

Annual report for the period 1 April 2023 to 31 March 2024

DCC Biogas Holding A/S Nærum Hovedgade 8, 2850 Nærum CVR no. 43 30 40 62

Adopted at the annual general meeting on 30 September 2024

Signed by:

Lone Søgaard Lundin

chairman

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Statement by management on the annual report

The Board of Directors and executive board have today discussed and approved the annual report of DCC Biogas Holding A/S for the financial year 1 April 2023 - 31 March 2024.

The annual report is prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the company's financial position at 31 March 2024 and of the results of the company's operations for the financial year 1 April 2023 - 31 March 2024.

In our opinion, management's review includes a fair review of the matters dealt with in the management's review.

Management recommends that the annual report should be approved by the company in general meeting.

Nærum, 30 September 2024

Executive board

—DocuSigned by:

Daniel Hedegaard Andersen

Director

Board of Directors

Signed by:

Lena Løwe Sørensen

chairman

-DocuSigned by:

MicPaeFreruse Bak

Michael knuse Bak

— DocuSigned by:

Darfler Hedlegaard Andersen

Independent auditor's report

To the shareholder of DCC Biogas Holding A/S

Opinion

We have audited the financial Statements of DCC Biogas Holding A/S for the financial year 1 April 2023 - 31 March 2024 comprising, income statement, balance sheet, statement of change in equity, and notes including accounting policies. The financial statements are prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the company's assets, liabilities and financial position at 31 March 2024, and of the results of the company's operations for the financial year 1 April 2023 - 31 March 2024 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the "Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements" section of our report.

We are independent of the company in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' International Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) and the additional ethical requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these rules and requirements and the IESBA Code.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Management's responsibility for the financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of financial statements, that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act and for such internal control that management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements unless management either intends to liquidate the company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance as to whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements in Denmark will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements may arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of financial statement users made on the basis of these financial statements.

Independent auditor's report

As part of an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also

- identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the company financial statements, whether
 due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain
 audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not
 detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error as
 fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of
 internal control.
- obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures
 that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the
 effectiveness of the company's internal control.
- evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- evaluate the overall presentation, structure and contents of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that gives a true and fair view.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Statement on Management's review

Management is responsible for Management's review.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the Management's review, and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

Independent auditor's report

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the Management's review and, in doing so, consider whether the Management's review is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained during the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

Moreover, it is our responsibility to consider whether the Management's review provides the information required under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Based on the work we have performed, we conclude that the Management's review is in accordance with the financial statements and has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Danish Financial Statements Act. We did not identify any material misstatement of the Management's review.

Copenhagen, 30 September 2024

KPMG Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab CVR no. 25 57 81 98

David Olafsson

DocuSigned by:

State Authorised Public Accountant
MNE no. mne19737

Company details

The company DCC Biogas Holding A/S

Nærum Hovedgade 8

2850 Nærum

Telephone: +45 45580100

Website: www.dccenergi.dk

CVR no.: 43 30 40 62

Reporting period: 1 April 2023 - 31 March 2024

Domicile: Rudersdal

Board of Directors Lena Løwe Sørensen, chairman

Michael Kruse Bak

Daniel Hedegaard Andersen

Executive board Daniel Hedegaard Andersen, director

Auditors KPMG

Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab

Dampfærgevej 28 DK-2100 København

Lawyers Accura Advokataktieselskab

Alexandriagade 8 DK-2150 Nordhavn

Bankers Danske Bank

Bernstorffsgade 40 DK-1577 København V

Management's review

Business review

DCC Biogas Holding A/S serves as a holding company. DCC Biogas Holding A/S is a subsidiary of DCC Energi Danmark A/S. The ultimate parent company is DCC plc, which is domiciled in Ireland.

Significant changes during the financial year

The Company sold its joint venture investment in Vicus Biogas ApS during the financial year.

In addition, the Company received an intra-group contribution from its parent company, DCC Energi Danmark A/S, of DKK'000 24,500, which was used to ensure a positive capital in the Company.

Recognition and measurement uncertainties

The recognition and measurement of items in the annual report is not associated with any uncertainty.

Unusual matters

The Company's financial position at 31 March 2024 and the results of its operations for the financial year ended 31 March 2024 are not affected by any unusual matters.

Financial review

The Company's income statement for the year ended 31 March 2024 shows a loss of DKK'000 17,700, and the balance sheet at 31 March 2024 shows equity of DKK'000 2,315.

Significant events occurring after the end of the financial year

No events have occurred after the balance sheet date which could significantly affect the Company's financial position.

Income statement 1 April - 31 March

	Note	2023/24 DKK'000	2022/23 DKK'000
Gross profit		-67	-40
Other operating costs	3	-11,187	0
Financial income		18	0
Financial costs	4	-8,301	-6,223
Loss before tax		-19,537	-6,263
Tax on profit for the year	5	1,837	1,378
Loss for the year		-17,700	-4,885
Retained earnings		-17,700	-4,885
		-17,700	-4,885

Balance sheet 31 March

	Note	2023/24	2022/23
		DKK'000	DKK'000
Assets			
Investments in joint ventures	6	0	163,196
Fixed asset investments		0	163,196
Total non-current assets		0	163,196
Other receivables		0	400
Joint taxation contributions receivable		1,837	1,378
Receivables		1,837	1,778
Cash at bank and in hand		486	0
Total current assets		2,323	1,778
Total assets		2,323	164,974
Equity and liabilities			
Contributed capital		400	400
Retained earnings		1,915	-4,885
Equity		2,315	-4,485
Trade payables		8	40
Payables to affiliated entities		0	169,419
Total current liabilities		8	169,459
Total liabilities		8	169,459
Total equity and liabilities		2,323	164,974
Contingent liabilities	7		
Related parties and ownership structure	8		

Statement of changes in equity

	Contributed capital	Retained earnings	Total
Equity at 1 April 2023	400	-4,885	-4,485
Net profit/loss for the year	0	-17,700	-17,700
Contribution from group	0	24,500	24,500
Equity at 31 March 2024	400	1,915	2,315

The contributed capital consists of shares of nom. DKK 1 and multiple hereof. The capital is split into nom. 400,000 shares. The shares are not divided into share classes.

1 Accounting policies

The annual report of DCC Biogas Holding A/S for 2023/24 has been prepared in accordance with the provisions of the Danish Financial Statements Act applying to enterprises of reporting class B and with the adoption of individual requirements for class C.

The annual report for 2023/24 is presented in DKK'000.

The accounting policies applied are consistent with those of last year.

Basis of recognition and measurement

Income is recognised in the income statement as earned, including value adjustments of financial assets and liabilities. All expenses, including amortisation, depreciation and impairment losses, are also recognised in the income statement.

Assets are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the company and the value of the asset can be measured reliably.

Liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits will flow from the company and the value of the liability can be measured reliably.

On initial recognition, assets and liabilities are measured at cost. On subsequent recognition, assets and liabilities are measured as described below for each individual accounting item.

Certain financial assets and liabilities are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Amortised cost is calculated as the historic cost less any installments and plus/less the accumulated amortisation of the difference between the cost and the nominal amount.

On recognition and measurement, allowance is made for predictable losses and risks which occur before the annual report is presented and which confirm or invalidate matters existing at the balance sheet date.

Statement of goodwill

Income statement

Gross profit

In pursuance of section 32 of the Danish Financial Statements Act, the Company does not disclose its revenue.

Gross profit reflects an aggregation of revenue and other external expenses.

1 Accounting policies

Financial income and expenses

Financial income and expenses are recognised in the income statement at the amounts relating to the financial year. Net financials include interest income and expenses, realised and unrealised exchange rate adjustments as well as surcharges and allowances under the advance-payment-oftax scheme.

Income from investments in joint ventures

Dividend from investments is recognised in the reporting year in which the dividend is declared.

Tax on profit for the year

The company is subject to the Danish rules on compulsory joint taxation.

On payment of joint taxation contributions, the current Danish income tax is allocated between the jointly taxed entities in proportion to their taxable income. Entities with tax losses receive joint taxation contributions from entities that have been able to use tax losses to reduce their own taxable profits.

Tax for the year, which comprises the current tax charge for the year and changes in the deferred tax charge, is recognised in the income statement as regards the portion that relates to the profit/loss for the year and directly in equity as regards the portion that relates to entries directly in equity.

Balance sheet

Fixed asset investments

Investments in joint ventures

Investment in joint ventures are measured at cost. If cost exceeds the recoverable amount, a write-down is made to this lower value.

Receivables

Receivables are measured at amortised cost.

An impairment loss is recognised if there is objective evidence that a receivable or a group of receivables is impaired. If there is objective evidence that an individual receivable is impaired, an impairment loss for that individual asset is recognised.

Equity

Dividends

Proposed dividends are disclosed as a separate item under equity. Dividends are recognised as a liability when declared by the annual general meeting of shareholders.

1 Accounting policies

Income tax and deferred tax

Current tax liabilities and current tax receivables are recognised in the balance sheet as the estimated tax on the taxable income for the year, adjusted for tax on the taxable income for previous years and tax paid on account.

Joint taxation contributions payable and receivable are recognised in the balance sheet as 'Joint taxation contributions receivable' or 'Joint taxation contributions payable'.

Deferred tax is measured according to the liability method in respect of temporary differences between the carrying amount of assets and liabilities and their tax base, calculated on the basis of the planned use of the asset and settlement of the liability, respectively. Deferred tax is measured at net realisable value.

Deferred tax is measured according to the tax rules and at the tax rates applicable in the respective countries at the balance sheet date when the deferred tax is expected to crystallise as current tax. Deferred tax adjustments resulting from changes in tax rates are recognised in the income statement, with the exception of items taken directly to equity.

Deferred tax assets, including the tax base of tax losses allowed for carry forward, are measured at the value to which the asset is expected to be realised, either as a set-off against tax on future income or as a set-off against deferred tax liabilities within the same legal tax entity. Any deferred net tax assets are measured at net realisable value.

Liabilities

Liabilities which includes payable to affiliated entities and other payables are measured at amortised cost, which is usually equivalent to nominal value.

		2023/24	2022/23
2	Staff costs	DKK'000	DKK'000
_		_	_
	Average number of employees	0	0
		2023/24	2022/23
		DKK'000	DKK'000
3	Other operating costs		
	Loss on sale of assets	11,187	0
		11,187	0
		2023/24	2022/23
		DKK'000	DKK'000
4	Financial costs		
	Interest expense, affiliated entities	8,301	6,223
		8,301	6,223
		2023/24	2022/23
		DKK'000	DKK'000
5	Tax on profit for the year		
	Current tax for the year	-1,837	-1,378
		-1,837	-1,378

	2023/24	2022/23
	DKK'000	DKK'000
6 Investments in joint ventures		
Cost at 1 April 2023	163,196	0
Additions for the year	0	163,196
Disposals for the year	-163,196	0
Cost at 31 March 2024	0	163,196
Revaluations at 1 April 2023	0	0
Revaluations at 31 March 2024	0	0
Carrying amount at 31 March 2024	0	163,196

7 Contingent liabilities

The Company is jointly taxed with other Danish entities in the DCC Group and is liable with the other jointly taxed companies for total corporation tax and any liabilities to pay witholding taxes on interest, royalties and for dividends for the jointly taxed companies.

8 Related parties and ownership structure

Controlling interest

DCC Energi Danmark A/S Nærum Hovedgade 8, 2850 Nærum

Other related parties

DCC Energi Center A/S Nærum Hovedgade 8, 2850 Nærum

DCC Energi Mobility A/S Nærum Hovedgade 8, 2850 Nærum

DCC & Shell Aviation Denmark A/S Nærum Hovedgade 8, 2850 Nærum

DCC Holding A/S Nærum Hovedgade 8, 2850 Nærum

DCC Holding Denmark A/S Nærum Hovedgade 8, 2850 NærumDCC Energiservice A/S Nærum Hovedgade 8, 2850 Nærum

Exertis Captech Denmark ApS Nærum Hovedgade 8, 2850 Nærum

Solcellekraft AS Idrettsvegen 103, 5353 Straume, Norway

DLG Service A/S Ballesvej 2, 7000 Fredericia

team energie GmbH & Co. KG Team Allee 22, 24392 Süderbrarup, Germany

DCC plc and subsidiaries and associated thereto DCC House, Leopardstown Road, Foxrock, Dublin 18, Ireland

Members of the Board of Directors and the Executive Board are mentioned under company details.

Transactions

Financial expenses to related parties amounts to DKK'000 8,301.

8 Related parties and ownership structure (continued)

Ownership structure

According to the company's register of shareholders, the following shareholder holds at least 5% of the votes or at least 5% of the share capital:

DCC Energi Danmark A/S Nærum Hovedgade 8 2850 Nærum

Consolidated financial statements

The Company's Danish parent company DCC Energi Danmark A/S does not prepare consolidated financial statements. The Company is included in the consolidated financial statements of:

DCC plc DCC House Leopardstown Road Foxrock Dublin 18, Ireland

DCC plc is both largest and smallest group for which consolidated financial statements are prepared. The consolidated financial statements can be obtained at DCC plc's website:

https://www.dcc.ie/investors/annual-and-sustainability-reports/annual-and-sustainability-reports