

## **Ashford Environmental LLC ApS**

C/O Crowe  
2900 Hellerup

CVR no. 43 49 39 73

### **Annual report for 2022/23**

(1st Financial year)

Adopted at the annual general meeting  
on 23. april 2024

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Thomas Munkhøj Haslev  
chairman

## Table of contents

	Page
<b>Statements</b>	
Statement by management on the annual report	1
Independent auditor's report	2
<b>Management's review</b>	
Company details	5
Management's review	6
<b>Financial statements</b>	
Accounting policies	7
Income Statement	9
Balance Sheet	10
Statement of changes in equity	11
Notes	12

## **Statement by management on the annual report**

The executive board has today discussed and approved the annual report of Ashford Environmental LLC ApS for the financial year 6 September 2022 - 30 June 2023.

The annual report is prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In my opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the company's financial position at 30 June 2023 and of the results of the company's operations for the financial year 6 September 2022 - 30 June 2023.

In my opinion, management's review includes a fair review of the matters dealt with in the management's review.

As the liquidator appointed by the Maritime and Commercial Court, I must clarify that I have no knowledge of the company's activities before March 12, 2024.

Management recommends that the annual report should be approved by the company in general meeting.

Hellerup, 23 April 2024

### **Executive board**

Thomas Munkhøj Haslev

## **Independent auditor's report**

**To the shareholder of Ashford Environmental LLC ApS**

### **Auditors' Report on the Financial Statements**

#### **Opinion**

We have audited the financial statements of Ashford Environmental LLC ApS for the financial year 6 September 2022 - 30 June 2023, which comprise a summary of significant accounting policies, income statement, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity and notes. The financial statements are prepared under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the company's financial position at 30 June 2023 and of the results of the company's operations for the financial year 6 September 2022 - 30 June 2023 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

#### **Basis for Opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the "Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements" section of our report. We are independent of the company in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and IESBA Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

#### **Management's responsibilities for the financial statements**

Management is responsible for the preparation of financial statements, that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of the financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements unless management either intends to liquidate the company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

#### **Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements**

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

## **Independent auditor's report**

As part of an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and contents of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that gives a true and fair view.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

### **Statement on management's review**

Management is responsible for management's review.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover management's review, and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

## **Independent auditor's report**

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read management's review and, in doing so, consider whether management's review is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained during the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

Moreover, it is our responsibility to consider whether management's review provides the information required under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Based on the work we have performed, we conclude that management's review is in accordance with the financial statements and has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Danish Financial Statements Act. We did not identify any material misstatement of management's review.

### **Report on other legal and regulatory requirements**

#### **Violation of the Financial Statements Act**

The company has failed to report the financial statements to the Danish Business Authority in due time, hence management is subject to prosecution and may be found liable.

Hellerup, 23 April 2024

CVR no. 33 25 68 76



Søren Jonassen  
State Authorized Public Accountant  
mne18488

## **Company details**

### **The company**

Ashford Environmental LLC ApS  
C/O Crowe  
2900 Hellerup

CVR no.: 43 49 39 73

Reporting period: 6 September 2022 - 30 June 2023

Incorporated: 6 September 2022

Financial year: 1st financial year

Domicile: Copenhagen

### **Executive board**

Thomas Munkhøj Haslev

### **Auditors**

Crowe  
Statsautoriseret Revisionsinteressentskab v.m.b.a.  
Rygårds Allé 104  
2900 Hellerup

## **Management's review**

### **Business review**

The Company's purpose is to deliver watertreatment and commisioning for large constructionprojects and other associated operations.

### **Financial review**

The company's income statement for the year ended 30 June 2023 shows a profit of DKK 14,460, and the balance sheet at 30 June 2023 shows equity of DKK 54,460.

### **Significant events occurring after the end of the financial year**

No events have occurred after the balance sheet date which could significantly affect the company's financial position.



## **Accounting policies**

The annual report of Ashford Environmental LLC ApS for 2022/23 has been prepared in accordance with the provisions of the Danish Financial Statements Act applying to enterprises of reporting class B and the Accounting Standard on small enterprises, as well as provisions applying to reporting class C entities.

The annual report for 2022/23 is presented in DKK.

As 2022/23 is the company's first reporting period, no comparatives have been presented.

### **Basis of recognition and measurement**

Income is recognised in the income statement as earned, including value adjustments of financial assets and liabilities. All expenses, including amortisation, depreciation and impairment losses, are also recognised in the income statement.

Assets are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the company and the value of the asset can be measured reliably.

Liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits will flow from the company and the value of the liability can be measured reliably.

On initial recognition, assets and liabilities are measured at cost. On subsequent recognition, assets and liabilities are measured as described below for each individual accounting item.

Certain financial assets and liabilities are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Amortised cost is calculated as the historic cost less any installments and plus/less the accumulated amortisation of the difference between the cost and the nominal amount.

On recognition and measurement, allowance is made for predictable losses and risks which occur before the annual report is presented and which confirm or invalidate matters existing at the balance sheet date.

## **Income statement**

### **Gross profit**

In pursuance of section 32 of the Danish Financial Statements Act, the company does not disclose its revenue.

Gross profit reflects other external expenses.

### **Revenue**

Income from services, comprising service contracts and extended warranties relating to products and contracts sold is recognised on a straight-line basis as the services are provided.

## **Accounting policies**

### **Financial income and expenses**

Financial income and expenses are recognised in the income statement at the amounts that relate to the financial year. Net financials include realised exchange gains.

### **Tax on profit/loss for the year**

Tax for the year, which comprises the current tax charge for the year and changes in the deferred tax charge, is recognised in the income statement as regards the portion that relates to the profit/loss for the year and directly in equity as regards the portion that relates to entries directly in equity.

## **Balance sheet**

### **Receivables**

Receivables are measured at amortised cost.

### **Equity**

#### **Dividends**

Proposed dividends are disclosed as a separate item under equity. Dividends are recognised as a liability when declared by the annual general meeting of shareholders.

### **Foreign currency translation**

On initial recognition, foreign currency transactions are translated applying the exchange rate at the transaction date. Foreign exchange differences arising between the exchange rates at the transaction date and at the date of payment are recognised in the income statement as financial income or financial expenses. If foreign currency instruments are considered cash flow hedges, any unrealised value adjustments are taken directly to a fair value reserve under 'Equity'.

Receivables and payables and other monetary items denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the exchange rates at the balance sheet date. The difference between the exchange rates at the balance sheet date and the date at which the receivable or payable arose or was recognised in the latest financial statements is recognised in the income statement as financial income or financial expenses.

Foreign exchange adjustments of balances with separate entities which are considered part of the investment in the subsidiary are taken directly to the fair value reserve under 'Equity'. Correspondingly, foreign exchange gains and losses on loans and derivative financial instruments entered into to hedge net investments in such entities are taken directly to equity.

**Income statement**  
**6 September 2022 - 30 June 2023**

	<u>Note</u>	<u>2022/23</u> DKK
<b>Revenue</b>		<b>481,000</b>
Other external costs		-43,195
<b>Gross profit</b>		<b>437,805</b>
Staff costs	1	-416,952
<b>Profit/loss before net financials</b>		<b>20,853</b>
Financial income		50
Financial costs		-481
<b>Profit/loss before tax</b>		<b>20,422</b>
Tax on profit/loss for the year	2	-5,962
<b>Profit/loss for the year</b>		<b><u>14,460</u></b>
 <b>Recommended appropriation of profit/loss</b>		
Retained earnings		14,460
		<b><u>14,460</u></b>

## Balance sheet at 30 June 2023

	<u>Note</u>	<u>2022/23</u> DKK
<b>Assets</b>		
Receivables from group entities		26,593
Other receivables		33,130
<b>Receivables</b>		<u>59,723</u>
<b>Total current assets</b>		<u>59,723</u>
<b>Total assets</b>		<u><u>59,723</u></u>
<b>Equity and liabilities</b>		
Share capital		40,000
Retained earnings		14,460
<b>Equity</b>		<u>54,460</u>
Payables to subsidiaries		-701
Corporation tax		5,964
<b>Total current liabilities</b>		<u>5,263</u>
<b>Total liabilities</b>		<u>5,263</u>
<b>Total equity and liabilities</b>		<u><u>59,723</u></u>
Contingent liabilities	3	
Mortgages and collateral	4	

## Statement of changes in equity

	Share capital	Retained earnings	Total
Equity at 6 September 2022	0	0	0
Cash payments concerning formation of entity	40,000	0	40,000
Net profit/loss for the year	0	14,460	14,460
<b>Equity at 30 June 2023</b>	<b>40,000</b>	<b>14,460</b>	<b>54,460</b>

## Notes

	<u>2022/23</u>
	DKK
<b>1 Staff costs</b>	
Wages and salaries	<u>416,952</u>
	<u><b>416,952</b></u>
Number of fulltime employees on average	<u>1</u>
<b>2 Tax on profit/loss for the year</b>	
Current tax for the year	<u>5,962</u>
	<u><b>5,962</b></u>
<b>3 Contingent liabilities</b>	
The company has no contingent liabilities.	
<b>4 Mortgages and collateral</b>	
None.	