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Glentra ECo 4 ApS

Gammeltorv 18 1457 København K CVR No. 43703366

Annual report 13.12.2022 -31.12.2023

The Annual General Meeting adopted the annual report on 14.06.2024

Jakob Vestergaard Jensen Chairman of the General Meeting

Contents

Entity details	2
Statement by Management	3
Independent auditor's report	4
Management commentary	7
Income statement for 2022/23	8
Balance sheet at 31.12.2023	9
Statement of changes in equity for 2022/23	11
Notes	12
Accounting policies	13

Entity details

Entity

Glentra ECo 4 ApS Gammeltorv 18 1457 København K

Business Registration No.: 43703366 Registered office: København Financial year: 13.12.2022 - 31.12.2023

Executive Board

Jannick Dam Mortensen Torben Kjær

Auditors

Deloitte Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab Weidekampsgade 6 2300 Copenhagen S

Statement by Management

The Executive Board has today considered and approved the annual report of Glentra ECo 4 ApS for the financial year 13.12.2022 - 31.12.2023.

The annual report is presented in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the Entity's financial position at 31.12.2023 and of the results of its operations for the financial year 13.12.2022 - 31.12.2023.

We believe that the management commentary contains a fair review of the affairs and conditions referred to therein.

We recommend the annual report for adoption at the Annual General Meeting.

Copenhagen, 12.06.2024

Executive Board

Jannick Dam Mortensen

Torben Kjær

Independent auditor's report

To the shareholders of Glentra ECo 4 ApS

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Glentra ECo 4 ApS for the financial year 13.12.2022 -31.12.2023, which comprise the income statement, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity and notes, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial statements are prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the Entity's financial position at 31.12.2023 and of the results of its operations for the financial year 13.12.2022 - 31.12.2023 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) and additional requirements applicable in Denmark. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the "Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements" section of this auditor's report. We are independent of the Entity in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' International Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) and the additional ethical requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the IESBA Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Management's responsibilities for the financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act, and for such internal control as Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, Management is responsible for assessing the Entity's ability to continue as a going concern, for disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern, and for using the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements unless Management either intends to liquidate the Entity or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to
 fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence
 that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a
 material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may
 involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Entity's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by Management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of Management's use of the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements, and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Entity's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Entity to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures in the notes, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that gives a true and fair view.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Statement on the management commentary

Management is responsible for the management commentary.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the management commentary, and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the management commentary and, in doing so, consider whether the management commentary is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

Moreover, it is our responsibility to consider whether the management commentary provides the information required by relevant law and regulations.

Based on the work we have performed, we conclude that the management commentary is in accordance with the financial statements and has been prepared in accordance with the requirements in the relevant law and regulations. We did not identify any material misstatement of the management commentary.

Copenhagen, 12.06.2024

Deloitte

Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab CVR No. 33963556

Rasmus Grynderup Kiær Steffensen

State Authorised Public Accountant Identification No (MNE) mne44143

Management commentary

Primary activities

The purpose of the company is to own other companies.

Events after the balance sheet date

The company is expected to dispose a significant part of the investments in participating interests after the balance sheet date.

No other events have occurred after the balance sheet date to this date, which would influence the evaluation of this annual report.

Income statement for 2022/23

		2022/23 DKK
	Notes	
Other external expenses		(48,571)
Gross profit/loss		(48,571)
Income from investments in participating interests		370,484
Other financial income		305
Other financial expenses		(8,264)
Profit/loss before tax		313,954
Tax on profit/loss for the year	1	(76,208)
Profit/loss for the year		237,746
Proposed distribution of profit and loss:		
Retained earnings		237,746
Proposed distribution of profit and loss		237,746

Balance sheet at 31.12.2023

Assets

	2022/23	
	Notes	DKK
Investments in participating interests		422,484
Financial assets	2	422,484
Fixed assets		422,484
Cash		14,838
Current assets		14,838
Assets		437,322

Equity and liabilities

	2022/23
Notes	DKK
	40,000
	52,500
	370,484
	(132,738)
	330,246
	82,076
	25,000
	107,076
	107,076
	437,322
	Notes

Employees

3

Statement of changes in equity for 2022/23

		Reserve for net revaluation according to			
	Contributed capital	Share premium	the equity method	Retained earnings	Total
	DKK	DKK	DKK	DKK	DKK
Contributed upon formation	40,000	52,500	0	0	92,500
Profit/loss for the year	0	0	370,484	(132,738)	237,746
Equity end of year	40,000	52,500	370,484	(132,738)	330,246

Notes

1 Tax on profit/loss for the year

	2022/23
	DKK
Current tax	76,208
	76,208

2 Financial assets

	Investments in participa-	
	ting interests	
	DKK	
Additions	52,000	
Cost end of year	52,000	
Share of profit/loss for the year	370,484	
Revaluations end of year	370,484	
Carrying amount end of year	422,484	

3 Employees

The Entity has no employees other than the Executive Board. The Executive Board has not received any remuneration.

Accounting policies

Reporting class

This annual report has been presented in accordance with the provisions of the Danish Financial Statements Act governing reporting class B enterprises with addition of a few provisions for reporting class C.

Non-comparability

As it is the company's first accounting year, there are no comparative figures.

Recognition and measurement

Assets are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable as a result of a prior event that future economic benefits will flow to the Entity, and the value of the asset can be measured reliably.

Liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet when the Entity has a legal or constructive obligation as a result of a prior event, and it is probable that future economic benefits will flow out of the Entity, and the value of the liability can be measured reliably.

On initial recognition, assets and liabilities are measured at cost. Measurement subsequent to initial recognition is effected as described below for each financial statement item.

Anticipated risks and losses that arise before the time of presentation of the annual report and that confirm or invalidate affairs and conditions existing at the balance sheet date are considered at recognition and measurement.

Income is recognised in the income statement when earned, whereas costs are recognised by the amounts attributable to this financial year.

Income statement

Other external expenses

Other external expenses include expenses relating to the Entity's normal activities.

Income from investments in participating interests

Income from investments in participating interests comprises the pro rata share of the individual participating interests' profit/loss after pro rata elimination of intra-group profits or losses.

Other financial income

Other financial income comprises interest income.

Other financial expenses

Other financial expenses comprise interest expenses.

Tax on profit/loss for the year

Tax for the year, which consists of current tax for the year and changes in deferred tax, is recognised in the income statement by the portion attributable to the profit for the year and recognised directly in equity by the portion attributable to entries directly in equity.

Balance sheet

Investments in participating interests

Investments in participating interests are recognised and measured according to the equity method. This means that investments are measured at the pro rata share of the participating interests' equity value.

Upon distribution of profit or loss, net revaluation of investments in participating interests is transferred to the reserve for net revaluation according to the equity method in equity.

Cash

Cash comprises bank deposits.

Other financial liabilities

Other financial liabilities are measured at amortised cost, which usually corresponds to nominal value.

Tax receivable or payable

Current tax receivable or payable is recognised in the balance sheet, stated as tax computed on this year's taxable income, adjusted for prepaid tax.