spektr ApS

Bredgade 75,4, DK-1260 Copenhagen

Annual Report for 26 April - 31 December 2023

CVR No. 44 01 26 77

The Annual Report was presented and adopted at the Annual General Meeting of the company on 2/7 2024

Mikkel Nygaard Skarnager Chairman of the general meeting



Contents

	Page
Management's Statement and Auditor's Report	
Management's Statement	1
Independent Practitioner's Extended Review Report	2
Company information	
Company information	4
Financial Statements	
Income Statement 26 April - 31 December	5
Balance sheet 31 December	6
Statement of changes in equity	8
Notes to the Financial Statements	9

Management's statement

The Executive Board and Board of Directors have today considered and adopted the Annual Report of spektr ApS for the financial year 26 April - 31 December 2023.

The Annual Report is prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion the Financial Statements give a true and fair view of the financial position at 31 December 2023 of the Company and of the results of the Company operations for 2023.

We recommend that the Annual Report be adopted at the Annual General Meeting.

Copenhagen, 2 July 2024

Executive Board

Mikkel Nygaard Skarnager Executive Officer Ciprian Florescu Executive Officer

Board of Directors

Mikkel Nygaard Skarnager Chairman Ciprian Florescu



Independent Practitioner's Extended Review Report

To the shareholders of spektr ApS

Conclusion

We have performed an extended review of the Financial Statements of spektr ApS for the financial year 26 April - 31 December 2023, which comprise income statement, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity and notes, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The Financial Statements are prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Based on the work performed, in our opinion, the Financial Statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Company at 31 December 2023 and of the results of the Company's operations for the financial year 26 April - 31 December 2023 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Basis for Conclusion

We conducted our extended review in accordance with the Danish Business Authority's Assurance Standard for Small Enterprises and FSR – Danish Auditors' standard on extended review of financial statements prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the "Practitioner's responsibilities for the extended review of the Financial Statements" section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' International Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) and the additional ethical requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the IESBA Code. We believe that the evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our conclusion.

Management's responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of Financial Statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act, and for such internal control as Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of Financial Statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the Financial Statements, Management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the Financial Statements unless Management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Practitioner's responsibilities for the extended review of the Financial Statements

Our responsibility is to express a conclusion on the Financial Statements. This requires that we plan and perform procedures to obtain limited assurance in respect of our conclusion on the Financial Statements and, moreover, that we perform supplementary procedures specifically required to obtain additional assurance in respect of our conclusion.

An extended review consists of making inquiries, primarily of Management and others within the enterprise, as appropriate, and applying analytical procedures and the supplementary procedures specifically required as well as assessing the evidence obtained.



Independent Practitioner's Extended Review Report

An extended review is less in scope than an audit and, consequently, we do not express an audit opinion on the Financial Statements.

Hellerup, 2 July 2024

PricewaterhouseCoopers Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab *CVR No 33 77 12 31*

Martin Birch State Authorised Public Accountant mne42825



Company information

The Company	spektr ApS Bredgade 75,4 1260 Copenhagen
	CVR No: 44 01 26 77 Financial period: 26 April - 31 December Incorporated: 26 April 2023 Municipality of reg. office: Copenhagen
Board of Directors	Mikkel Nygaard Skarnager, chairman Ciprian Florescu
Executive Board	Mikkel Nygaard Skarnager Ciprian Florescu
Auditors	PricewaterhouseCoopers Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab Strandvejen 44 DK-2900 Hellerup



Income statement 26 April - 31 December

	Note	2023
		DKK 8 months
Gross profit/loss		-4,196,359
Staff expenses	2	-2,141,763
Profit/loss before financial income and expenses		-6,338,122
Financial income		94
Financial expenses	3	-94,262
Profit/loss before tax		-6,432,290
Tax on profit/loss for the year	4	424,861
Net profit/loss for the year		-6,007,429
Distribution of profit		
Distribution of profit		2023
		DKK
Proposed distribution of profit		DAK
Retained earnings		-6,007,429
~		-6,007,429
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Balance sheet 31 December

Assets

	Note	2023
		DKK
Deposits	5	77,300
Fixed asset investments		77,300
Fixed assets		77,300
Other receivables		385,504
Corporation tax		424,861
Receivables	-	810,365
Cash at bank and in hand	-	33,433,808
Current assets	-	34,244,173
Assets		34,321,473



Balance sheet 31 December

Liabilities and equity

	Note	2023
		DKK
Share capital	6	48,304
Share premium account		0
Retained earnings		33,002,739
Equity		33,051,043
Trade payables		827,252
Payables to owners and Management		20,000
Other payables		423,178
Short-term debt		1,270,430
Debt		1,270,430
Liabilities and equity		34,321,473
Key activities	1	
Contingent assets, liabilities and other financial obligations	7	
Accounting Policies	8	



Statement of changes in equity

	Share capital	Share premium account	Retained earnings	Total
	DKK	DKK	DKK	DKK
Cash payment concerning formation of entity	40,000	3,960,000	0	4,000,000
Cash capital increase	8,304	35,050,168	0	35,058,472
Net profit/loss for the year	0	0	-6,007,429	-6,007,429
Transfer from share premium account	0	-39,010,168	39,010,168	0
Equity at 31 December	48,304	0	33,002,739	33,051,043



1. Key activities

The company's activities is development and sale of IT-platforms to other companies.

		2023
		DKK 8 months
2.	Staff Expenses	
	Wages and salaries	2,131,255
	Other social security expenses	10,508
		2,141,763
	Average number of employees	2
		2023
		DKK 8 months
3.	Financial expenses	
	Other financial expenses	5,441
	Exchange loss	88,821
		94,262
		2023
		DKK 8 months
4.	Income tax expense	
	Current tax for the year	-424,861
	-	-424,861



5. Other fixed asset investments

	Deposits
	DKK
Cost at 26 April	0
Additions for the year	77,300
Cost at 31 December	77,300
Carrying amount at 31 December	77,300

6. Share capital

After the balance sheet date, the Board of Directors is authorized under the articles of association of the company to issue warrants and has introduced a warrant program for the executive management and a small number of individual contributors in the company.

		2023
		DKK
7.	Contingent assets, liabilities and other financial obligations	
	Rental and lease obligations	
	Lease obligations under operating leases. Total future lease payments:	
	Within 1 year	77,300
		77,300



8. Accounting policies

The Annual Report of spektr ApS for 2023 has been prepared in accordance with the provisions of the Danish Financial Statements Act applying to enterprises of reporting class B as well as selected rules applying to reporting class C.

This is the company's first financial year.

The Financial Statements for 2023 are presented in DKK.

Recognition and measurement

Revenues are recognised in the income statement as earned. Furthermore, value adjustments of financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value or amortised cost are recognised. Moreover, all expenses incurred to achieve the earnings for the year are recognised in the income statement, including depreciation, amortisation, impairment losses and provisions as well as reversals due to changed accounting estimates of amounts that have previously been recognised in the income statement.

Assets are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits attributable to the asset will flow to the Company, and the value of the asset can be measured reliably.

Liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits will flow out of the Company, and the value of the liability can be measured reliably.

Assets and liabilities are initially measured at cost. Subsequently, assets and liabilities are measured as described for each item below.

Translation policies

Transactions in foreign currencies are translated at the exchange rates at the dates of transaction. Gains and losses arising due to differences between the transaction date rates and the rates at the dates of payment are recognised in financial income and expenses in the income statement.

Receivables, payables and other monetary items in foreign currencies that have not been settled at the balance sheet date are translated at the exchange rates at the balance sheet date. Any differences between the exchange rates at the balance sheet date and the rates at the time when the receivable or the debt arose are recognised in financial income and expenses in the income statement.

Income statement

Other external expenses

Other external expenses comprise expenses for premises, sales as well as office expenses, etc.

Gross profit/loss

With reference to section 32 of the Danish Financial Statements Act, gross profit/loss is calculated as a summary of revenue and other external expenses.

Staff expenses

Staff costs include wages and salaries including compensated absence and pensions as well as other social security contributions etc. made to the entity's employees.

Financial income and expenses

Financial income and expenses are recognised in the income statement at the amounts relating to the financial year.



Tax on profit/loss for the year

Tax for the year consists of current tax for the year and changes in deferred tax for the year. The tax attributable to the profit for the year is recognised in the income statement, whereas the tax attributable to equity transactions is recognised directly in equity.

Balance sheet

Other fixed asset investments

Other fixed asset investments consist of deposits.

Receivables

Receivables are measured in the balance sheet at the lower of amortised cost and net realisable value, which corresponds to nominal value less provisions for bad debts.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities

Deferred income tax is measured using the balance sheet liability method in respect of temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts for financial reporting purposes on the basis of the intended use of the asset and settlement of the liability, respectively.

Deferred tax assets, including the tax base of tax loss carry-forwards, are measured at the value at which the asset is expected to be realised, either by elimination in tax on future earnings or by set-off against deferred tax liabilities within the same legal tax entity.

Deferred tax is measured on the basis of the tax rules and tax rates that will be effective under the legislation at the balance sheet date when the deferred tax is expected to crystallise as current tax. Any changes in deferred tax due to changes to tax rates are recognised in the income statement or in equity if the deferred tax relates to items recognised in equity.

Current tax receivables and liabilities

Current tax liabilities and receivables are recognised in the balance sheet as the expected taxable income for the year adjusted for tax on taxable incomes for prior years and tax paid on account. Extra payments and repayment under the on-account taxation scheme are recognised in the income statement in financial income and expenses.

Financial liabilities

Debts are measured at amortised cost, substantially corresponding to nominal value.

