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United Denmark 2024 Priorparken 357 K/S

Sundkrogsgade 21 2100 København Ø CVR No. 43649825

Annual report 16.11.2022 - 31.12.2023

The Annual General Meeting adopted the annual report on 28.06.2024

Sven Frode Frølund

Chairman of the General Meeting

Contents

Entity details	2
Statement by Management	3
Independent auditor's report	4
Management commentary	7
Income statement for 2022/23	8
Balance sheet at 31.12.2023	9
Statement of changes in equity for 2022/23	11
Notes	12
Accounting policies	14

Entity details

Entity

United Denmark 2024 Priorparken 357 K/S Sundkrogsgade 21 2100 København Ø

Business Registration No.: 43649825

Registered office: København

Financial year: 16.11.2022 - 31.12.2023

Executive Board

Thomas Frederick Medom Lauritsen Allison Lynette Breland Christian Pihl

Auditors

Deloitte Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab Weidekampsgade 6 2300 Copenhagen S

Statement by Management

The Executive Board has today considered and approved the annual report of United Denmark 2024 Priorparken 357 K/S for the financial year 16.11.2022 - 31.12.2023.

The annual report is presented in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the Entity's financial position at 31.12.2023 and of the results of its operations for the financial year 16.11.2022 - 31.12.2023.

We believe that the management commentary contains a fair review of the affairs and conditions referred to therein.

We recommend the annual report for adoption at the Annual General Meeting.

København, 26.06.2024

Executive Board

Thomas Frederick Medom Lauritsen

Allison Lynette Breland

Christian Pihl

Independent auditor's report

To the shareholders of United Denmark 2024 Priorparken 357 K/S

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of United Denmark 2024 Priorparken 357 K/S for the financial year 16.11.2022 - 31.12.2023, which comprise the income statement, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity and notes, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial statements are prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the Entity's financial position at 31.12.2023 and of the results of its operations for the financial year 16.11.2022 - 31.12.2023 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) and additional requirements applicable in Denmark. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the "Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements" section of this auditor's report. We are independent of the Entity in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' International Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) and the additional ethical requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the IESBA Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Management's responsibilities for the financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act, and for such internal control as Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, Management is responsible for assessing the Entity's ability to continue as a going concern, for disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern, and for using the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements unless Management either intends to liquidate the Entity or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to
 fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence
 that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a
 material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may
 involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Entity's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by Management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of Management's use of the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements, and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Entity's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Entity to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures in the notes, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that gives a true and fair view.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Statement on the management commentary

Management is responsible for the management commentary.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the management commentary, and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the management commentary and, in doing so, consider whether the management commentary is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

Moreover, it is our responsibility to consider whether the management commentary provides the information required by relevant law and regulations.

Based on the work we have performed, we conclude that the management commentary is in accordance with the financial statements and has been prepared in accordance with the requirements in the relevant law and regulations. We did not identify any material misstatement of the management commentary.

København, 26.06.2024

Deloitte

Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab CVR No. 33963556

Christoffer Anholm Salmon

State Authorised Public Accountant Identification No (MNE) mne47918

Management commentary

Primary activities

The purpose of the company is to acquire, own, develop, rent, manage and sell real estate and related business.

Development in activities and finances

The Company realized a profit after tax of TDKK 5.752. The result is by the management considered as satisfying.

Events after the balance sheet date

No events have occurred after the balance sheet date to this date, which would influence the evaluation of this annual report.

Income statement for 2022/23

		2022/23
	Notes	DKK
Gross profit/loss		1,532,606
Other financial income	1	5,810
Other financial expenses	2	(1,486,609)
Profit/loss before fair value adjustments and tax		51,807
Fair value adjustments of investment property	3	5,700,886
Profit/loss for the year		5,752,693
Proposed distribution of profit and loss		
Retained earnings		5,752,693
Proposed distribution of profit and loss		5,752,693

Balance sheet at 31.12.2023

Assets

		2022/23
	Notes	DKK
Investment property		37,500,000
Property, plant and equipment	4	37,500,000
Fixed assets		37,500,000
Prepayments		6,592
Receivables		6,592
Cash		1,189,536
Current assets		1,196,128
Assets		38,696,128

Equity and liabilities

		2022/23
	Notes	DKK
Contributed capital		6,195,191
Retained earnings		5,752,693
Equity		11,947,884
Payables to group enterprises		24,814,376
Non-current liabilities other than provisions	5	24,814,376
Current portion of non-current liabilities other than provisions	5	576,000
Deposits		373,173
Trade payables		254,309
Payables to group enterprises		472,997
Other payables		257,389
Current liabilities other than provisions		1,933,868
Liabilities other than provisions		26,748,244
Equity and liabilities		38,696,128
Employees	6	
Assets charged and collateral	7	

Statement of changes in equity for 2022/23

	Contributed capital DKK	Retained earnings DKK	Total DKK
Contributed upon formation	6,195,191	0	6,195,191
Profit/loss for the year	0	5,752,693	5,752,693
Equity end of year	6,195,191	5,752,693	11,947,884

Notes

1 Other financial income

	2022/23
	DKK
Other interest income	5,810
	5,810
2 Other financial expenses	
	2022/23
	DKK
Financial expenses from group enterprises	1,459,595
Other interest expenses	27,014
	1 486 609

3 Fair value adjustments of investment property

The company's investment property is a commercial building in Brøndby, Denmark.

The investment property, cf. the description of accounting policies, is measured at fair value based on applying the yield-based model.

Yield, which are the basis of the valuation is fixed for the individual property in consideration of location, condition, tenant mix, non-terminability profile, tenants' standing and on an estimate of how the general property market is developing.

Equivalent yield used for the valuation at 31 December 2023 is 6.5%. An increase in the yield by 0.5% points will reduce the fair value by approx. 2,6 mio.DKK. A decrease in the yield by 0.5% will increase the fair value by approx. 3,1 mio.DKK.

An external appraiser has been used to determine the fair value.

4 Property, plant and equipment

	Investment
	property
	DKK
Additions	31,799,114
Cost end of year	31,799,114
Revaluations for the year	5,700,886
Revaluations end of year	5,700,886
Carrying amount end of year	37,500,000

5 Non-current liabilities other than provisions

		Due after	
	Due within 12	more than 12	Outstanding
	months	months	after 5 years
	2022/23 DKK		2022/23 DKK
Payables to group enterprises	576,000	24,814,376	1,635,653
	576,000	24,814,376	1,635,653

6 Employees

The Entity has no employees other than the Executive Board.

7 Assets charged and collateral

Payables to group enterprises and external financing obtained in Lindu Ejendomme K/S is secured by way of mortgage on properties. The carrying amount of mortgaged properties is TDKK 37.500.

Accounting policies

Reporting class

This annual report has been presented in accordance with the provisions of the Danish Financial Statements Act governing reporting class B enterprises with addition of a few provisions for reporting class C.

Recognition and measurement

Assets are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable as a result of a prior event that future economic benefits will flow to the Entity, and the value of the asset can be measured reliably.

Liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet when the Entity has a legal or constructive obligation as a result of a prior event, and it is probable that future economic benefits will flow out of the Entity, and the value of the liability can be measured reliably.

On initial recognition, assets and liabilities are measured at cost. Measurement subsequent to initial recognition is effected as described below for each financial statement item.

Anticipated risks and losses that arise before the time of presentation of the annual report and that confirm or invalidate affairs and conditions existing at the balance sheet date are considered at recognition and measurement.

Income is recognised in the income statement when earned, whereas costs are recognised by the amounts attributable to this financial year.

Income statement

Gross profit or loss

Gross profit or loss comprises revenue and other external expenses.

Revenue

Revenue, comprising rental income, is recognised in the period which it relates.

Fair value adjustments of investment property

Fair value adjustments of investment property comprise adjustments for the financial year of the Entity's investment properties measured at fair value at the balance sheet date.

Other external expenses

Other external expenses include expenses relating to the Entity's ordinary activities, including administration costs, property costs etc.

Property costs

Property costs include costs incurred to operate the Entity's properties in the financial year, including repair and maintenance costs, property tax and electricity, water and heating, which are not charged directly from the lessee.

Other financial income

Other financial income comprises interests on bank deposits.

Other financial expenses

Other financial expenses comprise interest expenses, including interest expenses on payables to group enterprises and amortisation of financial liabilities.

Balance sheet

Investment property

On initial recognition, investment properties are measured at cost consisting of the acquisition price of the properties plus directly related acquisition costs.

Subsequent to initial recognition, investment properties are measured at fair value which is equivalent to the amount at which the individual property may be sold to an independent buyer at the balance sheet date.

Fair value is determined by applying the yield-based model as the calculated value in use of expected cash flows from each property. The calculation is based on budgeted net earnings for the next year that has been adjusted to normal earnings, and using a required yield rate that reflects current market yield rates for similar properties. The value is adjusted for factors not reflected in normal earnings, for example, actual vacancy rate, major refurbishments etc.

The financial year's adjustments of the properties' fair value are recognised in the income statement.

Prepayments

Prepayments comprise incurred costs relating to subsequent financial years. Prepayments are measured at cost.

Cash

Cash comprises cash in hand and bank deposits.

Other financial liabilities

Other financial liabilities are measured at amortised cost, which usually corresponds to nominal value.