from group enterprises, amortisation of financial assets, payables and transactions in foreign currencies, fair value adjustments of financial interests as well as tax relief under the Danish Tax Prepayment Scheme etc.

### **Financial expenses**

Financial expenses comprise interest expenses, including interest expenses on payables to group enterprises, amortisation of financial liabilities, payables and transactions in foreign currencies, fair value adjustments of financial interests as well as tax surcharge under the Danish Tax Prepayment Scheme etc.

### **Tax on profit for the year**

Tax for the year, which consists of current tax for the year and changes in deferred tax, is recognised in the income statement by the portion attributable to the profit for the year and recognised directly in equity by the portion attributable to entries directly in equity.

## **Balance sheet**

### **Receivables**

Receivables are measured at amortised cost, usually equalling nominal value, less writedowns for bad and doubtful debts.

Impairment of accounts receivables past due is established on individual assessment of receivables.

### **Cash and cash equivalents**

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash at bank and in hand as well as short-term securities with a term of less than three months which can be converted directly into cash at bank and in hand and involve only an insignificant risk of value changes.

### **Equity**

#### **Proposed dividends**

Proposed dividends for the year are recognised as a separate item under equity. Proposed dividends are recognised as a liability when approved by the Annual General Meeting.

### **Provisions**

#### **Deferred tax**

Deferred tax is recognised on all temporary differences between the carrying amount and the tax-based value of assets and liabilities, for which the tax-based value is calculated based on the planned use of each asset or the planned settlement of each liability.

Deferred tax assets, including the tax base of tax loss carryforwards, are recognised in the balance sheet at their estimated realisable value, either as a set-off against deferred tax liabilities or as net tax assets within each legal entity.

#### **Liabilities**

Other liabilities, comprising deposits, trade payables and other accounts payable, are measured at amortised cost, which usually corresponds to the nominal value.