Bredevej 2A

2830 Virum

CVR-no. 43418114

Annual report for 2019

80. annual report

The Annual General Meeting adopted the annual report on May 29 2020

Chairman of the General Meeting Cristiane Martini

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Management's Statement

The Executive Board and Board of Directors have today considered and adopted the Annual Report of Colgate-Palmolive A/S for the financial year 1 January – 31 December 2019.

The Annual Report is prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the Financial Statements give a true and fair view of the financial position at 31 December 2019 of the Company and of the results of the Company for 2019.

In our opinion, Management's Review includes a true and fair account of the development in the operations and financial circumstances of the Company.

We recommend that the Annual Report be adopted at the Annual General Meeting.

Virum, May 29 2020

Executive Board

Cristiane Martini General Manager

Board of Directors

Paolo Rossetto Chairman

Rita Skånstrøm

Charalabos Klados

Berit Mortensen

Management's Statement

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Virum, May 29 2020

Executive Board

Cristiane Martini General Manager

Board of Directors

Paolo Rossetto

Chairman

Charalabos Klados

Cristiane Martini

Rita Skanstrøm

Berit Mortensen

Independent Auditor's Report

To the shareholder of Colgate-Palmolive A/S

Opinion

In our opinion, the Financial Statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Company at 31 December 2019, and of the results of the Company's operations for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2019 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

We have audited the Financial Statements of Colgate-Palmolive A/S for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2019, which comprise income statement, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity and notes, including a summary of significant accounting policies ("financial statements").

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements* section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Statement on Management's Review

Management is responsible for Management's Review.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover Management's Review, and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read Management's Review and, in doing so, consider whether Management's Review is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained during the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

Moreover, it is our responsibility to consider whether Management's Review provides the information required under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Based on the work we have performed, in our view, Management's Review is in accordance with the Financial Statements and has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Danish Financial Statements Act. We did not identify any material misstatement in Management's Review.

Management's Responsibilities for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of Financial Statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act, and for such internal control as Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, Management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements unless Management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark will always detect a material

Independent Auditor's Report

misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or
 error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is
 sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material
 misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error as fraud may involve collusion,
 forgery, Intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of Internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are
 appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of
 the Company's Internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by Management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of Management's use of the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and contents of the financial statements, including the
 disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a
 manner that gives a true and fair view.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Hellerup, May 29 2020 PricewaterhouseCoopers

Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab

CVA NO 33 77 12 31

Flemming Eghoff
State Authorised Public Accountant

Mne30221

State Authorised Public Accountant

mne34548

Company information

Company Colgate-Palmolive A/S

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2830 Virum

Phone 43209200 Fax 43209393

E-mail cpdk@colpal.com

Homepage http://www.ColgatePalmolive.dk/

CVR-no. 43418114 Date of establishment 07-11-1940

Fiscal year 01-01-2019 - 31-12-2019

Board of Directors Paolo Rossetto, Chairman

Charalabos Klados Cristiane Martini Rita Skånstrøm Berit Mortensen

Executive Board Cristiane Martini

Auditors PricewaterhouseCoopers

Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab Strandvejen 44, DK-2900 Hellerup

Management's review

Main activities

The Company sells and markets Personal and Household Care products in the Nordic market.

All shares in the Company are held by Colgate-Palmolive S.A., 60 Avenue de L'Europe, F-92270 Bois Colombes, France.

The Swedish subsidiary has a branch in Finland.

Development in the financial year

Net profit for the year 1 January – 31 December 2019 amounts to kr. 35,772k (Net profit 2018 kr. 36,387k) and the Company's balance as of 31 December 2019 amounts to kr. 145,370k, with an equity of kr. 105,640k.

The result for 2019 was as at a satisfactory level. The result for 2019 has decreased from kr. 36,387k to kr. 35,772k. Gross profit has Increased 1,7%.

Due to the negative impact from the employee share scheme in 2019 compared to 2018 the operating result has decreased 14%, which was expected.

Expectations for the year to come

In March 2020, the World Health Organization formally recognized COVID-19, the novel strain of coronavirus, as a pandemic. As a result of various actions taken by federal and local governments worldwide to curb the pandemic, including the temporary closure of certain businesses, various travel restrictions, and the mandatory containment of large segments of the global population within their geographic regions, global economic output has shown signs of short-term contraction and there remains significant uncertainty as to the extent and duration of the global economic impact.

As of May 31st 2020, the pandemic has not resulted in a significant impact to the Company's net sales, its results of operations or its overall access to liquidity to manage operations on an ongoing basis. Given the continued uncertainty regarding the ultimate impact of this pandemic, however, any future related financial impact cannot be reasonably estimated at this time.

The result for 2020 is expecting to be in line with 2019.

Knowledge resources

As part of the Company's strategy, there is a strong focus is on attracting and retaining a highly educated employee workforce. As part of this effort the Company has implemented specific programs and education plans.

Risk management objectives and strategy

Currency risk

The Company does not incur significant currency risks. All receivables are in DKK and the company does not purchase goods in foreign currency. The Company has few transactions in foreign currency like USD, EUR, and GBP.

Credit risk

The Company does not have any significant concentrations of credit risk. Sales are made to customers that meet the Company's credit rating. Goods and services are sold subject to payment deadlines within 30 days. A different payment period may apply to major suppliers, in which case additional securities are demanded, including guarantees.

Liquidity risk

The Company makes use of the Colgate-Palmolive Group cash pool facility and has its cash and cash equivalents furnished at Citibank which is part of a zero balancing process.

Management's review

Environmental items

The Company is participating in and has implemented Colgate-Palmolive's global environmental policies which can be found on the Company's homepage or at:

https://www.colgatepalmolive.com/en-us/core-values/sustainability/2020-sustainability-comitments-progress

For archived reports we refer the Company's homepage or at:

https://www.colgatepalmolive.com/en-us/core-values/sustainability/reporting

Statutory statement on social responsibility in accordance with section 99a of the Danish Financial Statements Act

The Company participates in Colgate-Palmolive global programs within sustainability.

According to the Danish Financial Act section 99A, subsection 6,1 we refer to the reporting done by the parent company, which can be found on the Company's homepage or at:

https://www.colgatepalmolive.com/en-us/core-values/sustainability/2020-sustainability-comitments-progress

For archived reports we refer the Company's homepage or at:

https://www.colgatepalmolive.com/en-us/core-values/sustainability/reporting

Statutory statement regarding the underrepresented gender in accordance with section 99b of the Danish Financial Statements Act

Colgate-Palmolive A/S is obliged to report on the underrepresented gender according to section 99b of the Danish Financial Statements Act. This implies reporting on the gender split on the Board of Directors as well as on other management levels in the company.

Gender split on the Board of Directors

Colgate-Palmolive A/S has five board members elected at the annual general assembly, which consist of three women and two men. Thereby, we have obtained equal representation and need no report on a target for the Board of Directors.

Gender split on other management levels

Colgate-Palmolive A/S defines other management levels as the group of employees responsible for daily leadership. Among this group, there are three women and two men, which accounts for equal representation and lead to the company need not have nor report upon a policy for the underrepresented gender on other management levels.

Summary of key figures and financial ratios DKK 1,000

The development can be described by the following key figures and financial ratios:

	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Revenue	516,588	506,560	478,933	478,463	466,337
Gross Profit	174,676	172,229	150,933	148,174	150,941
Operating Result	23,646	27,555	19,636	23,534	19,997
Financiel Items	-3	-6	-61	-16	-130
Net Income	35,772	36,387	69,208	19,979	16,389
Assets	145,370	175,090	213,812	183,604	147,286
Investments in tangible fixed assets	0	0	0	1,632	459
Equity	105,640	134,817	163,563	141,303	103,402
Number of employees	55	63	73	78	78
Gross Profit (%)	33.85	34.00	31.51	30.97	32.37
Return on sales (%)	4.58	5.44	4.10	4.92	4.29
Return on assets (%)	25.98	22.19	37.32	15.73	12.74
Solvency ratio (%)	72.67	77.00	76.50	76.96	70.20
Return on Equity (ROE) (%)	29.75	24.39	45.40	16.33	17.16

Key figures and financial ratios are prepared in compliance with The Danish Finance Society's Recommendations.

Gross Profit	=	Gross profit x 100
		Revenue
Return on sales	=	Operating result (EBIT) x 100
		Revenue
Return on Equity (ROE) (%)	=	Net Income
		Average equity
		Operating result (EBIT) including Net income from
Return on assets (%)	=	subsidiaries X 100
		Average assets
Solvency ration (%)	=	Equity X 100
		Assets

Accounting Policies

Basis of preparation

The Company's annual report has been prepared in accordance with the provisions of the Danish Financial Statements Act applying to large enterprises of reporting class C.

With reference to the Danish Financial Statements Act section 112 Consolidated Financial Statements has not been prepared.

With reference to the Danish Financial Statements Act Section 86, subsection 4 cash flow statement has not been made. The Cash Flow statement is included in the Consolidated Financial Statement for Colgate-Palmolive Company, New York.

Accounting policies

The accounting policies are unchanged compared to last year.

Consolidated Group

Colgate-Palmolive A/S is part of the Consolidated Financial Statements for the Immediate Parent Company Colgate-Palmolive Service S.A., 60 Avenue de L'Europe, 92270 Bois-Colombes, France. CVR no. FR 37 552 136 780.

The Financial Statements for the ultimate Parent Company Colgate-Palmolive Company, New York, USA may be obtained at the following address:

Colgate-Palmolive Company 300 Park Avenue New York, NY 1002-7499 USA

Group overview

Parent Company Colgate-Palmolive A/S, Bredevej 2A, 2830 Virum Nom. DKK 82,000,000

Subsidiaries, 100% Colgate-Palmolive AB, Stockholm, Sweden Nom. SEK 1,000,000

Colgate-Palmolive Norge AS, Oslo, Norway Nom. NOK 6,500,000

Currency

The annual report is in DKK 1,000.

Accounting Policies

Recognition and measurement

Revenues are recognized in the income statement as earned. Furthermore, value adjustments of financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value or amortized cost are recognized. Moreover, all expenses incurred to achieve the earnings for the year are recognized in the income statement, including depreciation, amortization, write downs and provisions.

Assets are recognized in the balance sheet when it is likely that the future financial benefits will accrue on the Company and when the value of the asset can be measured reliably.

Liabilities are recognized in the balance sheet when it is likely that the future financial benefits will be deducted from the Company and when the value of the liability can be measured reliably.

The first recognition measures assets and liabilities at cost. Subsequently, assets and liabilities will be measured individually in respect of each accounting item as described below.

Certain financial assets and liabilities are measured at cost, thus recognizing a constant effective interest over the term. Amortized cost is computed as original cost less deductions, if any, as well as additions/deductions of the accumulated amortization of the difference between cost and nominal value.

When recognizing and measuring, gains, losses and risk in connection with the presentation of the annual report are considered and which confirm or invalidate events, which existed at balance sheet date.

Upon group internal acquisitions of subsidiaries, the residual between cost price and booked equity in the acquired company at the point of acquisition is calculated after individual assets and liabilities are adjusted to fair value (purchase method). Any decided restructuring cost in regards to the acquired company is deducted. Upon group merger the purchase method is also used.

Any residuals, positive and negative, in amounts as a result of change in recognition and measurement of net assets can be regulated until the end of the fiscal year after the year of acquisition. These regulations are also reflected in the value of goodwill or negative goodwill, including already booked depreciations.

Transactions in foreign currency

Transactions in foreign currency are recognized at current exchange rate. Gain and losses from the difference between current exchange rate and the exchange rate at time of payment, are recognized in the income statement.

Receivables, debt and other monetary items in foreign currencies are stated at year-end official currency exchange rates. Gain and losses from the difference between used exchange rate and the exchange rate at year end, are recognized in the income statement.

The income statement for foreign subsidiaries is translated at an average exchange rate. The balance sheet is translated at year-end exchange rate. Gain and losses from the difference between beginning and ending exchange rate for the equity and the translation of the income statement to year-end exchange rate are recognized directly in the equity.

Income statement

Revenue

Revenue represents the value of goods delivered during the year, net of value added tax and price reductions directly related to the sales.

Cost of sales

Cost of sales includes the consumption of goods. The cost price reflects the total value of the consumed goods.

Accounting Policies

Distribution expenses

Distribution expenses include salary to sales and distribution personnel and related expenses as well as car expenses and depreciations etc.

Administrative expenses

Administrative expenses include expenses to management, administrative personnel, office expenses, depreciations etc.

Amortization, depreciation and impairment losses

Depreciations and write offs of tangible and intangible assets is based on a straight-line basis over the expected service life of the assets which are expected to be:

	Service live	Scrap value
Goodwill	20 years	0%
Property, plant and equipment	3-10 years	0%

Losses and gains when selling tangible and intangible assets is measured as the difference between sales price, with deduction of sales cost and the recognized value at the point of sales, and is recognized in the net result either in Distribution expenses or Administrative expenses.

Net income from subsidiaries

Dividends from subsidiaries are recognized as income in the income statement when adopted at the General Meeting of the subsidiary.

Other financial Income and Expenses

Financial income and expenses include interest, realized and unrealized foreign exchange gain and losses and charges and refunds on taxes paid on account.

Tax on profit/loss from ordinary activities

Tax on profit/loss from ordinary activities, which includes both current tax and current year changes in deferred tax, is charged to income statement, with the share that can be contributed to current year net income and to equity with the share that can be contributed to charges charged directly to equity.

The tax provision contributed to income statement is divided into tax provision for ordinary and extraordinary result.

Changes in deferred tax due to change in tax rates are charged to income statement.

The Company is jointly taxed with Hill's Pet Nutrition Denmark ApS. Foreign subsidiaries are not included in the jointly taxation.

Colgate-Palmolive A/S is the administrative company for the joint taxation. The combined Danish tax for the joint taxed companies is paid by Colgate-Palmolive A/S.

The combined tax from the joint taxation with Hill's Pet Nutrition Denmark ApS is allocated to both profit and losses according to the companies' taxable income. The jointly taxed companies are part of the on-account tax scheme.

Accounting Policies

Balance Sheet

Intangible Assets

Goodwill is measured at cost price with deduction of accumulated depreciations and write downs.

Goodwill connected to a specific brand is amortized on a straight-line basis over the expected useful life. Based on the market the management has evaluated the useful life to be 20 years. The depreciation period has been calculated based on our expectations to Sanex's ability to contribute positively to our operating profit.

An impairment test is made for acquired intangible assets if there are indications of decreases in value. The Impairment test is made for each individual asset or group of assets, respectively. The assets are written down to the higher of the value in use and fair market value, less sales costs, of the asset or group of assets if it is lower than the carrying amount.

Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment are measured at cost less depreciation. Straight-line depreciation is made over the expected useful life of the individual assets.

The useful life of the assets is evaluated at the time of purchase and is subjected to revaluation once a year.

Financial assets investments

Investments in subsidiaries are measured at cost. Where cost exceeds the recoverable amount, write-down is made to this lower value.

Receivables

Receivables are measured in the balance sheet at the amortized cost or at the lower net realizable value, which corresponds to nominal values less write-down for expected losses. Write-down for expected losses is estimated based on an individual assessment of the accounts receivables and a general write-down based on the Company's prior years' experience.

Prepayments

Prepayments classified as assets consist of prepaid costs for rent, insurance, subscriptions and advertising costs.

Equity

Executive Compensation Program

The management of Colgate-Palmolive A/S is included in the Colgate-Palmolive Group's option and share award program.

Options are treated as a cash-settled plan, and the liability is calculated as the differences between the grant prices and the yearend share price. The liability is included in other debt.

The restricted share award program is treated as an equity-settled plan, and the liability is calculated as the year end share price divided with the vesting period of 3 years. The liability is included in the equity.

The impact on reserves due to relocation of employees, are charged directly to equity.

Dividend

Dividend for current year proposed by management will be shown in a separate line under Equity.

Financial Debts

Debt to banks, suppliers etc. is booked at amortized value, which in most circumstances is the same as the debt's nominal value.

Accounting Policies

Current tax assets and liabilities

Provision for deferred taxes includes all temporary differences between the accounting and taxation treatment of assets and liabilities.

The income tax expense and the provision for deferred taxes are based on the actual and future tax rates in effect, in the countries where the legal entities are domiciled.

Tax payments made during the year have been deducted from the year- end tax provision.

Contingent assets and liabilities

Contingent assets and liabilities is not recognized in the balance sheet but included only in the notes.

Income Statement 1 January – 31 December DKK 1,000

	Note	2019	2018
Revenue	1	516,588	506,560
Cost of sales	2	-341,912	-334,331
Gross Profit		174,676	172,229
Distribution expenses	2	-139,452	-137,237
Administrative expenses	2	-11,578	-7,437
Operating result		23,646	27,555
Net income from subsidiaries		17,979	15,585
Other financial income		0	0
Other financial expenses		-3	-6
Net income before taxes		41,622	43,134
Tax on profit/loss from ordinary activities	3	-5,850	-6,747
Net income		35,772	36,387

Balance Sheet December 31

DKK 1,000

	Note	20 19	2018
Assets			
Goodwill	4	33,705	36,516
Intangible assets		33,705	36,516
Other fixtures and fittings, tools and equipment	5	1,434	1,186
Property, plant and equipment		1,434	1,186
Investments in subsidiaries	6	10,897	10,897
Deposits	7	1,035	949
Fixed asset investments		11,932	11,846
Fixed assets		47,071	49,548
Trade receivables		47,835	49,656
Receivables from group enterprises		49,056	72,869
Income tax receivable		886	352
Other receivables		69	1,951
Prepayments	8	231	339
Deferred tax asset	9	222	375
Receivables		98,299	125,542
Cash		0	0
Current assets		98,299	125,542
Assets		145,370	175,090

Balance Sheet December 31

DKK 1,000

Liabilities and Equity	Note	2019	2018
Share capital		82,000	82,000
Other reserves		521	449
Retained earnings		3,119	12,368
Proposed dividend for the year		20,000	40,000
Equity		105,640	134,817
Trade payables		5,022	5,102
Payables to group enterprises		18,649	16,124
Other payables		16,059	19,047
Current liabilities		39,730	40,273
Total Liabilities		39,730	40,273
Equity and liabilities		145,370	175,090
Fees to auditors appointed at the Annual General			
Meeting	10		
Affiliated entities and ownership	11		
Transactions with affiliated entities	12		
Contingent Assets, Liabilities and other financial			
obligations	13		
Events after year end	14		
Statement of profit distribution	15		

Equity December 31

DKK 1,000

Equity

	Share capital	Reserve for compensation programs	Retained earnings	Proposed dividend for the year	l alt
Equity as of January 1 2019	82,000	449	12,368	40,000	134,817
Net Income for the year Reserve for Incentive			15,772	20,000	35,772
programs Extraordinary dividend		108			108
to shareholders Pald out dividend			-25,000	25,000 -65,000	-65,000
Takeover of compensation programs Deferred tax on the		179	-268		-89
takeover Disposal of		0	59		59
compensation programs Deferred tax on the		-215	241		26
disposals			-53		-53
Equity as of December 31 2019	82, 000	521	3,119	20,000	105,640

There has been no change in share capital for the last 5 years.

The share capital consists of 820,000 shares valued DKK 100.

Notes DKK 1,000	2019	2018
1. Revenue The company operates only on the Danish market.		
Revenue split markets:		
Local	516,588	506,560
	516,588	506,560
Revenue split business units		
Personal care / home care	516,588	506,560
resonatione, notice care	516,588	506,560
2. Staff costs		
Wages and salaries	37,266	42,583
Pension costs	3,485	3,276
Other social security costs	885	1,224
	41,636	47,083
0.00		
Staff costs are distributed as follows: Distribution expenses	20.270	22.000
Administration expenses	29,379 12,257	32,986 14,097
	41,636	47,083
Average number of full time employees	55	63
The management are included in Colgate-Palmolive Group's executive constock option programs and share award programs. The compensation for reliabilities for share and option programs.		
	Remuneration of management 2019	Remuneration of management 2018
Total amount for Executive Board	2,480	4,700
For the Pursuant to the Danish Financial Statements Act section 98b, substantial statement is shown in total. No remuneration has been paid to the Board. 3. Tax on profit/loss from ordinary activities Current tax Change in deferred tax Adjustments related to previous years		5,992 755 0
	0,030	0,747

Notes DKK 1,000			2019	2018
4. Goodwill			FC 242	
Cost beginning of year			56,212	56,212
Cost end of year			56,212	56,212
Amortisation and impair	rment losses beginning o	of year	-19,696	-16,885
Amortisation for the yea	ar (Administrative expen	ses)	-2,811	-2,811
Amortisation and impai	irment losses end of yea	ar	-22,507	-19,696
Carrying amount end of	fyear		33,705	36,516
5. Property, plant a	nd equinment			
Cost beginning of year	па супринени		2,824	2,824
Disposals			0	2,024
Additions			478	0
Cost end of year			3,302	2,824
Depresiation and impair	rment losses beginning o	of waar	-1,638	1 270
Reversal regarding dispo		л уеаг	-1,036	-1,370 0
Depreciation for the year			-230	-268
	 irment losses end of yea	ar	-1,869	-1,638
Carrying amount end o	f γear		1,434	1,186
6. Investments in su	مماسمالماسا			
Cost beginning of year	ubsidiaries		10,897	10,897
Carrying amount end or	fvear		10,897	10,897
carrying amount end o	r year			10,837
Name	Location	Ovnership %	Equity	Result of the year
Colgate-Palmolive AS*	Oslo, Norway	100.00	Nok 17, 149k	Nok 5,127k
Colgate-Palmolive AB*	Stockholm, Sweden	100.00	Sek 50,008k	Sek 24,454k
*Disclosed Information	according to latest Final	ncial Statements as of	31 December 2019	
Disclosed information		idai Statements as Or	51 December 2015,	
7. Deposit				
Cost beginning of year			949	938
Additions			86	
Carrying amount end	of year		1,035	
• =	-			

Notes

DKK 1,000 2019 2018

8. Prepayments

Prepayments consist of prepaid costs for insurance, subscriptions and advertising costs.

9. Deferred tax asset

Consists primarily of tax on incentive programs and property plant and equipment. As the company is a profit given company we expect to be able to utilize the tax asset in near future.

Deferred tax asset beginning of year	375	1,329
Change in tax on machinery and equipment	-71	-66
Change in tax on incentive plan reserves	74	-1,044
Change in tax on other reserves	-156	156
Carrying amount end of year	222	375
10. Fees to auditors appointed at the Annual General Meetin	_	
Statutory audit services	216	216
Other services	20	20
Tax services	0	0
Total	236	236

11. Affiliated entities and ownership

Colgate-Palmolive S.A., France, 100% share ownership.

Colgate-Palmolive Company, New York, USA, ultimate owner.

12. Transactions with affiliated entities

The transactions to and from affiliated entities consists of cost of goods sold and marketing, financial and management services. All transactions between affiliated entities have been conducted on arms' length basis.

13. Contingent Assets, Liabilities and other financial obligations

Rental agreements and leases

The Company has engaged in operational leasing contracts with expiry dates up to 50 month with a total liability of kr. 4,981k (2018: kr. 2,834k), whereas kr. 1,675k (2019: kr. 1,425k) is due in 2020.

The Company has lease contracts for rent with expiry dates of 37 month with a total liability of kr. 6,869k (2018: kr. 9,134k), whereas kr. 3,493k (2019: kr. 3,083k) is due in 2020.

Contingent liabilities

The Company is the administration company of a Danish joint taxation. The company is jointly and severally liable as of the financial year 2013 with the other jointly taxed companies for the total corporation tax and any obligation to withhold tax at source on interests, royalties and dividends for all jointly taxed companies.

Notes

DKK 1,000

2019

2018

14. Subsequent events

The implications of COVID-19 with many governments across the world deciding to "close down their countries" will have great impact on the global economy. Management considers the implications of COVID-19 a subsequent event occurred after the balance sheet date (31 December 2019), which is therefore a non-adjusting event to the Company.

As of May 29th 2020, the pandemic has not resulted in a significant impact to the Company's net sales, its results of operations or its overall access to liquidity to manage operations on an ongoing basis. Given the continued uncertainty regarding the ultimate impact of this pandemic, however, any future related financial impact cannot be reasonably estimated at this time.

There have been no other significant events subsequent to year-end, which can materially impact the evaluation of the Company's financial position.

15. Statement of profit distribution

	35.772	36.387
Retained earnings	15,772	-3,613
Extraordinary dividend paid in the financial year	-25,000	-15,500
Extraordinary dividend distributed in the financial year	25,000	15,500
Proposed dividend	20,000	40,000