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### CI V Sponsor Investor K/S

Gdanskgade 18, 12. 2150 Nordhavn CVR No. 43799460

# Annual report 24.01.2023 - 31.12.2023

The Annual General Meeting adopted the annual report on 26.04.2024

— DocuSigned by:

Amalie Nargaard

#### **Amalie Nørgaard**

Chairman of the General Meeting

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# **Entity details**

#### **Entity**

CIV Sponsor Investor K/S Gdanskgade 18, 12. 2150 Nordhavn

Business Registration No.: 43799460

Date of foundation: 24.01.2023 Registered office: Copenhagen

Financial year: 24.01.2023 - 31.12.2023

#### **Executive Board**

Erik Banner Voigt Simon Kjær

#### **Auditors**

Deloitte Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab Weidekampsgade 6 2300 Copenhagen S

# **Statement by Management**

The Executive Board has today considered and approved the annual report of CIV Sponsor Investor K/S for the financial year 24.01.2023 - 31.12.2023.

The annual report is presented in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the Entity's financial position at 31.12.2023 and of the results of its operations for the financial year 24.01.2023 - 31.12.2023.

We believe that the management commentary contains a fair review of the affairs and conditions referred to therein.

Furthermore, the supplementary report has been prepared in accordance with the Sustainable Finance Disclosure Regulation (SFDR) and contains a fair review of the affairs and conditions referred to therein.

We recommend the annual report for adoption at the Annual General Meeting.

Copenhagen, 09.04.2024

On behalf of CI V Sponsor Investor GP ApS

DocuSigned by:

Erik Banner-Voigt

Frik Ranner Voigt

Symmy pos

Simon Kiær

# Independent auditor's report

#### To the shareholder of CI V Sponsor Investor K/S

#### **Opinion**

We have audited the financial statements of CI V Sponsor Investor K/S for the financial year 24.01.2023 - 31.12.2023, which comprise the income statement, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity and notes, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial statements are prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the Entity's financial position at 31.12.2023 and of the results of its operations for the financial year 24.01.2023 - 31.12.2023 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

#### **Basis for opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) and additional requirements applicable in Denmark. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the "Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements" section of this auditor's report. We are independent of the Entity in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' International Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) and the additional ethical requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the IESBA Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

#### Management's responsibilities for the financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act, and for such internal control as Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, Management is responsible for assessing the Entity's ability to continue as a going concern, for disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern, and for using the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements unless Management either intends to liquidate the Entity or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

#### Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to
  fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence
  that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a
  material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may
  involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Entity's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by Management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of Management's use of the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements, and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Entity's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Entity to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures in the notes, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that gives a true and fair view.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

#### Statement on the management commentary

Management is responsible for the management commentary.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the management commentary, and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the management commentary and, in doing so, consider whether the management commentary is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

Moreover, it is our responsibility to consider whether the management commentary provides the information required under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

CI V Sponsor Investor K/S | Independent auditor's report

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Based on the work we have performed, we conclude that the management commentary is in accordance with the financial statements and has been prepared in accordance with the requirements in the relevant law and regulations. We did not identify any material misstatement of the management commentary.

Copenhagen, 09.04.2024

#### **Deloitte**

Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab CVR No. 33963556

-DocuSigned by:

Michael Thorø Larsen
State Authorised Public Accountant

Michael Thors larsen

Identification No (MNE) mne35823

# **Management commentary**

#### **Primary activities**

The Entity's main activity is to generate income and capital appreciation by making investments.

#### **Description of material changes in activities and finances**

The Entity has lost its equity. Management expects future capital contributions from the owners to restore equity.

#### **Events after the balance sheet date**

No events have occurred after the balance sheet date to this date, which would influence the evaluation of this annual report.

# **Supplementary reports**

The financial product is classified as being a financial product referred to in Article 9(2) of Regulation (EU) 2019/2088 on sustainability related disclosures in the financial services sector, having a sustainable investment objective.

The product level periodic disclosure – Annex V of the Regulation (EU) 2022/1288, is found in Appendix 1.

# **Income statement for 2023**

		2023
	Notes	EUR'000
Gross profit/loss		(22)
Profit/loss for the year		(22)
Proposed distribution of profit and loss		
Retained earnings		(22)
Proposed distribution of profit and loss		(22)

## Balance sheet at 31.12.2023

#### **Assets**

155005	
	2023
	EUR'000
Assets	(

#### **Equity and liabilities**

		2023
	Notes	EUR'000
Retained earnings		(22)
Equity		(22)
Other payables		22
Current liabilities other than provisions		22
Liabilities other than provisions		22
Equity and liabilities		0
Going concern	1	
Employees	2	
Contingent liabilities	3	

# Statement of changes in equity for 2023

	Retained	Total	
	earnings		
	EUR'000	EUR'000	
Profit/loss for the year	(22)	(22)	
Equity end of year	(22)	(22)	

There are special dividend rights attached to specific share classes. The contributed capital for the Entity is divided into B-C shares.

## **Notes**

#### 1 Going concern

The Entity has negative equity as of 31.12.2023. The Entity has a remaining commitment from investors of EUR 51,711 thousand, why it is Management's expectation that further capital contributions will ensure that the equity will be restored.

#### 2 **Employees**

The Entity has no employees.

The Management has not received remunerations.

According to paragraph 61 section 3 (5 and 6) of the Alternative Investment Fund Managers etc. Act, alternative investment funds must disclose information about the total remuneration of the entire staff of the Fund Manager and the number of beneficiaries. Furthermore, remuneration to material risk-takers must be disclosed.

The Fund Manager must also disclose the information necessary to provide an understanding of the risk profile of the Fund and the measures that the Fund Manager takes to avoid or manage conflicts of interest between the Fund Manager and the Limited Partners. The Executive Board has adopted a remuneration policy in order to ensure that the employees and Management are remunerated according to the Danish Executive Order on remuneration policy and disclosure requirements on remuneration for managers of alternative investment funds, etc.

In accordance with paragraph 61 section 3 (5 and 6) of the Alternative Investment Fund Managers etc. Act, information regarding salaries paid to employees of the fund manager is disclosed in the Annual Report for CI V Sponsor Investor K/S, Business Reg. No. 43 79 94 60.

No carried interest was paid out by the Fund during the financial period.

#### **3 Contingent liabilities**

There is a remaining investment commitment of a total of EUR 51,711 thousand.

There are no other guarantees or contingent liabilities of the Entity.

# **Accounting policies**

#### **Reporting class**

This annual report has been presented in accordance with the provisions of the Danish Financial Statements Act governing reporting class B enterprises with addition of a few provisions for reporting class C.

Reporting currency is Euro (EUR).

#### Non-comparability

This is the Entity's first financial year and comprise the period 24.01.2023 - 31.12.2023, and hence no comparative figures have been presented.

#### **Recognition and measurement**

Assets are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable as a result of a prior event that future economic benefits will flow to the Entity, and the value of the asset can be measured reliably.

Liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet when the Entity has a legal or constructive obligation as a result of a prior event, and it is probable that future economic benefits will flow out of the Entity, and the value of the liability can be measured reliably.

On initial recognition, assets and liabilities are measured at cost. Measurement subsequent to initial recognition is effected as described below for each financial statement item.

Anticipated risks and losses that arise before the time of presentation of the annual report and that confirm or invalidate affairs and conditions existing at the balance sheet date are considered at recognition and measurement.

Income is recognised in the income statement when earned, whereas costs are recognised by the amounts attributable to this financial year.

#### **Foreign currency translation**

On initial recognition, foreign currency transactions are translated applying the exchange rate at the transaction date. Receivables, payables and other monetary items denominated in foreign currencies that have not been settled at the balance sheet date are translated using the exchange rate at the balance sheet date. Exchange differences that arise between the rate at the transaction date and the rate in effect at the payment date, or the rate at the balance sheet date, are recognised in the income statement as financial income or financial expenses.

#### **Income statement**

#### **Gross profit or loss**

Gross profit or loss comprises other external expenses.

#### Other external expenses

Other external expenses include expenses relating to the Entity's ordinary activities.

CI V Sponsor Investor K/S | Accounting policies

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#### **Balance sheet**

#### Other financial liabilities

Other financial liabilities are measured at amortised cost, which usually corresponds to nominal value.

# Appendix 1 - Supplementary report on disclosures in accordance with the SFDR

Periodic disclosure for the financial products referred to in Article 9, paragraphs 1 to 4a, of Regulation (EU) 2019/2088 and Article 5, first paragraph, of Regulation (EU) 2020/852

Product name: CI V Sponsor Investor K/S

Legal entity identifier: 43799460

### Sustainable investment objective

Did th	Did this financial product have a sustainable investment objective?						
••	×	Yes	•	No			
•	inves	in economic activities that qualify as environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy in economic activities that do not qualify as environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy		It promoted Environmental/Social (E/S) characteristics and while it did not have as its objective a sustainable investment, it had a proportion of			
		de sustainable investments a social objective:%		It promoted E/S characteristics, but <b>did not make any sustainable investments</b>			

The following legal entity, CI V Sponsor Investor K/S as well as any alternative investment vehicles listed in Annex I are part of a whole fund structure (collectively the "Fund" or "CI V"), managed by Copenhagen Infrastructure Partners P/S, com-pany number (CVR no.) 37994006 (the "Manager" or "CIP"). The allocation of investors' commitment to each entity is driven by tax, legal and regulatory reasons unrelated to CI V's sustainability objectives. Furthermore, an investor's exposure to the underlying assets of CI V is not affected by the allocation of its commitment to any one particular legal entity comprised by CI V. For these reasons CI V is for the purposes of this website product disclosure deemed to be a single financial product.

Sustainable investment means an investment in an economic activity that contributes to an environmental or social objective, provided that the investment does not significantly harm any environmental or social objective and that the investee companies follow good governance practices.

The **EU Taxonomy** is a classification system laid down in Regulation (EU) 2020/852 establishing a list of environmentally sustainable economic activities. That Regulation does not include a list of socially sustainable economic activities. Sustainable investments with an

environmental objective might be aligned with the

Taxonomy or not.



## To what extent was the sustainable investment objective of this financial product met?

The sustainable investment objective of CI V was to invest in energy infrastructure assets that contributed to one or more of the following environmental objectives:

- (1) climate change mitigation; or
- (2) climate change adaptation; or
- (3) net reduction in greenhouse gas emissions

During the reference period, Final Investment Decision ("**FID**") was reached in relation to one corporate equity investment. No other investment opportunities have reached FID by the end of the reference period.

#### **Investment Strategy**

CI V will invest in renewable energy infrastructure, which may include offshore wind, onshore wind, solar PV, biomass and energy-from-waste, transmission and distribution, and other energy assets like reserve capacity and storage.

This investment strategy is established in the fund documentation governing CI V. CI V is not required to apply any additionally defined selection strategy to attain the environmental objective/s. The fund documentation is the "binding element" of the investment strategy. The investment strategy is implemented via a series of investment decision gateways, one of which is the FID gateway. CIP will not present an investment to the CI V decision-making body for FID unless it falls within the abovementioned strategy.

Only investments which follow the procedures set out in this disclosure are expected to be approved by the General Partner as the decision-making body.

CI V's strategy for ensuring good governance practices in investee companies is ordinarily to establish or con-firm the governance structure/system whilst developing the energy infrastructure asset, activity or business (as appropriate). Where relevant, CIP uses its "active owner" governance rights to secure the good governance practices of the investee companies in accordance with CIP's Responsible Investment Policy and the Fund's ESG and Climate standards

#### How did the sustainability indicators perform?

CI V used the following sustainability indicators to measure the attainment of the environmental objectives underpinning CI V's sustainable investment objective(s):

- 1) Renewable energy capacity (MW)
- 2) Renewable power generation (GWh)
- 3) Estimated CO2e emissions avoided (tCO2e)

During the reference period, FID was reached in relation to one corporate equity investment in energy generation. The purpose of the investment is construction of onshore wind.

Therefore, the underlying economic activity is an activity contributing to the Fund's sustainable environmental objective of **reduction in greenhouse gas emissions and climate change mitigation** through enabling the decarbonisation of hard-to-abate sectors.

Sustainability indicators measure how the sustainable objectives of this financial product are attained.

Environmental indicators	2022 <sup>1</sup>	2023
Renewable energy capacity	N/A	419 MW
Renewable energy generation	N/A	0
Actual CO2e emissions avoided	N/A	0

Renewable energy capacity and renewable energy generation are subject to a limited assurance provided by an auditor or a review by a third party as required in the Article 64 of the commission delegated regulation (EU) 2022/1288 of 6 April 2022.

#### ...and compared to previous periods?

Please see table above.

The changes are mainly due to portfolio changes, as the portfolio last year had no investments, and this year has added the Panther Grove project.

As the project is under construction, we have not been able to gather data on renewable energy generation and therefore no emissions have been avoided.

# How did the sustainable investments not cause significant harm to any sustainable investment objective?

Several mechanisms are in place seek to ensure that investments in the Fund's portfolio do not significantly harm any sustainable investment objective, including the environmental objectives that the Fund seeks to pursue. Investments made by CI V are governed by a Responsible Investment Policy which, among others, mandates responsible environmental impact management, protects key social objectives such as human and labour rights, and restricts CI V from investing in controversial weapons that would ordinarily breach humanitarian principles. The Responsible Investment Policy is guided and informed by a number of international voluntary and regulatory frameworks, such as the UN Principles for Responsible Investments (UNPRI), OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises, UN Guiding Principles on Business and Human Rights (UNGP), IFC Sustainability Framework and Industry Sector Guidelines, and others.

Adherence to the Responsible Investment Policy for CI V is stated in the investment policy section of the Limited Partnership Agreement governing the investors commitment to the Fund (the "LPA"). CI V is also specifically excluded from investing in nuclear, oil, or coal-fired generation, and the Fund is restricted from investing in nuclear weapons or weapons that would ordinarily breach humanitarian principles.

In addition to its investment policy scope, CI V is governed by a set of environmental, social and governance ("ESG") and Climate Standards. The ESG and Climate Standards, defined for the Fund, establish standards which are intended to ensure that the investments of CI V do not significantly harm any sustainable investment objective, including the environmental objectives that CI V seeks to pursue. The environmental section of the ESG and Climate Standards requires compliance with applicable host country laws and regulations, as well as relevant binding international conventions for the protection of the environment. The social section of the ESG and Climate Standards requires compliance with applicable host country laws and regulations as well as relevant binding conventions relating to social issues such as

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 $<sup>^{</sup>m 1}$  There were no investments in the Fund during 2022, therefore, there were no PAI indicators available.

health, safety, security, labour rights, cultural heritage, stakeholder engagement, and human rights. Compliance with the core labour standards of the International Labour Organisation is expected.

In addition to the abovementioned documents, CIP utilises the following mechanisms and procedures to ensure that the investments made by CI V do not significantly harm any sustainable investment objective, including the environmental objectives that it seeks to pursue:

- 1) An assessment of potential material ESG risks is made for all investments prior to FID, including an assessment of indicators for principal adverse impacts ("PAI"), please see table below for further in-depth explanation of each individual PAI, or any internal documents which reflect, operationalise or incorporate such indicators (e.g. Responsible Investment Policy and CI V ESG and Climate Standards).
- 2) Excluding coal-fired and nuclear-fired power plants and choosing not to pursue investments that do not materially align with CI V's defined ESG and Climate Standards
- 3) Due diligence conducted or arranged by CIP's investment team
- 4) Internal ESG-specific resources dedicated to supporting investments made by CI V
- 5) Mitigation and/or management plans covering sustainability objectives at the investee company level
- 6) Incorporating contractual clauses covering minimum standards of conduct on investee companies in alignment with CIP's Responsible Investment Policy and CI V ESG and Climate Standards
- 7) Prioritising sustainability-related topics at board meetings and/or steering committees of investee companies where CI V is represented, and exercising voting rights in favour of sustainability-related topics
- 8) Monitoring of sustainability performance of investee companies through mandatory reporting
- 9) Responding to sustainability incidents through CI V's

During the reference period, the investment made by the Fund was subject to the mechanisms and procedures described above and was considered to be materially aligned with them. As such, it is assessed that no significant harm was caused to any sustainable investment objective, including the environmental objectives pursued by this financial product.

How were the indicators for adverse impacts on sustainability factors taken into account?

Relevant principal adverse impact indicators are considered through the lens of material ESG risks, such as environmental, health and safety legislation and enforcement, human and labour rights risks, corruption risks, and are operationalised through several procedures and relevant documents described in the section above.

During the reference period, indicators for adverse impacts on sustainability factors were taken into account for the investment in the Fund's portfolio (which has reached FID) through:

Principal adverse impacts are the most significant negative impacts of investment decisions on sustainability factors relating to environmental, social and employee matters, respect for human rights, anticorruption and antibribery matters.

- Conducting an assessment of potential material ESG risks for all investments prior to FID. This includes pre-investment screening and due diligence processes, which are led by CIP's Investment Team and supported by CIP's ESG function, and where relevant by external advisors
- 2) Mitigation and/or management plans for relevant potential adverse impacts at investee company level
- 3) Monitoring of relevant potential adverse impacts of investee companies through reporting on either a monthly, bi-monthly, quarterly or yearly basis
- 4) Responding to incidents relating to relevant potential adverse impacts through CIP's position on the board and/or steering committee of the investee company if applicable

Were sustainable investments aligned with the OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises and the UN Guiding Principles on Business and Human Rights? Details:

CIP's Responsible Investment Policy and the CI V-specific ESG Standards are intended to be aligned with the OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises and the UN Guiding Principles on Business and Human Rights, including the principles and rights set out in the eight fundamental conventions identified in the Declaration of the International Labour Organisation on Fundamental Principles and Rights at Work and the International Bill of Human Rights set of guidelines (the "Guidelines").

During the reference period, there were no known indications of deviations of the investment in CI V's portfolio from the OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises and the UN Guiding Principles on Business and Human Rights.

As such, the investment in CI V's portfolio is considered aligned with the OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises and the UN Guiding Principles on Business and Human Rights.



# How did this financial product consider principal adverse impacts on sustainability factors?

Principal adverse impact indicators are considered through the lens of material ESG risks, such as environmental, health and safety legislation and enforcement, human and labour rights risks, corruption risks, and are operationalised through several procedures and relevant documents described in the section above.

During the reference period, one corporate equity investment reached FID, and this investment was subject to the mechanisms and procedures described above.

Ma	andatory PAI In	dicators	Impact 2022 <sup>2</sup>	Impact 2023	Actions taken, actions planned and targets set for the next reference period
1.	GHG emissions	tCO2e	N/A	14.839	General Approach
Sco	ope 1	tCO2e	N/A	N/A	<ul> <li>Our approach to assessing and managing climate-related</li> <li>risks is guided by the Task Force on Climate-related</li> <li>Financial Disclosures (TCFD) (now incorporated into the</li> </ul>
Sco	ope 2	tCO2e	N/A	N/A	ISSB's standards).
Sco	cope 3 tCO		N/A	N/A	Prior to FID, CIP's investment team is responsible for conducting the overall pre-investment due diligence. CIP's    Conducting the overall pre-investment due diligence. CIP's
2.	Carbon footprint	tCO2e/ mEUR	N/A	179	<ul> <li>investment team shall rely on or arrange for targeted due diligence to be performed on relevant ESG topics to a potential investment, which shall, as relevant, include an assessment of risks relating to:</li> </ul>
					- Environmental impacts
					- Environmental compliance and permitting
					<ul> <li>Health and safety and environmental (HSE) standards of the project and suppliers</li> </ul>
					- Labour standards of the project and suppliers
					- Community relations
3.	GHG				- Human rights
	intensity of investee	tCO2e/ mEUR	N/A	N/A	- Anti-bribery and corruption
	companies				Actions Taken
					During the year we have worked on establishing procedures for gathering relevant data in order to calculate these indicators.
					Due to the deadline for this periodic disclosure, we are not yet able to calculate 2023 GHG emissions, and derived figures (Carbon footprint and GHG intensity)
					As proxy for GHG emissions we have therefore used Expected Annual Lifecycle (scope 1, 2 and 3 emissions).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> There were no investments in the Fund during 2022, therefore, there were no PAI indicators available.

GHG emissions will be calculated and published as part of the annual PAI Statement, latest 30. June.

#### **Actions Planned**

Focus for the next reference periods will be to improve the data and reporting framework to ensure better data gathering and quality of the indicators.

We have furthermore developed a decarbonisation approach, which will ensure focus and data delivery regarding GHG emissions, enabling us to track GHG emissions for new projects.

4.	Exposure to				General Approach/Actions Taken/Actions Planned
	companies active in the fossil fuel sector	%	N/A	0	CIP has no investments in companies which are active in the fossil fuel sector. During the next reference periods we will continue to monitor the indicator to seek continued alignment to our policy.
5.	Share of non- renewable energy consumption and				General Approach  Prior to FID, CIP's investment team is responsible for conducting the overall pre-investment due diligence. CIP's investment team shall rely on or arrange for targeted due
Sha	production are of non-				diligence to be performed on relevant ESG topics to a potential investment, which shall, as relevant, include an assessment of risks relating to:
	newable energy nsumption	%	N/A	0	<ul><li>Environmental impacts</li><li>Environmental compliance and permitting</li></ul>
rer	are of non- newable energy oduction	%	N/A	0	Actions Taken  During the year we have established procedures for gathering relevant data in order to calculate these
6.	Energy consumption intensity per	GWh/		Climate	indicators. As there is only one project that has passed FID, Panther Grove, and this project is in pre-construction phase, this indicator is reported to 0.
	high impact	mEUR	N/A	sector D: 0	Actions Planned
	climate sector			J	During the next reference periods we will monitor and work to improve the indicator within each investment in the Fund.
7.	Activities				General Approach
	negatively affecting biodiveristy-	%	N/A	0	During the reference period CIP has implemented a Biodiversity Action Plan which seeks to ensure that

sensitive areas

potential impacts relevant to this indicator are minimised. This is done by identifying risks and conducting an Environmental Impact Assessment for each investment made in the fund. As a part of this process all biodiversity risks are mitigated to seek biodiversity neutrality.

#### **Actions Taken**

During the year we have established procedures for gathering relevant data in order to calculate the indicator. The investment in the Fund report no negative impact during the reference period.

#### **Actions Planned**

During the next reference periods we will continue to monitor the indicator to seek continued alignment with our policy.

#### **General Approval**

Prior to FID, CIP's investment team is responsible for conducting the overall pre-investment due diligence. CIP's investment team shall rely on or arrange for targeted due diligence to be performed on relevant ESG topics to a potential investment, which shall, as relevant, include an assessment of risks relating to:

- Environmental impacts
- Environmental compliance and permitting

#### **Actions Taken**

During the year we have established procedures for gathering relevant data in order to calculate the indicator. The investment in the Fund report no negative impact during the reference period.

#### **Actions Planned**

During the next reference periods we will continue to monitor the indicator to seek continued alignment.

#### **General Approach**

Part of CIP Responsible Investment Policy includes minimizing, in accordance with good industry practice, the environmental consequences related to the construction and operations phases of underlying assets, specifically regarding the use of hazardous materials. In addition, prior to FID, CIP's investment team is responsible for conducting the overall pre-investment due diligence. CIP's investment team shall rely on or arrange for targeted due diligence to be performed on relevant ESG topics to a potential investment, which shall, as relevant, include an assessment of risks relating to:

- Environmental impacts
- Environmental compliance and permitting

8. Emissions to water

waste ratio

Tonnes /mEUR

N/A

/A

0

9. Hazardous
waste and Tonnes
radioactive /mEUR

#### **Actions Taken**

During the year we have established procedures for gathering relevant data in order to calculate these indicators. As there is only one project that has passed FID, Panther Grove, and this project is in pre-construction phase, this indicator is reported to 0.

#### **Actions Planned**

During the next reference periods we will work to gather further data.

#### **General Approach**

CIP is a signatory to the UN Principles for Responsible Investment and is thus committed to the integration of ESG factors throughout each stage of CIP's standard investment process: investment selection; due diligence and structuring; and investment management during construction and operations.

CIP's responsible investment principles are guided by the following international standards and norms:

- UN Principles for Responsible Investments (UN PRI)
- The Ten Principles of the UN Global Compact (UNGC)
- UN Guiding Principles on Business and Human Rights (UNGP)
- OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises
- The Equator Principles
- IFC Sustainability Framework and Industry Sector
- Good industry practice in the management of HSE issues

In addition, prior to FID, CIP's investment team is responsible for conducting the overall pre-investment due diligence. CIP's investment team shall rely on or arrange for targeted due diligence to be performed on relevant ESG topics to a potential investment, which shall, as relevant, include an assessment of risks relating to:

- Environmental impacts
- Environmental compliance and permitting
- Health and safety and environmental (HSE) standards of the project and suppliers
- Labour standards of the project and suppliers
- Community relations
- Human rights
- Anti-bribery and corruption

#### **Actions Taken**

10. Violations of **UN Global** Compact principles and Organisation for Economic N/A Cooperation % 0 and Development (OECD) Guidelines for Multinational

**Enterprises** 

During the year we have established procedures for gathering relevant data in order to calculate these indicators.

#### **Actions Planned**

During the next reference periods we will continue to monitor the indicator to seek continued alignment.

# 11. Lack of processes and compliance mechanisms to monitor compliance with UN Global Compact

principles

and OECD

Guidelines for

Multinational

**Enterprises** 

#### **General Approach**

CIP is a signatory to the UN Principles for Responsible Investment and is thus committed to the integration of ESG factors throughout each stage of CIP's standard investment process: investment selection; due diligence and structuring; and investment management during construction and operations.

CIP's responsible investment principles are guided by the following international standards and norms:

- UN Principles for Responsible Investments (UN PRI)
- The Ten Principles of the UN Global Compact (UNGC)
- UN Guiding Principles on Business and Human Rights (UNGP)
- OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises
- The Equator Principles
- IFC Sustainability Framework and Industry Sector Guidelines
- Good industry practice in the management of HSE issues In addition, prior to FID, CIP's investment team is responsible for conducting the overall pre-investment due diligence. CIP's investment team shall rely on or arrange for targeted due diligence to be performed on relevant

ESG topics to a potential investment, which shall, as relevant, include an assessment of risks relating to:

- Community relations
- Human rights
- Anti-bribery and corruption

#### **Actions Taken**

During the year we have established procedures for gathering relevant data in order to calculate these indicators. As there is only one project that has passed FID, Panther Grove, and this project is in pre-construction phase, this indicator is reported to 0.

#### **Actions Planned**

During the next reference periods we will work to gather further data. Moreover, having a focus on establishing grievance and compliance procedures within each investment made.

#### **General Approach**

CIP is a signatory to the UN Principles for Responsible Investment and is thus committed to the integration of ESG factors throughout each stage of CIP's standard investment process: investment selection; due diligence and structuring; and investment management during construction and operations.

CIP's responsible investment principles are guided by various international standards and norms including the Ten Principles of the UN Global Compact (UNGC) and thereby also principle 6, the elimination of discrimination in respect of employment and occupation.

# 12. Unadjusted gender pay % N/A N/A gap

#### **Actions Taken**

During the year we have established procedures for gathering relevant data in order to calculate these indicators. Data is currently unavailable for Panther Grove.

#### **Actions Planned**

During the next reference periods we will work to improve the indicator and gather further data.

# 13. Board gender diversity Female /Male N/A 0/2 Ratio

#### **General Approach**

CIP is a signatory to the UN Principles for Responsible Investment and is thus committed to the integration of ESG factors throughout each stage of CIP's standard investment process: investment selection; due diligence and structuring; and investment management during construction and operations.

CIP's responsible investment principles are guided by various international standards and norms including the Ten Principles of the UN Global Compact (UNGC) and thereby also principle 6, the elimination of discrimination in respect of employment and occupation.

#### **Actions Taken**

During the year we have established procedures for gathering relevant data in order to calculate the indicator.

#### **Actions Planned**

During the next reference periods we will monitor and work to improve the indicator within each investment made in the Fund.

14. Exposure to
controversial
weapons
(antipersonn
el mines,
cluster % N/A
munitions,
chemical
weapons and

biological

weapons)

#### **General Approach**

Part of CIP Responsible Investment Policy includes that investment are made in the manufacture of weapons, which in the course of normal intended use would breach fundamental humanitarian principles (e.g., atomic, biological or chemical weapons, cluster bombs or antipersonnel landmines), or in the development, production or storage of nuclear weapons, or in the production of components made explicitly for use in nuclear weapons

#### **Actions Taken**

0

During the year we have established procedures for gathering relevant data in order to calculate these indicators.

#### **Actions Planned**

During the next reference periods we will conitnue to monitor the indicator to seek continued alignment.

Voluntary PAI Indica	tors	Impact 2022 <sup>3</sup>	Impact 2023	Actions taken, actions planned and targets set for the next reference period.
5. Breakdown of energy consumption by type of non-renewable sources of energy	GWh	N/A	0	General Approach  Prior to FID, CIP's investment team is responsible for conducting the overall pre-investment due diligence. CIP's investment team shall rely on or arrange for targeted due diligence to be performed on relevant ESG topics to a potential investment, which shall, as relevant, include an
Electricity from grid	%	N/A	0	assessment of risks relating to:
Diesel	%	N/A	0	<ul> <li>- Environmental impacts</li> <li>- Environmental compliance and permitting</li> </ul>

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> There were no investments in the Fund during 2022, therefore, there were no PAI indicators available.

%	N/A	0	Actions Taken
%	N/A	0	During the year we have established procedures for gathering relevant data in order to calculate these indicators.
%	N/A	0	As there is only one project that has passed FID, Panther Grove, and this project is in pre-construction phase, this indicator is reported to 0.
		O	Actions Planned
			During the next reference periods we will work to gather further data.
	%	% N/A	% N/A 0

#### **General Approach**

H&S has always been fundamental to CIP's way of working. Whilst H&S risks inherent to building and operating large-scale energy projects can never be entirely eliminated, we take a proactive approach to identify risks and prevent incidents.

Prior to FID, CIP's investment team is responsible for conducting the overall pre-investment due diligence. CIP's investment team shall rely on or arrange for targeted due diligence to be performed on relevant ESG topics to a potential investment, which shall, as relevant, include an assessment of risks relating to:

- Health and safety and environmental (HSE) standards of the project and suppliers

Furthermore, we expect and require projects to place clear H&S requirements on suppliers when driving procurement. This is implemented through our Code of Conduct for Business Partners.

# 3. Number of days lost to injuries, accidents, fatalities or illness

#### **Actions Taken**

During the year we have established procedures for gathering relevant data in order to calculate these indicators. In addition, we have increased our capacity to support on H&S efforts and further strengthened our governance arrangements at this stage. This is done by strengthening our processes for assessing risk, implementing preventive measures and responding to and learning from ESG-related incidents. For H&S specifically, we have developed CIP-wide incident response procedures, building on existing project level best practices in terms of incident notification and investigation.

As there is only one project that has passed FID, Panther Grove, and this project is in pre-construction phase, this indicator is reported to 0.

#### **Actions Planned**

During the next reference periods we will monitor and work to improve the indicator within each investment in the Fund. Moreover, CIP will initiate training with projects and

systematic follow ups on progress through regular touchpoints.



#### What were the top investments of this financial product?

During the reference period, one corporate equity investment reached FID. This investment is further described in the Fund's annual report. In addition to the corporate equity investment, CI V has a number of investment opportunities under development which are not included in the overview below, as FID has not yet been taken in relation to these opportunities.

Gross asset value ("GAV") as per 31 December 2023 is used as the basis for calculating the proportions (%) of investments that have reached FID.

Largest investments	Sector	% Assets	Country
Panther Grove I	Energy Generation	100%	Unites States of America

Asset allocation describes the share of investments in specific assets.

The list includes the investments constituting the greatest proportion of investments of the financial product during the reference period which is: 1 January 2022 - 31 December 2023

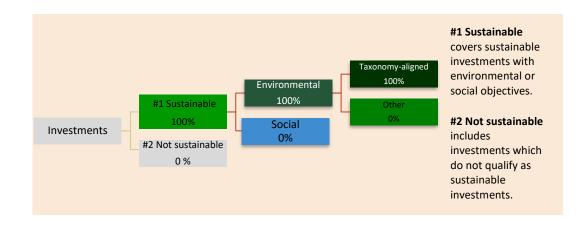


#### What was the proportion of sustainability-related investments?

The proportion of sustainability-related investments was 100%

#### What was the asset allocation?

CI V has committed to make a minimum of 95% sustainable investments with an environmental objective. In the reference period 100 % of the investments (which have reached FID) held by CI V were sustainable investments with an environmental objective.



GAV as per 31 December 2023 is used as the basis for calculating the proportion of investments.

	2022	2023	
Sustainable	100%	100%	
Not sustainable	0%	0%	

#### In which economic sectors were the investments made?

During the reference period, only one corporate equity investment reached FID. This was an investment in the economic sector: energy generation

During the reference period there was no investment exposure to fossil fuels.

	2022	2023
Exposure to fossil fuel	0	0



# To what extent were sustainable investments with an environmental objective aligned with the EU Taxonomy?

During this reference period, 100% of the Fund's investments are aligned the EU Taxonomy.

	Climate change mitigation	Climate change adaptation	The sustainable use and protection of water and marine resources	The transition to a circular economy	Pollution prevention and control	The protection and restoration of biodiversity and ecosystems
Alignment	100%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%

All of the requirements laid down in Article 3 of Regulation (EU) 2020/852 were subject to an agreed-upon procedure provided by one or more auditors or a review by one or more third parties.

#### Agreed-Upon Procedures Methodology for EU Taxonomy:

For each investment made by a fund, the overall steps to determine whether that investment is aligned with the Regulation are as follows:

- 1. Determine which investments made by the fund at end of 2023 are potentially within the scope of this exercise. This is done through:
  - Determine the investments which have taken FID and are in the fund's portfolio at end of 2023
  - Determine which of the investments listed at (a) are in economic activities listed in the EU Taxonomy and are not otherwise excluded from scope for a specific reason
- 2. For the investments which satisfy limbs (1)(a) (b) (i.e. are within the scope of this exercise), perform an EU Taxonomy-alignment test for each underlying economic activity for that investment. This is done through:
  - i. Determine which of the six environmental objectives under the EU Taxonomy is applicable to the economic activity relevant to the investment
  - ii. Assess if that economic activity meets the 'substantial contribution' criteria (limb (i))
  - iii. Assess if that economic activity meets the 'do no significant harm' criteria (limb (ii))
  - iv. Assess if that economic activity meets the 'minimum safeguards' criteria (limb (iii))

To comply with the EU Taxonomy, the criteria for fossil gas include limitations on emissions and switching to fully renewable power or low-carbon fuels by the end of 2035. For nuclear energy, the criteria include comprehensive safety and waste management rules.

Enabling activities directly enable oth

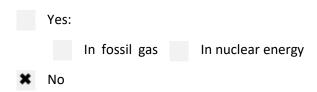
directly enable other activities to make a substantial contribution to an environmental objective

Transitional activities are economic activities for which low-carbon alternatives are not yet available and that have greenhouse gas emission levels corresponding to the best performance.

Taxonomy-aligned activities are expressed as a share of:

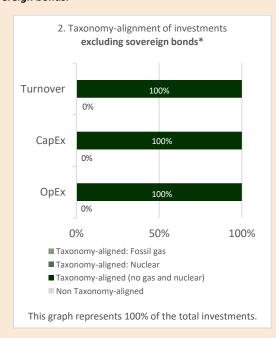
- turnover
   reflecting the
   share of revenue
   from green
   activities of
   investee
   companies
- capital
  expenditure
  (CapEx) showing
  the green
  investments made
  by investee
  companies, e.g. for
  a transition to a
  green economy.
- operational expenditure (OpEx) reflecting green operational activities of investee companies.

Did the financial product invest in fossil gas and/or nuclear energy related activities complying with the EU Taxonomy<sup>4</sup>?



The graphs below show in green the percentage of investments that were aligned with the EU Taxonomy. As there is no appropriate methodology to determine the taxonomy-alignment of sovereign bonds\*, the first graph shows the Taxonomy alignment in relation to all the investments of the financial product including sovereign bonds, while the second graph shows the Taxonomy alignment only in relation to the investments of the financial product other than sovereign bonds.





For the purpose of these graphs, 'sovereign bonds' consist of all sovereign exposures.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Fossil gas and/or nuclear related activities will only comply with the EU Taxonomy where they contribute to limiting climate change ("climate change mitigation") and do not significantly harm any EU Taxonomy objective - see explanatory note in the left hand margin. The full criteria for fossil gas and nuclear energy economic activities that comply with the EU Taxonomy are laid down in Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2022/1214.

#### What was the share of investments made in transitional and enabling activities?

During the reference period, the proportion of investments in enabling activities was 0% and investments in transitional activities was 0%.

	2022	2023
Transitional acitivites	0%	0%
Enabling activities	0%	0%

# How did the percentage of investments aligned with the EU Taxonomy compare with previous reference periods?

Based on an extensive assessment, the fund is able to be 100% aligned with the EU taxonomy. It is thus deemed that the percentage figure which may need to be reported under the SFDR for Taxonomy-alignment according to the categories of "turnover, capital expenditure and operational expenditure" will be the same figure for each of the three categories.

Taxonomy-aligned	2022	2023
Turnover	0%	100%
CapEx	0%	100%
OpEx	0%	100%



# What was the share of sustainable investments with an environmental objective that were not aligned with the EU Taxonomy?

100% of the share of sustainable investments (which have reached FID) with an environmental objective were aligned with the EU Taxonomy. Therefore, 0% of sustainable investments with an environmental objective were not aligned with the EU Taxonomy.



#### What was the share of socially sustainable investments?

N/A



What investments were included under "not sustainable", what was their purpose and were there any minimum environmental or social safeguards?

N/A



# What actions have been taken to attain the sustainable investment objective during the reference period?

The investment (which has reached FID) held by the Fund during the reference period was subject to the mechanisms and procedures described in the previous sections (i.e Responsible Investment Policy, CI V ESG Standards, CI V investment policy, assessment and monitoring of relevant potential adverse impacts of investee companies) and was considered to be materially aligned with them. In addition, to ensure good governance practices in investee companies, CIP uses its "active owner" governance rights to secure the good governance practices of the investee companies in accordance with CIP's Responsible Investment Policy and CI V's ESG and Climate Standards.



# How did this financial product perform compared to the reference sustainable benchmark?

No reference benchmark has been designated for the purpose of attaining the sustainable investment objective.

How did the reference benchmark differ from a broad market index?
N/A

How did this financial product perform with regard to the sustainability indicators to determine the alignment of the reference benchmark with the sustainable investment objective?

N/A

- How did this financial product perform compared with the reference benchmark?
  N/A
- How did this financial product perform compared with the broad market index?
  N/A

Reference benchmarks are indexes to measure whether the financial product attains the sustainable objective.