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CIP CC Invest ApS

Gdanskgade 18 2150 Copenhagen CVR No. 43097849

Annual report 2023

The Annual General Meeting adopted the annual report on 11.04.2024

- DocuSigned by:

Amalie Nargaard

Amalie Nørgaard

Chairman of the General Meeting

CIP CC Invest ApS | Contents

Contents

Entity details	2
Statement by Management	3
Independent auditor's report	4
Management commentary	7
Income statement for 2023	8
Balance sheet at 31.12.2023	9
Statement of changes in equity for 2023	11
Notes	12
Accounting policies	13

Entity details

Entity

CIP CC Invest ApS Gdanskgade 18 2150 Copenhagen

Business Registration No.: 43097849

Date of foundation: 03.03.2022 Registered office: Copenhagen

Financial year: 01.01.2023 - 31.12.2023

Executive Board

Philip Christiani

Auditors

Deloitte Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab Weidekampsgade 6 2300 Copenhagen S

Statement by Management

The Executive Board has today considered and approved the annual report of CIP CC Invest ApS for the financial year 01.01.2023 - 31.12.2023.

The annual report is presented in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In my opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the Entity's financial position at 31.12.2023 and of the results of its operations for the financial year 01.01.2023 - 31.12.2023.

I believe that the management commentary contains a fair review of the affairs and conditions referred to therein.

I recommend the annual report for adoption at the Annual General Meeting.

Copenhagen, 11.04.2024

Executive Board

Independent auditor's report

To the shareholders of CIP CC Invest ApS

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of CIP CC Invest ApS for the financial year 01.01.2023 - 31.12.2023, which comprise the income statement, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity and notes, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial statements are prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the Entity's financial position at 31.12.2023 and of the results of its operations for the financial year 01.01.2023 - 31.12.2023 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) and additional requirements applicable in Denmark. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the "Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements" section of this auditor's report. We are independent of the Entity in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' International Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) and the additional ethical requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the IESBA Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Management's responsibilities for the financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act, and for such internal control as Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, Management is responsible for assessing the Entity's ability to continue as a going concern, for disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern, and for using the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements unless Management either intends to liquidate the Entity or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to
 fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence
 that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a
 material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may
 involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Entity's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by Management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of Management's use of the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements, and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Entity's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Entity to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures in the notes, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that gives a true and fair view.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Statement on the management commentary

Management is responsible for the management commentary.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the management commentary, and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the management commentary and, in doing so, consider whether the management commentary is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

Moreover, it is our responsibility to consider whether the management commentary provides the information required by relevant law and regulations.

Based on the work we have performed, we conclude that the management commentary is in accordance with the financial statements and has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Danish Financial Statements Act. We did not identify any material misstatement of the management commentary.

Copenhagen, 11.04.2024

Deloitte

Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab CVR No. 33963556

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304042E5C9374C1... Bill Haudal Pedersen

Bill Handal Pedersen

State Authorised Public Accountant Identification No (MNE) mne30131

DocuSigned by:

4FAF2109AA4E402... Michael Thorø Larsen

State Authorised Public Accountant Identification No (MNE) mne35823

Michael thors larsen

Management commentary

Primary activities

The Entity's main activity is to acquire and own shares and other financial instruments as well as any ancillary activities that are directly or indirectly related hereto.

Events after the balance sheet date

No events have occurred after the balance sheet date to this date, which would influence the evaluation of this annual report.

Income statement for 2023

		2023	2022
	Notes	DKK	DKK
Gross profit/loss		(31,169)	(29,083)
Other financial income		1,236	0
Impairment losses on financial assets		177,803	(177,803)
Other financial expenses		(86,022)	(179)
Profit/loss before fair value adjustments and tax		61,848	(207,065)
Fair value adjustments of other investment assets		(2,614,581)	0
Profit/loss for the year		(2,552,733)	(207,065)
Proposed distribution of profit and loss			
Retained earnings		(2,552,733)	(207,065)
Proposed distribution of profit and loss		(2,552,733)	(207,065)

Balance sheet at 31.12.2023

Assets

		2023 DKK	2022 DKK
	Notes		
Investments in associates		250,000	72,197
Other investments		149,386	0
Financial assets		399,386	72,197
Fixed assets		399,386	72,197
Cash		105,039	49,821
Current assets		105,039	49,821
Assets		504,425	122,018

Equity and liabilities

		2023	2022
	Notes	DKK	DKK
Contributed capital		40,000	40,000
Share premium		260,000	260,000
Retained earnings		(2,759,798)	(207,065)
Equity		(2,459,798)	92,935
Payables to group enterprises		2,627,235	0
Other payables		336,988	29,083
Current liabilities other than provisions		2,964,223	29,083
Liabilities other than provisions		2,964,223	29,083
Equity and liabilities		504,425	122,018
Going concern	1		
Employees	2		
Contingent liabilities	3		
Group relations	4		

Statement of changes in equity for 2023

	Contributed	Share	Retained	
	capital	premium	earnings	Total
	DKK	DKK	DKK	DKK
Equity beginning of year	40,000	260,000	(207,065)	92,935
Profit/loss for the year	0	0	(2,552,733)	(2,552,733)
Equity end of year	40,000	260,000	(2,759,798)	(2,459,798)

The share capital is not divided into share classes.

CIP CC Invest ApS | Notes

Notes

1 Going concern

The Entity has negative equity as of 31.12.2023. It is Management's expectation that further capital contributions or future dividends from underlying investments will ensure that the equity will be restored.

2 **Employees**

The Entity has no employees.

The Management has not received remunerations.

3 Contingent liabilities

The company has made two commitments in two different investment portfolio companies and are liable for all uncalled commitments.

Commitments are made in both EUR where the total commitment is as follows:

The commitment amount is DKK 102,825 thousand and uncalled commitment is DKK 100,061 thousand.

There are no other guarantees or contingent liabilities of the Entity.

Furthermore the Entity participates in a Danish joint taxation arrangement where CIP Affiliated Managers ApS serves as the administration company. According to the joint taxation provisions of the Danish Corporation Tax Act, the Entity is therefore liable for income taxes etc. for the jointly taxed entities, and for obligations, if any, relating to the withholding of tax on interest, royalties and dividend for the jointly taxed entities.

4 Group relations

Name and registered office of the Parent preparing consolidated financial statements for the smallest group: Copenhagen Infrastructure Partners Holding P/S, Copenhagen

Accounting policies

Reporting class

This annual report has been presented in accordance with the provisions of the Danish Financial Statements Act governing reporting class B enterprises with addition of a few provisions for reporting class C.

The accounting policies applied to these financial statements are consistent with those applied last year.

Reporting currency is Danish kroner (DKK).

Recognition and measurement

Assets are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable as a result of a prior event that future economic benefits will flow to the Entity, and the value of the asset can be measured reliably.

Liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet when the Entity has a legal or constructive obligation as a result of a prior event, and it is probable that future economic benefits will flow out of the Entity, and the value of the liability can be measured reliably.

On initial recognition, assets and liabilities are measured at cost. Measurement subsequent to initial recognition is effected as described below for each financial statement item.

Anticipated risks and losses that arise before the time of presentation of the annual report and that confirm or invalidate affairs and conditions existing at the balance sheet date are considered at recognition and measurement.

Income is recognised in the income statement when earned, whereas costs are recognised by the amounts attributable to this financial year.

Income statement

Gross profit or loss

Gross profit or loss comprises other external expenses.

Fair value adjustments of other investment assets

Fair value adjustments of other investment assets comprise adjustments for the financial year of the Entity's investment assets measured at fair value at the balance sheet date.

Other external expenses

Other external expenses include expenses relating to the Entity's ordinary activities.

Other financial income

Other financial income comprises interest income and net exchange rate adjustments on transactions in foreign currencies.

Impairment losses on financial assets

Impairment losses on financial assets comprise impairment losses on financial assets which are not measured at fair value on a current basis.

Other financial expenses

Other financial expenses comprise interest expenses and net exchange losses on transactions in foreign currencies.

Balance sheet

Investments in associates

Investments in associates are measured at cost. Investments are written down to the lower of recoverable amount and carrying amount.

Investments in associates fall within the definitions of both participating interests and associates, yet in the financial statements they have been presented as investments in associates because this designation reflects more accurately the Company's involvement in the relevant entities.

Other investments

Other investments comprise financial assets, which are measured at cost. Investments are written down to the lower of recoverable amount and carrying amount.

Cash

Cash comprises cash in bank deposits.

Other financial liabilities

Other financial liabilities are measured at amortised cost, which usually corresponds to nominal value.