

Hygge II Investors K/S

c/o CBRE A/S
Rued Langgaards Vej 8
2300 København S
Denmark

CVR no. 42 98 89 87

Annual report for the period 18 January – 31 December 2022

The annual report was presented and approved at
the Company's annual general meeting on

7 July 2023

Jørn Jensen Holm
Chairman of the annual general meeting

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Hygge II Investors K/S
Annual report 2022
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Statement by the Executive Board

The Executive Board has today discussed and approved the annual report of Hygge II Investors K/S for the financial period 18 January – 31 December 2022.

The annual report has been prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the Company's assets, liabilities and financial position at 31 December 2022 and of the results of the Company's operations for the financial period 18 January – 31 December 2022.

Further, in our opinion, the Management's review gives a fair review of the matters discussed in the Management's review.

We recommend that the annual report be approved at the annual general meeting.

Copenhagen, 7 July 2023

On behalf of Komplementar Hygge GP ApS:

Jørn Jensen Holm

Per Alexandar Henrik
Glindtberg Weinreich

Kristian Nittka

Independent auditor's report

To the shareholder of Hygge II Investors K/S

Opinion

In our opinion, the Financial Statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Company at 31 December 2022, and of the results of the Company's operations for the financial year 18 January 2022 - 31 December 2022 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

We have audited the Financial Statements of Hygge II Investors K/S for the financial year 18 January 2022 - 31 December 2022, which comprise income statement, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity and notes, including a summary of significant accounting policies ("financial statements").

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' International Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) and the additional ethical requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the IESBA Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Statement on the Management's review

Management is responsible for Management's Review.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover Management's Review, and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read Management's Review and, in doing so, consider whether Management's Review is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained during the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

Moreover, it is our responsibility to consider whether Management's Review provides the information required under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Based on the work we have performed, in our view, Management's Review is in accordance with the Financial Statements and has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Danish Financial Statements Act. We did not identify any material misstatement in Management's Review.

Management's responsibility for the financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of Financial Statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act, and for such internal control as Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, Management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements unless Management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Independent auditor's report

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by Management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of Management's use of the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and contents of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that gives a true and fair view.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Hellerup, 7 July 2023

PricewaterhouseCoopers

Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab

CVR no. 33 77 12 31

René Otto Poulsen
State Authorised
Public Accountant
mne26718

Henrik Hornbæk
State Authorised
Public Accountant
mne32802

Hygge II Investors K/S
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Management's review

Company details

Hygge II Investors K/S
c/o CBRE A/S
Rued Langgaards Vej 8
2300 København S
Denmark

CVR no.:	42 98 89 87
Established:	18 January 2022
Registered office:	Copenhagen
Financial period:	18 January – 31 December

On behalf of Komplementar Hygge GP ApS

Jørn Jensen Holm
Per Alexandar Henrik Glindtborg Weinreich
Kristian Nittka

Auditor

PricewaterhouseCoopers
Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab
Strandvejen 44
2900 Hellerup
Denmark

Management's review

Operating review

Principal activities

The purpose of the limited partnership is to own, develop, let and manage real estate, directly and indirectly, as well as related business.

Development in activities and financial position

The Company's income statement for the period 18 January 2022 - 31 December 2022 shows a loss of DKK -13,273,953. Equity in the Company's balance sheet at 31 December 2022 stood at DKK 45,465,351.

Events after the balance sheet date

No events have occurred after the balance sheet date which could significantly affect the Company's financial position.

Financial statements 18 January – 31 December

Income statement

DKK	Note	18/1 2022- 31/12 2022
Gross loss		<u>-6,797,994</u>
Loss before financial income and expenses		<u>-6,797,994</u>
Other financial income	3	64,641
Other financial expenses	4	<u>-6,540,600</u>
Loss before tax		<u>-13,273,953</u>
Tax on loss for the year		<u>0</u>
Loss for the period		<u><u>-13,273,953</u></u>
Proposed distribution of loss		
Retained earnings		<u>-13,273,953</u>
		<u><u>-13,273,953</u></u>

Financial statements 18 January – 31 December

Balance sheet

DKK	Note	<u>31/12 2022</u>
ASSETS		
Fixed assets		
Investments		
Equity investments in group entities	5	<u>16,242,714</u>
Total fixed assets		<u>16,242,714</u>
Current assets		
Receivables		
Receivables from group entities		16,077,704
Other receivables	6, 7	29,472,247
Prepayments		<u>9,369,434</u>
		<u>54,919,385</u>
Cash at bank and in hand		<u>2,040,432</u>
Total current assets		<u>56,959,817</u>
TOTAL ASSETS		<u><u>73,202,531</u></u>

Financial statements 18 January – 31 December

Balance sheet

DKK	Note	<u>31/12 2022</u>
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES		
Equity		
Contributed capital		58,739,304
Retained earnings		<u>-13,273,953</u>
Total equity		<u>45,465,351</u>
Liabilities		
Non-current liabilities		
Payables to group entities	8	<u>16,023,079</u>
Current liabilities		
Trade payables		8,719,364
Payables to group entities		<u>2,994,737</u>
		<u>11,714,101</u>
Total liabilities		<u>27,737,180</u>
TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES		<u><u>73,202,531</u></u>
Average number of full-time employees	2	
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Financial statements 18 January – 31 December

Statement of changes in equity

DKK	Contributed capital	Retained earnings	Total
Equity at 18 January 2022	58,739,304	0	58,739,304
Transferred over the distribution of loss	<u>0</u>	<u>-13,273,953</u>	<u>-13,273,953</u>
Equity at 31 December 2022	<u><u>58,739,304</u></u>	<u><u>-13,273,953</u></u>	<u><u>45,465,351</u></u>

Financial statements 18 January – 31 December

Notes

1 Accounting policies

The annual report of Hygge II Investors K/S for 2022 has been prepared in accordance with the provisions applying to reporting class B entities under the Danish Financial Statements Act with opt-in from higher reporting classes.

The financial statements of the period 18 January 2022 - 31 December 2022 are presented in DKK.

Omission of consolidated financial statements

Pursuant to section 112(1) of the Danish Financial Statements Act, no consolidated financial statements have been prepared.

Recognition and measurement

Revenues are recognised in the income statement as earned. Furthermore, value adjustments of financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value or amortised cost are recognised. Moreover, all expenses incurred to achieve the earnings for the year are recognised in the income statement, including depreciation, amortisation, impairment losses and provisions as well as reversals due to changed accounting estimates of amounts that have previously been recognised in the income statement.

Assets are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits attributable to the asset will flow to the company, and the value of the assets can be measured reliably.

Assets and liabilities are initially measured at cost. Subsequently, assets and liabilities are measured as described for each item below.

Foreign currency translation

On initial recognition, transactions denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the exchange rates at the transaction date. Foreign exchange differences arising between the exchange rates at the transaction date and the date of payment are recognised in the income statement as financial income or financial expenses.

Receivables, payables and other monetary items denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the exchange rates at the balance sheet date. The difference between the exchange rates at the balance sheet date and the date at which the receivable or payable arose or was recognised in the latest financial statements is recognised in the income statement as financial income or financial expenses.

Derivative financial instruments

On initial recognition, derivative financial instruments are recognised in the balance sheet at cost and subsequently measured at fair value. Positive and negative fair values of derivative financial instruments are recognised as other receivables and other payables, respectively.

Changes in the fair value of derivative financial instruments designated as and qualifying for recognition as a fair value hedge of a recognised asset or liability are recognised in the income statement together with changes in the fair value of the hedged asset or liability.

Financial statements 18 January – 31 December

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1 Accounting policies (continued)

Changes in the fair value of derivative financial instruments designated as and qualifying for recognition as a hedge of future transactions are recognised as other receivables or other payables and in equity until the realisation of the hedged transactions. If the future transaction results in the recognition of assets or liabilities, amounts that were previously recognised in equity are transferred to the cost of the asset or liability. If the future transaction results in income or costs, amounts that were previously recognised in equity are transferred to the income statement for the period when the hedged item affects the income statement.

For derivative financial instruments not qualifying for treatment as hedging instruments, changes in fair value are recognised in the income statement on an ongoing basis.

Income statement

Gross loss

Pursuant to section 32 of the Danish Financial Statements Act, the Company has decided only to disclose gross loss.

Other external costs

Other external costs comprise administration costs.

Financial income and expenses

Financial income and expenses comprise interest income and expense and gains and losses on transactions denominated in foreign currencies.

Dividends from equity investments in group entities measured at cost are recognised as income in the Parent Company's income statement in the financial year when the dividends are declared.

Tax on loss for the year

The Company is a tax transparent entity and therefore not subject to corporate tax.

Balance sheet

Equity investments in group entities

Equity investments in group entities are measured at cost. In case of indication of impairment, an impairment test is conducted. When the cost exceeds the recoverable amount, write-down is made to this lower value.

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1 Accounting policies (continued)

Receivables

Receivables are measured at amortised cost.

Write-down is made for bad debt losses where there is an objective indication that a receivable has been impaired. If there is an objective indication that an individual receivable has been impaired, write-down is made on an individual basis.

Write-downs are calculated as the difference between the carrying amount of receivables and the present value of forecast cash flows, including the realisable value of any collateral received. The effective interest rate for the individual receivable or portfolio is used as discount rate.

Prepayments

Prepayments comprise prepayment of subscription costs incurred relating to subsequent financial years.

Cash at bank and in hand

Cash at bank and in hand comprise cash and bank deposits.

Liabilities

Financial liabilities related to borrowings are recognised at the received proceeds. In following periods, the financial liabilities are recognised at amortised cost, corresponding to the capitalised value by use of the effective interest. The difference between the proceeds and the nominal value is recognised in the profit and loss account during the term of the loan.

Liabilities relating to investment properties are measured at amortised cost.

Other liabilities are measured at amortised cost which usually corresponds to the nominal value.

Corporation tax and deferred tax

The Company is a tax transparent entity and therefore not subject to corporate tax.

Financial statements 18 January – 31 December

Notes

DKK				18/1 2022- 31/12 2022
2	Average number of full-time employees			
	Average number of full-time employees			0
3	Other financial income			
	Interest income from group entities			64,641
				64,641
4	Other financial expenses			
	Interest expense to group entities			66,726
	Other financial costs			6,473,874
				6,540,600
5	Investments			
	DKK			Equity investments in group entities
	Cost at 18 January 2022			0
	Additions for the year			16,242,714
	Cost at 31 December 2022			16,242,714
	Carrying amount at 31 December 2022			16,242,714
	Name/legal form	Registered office	Voting rights and ownership interest	Equity DKK
	Subsidiaries:			Profit for the year DKK
	Ejendomsselskabet Kasernebyen delområde 1 ApS	København	100%	16,868,698
				23,048,214
				16,868,698
				23,048,214
6	Other receivables			
	Other receivables comprise interest caps with a value of 27.9 mDKK which will expire in December 2027.			

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7 Currency and interest rate risks and the use of derivative financial instruments

The Group hedges interest rate risks by means of interest rate swaps whereby floating interest payments are converted to fixed interest payments. The hedged cash flows are expected to be realised and will affect results over the remaining term of the swap.

	2022			Remaining term
	Amount	Value adjustment recognised in equity	Fair value	
DKK				
Interest rate swaps	<u>34,413,000</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>27,931,032</u>	<u>4</u>
	<u>34,413,000</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>27,931,032</u>	<u>4</u>

8 Non-current liabilities

DKK	Total debt at 31/12 2022	Outstanding debt after five years
Payables to group entities	<u>16,023,079</u>	<u>0</u>
	<u>16,023,079</u>	<u>0</u>

9 Related party disclosures

Consolidated financial statements

Hygge II Investors K/S is part of the consolidated financial statements of Hygge Top Investors K/S, c/o CBRE A/S, Rued Langgaards Vej 8, 2300 København S, which is the smallest group in which the Company is included as a subsidiary.

The consolidated financial statements of Hygge Top Investors K/S can be obtained by contacting the Company at the address above.