



**B a a g ø e | S c h o u**

statsautoriseret revisionsaktieselskab

## **Antler ApS**

Frederiksholms Kanal 30

1220 København K

CVR-nr. 42 67 49 31

**Annual Report for the year 2023**

3rd financial year

The Annual report has been presented and approved by the general meeting on 10 May 2024

**Michael Jan Wiatr**

Chairman



## Company information

<b>The Company:</b>	Antler ApS Frederiksholms Kanal 30 1220 København K
<b>CVR-nr.:</b>	42 67 49 31
<b>Established:</b>	9. september 2021
<b>Domicile:</b>	København
<b>Financial year:</b>	1. januar 2023 - 31. december 2023
<b>Executive Board:</b>	Michael Jan Wiatr
<b>Supervisory Board:</b>	Erik Oscar Sehlberg Vestergård Per Anders Hammarbäck



## Management Statement

The Executive Board and The Supervisory Board has today discussed and approved the Annual Report of Antler ApS for the financial year January 1 - December 31, 2023.

The Annual Report has been prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

We consider the accounting policies used appropriate, and in our opinion the Annual Report gives a true and fair view of the Company's assets and liabilities, financial position and the results of operations.

We are of the opinion that the management review includes a fair description of the issues dealt with.

The annual accounts have not been audited. Management declares that the conditions for this are met.

We recommend that the Annual Report is approved by the Annual General Meeting.

København K, 10 May 2024.

Executive Board:

Michael Jan Wiatr

Supervisory Board:

Erik Oscar Sehlberg Vestergård

Per Anders Hammarbäck



## **Practitioner's Compilation Report**

### **To Management of Antler ApS**

We have compiled the accompanying financial statements of Antler ApS for the financial year ended 31 December 2023 based on information you have provided.

These financial statements comprise a summary of significant accounting policies, income statement, balance sheet and notes.

We performed this compilation engagement in accordance with International Standard on Related Services 4410 (Revised), Compilation Engagements.

We have applied our expertise in accounting and financial reporting to assist you in the preparation and presentation of these financial statements in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act. We have complied with relevant requirements under the Danish Act on Approved Auditors and Audit Firms and International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' Code of Ethics (IESBA Code), including principles of integrity, objectivity, professional competence and due care.

These financial statements and the accuracy and completeness of the information used to compile them are your responsibility.

Since a compilation engagement is not an assurance engagement, we are not required to verify the accuracy or completeness of the information you provided to us to compile these financial statements. Accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion or a review conclusion on whether these financial statements are prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

København K, 10 May 2024

### **Baagøe Schou**

Statsautoriseret Revisionsaktieselskab

CVR-nr. 21 14 81 48

Niklas Tullberg Hoff

Registreret revisor

MNE-nr. 34 597



## **Management's review**

### **Principal activities of the Company**

Antler ApS will run programs for entrepreneurs. Antler brings together experienced operators, technologists, and business builders to develop ideas in sustainable tech, climate tech, and green transformation. The platform supports startups from inception, starting with team formation and business model validation.

### **Development in activities and financial position**

The result for the period shows a profit of DKK 1.729.336.  
The Equity shows a balance of DKK 2.096.166.

The management considers the year's result to be satisfying.



## Accounting policies

The annual report of Antler ApS for 2023 has been prepared in accordance with the provisions applying to reporting class B under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

The accounting policies used are unchanged compared to previous years.

The Company's annual report are presented in DKK.

### **Recognition and measurement in general**

Income is recognised in the profit and loss account concurrently with its realisation, including the recognition of value adjustments of financial assets and liabilities. Likewise, all costs, these including depreciation, amortisation, writedown, provisions, and reversals which are due to changes in estimated amounts previously recognised in the profit and loss account are recognised in the profit and loss account.

Assets are recognised in the balance sheet when the company is liable to achieve future, financial benefits and the value of the asset can be measured reliably.

Liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet when the company is liable to loose future, financial benefits and the value of the liability can be measured reliably.

At the first recognition, assets and liabilities are measured at cost. Later, assets and liabilities are measured as described below for each individual accounting item.

Certain fixed asset investments and liabilities are measured at amortised cost, by which method a fixed, effective interest is recognised during the useful life of the asset or the liability. Amortised cost is recognised as the original cost with deduction of any payments and additions/deductions of the accrued amortisation of the difference between cost and nominal amount. In this way capital losses and capital profits are spread over the useful life.

At recognition and measurement, such predictable losses and risks are taken into consideration, which may appear before the annual report is presented, and which concerns matters existing on the balance sheet date.

The carrying value of tangible fixed assets are reviewed annually to determine whether there is any indication of impairment other than that expressed by normal depreciation. If this is the case, it is written down to its recoverable amount.



## **Accounting policies**

### **PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT**

#### **Gross profit**

Gross profit includes net sales and other operating revenues less direct operating costs and other external costs.

#### **Turnover**

The net turnover is recognised in the profit and loss account if delivery and risk transfer to the buyer have taken place before the end of the year, and if the income can be determined reliably and is expected to be received. The net turnover is recognised exclusive of VAT and taxes and with the deduction of any discounts granted in connection with the sale.

#### **Cost of sales**

These include direct costs incurred to generate revenue for the year.

#### **Other external expenses**

Other external costs comprise costs for sales, advertisement, administration, premises, loss on debtors, and operational leasing costs.

#### **Staff costs**

Staff costs include wages and salaries, including holiday pay and pensions, and other costs for social security etc. To the company's employees.

#### **Financial items**

Financial income and expenses are recognised in the profit/loss account with the amounts that concern the financial year. Financial income and expenses comprise interest and realised and unrealised exchange adjustments.

#### **Tax on profit/loss for the year**

The tax for the year comprises the current tax for the year and the changes in deferred tax, and it is recognised in the profit and loss account with the share referring to the results for the year and directly in the equity with the share referring to entries directly on the equity.



## **Accounting policies**

### **THE BALANCE SHEET**

#### **Receivables**

Receivables are measured at amortised cost which usually corresponds to face value. In order to meet expected losses, writedown takes place at the net realisable value.

#### **Deferred income assets**

Deferred income assets comprise costs incurred in relation to subsequent financial years.

#### **Corporate tax and deferred tax**

Current tax liabilities and current tax receivables are recognized in the balance sheet as calculated tax on the taxable income, adjusted for tax on prior years' taxable income and tax paid on account.

Deferred tax is measured using the balance sheet liability method on temporary differences between accounting and tax values of assets and liabilities based on the planned use of the asset or liability.

Deferred tax assets including the tax value of tax loss carryforwards, are measured at the value at which the asset is expected to be realized, either by elimination in tax on future earnings or against deferred tax liabilities within the same legal tax entity. Any deferred net tax assets are measured at net realizable value.

Deferred tax is measured based on the tax rates and at the balance sheet date will be applicable when the deferred tax is expected to result in current tax.

#### **Liabilities**

Liabilities, which comprises debt to suppliers, debt to group companies and other debts, are measured at amortised cost which usually corresponds to the nominal value.

#### **Foreign currency translation**

Transactions in foreign currencies are translated at the exchange rates at the dates of transaction. Gains and losses arising due to differences between the transaction date rates and the rates at the dates of payment are recognised in financial income and expenses in the income statement. If the currency position is seen as a safeguarding of the future cash flow, then it's regulation of value happens directly through the equity.

Receivables, payables and other monetary items in foreign currencies that have not been settled at the balance sheet date are translated at the exchange rates at the balance sheet date. Any differences between the exchange rates at the balance sheet date and the transaction date rates are recognised in financial income and expenses in the income statement.





## Income statement

	Note	2023	2022
Gross profit .....		5.530.526	1.787.613
Staff costs .....	1	<u>-3.371.157</u>	<u>-1.298.335</u>
Profit (loss) from ordinary operating activities .....		2.159.369	489.278
Financial income .....		121.136	15.746
Financial expenses .....		<u>-42.419</u>	<u>-44.864</u>
Profit/loss before tax .....		2.238.086	460.160
Tax on profit for the year .....		<u>-508.750</u>	<u>-106.128</u>
Net profit for the year .....		<u><u>1.729.336</u></u>	<u><u>354.032</u></u>
Proposed distribution of profit/loss			
Retained earnings .....		<u>1.729.336</u>	<u>354.032</u>



## Balance

Assets	Note	31/12-23	31/12-22
NON-CURRENT ASSETS:			
Financial assets:			
Deposits .....		<u>188.100</u>	<u>180.000</u>
TOTAL NON-CURRENT ASSETS .....		<u>188.100</u>	<u>180.000</u>
CURRENT ASSETS:			
Receiveables:			
Trade receivables .....		2.643.616	2.731.977
Short-term receivables from group enterprises .....		2.169.402	989.873
Other receivables .....		177.778	0
Deferred income assets .....		<u>93.290</u>	<u>35.523</u>
Total receivables .....		<u>5.084.086</u>	<u>3.757.373</u>
Cash and cash equivalents .....		<u>358.145</u>	<u>284.524</u>
TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS .....		<u>5.442.231</u>	<u>4.041.897</u>
TOTAL ASSETS .....		<u><u>5.630.331</u></u>	<u><u>4.221.897</u></u>



## Balance

<b>Equity and liabilities</b>		<b>Note</b>	<b>31/12-23</b>	<b>31/12-22</b>
<b>EQUITY:</b>				
Contributed capital .....			40.000	40.000
Retained earnings .....			2.056.166	326.830
Proposed dividend recognised in equity .....			<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>
<b>TOTAL EQUITY .....</b>			<u><b>2.096.166</b></u>	<u><b>366.830</b></u>
<b>LIABILITIES:</b>				
Short-term liabilities:				
Trade payables .....			336.742	79.019
Payables to group enterprises .....			1.826.737	3.421.199
Tax payables .....			508.750	106.128
Other payables .....			<u>861.936</u>	<u>248.721</u>
<b>Total short-term liabilities .....</b>			<u><b>3.534.165</b></u>	<u><b>3.855.067</b></u>
<b>TOTAL LIABILITIES .....</b>			<u><b>3.534.165</b></u>	<u><b>3.855.067</b></u>
<b>TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES .....</b>			<u><b>5.630.331</b></u>	<u><b>4.221.897</b></u>
Staff Costs .....		1		
Disclosure of contingent liabilities .....		None		
Disclosure of collaterals and assets pledges as security .....		None		



## Noter

<b>1 Staff Costs</b>	<b>2023</b>	<b>2022</b>
Wages and salaries .....	3.057.024	1.270.002
Pensions .....	130.512	0
Other social security expenses .....	18.177	5.775
Adjustment accrued vacation .....	<u>165.444</u>	<u>22.558</u>
 Total staff costs .....	 <u><u>3.371.157</u></u>	 <u><u>1.298.335</u></u>
 Average number of employees .....	 <u><u>5</u></u>	 <u><u>2</u></u>

## 2 Financial expenses

Of the financial expenses, DKK 13.717 is interest to affiliated companies.