
Sense Solutions ApS

Industriparken 35, DK-2750 Ballerup

Annual Report for 30 September - 31 December 2021

CVR No 42 75 01 58

The Annual Report was
presented and adopted at
the Annual General
Meeting of the Company on
24/5 2022

Søren Fæster
Chairman of the General
Meeting



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Management's Statement

The Executive Board and Board of Directors have today considered and adopted the Annual Report of Sense Solutions ApS for the financial year 30 September - 31 December 2021.

The Annual Report is prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion the Financial Statements give a true and fair view of the financial position at 31 December 2021 of the Company and of the results of the Company operations for 2021.

We recommend that the Annual Report be adopted at the Annual General Meeting.

Ballerup, 24 May 2022

Executive Board

Michael Meister
CEO

Board of Directors

Frank Max Laursen
Chairman

Michael Meister

Søren Fæster

Independent Auditor's Report

To the Shareholder of Sense Solutions ApS

Opinion

In our opinion, the Financial Statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Company at 31 December 2021 and of the results of the Company's operations for the financial year 30 September - 31 December 2021 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

We have audited the Financial Statements of Sense Solutions ApS for the financial year 30 September - 31 December 2021, which comprise income statement, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity and notes, including a summary of significant accounting policies ("the Financial Statements").

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the "Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the Financial Statements" section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' International Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) and the additional ethical requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the IESBA Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Management's responsibilities for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act, and for such internal control as Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the Financial Statements, Management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the Financial Statements unless Management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Financial Statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these Financial Statements.

As part of an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the

Independent Auditor's Report

audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the Financial Statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by Management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of Management's use of the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the Financial Statements and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the Financial Statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and contents of the Financial Statements, including the disclosures, and whether the Financial Statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that gives a true and fair view.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Hellerup, 24 May 2022

PricewaterhouseCoopers

Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab

CVR No 33 77 12 31

Bo Schou-Jacobsen
State Authorised Public Accountant
mne28703

Michael Krath
State Authorised Public Accountant
mne34155

Company Information

The Company

Sense Solutions ApS
Industriparken 35
DK-2750 Ballerup

CVR No: 42 75 01 58

Financial period: 30 September - 31 December

Incorporated: 30 September 2021

Financial year: 1st financial year

Municipality of reg. office: Ballerup

Board of Directors

Frank Max Laursen, Chairman
Michael Meister
Søren Fæster

Executive Board

Michael Meister

Auditors

PricewaterhouseCoopers
Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab
Strandvejen 44
DK-2900 Hellerup

Income Statement 30 September - 31 December

	<u>Note</u>	<u>2021</u> DKK
Revenue		19.175
Other external expenses		-54.142
Gross profit/loss		-34.967
Staff expenses	3	-296.705
Profit/loss before financial income and expenses		-331.672
Profit/loss before tax		-331.672
Tax on profit/loss for the year	4	72.968
Net profit/loss for the year		-258.704

Distribution of profit

Proposed distribution of profit

Retained earnings		-258.704
		-258.704

Balance Sheet 31 December

Assets

	<u>Note</u>	<u>2021</u> DKK
Other fixtures and fittings, tools and equipment		13.900
Property, plant and equipment	5	13.900
Fixed assets		13.900
Trade receivables		23.969
Other receivables		6.244
Corporation tax receivable from group enterprises		76.026
Prepayments		7.533
Receivables		113.772
Cash at bank and in hand		396
Currents assets		114.168
Assets		128.068

Balance Sheet 31 December

Liabilities and equity

	<u>Note</u>	<u>2021</u> DKK
Share capital		40.000
Retained earnings		-258.704
Equity		-218.704
Provision for deferred tax		3.058
Provisions		3.058
Trade payables		50.700
Payables to group enterprises		164.000
Other payables		129.014
Short-term debt		343.714
Debt		343.714
Liabilities and equity		128.068
Capital resources	1	
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Statement of Changes in Equity

	<u>Share capital</u> DKK	<u>Retained earnings</u> DKK	<u>Total</u> DKK
Equity at 30 September	0	0	0
Cash payment concerning formation of entity	40.000	0	40.000
Net profit/loss for the year	0	-258.704	-258.704
Equity at 31 December	40.000	-258.704	-218.704

Notes to the Financial Statements

1 Capital resources

In Management's assessment, the Parent Company, DK Infrastructure Bidco ApS, will support the operations of Sense Solutions ApS. In a letter of support effective until 31 March 2023, the Parent Company DK Infrastructure Bidco ApS has declared itself willing to ensure the liquidity necessary for the activities planned in Sense Solutions ApS; consequently, the Company prepares its Annual Report as a going concern.

2 Key activities

The company's purpose is to run a business by developing IoT technological solutions and / or products for the industry as well as related activities.

	<u>2021</u> DKK
3 Staff expenses	
Wages and salaries	249.621
Pensions	45.673
Other social security expenses	1.136
Other staff expenses	<u>275</u>
	<u>296.705</u>
Average number of employees	<u>2</u>
4 Tax on profit/loss for the year	
Current tax for the year	-76.026
Deferred tax for the year	<u>3.058</u>
	<u>-72.968</u>

Notes to the Financial Statements

5 Property, plant and equipment

	Other fixtures and fittings, tools and equipment DKK
Cost at 30 September	0
Additions for the year	<u>13.900</u>
Cost at 31 December	<u>13.900</u>
Impairment losses and depreciation at 30 September	<u>0</u>
Impairment losses and depreciation at 31 December	<u>0</u>
Carrying amount at 31 December	<u>13.900</u>

6 Contingent assets, liabilities and other financial obligations

Contingent liabilities

The group companies are jointly and severally liable for tax on the jointly taxed incomes etc of the Group. The total amount of corporation tax payable is disclosed in the Annual Report of DK Infrastructure Topco ApS, which is the management company of the joint taxation purposes. Moreover, the group companies are jointly and severally liable for Danish withholding taxes by way of dividend tax, tax on royalty payments and tax on un-earned income. Any subsequent adjustments of corporation taxes and withholding taxes may increase the Company's liability.

There are no further security and contingent liabilities at 31 December 2021.

7 Related parties

	<u>Basis</u>
Controlling interest	
DK Infrastructure Topco ApS, Industriparken 35, DK-2750 Ballerup	Ultimate parent company
DK Infrastructure Bidco ApS, Industriparken 35, DK-2750 Ballerup	Owns 100 % of the share capital of the company.

Notes to the Financial Statements

7 Related parties (continued)

Transactions

All of the Company's transactions have been carried out on an arm's length basis

Consolidated Financial Statements

The Company is included in the consolidated financial statements for the parent company:

<u>Name</u>	<u>Place of registered office</u>
DK Infrastructure Topco ApS	DK-2750 Ballerup
DK Infrastructure Bidco ApS	DK-2750 Ballerup

Notes to the Financial Statements

8 Accounting Policies

The Annual Report of Sense Solutions ApS for 2021 has been prepared in accordance with the provisions of the Danish Financial Statements Act applying to enterprises of reporting class B as well as selected rules applying to reporting class C.

The Financial Statements for 2021 are presented in DKK.

Recognition and measurement

Revenues are recognised in the income statement as earned. Furthermore, value adjustments of financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value or amortised cost are recognised. Moreover, all expenses incurred to achieve the earnings for the year are recognised in the income statement, including depreciation, amortisation, impairment losses and provisions as well as reversals due to changed accounting estimates of amounts that have previously been recognised in the income statement.

Assets are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits attributable to the asset will flow to the Company, and the value of the asset can be measured reliably.

Liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits will flow out of the Company, and the value of the liability can be measured reliably.

Assets and liabilities are initially measured at cost. Subsequently, assets and liabilities are measured as described for each item below.

Income Statement

Revenue

Revenue from the sale of services is recognised when the risks and rewards relating to the services have been rendered to the purchaser, the revenue can be measured reliably and it is probable that the economic benefits relating to the sale will flow to the Company.

Revenue is measured at fair value of the agreed consideration exclusive of VAT and taxes charged on behalf of third parties.

Other external expenses

Other external expenses comprise expenses for premises, sales and distribution as well as office expenses, etc.

Staff expenses

Staff expenses comprise wages and salaries as well as payroll expenses.

Notes to the Financial Statements

8 Accounting Policies (continued)

Financial income and expenses

Financial income and expenses are recognised in the income statement at the amounts relating to the financial year.

Tax on profit/loss for the year

Tax for the year consists of current tax for the year and changes in deferred tax for the year. The tax attributable to the profit for the year is recognised in the income statement, whereas the tax attributable to equity transactions is recognised directly in equity.

The Company is jointly taxed with other Danish group companies. The tax effect of the joint taxation is allocated to Danish enterprises in proportion to their taxable incomes.

Balance Sheet

Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and less any accumulated impairment losses.

Cost comprises the cost of acquisition and expenses directly related to the acquisition up until the time when the asset is ready for use.

Depreciation based on cost reduced by any residual value is calculated on a straight-line basis over the expected useful lives of the assets, which are:

Other fixtures and fittings, tools and equipment	5	years
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The fixed assets' residual values are determined at nil.

Depreciation period and residual value are reassessed annually.

Impairment of fixed assets

The carrying amounts of intangible assets and property, plant and equipment are reviewed on an annual basis to determine whether there is any indication of impairment other than that expressed by amortisation and depreciation.

If so, the asset is written down to its lower recoverable amount.

Notes to the Financial Statements

8 Accounting Policies (continued)

Receivables

Receivables are measured in the balance sheet at the lower of amortised cost and net realisable value, which corresponds to nominal value less provisions for bad debts.

Prepayments

Prepayments comprise prepaid expenses concerning rent, insurance premiums, subscriptions and interest.

Equity

Dividend

Dividend distribution proposed by Management for the year is disclosed as a separate equity item.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities

Deferred income tax is measured using the balance sheet liability method in respect of temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts for financial reporting purposes on the basis of the intended use of the asset and settlement of the liability, respectively.

Deferred tax assets are measured at the value at which the asset is expected to be realised, either by elimination in tax on future earnings or by set-off against deferred tax liabilities within the same legal tax entity.

Deferred tax is measured on the basis of the tax rules and tax rates that will be effective under the legislation at the balance sheet date when the deferred tax is expected to crystallise as current tax. Any changes in deferred tax due to changes to tax rates are recognised in the income statement or in equity if the deferred tax relates to items recognised in equity.

Current tax receivables and liabilities

Current tax liabilities and receivables are recognised in the balance sheet as the expected taxable income for the year adjusted for tax on taxable incomes for prior years and tax paid on account. Extra payments and repayment under the on-account taxation scheme are recognised in the income statement in financial income and expenses.

Financial debts

Debts are measured at amortised cost, substantially corresponding to nominal value.