### Sagitta Ventures ApS

Langebrogade 3 A, 2. 1411 Copenhagen CVR No. 43685503

Annual report 04.12.2022 - 31.12.2023

The Annual General Meeting adopted the annual report on 17.05.2024

### Rikkekatrine Larsen

Chairman of the General Meeting

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# **Entity details**

### **Entity**

Sagitta Ventures ApS Langebrogade 3 A, 2. 1411 Copenhagen

Business Registration No.: 43685503

Date of foundation: 04.12.2022 Registered office: Copenhagen

Financial year: 04.12.2022 - 31.12.2023

### **Executive Board**

Tais Clausen

### **Auditors**

Deloitte Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab Weidekampsgade 6 2300 Copenhagen S

# **Statement by Management**

The Executive Board has today considered and approved the annual report of Sagitta Ventures ApS for the financial year 04.12.2022 - 31.12.2023.

The annual report is presented in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In my opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the Entity's financial position at 31.12.2023 and of the results of its operations for the financial year 04.12.2022 - 31.12.2023.

I believe that the management commentary contains a fair review of the affairs and conditions referred to therein.

I recommend the annual report for adoption at the Annual General Meeting.

Copenhagen, 02.05.2024

**Executive Board** 

Tais Clausen

# Independent auditor's report

### To the shareholder of Sagitta Ventures ApS

### **Opinion**

We have audited the financial statements of Sagitta Ventures ApS for the financial year 04.12.2022 - 31.12.2023, which comprise the income statement, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity and notes, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial statements are prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the Entity's financial position at 31.12.2023 and of the results of its operations for the financial year 04.12.2022 - 31.12.2023 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

### **Basis for opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) and additional requirements applicable in Denmark. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the "Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements" section of this auditor's report. We are independent of the Entity in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' International Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) and the additional ethical requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the IESBA Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

### Management's responsibilities for the financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act, and for such internal control as Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, Management is responsible for assessing the Entity's ability to continue as a going concern, for disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern, and for using the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements unless Management either intends to liquidate the Entity or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

### Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to
  fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence
  that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a
  material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may
  involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Entity's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by Management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of Management's use of the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements, and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Entity's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Entity to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures in the notes, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that gives a true and fair view.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

### Statement on the management commentary

Management is responsible for the management commentary.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the management commentary, and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the management commentary and, in doing so, consider whether the management commentary is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

Moreover, it is our responsibility to consider whether the management commentary provides the information required by relevant law and regulations.

Based on the work we have performed, we conclude that the management commentary is in accordance with the financial statements and has been prepared in accordance with the requirements in the relevant law and regulations. We did not identify any material misstatement of the management commentary.

Copenhagen, 02.05.2024

#### **Deloitte**

Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab CVR No. 33963556

### **Thomas Rosquist Andersen**

State Authorised Public Accountant Identification No (MNE) mne31482

### Kasper Ørtoft

State Authorised Public Accountant Identification No (MNE) mne49073

# **Management commentary**

### **Primary activities**

Sagitta Ventures ApS is a long-term investor in unlisted companies.

### **Description of material changes in activities and finances**

The income statement for the period 04.12.2022 - 31.12.2023 shows a loss of DKK 60,985k, which is mainly affected by write-offs in unlisted companies.

The management consider this year's resultat to be satisfactory.

### **Events after the balance sheet date**

No events have occurred after the balance sheet date to this date, which would influence the evaluation of this annual report.

# **Income statement for 2022/23**

		2022/23
	Notes	DKK'000
Gross profit/loss		(2,942)
Other financial income	1	3,020
Impairment losses on financial assets		(59,046)
Financial expenses from group enterprises		(2,255)
Other financial expenses	2	(218)
Profit/loss before tax		(61,441)
Tax on profit/loss for the year	3	456
Profit/loss for the year		(60,985)
Proposed distribution of profit and loss		
Retained earnings		(60,985)
Proposed distribution of profit and loss		(60,985)

# **Balance sheet at 31.12.2023**

### **Assets**

		2022/23
	Notes	DKK'000
Investments in participating interests		83,500
Other investments		203,660
Financial assets	4	287,160
Fixed assets		287,160
Receivables from participating interests		57,930
Other receivables		4,076
Income tax receivable		456
Receivables		62,462
Cash		15,303
Current assets		77,765
Assets		364,925

### **Equity and liabilities**

		2022/23
	Notes	DKK'000
Contributed capital		5,005
Share premium		350,349
Retained earnings		(60,985)
Equity		294,369
Payables to group enterprises		70,183
Other payables		373
Current liabilities other than provisions		70,556
Liabilities other than provisions		70,556
Equity and liabilities		364,925
Employees	5	
Contingent liabilities	6	

# Statement of changes in equity for 2022/23

	Contributed capital	Contributed Share		Retained earnings		
		premium	Total			
	DKK'000	DKK'000	DKK'000	DKK'000		
Contributed upon formation	5,000	0	0	5,000		
Increase of capital	5	350,349	0	350,354		
Profit/loss for the year	0	0	(60,985)	(60,985)		
Equity end of year	5,005	350,349	(60,985)	294,369		

### **Notes**

### 1 Other financial income

		2022/23 DKK'000
Financial income from participating interests		1,696
Other interest income		621
Exchange rate adjustments		703
		3,020
2 Other financial expenses		
•		2022/23
		DKK'000
Exchange rate adjustments		216
Other financial expenses		2
		218
3 Tax on profit/loss for the year		
		2022/23
		DKK'000
Current tax		(456)
		(456)
4 Financial assets		
	Investments	
	in participa-	Other
	ting interests DKK'000	investments DKK'000
Additions	118,662	227,544
Cost end of year	118,662	227,544
Impairment losses for the year	(35,162)	(23,884)
Impairment losses end of year	(35,162)	(23,884)
Carrying amount end of year	83,500	203,660

### **5 Employees**

Ride Awake AB

Investments in participating interests

The Entity has no employees other than the Executive Board. The Executive Officer has not received any remuneration.

Registered in

Stockholm

form

ΑB

### **6 Contingent liabilities**

The Entity participates in a Danish joint taxation arrangement where Clausen Engineering ApS serves as the administration company. According to the joint taxation provisions of the Danish Corporation Tax Act, the Entity is therefore liable for income taxes etc. for the jointly taxed entities and for obligations, if any, relating to the withholding of tax on interest, royalties and dividend for the jointly taxed entities. The jointly taxed entities' total known net liability under the joint taxation arrangement is disclosed in the administration company's financial statements.

# **Accounting policies**

### **Reporting class**

This annual report has been presented in accordance with the provisions of the Danish Financial Statements Act governing reporting class B enterprises with addition of a few provisions for reporting class C.

### Non-comparability

The company has its first financial year, and therefore no comparative figures have been presented.

### **Recognition and measurement**

Assets are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable as a result of a prior event that future economic benefits will flow to the Entity, and the value of the asset can be measured reliably.

Liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet when the Entity has a legal or constructive obligation as a result of a prior event, and it is probable that future economic benefits will flow out of the Entity, and the value of the liability can be measured reliably.

On initial recognition, assets and liabilities are measured at cost. Measurement subsequent to initial recognition is effected as described below for each financial statement item.

Anticipated risks and losses that arise before the time of presentation of the annual report and that confirm or invalidate affairs and conditions existing at the balance sheet date are considered at recognition and measurement.

Income is recognised in the income statement when earned, whereas costs are recognised by the amounts attributable to this financial year.

### **Income statement**

### **Gross profit or loss**

Gross profit or loss comprises other operating income and external expenses.

### Other external expenses

Other external expenses include expenses relating to the Entity's normal activities, including expenses for premises, stationery and office supplies, marketing costs, etc. This item also includes writedowns of receivables recognised in current assets.

### Other financial income

Other financial income comprises dividends etc. received on other investments, interest income, including interest income on receivables from group enterprises, net capital or exchange gains on securities, payables and transactions in foreign currencies, amortisation of financial assets, and tax relief under the Danish Tax Prepayment Scheme etc.

### Impairment losses on financial assets

Impairment losses on financial assets comprise impairment losses on financial assets which are not measured at fair value on a current basis.

### Financial expenses from group enterprises

Financial expenses from group enterprises comprise interest expenses etc. from payables to group enterprises.

### Other financial expenses

Other financial expenses comprise interest expenses, including interest expenses on payables to group enterprises, net capital or exchange losses on securities, payables and transactions in foreign currencies, amortisation of financial liabilities, and tax surcharge under the Danish Tax Prepayment Scheme etc.

### Tax on profit/loss for the year

Tax for the year, which consists of current tax for the year and changes in deferred tax, is recognised in the income statement by the portion attributable to the profit for the year and recognised directly in equity by the portion attributable to entries directly in equity.

The Entity is jointly taxed with all Danish group enterprises. The current Danish income tax is allocated among the jointly taxed entities proportionally to their taxable income (full allocation with a refund concerning tax losses).

### **Balance sheet**

### Investments in participating interests

Investments in participating interests are measured at cost. Investments are written down to the lower of recoverable amount and carrying amount.

The accounting policies applied to material financial statement items of participating interests are:

Other investments comprising unlisted investments are measured at cost. Investments are written down to the lower of recoverable amount and carrying amount.

### Other investments

Other investments comprise unlisted equity investments measured at the lower of cost and net realisable value.

#### **Receivables**

Receivables are measured at amortised cost, usually equalling nominal value less writedowns for bad and doubtful debts.

### Tax payable or receivable

Current tax payable or receivable is recognised in the balance sheet, stated as tax computed on this year's taxable income, adjusted for prepaid tax.

### Cash

Cash comprises cash in hand and bank deposits.

### Other financial liabilities

Other financial liabilities are measured at amortised cost, which usually corresponds to nominal value.