

Annual report for the period 13 October 2022 to 31 December 2023

NSF IV Living BF 1.14 ApS

Southamptongade 4, 2150 Nordhavn CVR no. 43 60 27 64

Adopted at the annual general meeting on 13 June 2024

Stine Seneberg chairman



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Statement by management on the annual report

The executive board has today discussed and approved the annual report of NSF IV Living BF 1.14 ApS for the financial year 13 October 2022 - 31 December 2023.

The annual report is prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the company's financial position at 31 December 2023 and of the results of the company's operations for the financial year 13 October 2022 - 31 December 2023.

Management recommends that the annual report should be approved by the company in general meeting.

Nordhavn, 13 June 2024

Executive board

Thomas Ebbe Riise-Jakobsen Rune Højby Kock Nick Holmelund Melgaard

Stine Seneberg

Independent auditor's report

To the shareholder of NSF IV Living BF 1.14 ApS

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of NSF IV Living BF 1.14 ApS for the financial year 13 October 2022 - 31 December 2023, which comprise income statement, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity and notes, including summary of significant accounting policies. The financial statements are prepared under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the company's financial position at 31 December 2023 and of the results of the company's operations for the financial year 13 October 2022 - 31 December 2023 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the "Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements" section of our report. We are independent of the company in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and IESBA Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Management's responsibilities for the financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of financial statements, that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of the financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements unless management either intends to liquidate the company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

Independent auditor's report

As part of an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to
 fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit
 evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not
 detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error as
 fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of
 internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and contents of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that gives a true and fair view.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Independent auditor's report

Brøndby, 13 June 2024

Vadskær Krømmelbein Statsautoriseret Revisionsanpartsselskab CVR no. 40 68 97 45

Michael Kodama Krømmelbein Statsautoriseret revisor mne44139

Company details

The company NSF IV Living BF 1.14 ApS

Southamptongade 4 2150 Nordhavn

CVR no.: 43 60 27 64

Reporting period: 13 October 2022 - 31 December 2023

Incorporated: 13 October 2022 Financial year: 1st financial year

Domicile: Copenhagen

Executive board Thomas Ebbe Riise-Jakobsen

Rune Højby Kock

Nick Holmelund Melgaard

Stine Seneberg

Auditors Vadskær Krømmelbein

Statsautoriseret Revisionsanpartsselskab

Vibeholms Allé 16 2605 Brøndby

Bankers Danske Bank A/S

Lersø Parkallé 100 2100 København Ø

Income statement 13 October 2022 - 31 December 2023

	Note	2022/23 DKK
Gross loss		-144,185
Income from investments in subsidiaries		39,812,241
Financial income	4	4,799,392
Financial costs	5	-3,803,370
Profit/loss before tax		40,664,078
Tax on profit/loss for the year	6	-232,777
Profit/loss for the year		40,431,301
Recommended appropriation of profit/loss		
Reserve for net revaluation under the equity method		39,812,241
Retained earnings		619,060
		40,431,301

Balance sheet at 31 December 2023

	Note	2022/23 DKK
Assets		
Investments in subsidiaries	7	44,780,808
Receivables from group entities	8	82,857,779
Fixed asset investments		127,638,587
Total non-current assets		127,638,587
Other receivables	10	2,500,000
Receivables		2,500,000
Cash at bank and in hand		422,442
Total current assets		2,922,442
Total assets		130,561,029

Balance sheet at 31 December 2023

	Note	2022/23 DKK
Equity and liabilities		
Share capital		50,000
Reserve for net revaluation under the equity method		39,812,241
Retained earnings		25,609,060
Equity		65,471,301
Payables to group entities		64,797,114
Total non-current liabilities	9	64,797,114
Trade payables		59,830
Joint taxation contributions payable		232,777
Other payables		7
Total current liabilities		292,614
Total liabilities		65,089,728
Total equity and liabilities		130,561,029
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Statement of changes in equity

	Share capital	Share premium account	Reserve for net revalua- tion under the equity method	Retained earnings	Total
Equity at 13 October 2022	40,000	0	0	0	40,000
Cash capital increase	10,000	24,990,000	0	0	25,000,000
Net profit/loss for the year	0	0	39,812,241	619,060	40,431,301
Transfer from share premium account	0	-24,990,000	0	24,990,000	0
Equity at 31 December 2023	50,000	0	39,812,241	25,609,060	65,471,301

1 Accounting policies

The annual report of NSF IV Living BF 1.14 ApS for 2022/23 has been prepared in accordance with the provisions of the Danish Financial Statements Act applying to enterprises of reporting class B, as well as provisions applying to reporting class C entities.

The annual report for 2022/23 is presented in DKK

As 2022/23 is the company's first reporting period, no comparatives have been presented.

Pursuant to sections §110 subsection 1, of the Danish Financial Statements Act, the company has not prepared consolidated financial statements.

Basis of recognition and measurement

Income is recognised in the income statement as earned, including value adjustments of financial assets and liabilities. All expenses, including amortisation, depreciation and impairment losses, are also recognised in the income statement.

Assets are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the company and the value of the asset can be measured reliably.

Liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits will flow from the company and the value of the liability can be measured reliably.

On initial recognition, assets and liabilities are measured at cost. On subsequent recognition, assets and liabilities are measured as described below for each individual accounting item.

Certain financial assets and liabilities are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Amortised cost is calculated as the historic cost less any installments and plus/less the accumulated amortisation of the difference between the cost and the nominal amount.

On recognition and measurement, allowance is made for predictable losses and risks which occur before the annual report is presented and which confirm or invalidate matters existing at the balance sheet date.

Income statement

Gross loss

In pursuance of section 32 of the Danish Financial Statements Act, the company does not disclose its revenue.

Gross loss comprises other external expenses.

1 Accounting policies

Other external expenses

Other external expenses include expenses related to administration etc.

Financial income and expenses

Financial income and expenses are recognised in the income statement at the amounts that relate to the financial year. Net financials include interest income and expenses as well as realised and unrealised capital/exchange gains and losses on securities, liabilities and foreign currency transactions.

Income from investments in subsidiaries

The proportionate share of the profit/loss for the year of subsidiaries is recognised in the company's income statement after full elimination of intra-group profits/losses.

Tax on profit/loss for the year

The Company is jointly taxed with with Danish group enterprises. The tax effect of the joint taxation is allocated to enterprises in proportion to their taxable incomes.

Tax for the year, which comprises the current tax charge for the year and changes in the deferred tax charge, is recognised in the income statement as regards the portion that relates to the profit/loss for the year and directly in equity as regards the portion that relates to entries directly in equity.

Balance sheet

Investments in subsidiaries

Investments in subsidiaries are measured at the proportionate share of the net asset value of the entities, calculated on the basis of the group's accounting policies, plus or less unrealised intragroup gains or losses and plus or less any remaining value of positive or negative goodwill stated according to the purchase method.

Investments in subsidiaries are measured in the parent company financial statements using the equity method.

Investments in subsidiaries with a negative net asset value are measured at DKK 0, and the carrying amount of any receivables from these entities is reduced to the extent that they are considered irrecoverable. If the parent company has a legal or constructive obligation to cover a deficit that exceeds the receivable, the balance is recognised under provisions.

1 Accounting policies

Other investments

Other fixed asset investments consist of long-term receivables.

Long-term receivables are measured in the balance sheet at the lower of amortised cost and net realisable value, which corresponds to nominal value less provisions for bad debts.

Receivables

Receivables are measured at amortised cost.

An impairment loss is recognised if there is objective evidence that a receivable or a group of receivables is impaired. If there is objective evidence that an individual receivable is impaired, an impairment loss for that individual asset is recognised.

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise deposits at banks.

Income tax and deferred tax

Current tax liabilities and current tax receivables are recognised in the balance sheet as the estimated tax on the taxable income for the year, adjusted for tax on the taxable income for previous years and tax paid on account.

Deferred tax is measured according to the liability method in respect of temporary differences between the carrying amount of assets and liabilities and their tax base, calculated on the basis of the planned use of the asset and settlement of the liability, respectively. Deferred tax is measured at net realisable value.

Deferred tax is measured according to the tax rules and at the tax rates applicable in the respective countries at the balance sheet date when the deferred tax is expected to crystallise as current tax. Deferred tax adjustments resulting from changes in tax rates are recognised in the income statement, with the exception of items taken directly to equity.

Liabilities

Liabilities, which include trade payables, payables to group entities and other payables, are measured at amortised cost, which is usually equivalent to nominal value.

1 Accounting policies

Foreign currency translation

On initial recognition, foreign currency transactions are translated applying the exchange rate at the transaction date. Foreign exchange differences arising between the exchange rates at the transaction date and at the date of payment are recognised in the income statement as financial income or financial expenses. If foreign currency instruments are considered cash flow hedges, any unrealised value adjustments are taken directly to a fair value reserve under 'Equity'.

Receivables and payables and other monetary items denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the exchange rates at the balance sheet date. The difference between the exchange rates at the balance sheet date and the date at which the receivable or payable arose or was recognised in the latest financial statements is recognised in the income statement as financial income or financial expenses.

2 Main activity

The company's main activity is to conduct business in the purchase and sale of real estate, administration and management of real estate, development of real estate, as well as other business that is connected with this.

		2022/23
3	Staff costs	DKK
	Number of fulltime employees on average	0
4	Financial income	
	Interest received from group entities	4,790,179
	Other financial income	9,200
	Exchange gains	13
		4,799,392
5	Financial costs Financial expenses, group entities Other financial costs Exchange loss	3,797,114 6,014 242
		3,803,370
6	Tax on profit/loss for the year	
	Current tax for the year	232,777
	•	232,777

				2022/23
7	Investments in subsidiaries			DKK
	Cost at 13 October 2022			0
	Additions for the year			4,968,567
	Cost at 31 December 2023			4,968,567
	Net profit/loss for the year			39,812,241
	Revaluations at 31 December 2023			39,812,241
	Carrying amount at 31 December 2023			44,780,808
	Investments in subsidiaries are specified as follows:	Registered office	Share capital	Ownership interest
	BF 1.14 ØS Holding ApS	Nordhavn	40,000	100%
8	Fixed asset investments			Receivables
			_	from group entities
	Cost at 13 October 2022			0
	Additions for the year			82,857,779
	Cost at 31 December 2023		_	82,857,779
	Carrying amount at 31 December 2023		=	82,857,779

9 Long term debt

Develop to grown outities	2022/23 DKK
Payables to group entities	
After 5 years	64,797,114
Non-current portion	64,797,114
Within 1 year	0
Current portion	0
	64,797,114

10 Contingent liabilities

Guarantee obligations and pledges

The Company has provided an absolute guarantee related engagement with credit institutions for affiliated companies for DKK 148,716,877.

Joint taxation

The Danish group companies are jointly and severally liable for tax on the jointly taxed incomes etc of the Group. The total amount of corporation tax payable is disclosed in the Annual Report of NSF IV Denmark Advisory ApS, which is the management company of the joint taxation purposes.

Moreover, the Danish group companies are jointly and severally liable for Danish withholding taxes by way of dividend tax, tax on royalty payments and tax on unearned income. Any subsequent adjustments of corporation taxes and withholding taxes may increase the Company's liability.

Other receivables are restricted until certain requirements in the share purchase agreement are fullfilled.

11 Mortgages and collateral

The company's shares in the subsidiary has been pledged as security for credit institutes.

12 Disclosure of consolidated financial statements

Consolidated financial statements

The company is reflected in the group report as the parent company NREP Nordic Strategies Fund IV LP, Luxembourg