

Nobelholmen Komplementar ApS

c/o Harbour House Sundkrogsgade 21, DK-2100 Copenhagen CVR no. 42 86 45 79

Annual report for 2021/22

Adopted at the annual general meeting on 15 June 2023

Pilvi Putomaki

Pilvi Peltomäki chairman



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Statement by management on the annual report

The executive board has today discussed and approved the annual report of Nobelholmen Komplementar ApS for the financial year 22 November 2021 - 31 December 2022.

The annual report is prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the company's financial position at 31 December 2022 and of the results of the company's operations for the financial year 22 November 2021 - 31 December 2022.

In our opinion, management's review includes a fair review of the matters dealt with in the management's review.

Management recommends that the annual report should be approved by the company in general meeting.

Fredrik Söderlund

Copenhagen, 15 June 2023

Executive board

Leif Frederik Ingemar Söderlund



Independent Auditor's Report

To the shareholder of Nobelholmen Komplementar ApS Opinion

In our opinion, the Financial Statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Company at 31 December 2022, and of the results of the Company's operations for the financial year 22 November 2021 - 31 December 2022 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

We have audited the Financial Statements of Nobelholmen Komplementar ApS for the financial year 22 November 2021 - 31 December 2022, which comprise income statement, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity, notes and a summary of significant accounting policies ("financial statements").

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' International Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) and the additional ethical requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the IESBA Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Statement on Management's Review

Management is responsible for Management's Review.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover Management's Review, and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read Management's Review and, in doing so, consider whether Management's Review is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained during the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

Moreover, it is our responsibility to consider whether Management's Review provides the information required under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Based on the work we have performed, in our view, Management's Review is in accordance with the Financial Statements and has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Danish Financial Statements Act. We did not identify any material misstatement in Management's Review.



Independent Auditor's Report

Management's Responsibilities for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of Financial Statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act, and for such internal control as Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, Management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements unless Management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to
 fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit
 evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not
 detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error as
 fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of
 internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by Management.



Independent Auditor's Report

- Conclude on the appropriateness of Management's use of the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and contents of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that gives a true and fair view.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Hellerup, 15 June 2023

PricewaterhouseCoopers Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab CVR no. 33 77 12 31

- DocuSigned by:

Maj-Britt Nørskov Nannestad State Authorized Public Accountant MNE no. mne32198 Christopher Lowally Lo



Company details

The company Nobelholmen Komplementar ApS

Sundkrogsgade 21 c/o Harbour House DK-2100 Copenhagen

CVR no.: 42 86 45 79

Reporting period: 22 November 2021 - 31 December 2022

Financial year: 1st financial year

Domicile: Copenhagen

Executive board Kimmie Kubis Tronborg

Leif Frederik Ingemar Söderlund

Auditors PricewaterhouseCoopers

Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab

Strandvejen 44 DK-2900 Hellerup

Consolidated financial

statements

The company is included in the consolidated financial statements of

AREF DK 2 s.a.r.l.

The group annual report of AREF DK 2 s.a.r.l may be obtained at the

following address:

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Rue Eugéne Ruppert L - 2453 Luxembourg

Luxembourg



Management's review

Business review

The company's object is to be general partner for K/S Nobelholmen, CVR-no. 42 85 88 97, and any business hereto.

Financial review

The company's income statement for the year ended 31 December 2022 shows a loss of DKK 28.995, and the balance sheet at 31 December 2022 shows equity of DKK 11.005.

The company has lost more than half of the share capital. The company expects to re-establish its capital throug future profits and probably additional injection from its owners.

Financing

The company has received a letter of Financial Support from AREF DK 2 s.a.r.l and a confirmation that AREF DK 2 s.a.r.l will subordinate receivables in favor for other creditors. On this basis, Management has prepared the Financial Statements on the assumptions of going concern.

Significant events occurring after the end of the financial year

No events have occurred after the balance sheet date which could significantly affect the company's financial position.



Income statement 22 November 2021 - 31 December 2022

	<u>Note</u>	2021/22 DKK
Gross profit		-28.798
Financial expenses		-197
Profit/loss for the year		-28.995
Distribution of profit		
Retained earnings		-28.995
		-28.995



Balance sheet at 31 December 2022

	Note	2021/22 DKK
Assets		
Trade receivables		200.000
Receivables		200.000
Cash at bank and in hand		322.979
Total current assets		522.979
Total assets		522.979



Balance sheet at 31 December 2022

	Note	2021/22
		DKK
Equity and liabilities		
Share capital		40.000
Retained earnings		-28.995
Equity		11.005
Trade payables		109.206
Payable to group entities		402.768
Total current liabilities		511.974
Total liabilities		511.974
Total equity and liabilities		522.979
Uncertainty about the continued operation (going concern)	2	
Staff expenses	1	
Contingent liabilities	3	



Statement of changes in equity

	Share capital	Retained earnings	Total
Equity at 22 November 2021	0	0	0
Cash capital increase	40.000	0	40.000
Net profit/loss for the year	0	-28.995	-28.995
Equity at 31 December 2022	40.000	-28.995	11.005



N	ot	es
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2021/22

1 Staff expenses

Average number of employees

0

2 Uncertainty about the continued operation (going concern)

At 31 December 2022, the company had lost more than 50% of its share capital. The company is financed by loans supported by group entitites, and AREF DK 2 s.a.r.l has pledged to make sufficient funding available for the coming financial year. The company expects to re-establish its capital, throug future profits and probably additional injection from its owners.

3 Contingent liabilities

The company is jointly taxed with its parent company, AREF DK 2 s.a.r.l (management company), and jointly and severally liable with other jointly taxed entities for payment of income taxes for income year 2021/2022 onwards as well as for payment of withholding taxes on dividends, interest and royalties which fall due for payment on or after 1 July 2023.

Administration agreement liability at 31 December 2022 equals TDKK 75.



Accounting policies

The annual report of Nobelholmen Komplementar ApS for 2021/22 has been prepared in accordance with the provisions of the Danish Financial Statements Act applying to enterprises of reporting class B, as well as provisions applying to reporting class C entities.

The annual report for 2021/22 is presented in DKK.

As 2021/22 is the company's first reporting period, no comparatives have been presented.

Basis of recognition and measurement

Income is recognised in the income statement as earned, including value adjustments of financial assets and liabilities. All expenses, including amortisation, depreciation and impairment losses, are also recognised in the income statement.

Assets are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the company and the value of the asset can be measured reliably.

Liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits will flow from the company and the value of the liability can be measured reliably.

On initial recognition, assets and liabilities are measured at cost. On subsequent recognition, assets and liabilities are measured as described below for each individual accounting item.

Certain financial assets and liabilities are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Amortised cost is calculated as the historic cost less any installments and plus/less the accumulated amortisation of the difference between the cost and the nominal amount.

On recognition and measurement, allowance is made for predictable losses and risks which occur before the annual report is presented and which confirm or invalidate matters existing at the balance sheet date.

Income statement

Gross profit

In pursuance of section 32 of the Danish Financial Statements Act, the company does not disclose its revenue.

Gross profit reflects an aggregation of revenue, other operating income and other external expenses.

Revenue

Revenue from annual general partner fee is recognized in the income statement in the financial period.



Accounting policies

Other external expenses

Other external expenses include expenses related to distribution, sale, advertising, administration, premises, bad debts, payments under operating leases, etc.

Financial income and expenses

Financial income and expenses are recognised in the income statement at the amounts that relate to the financial year. Net financials include interest income and expenses, financial expenses relating to finance leases, realised and unrealised capital/exchange gains and losses on securities, liabilities and foreign currency transactions, amortisation of financial assets and liabilities and surcharges and allowances under the Danish Tax Prepayment Scheme, etc.

Tax on profit/loss for the year

The company is subject to the Danish rules on compulsory joint taxation of the Group's Danish subsidiaries. Subsidiaries participate in the joint taxation arrangement from the time when they are included in the consolidated financial statements and until the time when they withdraw from the consolidation.

Balance sheet

Receivables

Receivables are measured at amortised cost.

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash and deposits at banks.

Income tax and deferred tax

The company and all its Danish group entities are taxed on a joint basis. The current income tax charge is allocated between the jointly taxed entities relative to their taxable income. Tax losses are allocated based on the full absorption method. The jointly taxed entities are eligible for the Danish Tax Prepayment Scheme.

Liabilities

Financial liabilities are recognised on the raising of the loan at the proceeds received net of transaction costs incurred. On subsequent recognition, the financial liabilities are measured at amortised cost, corresponding to the capitalised value, using the effective interest method. Accordingly, the difference between the net proceeds and the nominal value is recognised in the income statement over the term of the loan.

Other liabilities, which include trade payables, payables to group entities and other payables, are measured at amortised cost, which is usually equivalent to nominal value.



Accounting policies

Foreign currency translation

On initial recognition, foreign currency transactions are translated applying the exchange rate at the transaction date. Foreign exchange differences arising between the exchange rates at the transaction date and at the date of payment are recognised in the income statement as financial income or financial expenses. If foreign currency instruments are considered cash flow hedges, any unrealised value adjustments are taken directly to a fair value reserve under 'Equity'.