# Leadership Pipeline Institute Data A/S

Bredgade 30, DK-1260 København K

# Annual Report for 5 May - 31 December 2022

CVR No 43 25 10 23

The Annual Report was presented and adopted at the Annual General Meeting of the Company on 8 /5 2023

Søren Christoffersen Chairman of the General Meeting



### Contents

Management's Statement and Auditor's Report	
Management's Statement	1
Practitioner's Statement on Compilation of Financial Statements	2
Company Information	
Company Information	3
Financial Statements	
Income Statement 5 May - 31 December	4
Balance Sheet 31 December	5
Statement of Changes in Equity	7
Notes to the Financial Statements	8

Page

### **Management's Statement**

The Executive Board and Board of Directors have today considered and adopted the Annual Report of Leadership Pipeline Institute Data A/S for the financial year 5 May - 31 December 2022.

The Annual Report is prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act. The Company complies with the exemption provisions governing the omission to have its Financial Statements audited.

In our opinion the Financial Statements give a true and fair view of the financial position at 31 December 2022 of the Company and of the results of the Company operations for 2022.

We recommend that the Annual Report be adopted at the Annual General Meeting.

København, 8 May 2023

#### **Executive Board**

Kent Oksfeldt Jonasen Executive Officer

#### **Board of Directors**

Søren Jens Laungaard Chairman Anders Uffe Ibsen

Kent Oksfeldt Jonasen



# **Practitioner's Statement on Compilation of Financial Statements**

To the Management of Leadership Pipeline Institute Data A/S

We have compiled the Financial Statements of Leadership Pipeline Institute Data A/S for the financial year 5 May - 31 December 2022 on the basis of the Enterprise's accounting records and other information you have provided.

The Financial Statements comprise income statement, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity and notes, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

We performed our work in accordance with ISRS 4410, Engagements to Compile Financial Information.

Based on our professional expertise, we have assisted you with the preparation and presentation of the Financial Statements in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act. We have complied with relevant provisions of the Danish Act on Approved Auditors and Audit Firms and the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' International Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code), including the principles of integrity, objectivity, professional competence and due care.

The Financial Statements and the accuracy and completeness of the information forming the basis of the compilation of the Financial Statements are your responsibility.

As an engagement to compile financial information is not an assurance engagement, we are under no duty to verify the accuracy or completeness of the information you provided to us to compile the Financial Statements. Accordingly, we express no audit opinion or review opinion as to whether the Financial Statements have been prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Hillerød, 8 May 2023 **PricewaterhouseCoopers** Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab *CVR No 33 77 12 31* 

Michael Blom statsautoriseret revisor mne32797



# **Company Information**

The Company	Leadership Pipeline Institute Data A/S Bredgade 30 DK-1260 København K		
	CVR No: 43 25 10 23 Financial period: 5 May - 31 December Municipality of reg. office: København		
Board of Directors	Søren Jens Laungaard, Chairman Anders Uffe Ibsen Kent Oksfeldt Jonasen		
Executive Board	Kent Oksfeldt Jonasen		
Auditors	PricewaterhouseCoopers Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab Milnersvej 43 DK-3400 Hillerød		

### Income Statement 5 May - 31 December

	Note	<u>2022</u> DKK
Gross profit/loss		-20,047
Financial expenses	2	-45,669
Profit/loss before tax		-65,716
Tax on profit/loss for the year	3	14,458
Net profit/loss for the year		-51,258

### **Distribution of profit**

#### Proposed distribution of profit

Other statutory reserves	702,000
Retained earnings	-753,258
	-51,258



### **Balance Sheet 31 December**

### Assets

	Note	2022
		DKK
Development projects in progress	_	900,000
Intangible assets	4	900,000
Fixed assets	-	900,000
Other receivables		392
Corporation tax	_	212,458
Receivables	-	212,850
Cash at bank and in hand	-	619,596
Currents assets	-	832,446
Assets	-	1,732,446

### **Balance Sheet 31 December**

### Liabilities and equity

	Note	2022 DKK
Share capital		400,000
Reserve for development costs		702,000
Retained earnings		-753,258
Equity		348,742
Provision for deferred tax		198,000
Provisions		198,000
Trade payables		11,798
Payables to group enterprises		1,173,906
Short-term debt		1,185,704
Debt		1,185,704
Liabilities and equity		1,732,446
Key activities	1	
Contingent assets, liabilities and other financial obligations	5	
Related parties	6	
Accounting Policies	7	

pwc

# **Statement of Changes in Equity**

		Reserve for		
		development	Retained	
	Share capital	costs	earnings	Total
	DKK	DKK	DKK	DKK
Equity at 5 May	0	0	0	0
Cash payment concerning formation of				
entity	400,000	0	0	400,000
Development costs for the year	0	702,000	0	702,000
Net profit/loss for the year	0	0	-753,258	-753,258
Equity at 31 December	400,000	702,000	-753,258	348,742

#### 1 Key activities

Selskabets formål er at udøve virksomhed med handel og service samt aktiviteter i tilknytning hertil.

		2022
2	Financial expenses	DKK
	-	
	Interest paid to group enterprises	45,150
	Other financial expenses	519
		45,669
3	Tax on profit/loss for the year	
	Current tax for the year	-212,458
	Deferred tax for the year	198,000
		-14,458
4	Intangible assets	Development
		Development projects in
		progress
	Cost at 5 May	0
	Additions for the year	900,000
	Cost at 31 December	900,000
	Carrying amount at 31 December	900,000

The development project is related to the development of its own software for processing data from clients that is collected within the Group. The software is expected to be completed in the third quarter of 2023 and is evaluated to have a positive financial impact on the group.



#### 5 Contingent assets, liabilities and other financial obligations

#### **Contingent liabilities**

The Danish group companies are jointly and severally liable for tax on the jointly taxed incomes etc of the Group. The total amount of corporation tax payable is disclosed in the Annual Report of Human Capital Invest ApS, which is the management company of the joint taxation purposes. Moreover, the Danish group companies are jointly and severally liable for Danish withholding taxes by way of dividend tax, tax on royalty payments and tax on unearned income. Any subsequent adjustments of corporation taxes and withholding taxes may increase the Company's liability.

#### 6 Related parties

#### Transactions

The Company has chosen only to disclose transactions which have not been made on an arm's length basis in accordance with section 98(c)(7) of the Danish Financial Statements Act.

#### **Consolidated Financial Statements**

Selskabet indgår i koncernrapporten for moderselskabet

Name

Place of registered office

Leadership Pipeline Institute A/S

København

### 7 Accounting Policies

The Annual Report of Leadership Pipeline Institute Data A/S for 2022 has been prepared in accordance with the provisions of the Danish Financial Statements Act applying to enterprises of reporting class B as well as selected rules applying to reporting class C.

The Financial Statements for 2022 are presented in DKK.

### **Recognition and measurement**

Revenues are recognised in the income statement as earned. Furthermore, value adjustments of financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value or amortised cost are recognised. Moreover, all expenses incurred to achieve the earnings for the year are recognised in the income statement, including depreciation, amortisation, impairment losses and provisions as well as reversals due to changed accounting estimates of amounts that have previously been recognised in the income statement.

Assets are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits attributable to the asset will flow to the Company, and the value of the asset can be measured reliably.

Liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits will flow out of the Company, and the value of the liability can be measured reliably.

Assets and liabilities are initially measured at cost. Subsequently, assets and liabilities are measured as described for each item below.

### **Translation policies**

Transactions in foreign currencies are translated at the exchange rates at the dates of transaction. Exchange differences arising due to differences between the transaction date rates and the rates at the dates of payment are recognised in financial income and expenses in the income statement. Where foreign exchange transactions are considered hedging of future cash flows, the value adjustments are recognised directly in equity.

Receivables, payables and other monetary items in foreign currencies that have not been settled at the balance sheet date are translated at the exchange rates at the balance sheet date. Any differences between the exchange rates at the balance sheet date and the rates at the time when the receivable or the debt arose are recognised in financial income and expenses in the income statement.

Fixed assets acquired in foreign currencies are measured at the transaction date rates.



7 Accounting Policies (continued)

### **Income Statement**

### Other external expenses

Other external expenses comprise indirect production costs and expenses for premises, sales and distribution as well as office expenses, etc.

### Gross profit/loss

With reference to section 32 of the Danish Financial Statements Act, gross profit/loss is calculated as a summary of other external expenses.

### Financial income and expenses

Financial income and expenses are recognised in the income statement at the amounts relating to the financial year.

### Tax on profit/loss for the year

Tax for the year consists of current tax for the year and changes in deferred tax for the year. The tax attributable to the profit for the year is recognised in the income statement, whereas the tax attributable to equity transactions is recognised directly in equity.

The Company is jointly taxed with Danish group companies. The tax effect of the joint taxation is allocated to Danish enterprises in proportion to their taxable incomes.

### **Balance Sheet**

### Intangible assets

### Development projects, patents and licences

Costs of development projects comprise expenses directly or indirectly attributable to the Company's development activities.

Development projects that are clearly defined and identifiable and in respect of which technical feasibility, sufficient resources and a potential future market or development opportunity in the enterprise can be demonstrated, and where it is the intention to manufacture, market or use the project, are recognised as intangible assets. This applies if sufficient certainty exists that the value in use of future earnings can cover cost of sales, distribution and administrative expenses involved as well as the development costs.

Development projects that do not meet the criteria for recognition in the balance sheet are recognised as expenses in the income statement as incurred.



### 7 Accounting Policies (continued)

Capitalised development costs are measured at cost less accumulated amortisation and impairment losses or at a lower recoverable amount. An amount corresponding to the recognised development costs is allocated to the equity item "Reserve for development costs". The reserve is reduced by amortisation of and impairment losses on the development projects on a continuing basis.

As of the date of completion, capitalised development costs are amortised on a straight-line basis over the period of the expected economic benefit from the development work. The amortisation period is 5-7 years.

### Impairment of fixed assets

The carrying amounts of intangible assets and property, plant and equipment are reviewed on an annual basis to determine whether there is any indication of impairment other than that expressed by amortisation and depreciation.

If so, the asset is written down to its lower recoverable amount.

#### Receivables

Receivables are measured in the balance sheet at the lower of amortised cost and net realisable value, which corresponds to nominal value less provisions for bad debts.

### Deferred tax assets and liabilities

Deferred income tax is measured using the balance sheet liability method in respect of temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts for financial reporting purposes on the basis of the intended use of the asset and settlement of the liability, respectively.

Deferred tax assets are measured at the value at which the asset is expected to be realised, either by elimination in tax on future earnings or by set-off against deferred tax liabilities within the same legal tax entity.

Deferred tax is measured on the basis of the tax rules and tax rates that will be effective under the legislation at the balance sheet date when the deferred tax is expected to crystallise as current tax. Any changes in deferred tax due to changes to tax rates are recognised in the income statement or in equity if the deferred tax relates to items recognised in equity.



### 7 Accounting Policies (continued)

### Current tax receivables and liabilities

Current tax liabilities and receivables are recognised in the balance sheet as the expected taxable income for the year adjusted for tax on taxable incomes for prior years and tax paid on account. Extra payments and repayment under the on-account taxation scheme are recognised in the income statement in financial income and expenses.

### **Financial debts**

Debts are measured at amortised cost, substantially corresponding to nominal value.

