



## Norbert BidCo ApS

Vestervej 48  
9240 Nibe  
CVR No. 43664921

## Annual report 2023

The Annual General Meeting adopted the annual report on 26.01.2024

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**Peter Larsen**  
Chairman of the General Meeting

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# Entity details

## Entity

Norbert BidCo ApS

Vestervej 48

9240 Nibe

Business Registration No.: 43664921

Date of foundation: 26.01.2024

Registered office: Aalborg

Financial year: 01.01.2023 - 31.12.2023

## Board of Directors

Peter Larsen

Bernd Strack

Stefan Andreas Walter Happak

## Executive Board

Peter Larsen

Dennis Nielsen

## Auditors

Deloitte Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab

Østre Havnepromenade 26, 4th floor

9000 Aalborg

# Statement by Management

The Board of Directors and the Executive Board have today considered and approved the annual report of Norbert BidCo ApS for the financial year 01.01.2023 - 31.12.2023.

The annual report is presented in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the Entity's financial position at 31.12.2023 and of the results of its operations for the financial year 01.01.2023 - 31.12.2023.

We believe that the management commentary contains a fair review of the affairs and conditions referred to therein.

We recommend the annual report for adoption at the Annual General Meeting.

Nibe, 26.01.2024

## Executive Board

**Peter Larsen**

**Dennis Nielsen**

## Board of Directors

**Peter Larsen**

**Bernd Strack**

**Stefan Andreas Walter Happak**

# Independent auditor's report

## To the shareholders of Norbert BidCo ApS

### Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Norbert BidCo ApS for the financial year 01.01.2023 - 31.12.2023, which comprise the income statement, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity and notes, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial statements are prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the Entity's financial position at 31.12.2023 and of the results of its operations for the financial year 01.01.2023 - 31.12.2023 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

### Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISA) and additional requirements applicable in Denmark. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the "Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements" section of this auditor's report. We are independent of the Entity in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' International Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) and the additional ethical requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the IESBA Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

### Management's responsibilities for the financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act, and for such internal control as Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, Management is responsible for assessing the Entity's ability to continue as a going concern, for disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern, and for using the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements unless Management either intends to liquidate the Entity or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

### Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISA and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit conducted in accordance with ISA and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Entity's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by Management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of Management's use of the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements, and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Entity's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Entity to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures in the notes, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that gives a true and fair view.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

#### **Statement on the management commentary**

Management is responsible for the management commentary.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the management commentary, and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the management commentary and, in doing so, consider whether the management commentary is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

Moreover, it is our responsibility to consider whether the management commentary provides the information required under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Based on the work we have performed, we conclude that the management commentary is in accordance with the financial statements and has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Danish Financial Statements Act. We did not identify any material misstatement of the management commentary.

Aalborg, 26.01.2024

**Deloitte**

Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab  
CVR No. 33963556

**René Winther Pedersen**

State Authorised Public Accountant  
Identification No (MNE) mne34173

**Kristina Møller**

State Authorised Public Accountant  
Identification No (MNE) mne50561

# Management commentary

## Primary activities

The Entity's primary activity is investments in group enterprises.

## Events after the balance sheet date

No events after the balance sheet date to this date have occurred that would influence the evaluation of this annual report.



# Income statement for 2023

	Notes	2023 DKK	2022 DKK
<b>Gross profit/loss</b>		<b>1,750,819</b>	<b>(50,000)</b>
Staff costs	1	(3,181,508)	0
Other operating expenses		(253,264)	(6,214,575)
<b>Operating profit/loss</b>		<b>(1,683,953)</b>	<b>(6,264,575)</b>
Other financial income	2	611,617	0
Other financial expenses	3	(4,847,316)	(340,266)
<b>Profit/loss before tax</b>		<b>(5,919,652)</b>	<b>(6,604,841)</b>
Tax on profit/loss for the year		1,245,573	85,859
<b>Profit/loss for the year</b>		<b>(4,674,079)</b>	<b>(6,518,982)</b>
<b>Proposed distribution of profit and loss</b>			
Retained earnings		(4,674,079)	(6,518,982)
<b>Proposed distribution of profit and loss</b>		<b>(4,674,079)</b>	<b>(6,518,982)</b>

# Balance sheet at 31.12.2023

## Assets

	Notes	2023 DKK	2022 DKK
Investments in group enterprises		216,630,600	216,630,600
<b>Financial assets</b>		<b>216,630,600</b>	<b>216,630,600</b>
<b>Fixed assets</b>		<b>216,630,600</b>	<b>216,630,600</b>
Receivables from group enterprises		2,766	0
Other receivables		0	1,621,244
Joint taxation contribution receivable		1,245,573	85,859
<b>Receivables</b>		<b>1,248,339</b>	<b>1,707,103</b>
<b>Cash</b>		<b>10,071,742</b>	<b>18,854,218</b>
<b>Current assets</b>		<b>11,320,081</b>	<b>20,561,321</b>
<b>Assets</b>		<b>227,950,681</b>	<b>237,191,921</b>

**Equity and liabilities**

	<b>Notes</b>	<b>2023 DKK</b>	<b>2022 DKK</b>
Contributed capital		40,000	40,000
Retained earnings		134,350,549	139,024,628
<b>Equity</b>		<b>134,390,549</b>	<b>139,064,628</b>
Other provisions		13,000,000	13,000,000
<b>Provisions</b>		<b>13,000,000</b>	<b>13,000,000</b>
Bank loans		64,000,000	80,000,000
<b>Non-current liabilities other than provisions</b>	4	<b>64,000,000</b>	<b>80,000,000</b>
Current portion of non-current liabilities other than provisions	4	16,000,000	0
Trade payables		157,024	4,987,277
Other payables		403,108	140,016
<b>Current liabilities other than provisions</b>		<b>16,560,132</b>	<b>5,127,293</b>
<b>Liabilities other than provisions</b>		<b>80,560,132</b>	<b>85,127,293</b>
<b>Equity and liabilities</b>		<b>227,950,681</b>	<b>237,191,921</b>
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# Statement of changes in equity for 2023

	<b>Contributed capital DKK</b>	<b>Retained earnings DKK</b>	<b>Total DKK</b>
Equity beginning of year	40,000	139,024,628	139,064,628
Profit/loss for the year	0	(4,674,079)	(4,674,079)
<b>Equity end of year</b>	<b>40,000</b>	<b>134,350,549</b>	<b>134,390,549</b>

# Notes

## 1 Staff costs

	<b>2023</b>	<b>2022</b>
	<b>DKK</b>	<b>DKK</b>
Wages and salaries	2,931,917	0
Pension costs	243,653	0
Other social security costs	5,938	0
	<b>3,181,508</b>	<b>0</b>
Average number of full-time employees	<b>2</b>	<b>0</b>

## 2 Other financial income

	<b>2023</b>	<b>2022</b>
	<b>DKK</b>	<b>DKK</b>
Financial income from group enterprises	602,594	0
Other interest income	9,023	0
	<b>611,617</b>	<b>0</b>

## 3 Other financial expenses

	<b>2023</b>	<b>2022</b>
	<b>DKK</b>	<b>DKK</b>
Financial expenses from group enterprises	14,475	0
Other interest expenses	4,737,130	140,016
Exchange rate adjustments	7,280	0
Other financial expenses	88,431	200,250
	<b>4,847,316</b>	<b>340,266</b>

## 4 Non-current liabilities other than provisions

	<b>Due within 12</b>	<b>Due after</b>
	<b>months</b>	<b>more than 12</b>
	<b>2023</b>	<b>2023</b>
	<b>DKK</b>	<b>DKK</b>
Bank loans	16,000,000	64,000,000
	<b>16,000,000</b>	<b>64,000,000</b>

The outstanding amount on bank loans after 5 years is DKK 0.

## 5 Contingent liabilities

The Entity participates in a Danish joint taxation arrangement where Norbert Acquisition ApS serves as the administration company. According to the joint taxation provisions of the Danish Corporation Tax Act, the Entity is therefore liable for income taxes etc. for the jointly taxed Entities, relating to the withholding of tax on interest, royalties and dividend for the jointly taxed entities. The jointly taxed Entities' total known net liability under the joint taxation arrangement is disclosed in the administration Company's financial statements.

## 6 Assets charged and collateral

As security for bank loan with Sybank, the company has provided security for the shares in Nordiq A/S - CVR no. 31629055 which is recognised in the balance sheet with a value of TDKK 216,631.

The company has given pledge on any outstanding amounts with Sydbank and Nordiq A/S - CVR no. 31629055.

## 7 Group relations

Name and registered office of the Parent preparing consolidated financial statements for the largest group:  
Norbert Acquisition ApS, Nibe.

# Accounting policies

## Reporting class

This annual report has been presented in accordance with the provisions of the Danish Financial Statements Act governing reporting class B enterprises with addition of a few provisions for reporting class C.

The accounting policies applied to these financial statements are consistent with those applied last year.

## Consolidated financial statements

Referring to section 112 of the Danish Financial Statements Act, no consolidated financial statements have been prepared.

## Non-comparability

The Entity's first financial year was 2022 and covered only a period of 37 days, therefore the financial year is not comparable to 2022.

## Recognition and measurement

Assets are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable as a result of a prior event that future economic benefits will flow to the Entity, and the value of the asset can be measured reliably.

Liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet when the Entity has a legal or constructive obligation as a result of a prior event, and it is probable that future economic benefits will flow out of the Entity, and the value of the liability can be measured reliably.

On initial recognition, assets and liabilities are measured at cost. Measurement subsequent to initial recognition is effected as described below for each financial statement item.

Anticipated risks and losses that arise before the time of presentation of the annual report and that confirm or invalidate affairs and conditions existing at the balance sheet date are considered at recognition and measurement.

Income is recognised in the income statement when earned, whereas costs are recognised by the amounts attributable to this financial year.

## Income statement

### Gross profit or loss

Gross profit or loss comprise external expenses.

### Revenue

Revenue from the sale of management-fees is recognised in the income statement when delivery is made to the buyer. Revenue is recognised net of VAT, duties and sales discounts and is measured at fair value of the consideration fixed.

### Other external expenses

Other external expenses include expenses relating to the Entity's ordinary activities. This item also includes writedowns of receivables recognised in current assets.

**Staff costs**

Staff costs comprise salaries and wages, and social security contributions, pension contributions, etc. for Entity staff.

**Other operating expenses**

Other operating expenses comprise expenses of a secondary nature as viewed in relation to the Entity's primary activities.

**Other financial income**

Other financial income comprises interest income, including interest income on receivables from group enterprises, net capital or exchange gains on securities, payables and transactions in foreign currencies, amortisation of financial assets, and tax relief under the Danish Tax Prepayment Scheme etc.

**Other financial expenses**

Other financial expenses comprise interest expenses, including interest expenses on payables to group enterprises, net capital or exchange losses on securities, payables and transactions in foreign currencies, amortisation of financial liabilities, and tax surcharge under the Danish Tax Prepayment Scheme etc.

**Tax on profit/loss for the year**

Tax on profit/loss for the year, which consists of current tax for the year and changes in deferred tax, is recognised in the income statement by the portion attributable to the profit for the year and recognised directly in equity by the portion attributable to entries directly in equity.

**Balance sheet****Investments in group enterprises**

Investments in group enterprises are measured at cost. Investments are written down to the lower of recoverable amount and carrying amount.

**Receivables**

Receivables are measured at amortised cost, usually equalling nominal value less writedowns for bad and doubtful debts.

**Joint taxation contributions receivable or payable**

Current joint taxation contributions payable or joint taxation contributions receivable are recognised in the balance sheet, calculated as tax computed on the taxable income for the year, which has been adjusted for prepaid tax. For tax losses, joint taxation contributions receivable are only recognised if such losses are expected to be used under the joint taxation arrangement.

**Cash**

Cash comprises cash in hand and bank deposits.

**Other provisions**

Other provisions comprise anticipated costs of decided and published restructuring, etc.

Other provisions are recognised and measured as the best estimate of the expenses required to settle the liabilities at the balance sheet date. Provisions that are estimated to mature more than one year after the balance sheet date are measured at their discounted value.



On acquisition of enterprises and investments in group enterprises, provisions are made for costs relating to restructuring in the acquired enterprise that were decided and published at the acquisition date at the latest.

Once it is probable that total costs will exceed total income from a contract in progress, provision is made for the total loss estimated to result from the relevant contract.

**Other financial liabilities**

Other financial liabilities are measured at amortised cost which usually corresponds to nominal value.