Tinderbox PropCo I ApS

Kalvebod Brygge 39, 4., 1560 København V

CVR No. 42 62 21 09

Annual report

For the year ended 31 December 2023

Approved at the annual general meeting, on 26 / 4 2024

Chairman:

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Henrik Skriver

Statement by Management on the annual report

Today, the Board of Directors and the Executive Board have discussed and approved the annual report of 2023 for the financial year 1 January 2023 – 31 December 2023.

The annual report is prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the Company's financial position at 31 December 2023 and of the results of the Company's operations for the financial year 1 January 2023 - 31 December 2023.

Further, in our opinion, the Management's review gives a fair review of the matters discussed in the Management's review.

We recommend the adoption of the annual report at the annual general meeting.

Copenhagen,

2024

Executive Board:

Thomas Esben Khan

Board of Directors

Kevin Jeremiah Cahill

Chairman

Thomas Esben Khan

Independent auditors' report

To the shareholders of Tinderbox PropCo I ApS

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Tinderbox PropCo I ApS for the financial year 1 January – 31 December 2023, which comprise an income statement, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity and notes, including accounting policies. The financial statements are prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of company at 31 December 2023, and of the results of the company operations for the financial year 1 January – 31 December 2023 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) and additional requirements applicable in Denmark. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the "Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements" section of our report. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Independence

We are independent of the Company in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' International Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) and the additional ethical requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the IESBA Code.

Management's responsibilities for the financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act and for such internal control as Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, Management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements unless Management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance as to whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and additional requirements applicable in Denmark will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of the financial statements.

As part of an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and additional requirements applicable in Denmark, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that
 are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness
 of the Company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by Management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of Management's use of the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and contents of the financial statements, including the note disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that gives a true and fair view.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Statement on Management's review

Management is responsible for the Management's review.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the Management's review, and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the Management's review and, in doing so, consider whether the Management's review is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained during the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

Moreover, it is our responsibility to consider whether the Management's review provides the information required under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Based on the work we have performed, we conclude that the Management's review is in accordance with the financial statements and has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Danish Financial Statements Act. We did not identify any material misstatement of the Management's review.

Odense, 26/4 2024

EY Godkendt Revisionspartnerselskab

CVR No. 30 70 02 28

Morten Schougaard Sørensen

State Authorised Public Accountant

mne32129

Management's review

Company details

Name

Tinderbox PropCo I ApS

Address, Postal code, City

Kalvebod Brygge 39, 4., 1560 København V

CVR No.

42 62 21 09

Established

24 August 2021

Registered office

Copenhagen

Financial year

1 January 2023 - 31 December 2023

Board of Directors

Kevin Jeremiah Cahill, Chairman

Thomas Esben Khan

Henrik Skriver

Executive board

Thomas Esben Khan

Auditors

EY Godkendt Revisionspartnerselskab

Cortex Park Vest 3, 5230 Odense M, Denmark

Management's review

The company's primary activities and company details

The company's purpose is to invest in real estate, administrate and manage real estate as well as other related activities.

Significant changes in business and economic conditions

None.

Uncertainties relating to recognition and measurement in the financial statements

Investment properties are valued at their fair values, according to the description in Accounting policies.

The valuation includes accounting estimates and such valuation is therefore subject to some uncertainty. Please refer to note 6.

Income statement

Notes DKK	01.01.2023 - 31.12.2023	24.08.2021 - 31.12.2022
Gross profit/loss	8.412.170	8.464.788
6 Fair value adjustment of investment property	-14.521.801	32.773.694
Operating profit	-6.109.630	41.238.482
3 Financial income	215.181	73.339
4 Financial expenses	-2.184.772	-1.910.498
Profit/loss before tax	-8.079.221	39.401.323
5 Tax for the year	1.737.540	-8.833.738
Profit/loss for the year	-6.341.681	30.567.585
Recomended appropriation of the profit/loss for the year		
Retained earnings	-6.341.681	30.567.585
	-6.341.681	30.567.585

Balance sheet

Notes DKK	01.01.2023 - 31.12.2023	24.08.2021 - 31.12.2022
Assets		
Fixed Assets		
Investment property	99.500.000	114.000.000
6 Property, plant and equipment	99.500.000	114.000.000
Total fixed assets	99.500.000	114.000.000
Current assets		
Receivables from group entities	4.255.433	3.740.293
Other receivables	336	355.234
Receivables	4.255.769	4.095.527
Cash	1.679.112	
Total current assets	5.934.881	4.095.527
Total assets	105.434.881	118.095.527

Balance sheet

Notes DKK	01.01.2023 - 31.12.2023	24.08.2021 - 31.12.2022
Equity and liabilities		
Equity		
7 Share Capital	40.000	40.000
Retained earnings	24.225.903	30.567.585
Total equity	24.265.903	30.607.585
Provisions		
Provisions for deferred tax	4.611.372	7.577.478
8 Total provisions	4.611.372	7.577.478
Liabilities		
Mortgage debt	36.548.305	38.606.957
Other payables	3.211.991	3.072.221
9 Long-term liabilities	39.760.296	41.679.178
9 Current portion of long-term liabilities	2.082.081	2.114.428
Payables to group entities	32.229.750	32.895.000
Payable tax	1.228.566	1.256.260
Other payables	1.256.913	1.965.598
Short-term liabilities	36.797.310	38.231.286
Total liabilities	76.557.606	79.910.464
Total equity and liabilities	105.434.881	118.095.527

² Staff costs

¹⁰ Security for loans

¹¹ Contractual obligations and contigencies, etc.

Statement of changes in equity

(DKK)	Share capital	Retained earnings	Total
Equity at 1/1 2023 Profit/loss for the year	40.000	30.567.585 -6.341.681	30.607.585 -6.341.681
Equity at 31/12 2023	40.000	24.225.903	24.265.903

Notes

1. Accounting polices

The annual report of Tinderbox PropCo I ApS has been prepared in accordance with the provisions of the Danish Financial Statements Act applying to reporting class B entities and elective choice of certain provisions applying to reporting class C entities.

Reporting currency

The financial statements are presented in Danish kroner (DKK).

Income Statement

Revenue

The company has chosen IAS 18 as interpretation for revenue recognition.

Revenue comprises rental income from the leases of properties. Revenue is recognized on an actual basis.

Revenue is measured net of all types of discounts/rebates granted. Also, revenue is measured net of VAT and other indirect taxes charged on behalf of third parties.

Gross profit

With reference to section 32 of the Danish Financial Statements Act, the items 'Revenue', 'Cost of sale', 'Other external expenses' and 'Other operating income' are consolidated into one item designated 'Gross margin'.

Other external expenses

Other external expenses include the year's expenses relating to the entity's core activities, including expenses relating to distribution, sale, advertising, administration, premises, bad debts, payments under operating leases, etc.

Financial income and expenses

Financial income and expenses are recognized in the income statements at the amounts that concern the financial year. Net financials include interest income and expenses, etc.

Tax

Tax for the year include current tax on the year's expected taxable income and the year's deferred tax adjustments. The portion of the tax for the year that relates to the profit/loss for the year is recognized in the income statement, whereas the portion that relates to transactions taken to equity is recognized in equity.

The entity and its Danish group entities are taxed on a joint basis. The Danish income tax charge is allocated between profit-making and loss-making Danish entities in proportion to their taxable income (full allocation method).

Jointly taxed companies entitled to a tax refund are, as a minimum, reimbursed by the management company according to the current rates applicable to interest allowance, and jointly taxed companies having paid too little tax pay, as a maximum, a surcharge according to the current rates applicable to interest surcharges to the management company.

Notes

1. Accounting policies - continued

Balance sheet

Investment property

Investment properties are measured at cost at first recognition. After the first recognition investment properties are measured at fair value. Fair value is measured using a discounted cash flow model based on yield for comparable properties. Annual changes in fair value is recognized in the income statement.

Receivables

The Company has chosen IAS 39 as interpretation for impairment write-down of financial receivables. Receivables are measured at amortized cost, which usually corresponds to the nominal value. Provisions are made for bad debts on the basis of objective evidence that a receivable or a group of receivables are impaired. Provisions are made to the lower of the net realizable value and the carrying amount.

Corporation tax

Current tax payable and receivable is recognized in the balance sheet as the estimated tax charge in respect of the taxable income for the year, adjusted for tax on prior year's taxable income and tax paid on account.

Provisions for deferred tax are calculated, based on the liability method, of all temporary differences between carrying amounts and tax values.

Deferred tax is measured according to the taxation rules and taxations rates applicable at the balance sheet date when the deferred tax is expected to crystallize as current tax. Deferred tax assets are recognized at the value at which they are expected to be utilized, either through elimination against tax on future earnings or through a set-off against deferred tax liabilities within the same jurisdiction.

Liabilities

The Company has chosen IAS 39 as interpretation for recognition and measurement of liabilities. Financial liabilities related to investment properties are measured at amortized cost.

Other liabilities are measured at net realizable value.

Fair value

Fair value is determined based on the principal market. If no principal market exists, the measurement is based on the most advantageous market, i.e. the market that maximises the price of the asset or liability less transaction and/or transport costs.

All assets and liabilities that are measured at fair value or whose fair value is disclosed are classified based on the fair value hierarchy, see below:

- Level 1: Value based on the fair value of similar assets/liabilities in an active market.
- Level 2: Value based on generally accepted valuation methods on the basis of observable market information.
- Level 3: Value based on generally accepted valuation methods and reasonable estimates based on nonobservable market information.

Notes

2. Staff costs

The company has no employees.

DKK	01.01.2023 - 31.12.2023	24.08.2021 - 31.12.2022
3. Financial income	202.640	72.220
Interest income, affiliated companies	202.640	73.339
Interest income, bank and others	12.541 215.181	73.339
	215.101	/5.559
4. Financial expenses		
Interest expenses, affiliated companies	1.534.750	1.395.331
Interest expenses, bank and others	650.022	515.167
	2.184.772	1.910.498
5. Tax for the year Estimated tax charge for the year Deferred tax adjustments in the year	1.228.566 -2.966.107 -1.737.540	1.256.260 7.577.478 8.833.738
6. Property, plant and equipment		01.01.2023 - 31.12.2023
Cost at 1 January 2023		81.226.306
Additions		21.801
Cost at 31 December 2023		81.248.106
VII. 15 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		22 772 604
Value adjustment at 1 January 2023		32.773.694
Value adjustment for the year Value adjustment at 31 December 2023		(14.521.801) 18.251.894
value aujustilielit at 31 December 2023		10.231.034
Carrying amount at 31 December 2023		99.500.000
Fair Value Level		3

The valuation is based on a DCF-model with a WACC of 7,50% (2022: 6,25%) added inflation of 2,00% (2022: 2,00%) and growth in free cash flow of 2,00% per year (2022: 2,00%). The property is a commercial property placed in the area of Ballerup. The valuation is based on actual rent added app. 5% in potential rent increase. If the valuation was based on a WACC of 7,25% the value would be DKK 102,931 thousand and if based on a WACC of 7,75% the value would be DKK 96,290 thousand. The earnings used for the valuation is the estimated rent and cost on a normalised basis.

Notes

DKK	01.01.2023 -
DKK	31.12.2023
7. Share capital	
Balance at 1 January 2023	40.000
Balance at 31 December 2023	40.000

8. Provisions

The provisions for deferred tax primarily relates to timing differences in respect of property.

9. Long-term liabilities

Of the long-term liabilities, DKK 28.327.179 falls due for payment after more than 5 years after the balance sheet date.

Other payables comprise of deposits and prepaid rent.

10. Security for loans

As security for the company's mortgage debt, the company has placed assets with carrying amount of 99.500.000 DKK.

11. Contractual obligations and contingencies, etc.

The company is jointly taxed with Goldilocks 10 ApS, CVR no 40 01 49 85, which acts as management company, and is jointly and severally liable with other jointly taxed group entities for payment of income taxes as well as withholding taxes on interest, royalties and dividends.