

Oblivion Cloud Consultancy ApS

Ved Kæret 16, 2820 Gentofte

Annual report

2023

Company reg. no. 42 79 46 94

The annual report was submitted and approved by the general meeting on the 10 July 2024.

Bartosz Andrzej Jablonski Chairman of the meeting

Notes to users of the English version of this document:

- To ensure the greatest possible applicability of this document, IAS/IFRS English terminology has been used.
- Please note that decimal points remain unchanged from Danish version of the document. This means that DKK 146.940 corresponds to the English amount of DKK 146,940, and that 23,5 % corresponds to 23.5 %.

● Voldbjergvej 16, 2. sal . DK-8240 Risskov . Tlf.: 87 43 96 00 . CVR-nr.: 32 28 52 01 . martinsen.dk

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Management's statement

Today, the Managing Director has approved the annual report of Oblivion Cloud Consultancy ApS for the financial year 2023.

The annual report has been prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

I consider the chosen accounting policy to be appropriate, and in my opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Company at 31 December 2023 and of the results of the Company's operations for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2023.

The Managing Director consider the conditions for audit exemption of the 2023 financial statements to be met.

Further, in my opinion, the Management's review gives a true and fair review of the matters discussed in the Management's review.

We recommend that the annual report be approved at the Annual General Meeting.

Gentofte, 10 July 2024

Managing Director

Bartosz Andrzej Jablonski

Practitioner's compilation report

To the Shareholders of Oblivion Cloud Consultancy ApS

We have compiled the financial statements of Oblivion Cloud Consultancy ApS for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2023 based on the company's bookkeeping and on information you have provided.

These financial statements comprise a summary of significant accounting policies, income statement, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity and notes.

We performed this compilation engagement in accordance with International Standard on Related Services 4410 (Revised), Compilation Engagements.

We have applied our expertise in accounting and financial reporting to assist Management in the preparation and presentation of these financial statements in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act. We have complied with relevant requirements under the Danish Act on Approved Auditors and Audit Firms and International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' International Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) including principles of integrity, objectivity, professional competence and due care.

These financial statements and the accuracy and completeness of the information used to compile them are your responsibility.

Since a compilation engagement is not an assurance engagement, we are not required to verify the accuracy or completeness of the information you provided to us to compile these financial statements. Accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion or a review conclusion on whether these financial statements are prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Risskov, 10 July 2024

Martinsen

State Authorised Public Accountants Company reg. no. 32 28 52 01

Lars Greve Jensen State Authorised Public Accountant mne32199

Company information

The company Oblivion Cloud Consultancy ApS

Ved Kæret 16 2820 Gentofte

Company reg. no. 42 79 46 94

Financial year: 1 January - 31 December

0th financial year

Managing Director Bartosz Andrzej Jablonski

Auditors Martinsen

Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab

Voldbjergvej 16, 2. sal

8240 Risskov

Management's review

Description of key activities of the company

Like previous years, the activities are writing, manufacturing and publishing software.

Development in activities and financial matters

The gross profit for the year totals DKK 2.836.978 against DKK 1.232.913 last year. Income or loss from ordinary activities after tax totals DKK -3.795.490 against DKK -3.080.891 last year.

The company has lost the entire company capital and also has negative equity. There is uncertainty as wheather the companty will continue operations, but at the present time it is the management's expectation that the company will re-establish the company capital through its own future earnings or through capital increases from the company's owner. It is the management's assessment that the company has an attractive liquidity availability to run the company's activity in the coming year. It is at the financial statements management's expectation that the credit facilities provided will be maintained and that the company can sustain its obligations as they fall due. The company has received a commitment from the company's owner that they will support the company in the coming financial year. The annual report is therefore submitted under the assumption of going concern.

Income statement

Note	<u>e</u>	1/1 2023 - 31/12 2023	29/10 2021 - 31/12 2022
	Gross profit	2.836.978	1.232.913
1	Staff costs	-6.613.912	-4.296.450
	Profit before net financials	-3.776.934	-3.063.537
2	Other financial expenses	-18.556	-17.354
	Pre-tax net profit or loss	-3.795.490	-3.080.891
	Tax on ordinary results	0	0
	Net profit or loss for the year	-3.795.490	-3.080.891
	Proposed distribution of net profit:		
	Allocated from retained earnings	-3.795.490	-3.080.891
	Total allocations and transfers	-3.795.490	-3.080.891

Balance sheet at 31 December

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Assets		
<u>Note</u>	2023	2022
Non-current assets		
Deposits	40.400	36.300
Total investments	40.400	36.300
Total non-current assets	40.400	36.300
Current assets		
Trade receivables	1.537.701	201.379
Other receivables	47.002	61.922
Total receivables	1.584.703	263.301
Cash and cash equivalents	560.414	608.437
Total current assets	2.145.117	871.738
Total assets	2.185.517	908.038

Balance sheet at 31 December

Equity and liabilities		
Note	2023	2022
Equity		
Contributed capital	40.000	40.000
Results brought forward	-6.876.381	-3.080.891
Total equity	-6.836.381	-3.040.891
Liabilities other than provisions		
Bank debts	1.504	0
Trade payables	63.409	55.927
Payables to group enterprises	8.205.377	3.395.420
Other payables	751.608	497.582
Total short term liabilities other than provisions	9.021.898	3.948.929
Total liabilities other than provisions	9.021.898	3.948.929
Total equity and liabilities	2.185.517	908.038

- 3 Capital availability
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Statement of changes in equity

	Contributed capital	Retained earnings	Total
Equity 29 October 2021	40.000	-3.080.891	-3.040.891
Profit or loss for the year brought forward	0	-3.795.490	-3.795.490
	40.000	-6.876.381	-6.836.381

Notes

All amounts in DKK.

		1/1 2023 - 31/12 2023	29/10 2021 - 31/12 2022
1.	Staff costs		
	Salaries and wages	5.773.892	4.274.760
	Pension costs	810.213	0
	Other costs for social security	17.325	9.940
	Other staff costs	12.482	11.750
		6.613.912	4.296.450
	Average number of employees	5	3
2.	Other financial expenses		
	Other financial costs	18.556	17.354
		18.556	17.354

3. Capital availability

The company has lost the entire company capital and also has negative equity. There is uncertainty as wheather the companty will continue operations, but at the present time it is the management's expectation that the company will re-establish the company capital through its own future earnings or through capital increases from the company's owner. It is the management's assessment that the company has an attractive liquidity availability to run the company's activity in the coming year. It is at the financial statements management's expectation that the credit facilities provided will be maintained and that the company can sustain its obligations as they fall due. The company has received a commitment from the company's owner that they will support the company in the coming financial year. The annual report is therefore submitted under the assumption of going concern.

4. Related parties

Consolidated financial statements

The company is part of the ultimate's parent company Xebia Topco BV (NL) consolidated financial statements.

Accounting policies

The annual report for Oblivion Cloud Consultancy ApS has been presented in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act regulations concerning reporting class B enterprises. Furthermore, the company has decided to comply with certain rules applying to reporting class C enterprises.

Recognition and measurement in general

Income is recognised in the income statement concurrently with its realisation, including the recognition of value adjustments of financial assets and liabilities. Likewise, all costs are recognised in the income statement, including depreciations amortisations, writedowns for impairment, provisions, and reversals due to changes in estimated amounts previously recognised in the income statement.

Assets are recognised in the statement of financial position when it seems probable that future economic benefits will flow to the company and the value of the asset can be reliably measured.

Liabilities are recognised in the statement of financial position when it is seems probable that future economic benefits will flow out of the company and the value of the liability can be reliably measured.

Assets and liabilities are measured at cost at the initial recognition. Hereafter, assets and liabilities are measured as described below for each individual accounting item.

Certain financial assets and liabilities are measured at amortised cost, allowing a constant effective interest rate to be recognised during the useful life of the asset or liability. Amortised cost is recognised as the original cost less any payments, plus/less accrued amortisations of the difference between cost and nominal amount. In this way, capital losses and gains are allocated over the useful life of the liability.

Upon recognition and measurement, allowances are made for such predictable losses and risks which may arise prior to the presentation of the annual report and concern matters that exist on the reporting date.

Income statement

Gross profit

Gross profit comprises the revenue, and external costs.

The enterprise will be applying IAS 18 as its basis of interpretation for the recognition of revenue.

Revenue is recognised in the income statement if delivery and passing of risk to the buyer have taken place before the end of the year and if the income can be determined reliably and inflow is anticipated. Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration promised exclusive of VAT and taxes and less any discounts relating directly to sales.

Cost of sales comprises costs concerning purchase of raw materials and consumables less discounts and changes in inventories.

Accounting policies

Other external expenses comprise expenses incurred for sales, administration and premises costs.

Staff costs

Staff costs include salaries and wages, including holiday allowances, pensions, and other social security costs, etc., for staff members.

Financial income and expenses

Financial income and expenses are recognised in the income statement with the amounts concerning the financial year. Financial income and expenses comprise interest income and expenses, financial expenses from financial leasing, realised and unrealised capital gains and losses relating to securities, debt and transactions in foreign currency, amortisation of financial assets and liabilities as well as surcharges and reimbursements under the advance tax scheme, etc.

Tax on net profit or loss for the year

Tax for the year comprises the current income tax for the year and changes in deferred tax and is recognised in the income statement with the share attributable to the net profit or loss for the year and directly in equity with the share attributable to entries directly in equity.

Statement of financial position

Investments

Deposits

Deposits are measured at amortised cost and represent lease deposits, etc.

Receivables

Receivables are measured at amortised cost, which usually corresponds to nominal value.

In order to meet expected losses, impairment takes place at the net realisable value. The company has chosen to use IAS 39 as a basis for interpretation when recognising impairment of financial assets, which means that impairments must be made to offset losses where an objective indication is deemed to have occurred that an account receivable or a portfolio of accounts receivable is impaired. If an objective indication shows that an individual account receivable has been impaired, an impairment takes place at individual level.

Accounts receivable for which there is no objective indication of impairment at the individual level are evaluated at portfolio level for objective indication of impairment. The portfolios are primarily based on the debtors' domicile and credit rating in accordance with the company's and the group's credit risk management policy. Determination of the objective indicators applied for portfolios are based on experience with historical losses.

Accounting policies

Impairment losses are calculated as the difference between the carrying amount of accounts receivable and the present value of the expected cash flows, including the realisable value of any securities received. The effective interest rate for the individual account receivable or portfolio is used as the discount rate.

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash at bank and on hand.

Liabilities other than provisions

Other liabilities concerning payables to suppliers, group enterprises, and other payables are measured at amortised cost which usually corresponds to the nominal value.