DANRAD HOLDING APS

ÅKANDEVEJ 21, 2700 BRØNSHØJ

ANNUAL REPORT

1 JANUARY - 31 DECEMBER 2017

The Annual Report has been presented and adopted at the Company's Annual General Meeting on 14 March 2018

Anders Birkebæk Clausen

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COMPANY DETAILS

Company Danrad Holding ApS

Åkandevej 21 2700 Brønshøj

CVR no.:

43 41 55 14 29 December 1964

Established: 29 December

Registered Office: Brønshøj

Financial Year: 1 January - 31 December

Board of Executives Frank T. McFaden

Vibeke Holst-Andersen Claus Lønborg Madsen

Auditor Ernst & Young Godkendt Revisionspartnerselskab

Osvald Helmuths Vej 4 2000 Frederiksberg

STATEMENT BY BOARD OF EXECUTIVES

Today the Board of Executives have discussed and approved the Annual Report of Danrad Holding ApS for the year 1 January - 31 December 2017.

The Annual Report is presented in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion the financial statements give a true and fair view of the Company's financial position at 31 December 2017 and of the results of the Company's operations for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2017.

Further, in our opinion, the Management's review gives a fair review of the matters discussed in the Management's review.

We recommend the Annual Report be approved at the Annual General Meeting.

Copenhagen, 14 March 2018

Board of Executives

—Docusigned by: Frank T. McFaden

Frank I. McFaden

Vibeke Holst-Andersen

Claus Lønborg Madsen

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Shareholder of Danrad Holding ApS

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Danrad Holding ApS for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2017, which comprise income statement, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity and notes including accounting policies. The financial statements are prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Company at 31 December 2017 and of the results of the Company's operations for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2017 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) and additional requirements applicable in Denmark. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the "Auditor's Responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements" section of our report. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Independence

We are independent of the Company in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) and additional requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these rules and requirements.

Management's Responsibility for the financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act and for such Internal control as Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, Management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements unless Management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance as to whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to
fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit
evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not
detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error
as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override
of internal control.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an
 opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by Management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of Management's use of the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and contents of the financial statements, including the
 note disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and
 events in a manner that gives a true and fair view.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Statement on the Management's review

Management is responsible for the Management's review.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the Management's review, and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read Management's review and, in doing so, consider whether the Management's review is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained during the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

Moreover, it is our responsibility to consider whether the Management's review provides the information required under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Based on the work we have performed, we conclude that the Management's review is in accordance with the financial statements and has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Danish Financial Statements Act. We did not identify any material misstatement of the Management's review.

Copenhagen, 14 March 2018

Ernst & Young Godkendt Revisionspartnerselskab

CVR-nr. 30 70 02 28

Henrik Kronborg Iversen

State Authorised Public Accountant

MNE no.: mne24687

Rasmus Bloth Jespersen

State Authorised Public Accountant

MNE no.: mne35503

MANAGEMENT'S REVIEW

Principal activities

The objectives of the company are to carry on commercial and manufacturing business as well as financing and investment. The company's principal activity consist in holding shares in subsidiaries.

The Company's principal activity comprise investments in group eneterprises

Development in activities and financial position

The company's income and statement for the year ended 31 December 2017 shows a net loss of DKK 2.884 thousand, and the balance sheet at 31 December 2017 shows equity of DKK 837.646 thousand.

In 2017, the company made a cash contribution of DKK 15.004 thousand and converted a loan receivable of DKK 17.794 thousand from Radiometer Tibbi Malzemeler Sanayi Ticaret Ltd. Into shares, and thereby increasing its investment in the entity.

The Board of Executives recommend distribution of the loss as stated under distribution of profit.

Significant events after the end of the financial year

No events have occurred after the end of the financial year of material importance for the company's financial position.

Future expectations

The company expects to make profit in the coming year from the holding activities at the same level as this financial year.

INCOME STATEMENT 1 JANUARY - 31 DECEMBER

	Note	2017 DKK '000	2016 DKK '000
Other external expenses		-291	-501
GROSS PROFIT		-291	-501
OPERATING PROFIT.		-291	-501
Other financial incomeOther financial expenses	1 2	658 -4.055	2.005 -5.047
PROFIT BEFORE TAX		-3.688	-3.543
Tax on profit/loss for the year	3	804	702
PROFIT FOR THE YEAR		-2.884	-2.841
PROPOSED DISTRIBUTION OF PROFIT			
Retained profit		-2.884	-2.841
TOTAL		-2.884	-2.841

BALANCE SHEET AT 31 DECEMBER

ASSETS	Note	2017 DKK '000	2016 DKK '000
Investments in group enterprises		790.540 41 0	757.743 43 20.139
Fixed asset investments	4	790.581	777.925
FIXED ASSETS		790.581	777.925
Receivables from group enterprises Other receivables		301.992 0	317.376 11
Receivables corporation tax		804	702
Receivables		302.796	318.089
CURRENT ASSETS		302.796	318.089
ASSETS		1.093.377	1.096.014

BALANCE SHEET AT 31 DECEMBER

EQUITY AND LIABILITIES	Note	2017	2016
		DKK '000	DKK '000
Share capital		309.816	309.816
Retained profit		527.830	530.714
EQUITY		837.646	840.530
Trade payables		219	307
Trade payables Payables to group enterprises		255,512	307 255.177
Current liabilities.		255.731	255.484
LIABILITIES		255.731	255.484
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES		1.093.377	1.096.014
Contingencies etc.	5		
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EQUITY

			s	hare capital	Retained profit	Total
Equity at 1 January 2017 Proposed distribution of profit	••••••	•••••		309.816	530.714 -2.884	840.530 -2.884
Equity at 31 December 2017	•••••	*************		309.816	527.830	837.646
Changes in share capital in the latest 5 years in DKK						
Balance at 1 January Balance at 31 December	2017 309.816 309.816	2016 309.816 309.816	2015 309.816 309.816	309.816	309.816	5

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	2017 DKK '000		Note
Other financial income			1
Interest, group enterprises	. 657	1.209	
Other interest income		796	
	658	2.005	
Other financial evacues			9
Other financial expenses Interest, group enterprises	. 1.049	1,261	2
Exchange rate, expenses		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	
Exchange rate, expenses	. 3.000	3.700	
	4.055	5.047	
Tax on profit/loss for the year			3
Calculated tax on taxable income of the year	804	-702	
	-804	-702	
Fixed asset investments			4
			•
Investments in	1	Receivables from	
group enterprise	Other securities	group enterprises	
Cost at 1 January 2017 757.742	2 43	20.139	
Additions	3 0	0	
	0	-20.139	
Cost at 31 December 2017 790.540) 43	0	
Revaluation and write-down for the year	-2	0	
	-2		

In 2017, the company made a cash contribution of DKK 15.004 thousand and converted its loan receivables at present value DKK 17.794 thousand (2016: DKK 20.139 thousand) from Radiometer Tibbi Malzemeler Sanayi Ticaret Ltd. Into shares, and thereby increasing its investment in the entity.

790.540

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Impairment test

Carrying amount at 31 December 2017......

Management has prepared an impairment test and thereby calculated the recoverable amount of the Company's investment in group enterprises at 31 December 2017.

The impairment method is based on Danaher's standard internal valuation methodology. This method is based on the financial reporting as of 31 December 2017, and representative EBITDA multiplied by an assessed multimplicator based on a peer-group analysis, adjusted for control premiums if applicable and non-operating assets/liabilities. The impairment test did not result in need for impairment.

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Note

Investments in group enterprises

Name and registered office	Ownership
SenDx Medical Inc., US Delaware	100 %
Radiometer Sp. zoo, Poland	100 %
Radiometer sro, Czech Republic	100 %
Radiometer KK, Japan	100 %
Kavo Dental SA, Switzerland	34,9 %
Radiometer Basel AG, Switzerland	23,6 %
AB Sciex KK, Japan	20,2 %
Radiometer South Africa Pty Ltd., South Africa	100 %
Radiometer Tibbi Malzemeler Sanayi Ticaret Ltd, Turkey	80,9 %
Radiometer SEA PTE Ltd., Singapore	100 %
Radiometer Malaysia Sdn. Bhd., Malaysia	100 %

Contingencies etc.

Joint taxation

The company is jointly taxed with Danaher Tax Administration ApS, which is the management company (Administrationsselskab) for the Danish joint taxation. The company is jointly and severally unlimited liable with the other jointly taxed companies for payment of corporation tax for the income year 2013 and later, and for withholding tax on interest, royalties and dividends, which are payable on 1 July 2012 or later.

At 31 December 2017, the jointly taxed companies' net liability to SKAT is disclosed in the annual report for Danaher Tax Administration ApS, registration number - 28 31 68 87. Any subsequent assessments of the taxable income subject to joint taxation or withholding taxes on dividends, interest and royalties may entail that the Company's liability will increase.

Demerged in 2010

The company was demerged in 2010. The company is jointly liable for any obligation that existed at the time of the demerger.

Other contingencies

The company has no other contingent assets or liabilities.

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Consolidated financial statementsThe ultimate parent of the group is:

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Danaher Corporation 2200 Pennsylvania Avenue, NW Suite 800W Washington, DC 20037 USA

The consolidated financial statement for the Danaher group can be acquired at the following link:

https://www.sec.gov/Archives/edgar/data/313616/000031361618000038/dhr-20171231x10xk.htm

ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The annual report of Danrad Holding ApS for 2017 has been presented in accordance with the provisions of the Danish Financial Statements Act for enterprises in reporting class B and elective choice of certain provisions applying to reporting class C entities.

The accounting policies are consistent with those of last year.

Consolidated financial statements

Referring to section 112(1) of the Danish Financial Statements Act., no consolidated financial statements are prepared. The financial statements for Danrad Holding ApS and its group entitites are part of the consolidated financial statements for Danaher Corporation, USA.

INCOME STATEMENT

Other external expenses

Other external expenses include expenses related to administration etc.

Investments in subsidiaries

Dividend from subsidiary is recognised in the income statement in the financial year when the dividend is declared.

Financial income and expenses in general

Financial income and expenses include interest income and expenses, realised and unrealised gains and losses arising from investments in financial assets, exchange rate adjustments from debt and transactions in foreign currencies, amortisation of financial assets and liabilities as well as charges and allowances under the tax-on-account scheme etc. Financial income and expenses are recognised in the income statement by the amounts that relate to the financial year.

Tax on profit for the year

The tax for the year, which consists of the current tax for the year and changes in deferred tax, is recognised in the income statement by the portion that may be attributed to the profit for the year, and is recognised directly in the equity by the portion that may be attributed to entries directly to the equity.

The company is jointly taxed with affiliated Danish enterprises. The current Danish corporation tax is distributed between the jointly taxed Danish enterprises in proportion to their taxable income, and with full distribution with refund regarding taxable losses. The jointly taxed companies are included in the tax-on-account scheme.

ACCOUNTING POLICIES

BALANCE SHEET

Fixed asset investments

Equity investments in subsidiaries and in other securities are measured at cost. In case of indication of impairment, an impairment test must be conducted. Investments are written down to the lower of the carrying amount and the recoverable amount.

Impairment of fixed assets

The carrying amount of intangible and tangible fixed assets together with investments, which are not measured at fair value, are valued on an annual basis for indications of impairment other than that reflected by amortisation and depreciation.

In the event of impairment indications, an impairment test is made for each asset or group of assets, respectively. If the net realisable value is lower than the carrying amount, write-down is provided to the lower value.

The recoverable amount is calculated at the higher of net selling price and capital value. The capital value is determined as the fair value of the expected net cash flows from the use of the asset or group of assets and the expected net cash flows from sale of the asset or group of assets after the end of its useful life.

Receivables

Receivables are measured at amortised cost which usually corresponds to nominal value. The value is reduced by write-down to meet expected losses.

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprises cash balances and bank balances.

Balances in the group's cash pool scheme are not, due to the nature of the scheme, considered cash, but are recognised under "Receivables from group enterprises".

Tax payable and deferred tax

Current tax liabilities and receivable current tax are recognised in the balance sheet as the calculated tax on the taxable income for the year, adjusted for tax on the taxable income for previous years and taxes paid on account.

Deferred tax is measured on the temporary differences between the carrying amount and the tax value of assets and liabilities.

Deferred tax assets, including the tax value of tax loss carry-forwards, are measured at the expected realisable value of the asset, either by set-off against tax on future earnings or by set-off against deferred tax liabilities within the same legal tax entity.

Deferred tax is measured on the basis of the tax rules and tax rates that under the legislation in force on the balance sheet date would be applicable when the deferred tax is expected to crystallise as current tax.

Liabilities

Liabilities are measured at amortised cost equal to nominal value.

ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Foreign currency translation

Transactions in foreign currencies are translated at the rate of exchange on the transaction date. Exchange differences arising between the rate on the transaction date and the rate on the payment date are recognised in the income statement as a financial income or expense.

Receivables, payables and other monetary items in foreign currencies that are not settled on the balance sheet date are translated at the exchange rate on the balance sheet date. The difference between the exchange rate on the balance sheet date and the exchange rate at the time of occurrence of the receivables or payables is recognised in the income statement as financial income or expenses.