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2500 Valby

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## **Bioomix ApS**

Kochsgade 25, 5000 Odense C

CVR no. 42 55 99 97

Annual report for the period 23 July 2021 to 31 December 2022

Adopted at the annual general meeting on 13 March 2023

Morten Østergaard Andersen chairman

## **Table of contents**

|  | Page |
|--|------|
| Statements                                       |      |
| Statement by management on the annual report     | 1    |
| Independent auditor's report on extended review  | 2    |
| Management's review                              |      |
| Company details                                  | 4    |
| Management's review                              | 5    |
| Financial statements                             |      |
| Income statement 23 July 2021 - 31 December 2022 | 6    |
| Balance sheet at 31 December 2022                | 7    |
| Statement of changes in equity                   | 9    |
| Notes  | 10   |
| Accounting policies                              | 13   |

## Statement by management on the annual report

The supervisory board and executive board have today discussed and approved the annual report of Bioomix ApS for the financial year 23 July 2021 - 31 December 2022.

The annual report is prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the company's financial position at 31 December 2022 and of the results of the company's operations for the financial year 23 July 2021 - 31 December 2022.

In our opinion, management's review includes a fair review of the matters dealt with in the management's review.

Management recommends that the annual report should be approved by the company in general meeting.

Odense C, 13 March 2023

#### **Executive board**

Morten Østergaard Andersen Director

### Supervisory board

Henrik Busch-Larsen chairman

Anders Kjær

Julia Magdalena Østergaard Andersen



## Independent auditor's report on extended review

# To the shareholders of Bioomix ApS Opinion

We have performed extended review of the financial statements of Bioomix ApS for the financial year 23 July 2021 - 31 December 2022, which comprise a summary of significant accounting policies, income statement, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity and notes. The financial statements are prepared under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Based on the performed work it is our opinion, that the financial statements give a true and fair view of the company's financial position at 31 December 2022 and of the results of the company's operations for the financial year 23 July 2021 - 31 December 2022 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

## **Basis for Opinion**

We conducted our extended review in accordance with the Danish Business Authority's standard on auditor's report for small enterprises and FSR - danish auditors' standard on extended review of financial statements in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the "Auditor's responsibilities for the extended review of the financial statements" section of our report. We are independent of the company in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and IESBA Code. We believe that the evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

## Management's responsibilities for the financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of financial statements, that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements unless management either intends to liquidate the company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

### Auditor's responsibility for the extended review of the financial statements

Our responsibility is to express a conclusion on the accompanying financial statements. This requires us to perform procedures in order to obtain limited assurance for our conclusion on these financial statements, and in addition perform specifically required supplementary procedures in order to obtain additional assurance for our conclusion.



Independent auditor's report on extended review

An extended review of financial statements includes procedures primarily consisting of making inquiries of management and others within the entity, as appropriate, applying analytical procedures and the specifically

required supplementary procedures, and evaluating the evidence obtained.

The procedures performed in an extended review are less than those performed in an audit and accordingly

we do not express an audit opinion on these financial statements.

Statement on management's review

Management is responsible for management's review.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover management's review, and we do not express any

form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our extended review of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read management's review and, in doing so, consider whether management's review is materially inconsistent with the financial

statements or our knowledge obtained during the extended review, or otherwise appears to be materially

misstated.

Moreover, it is our responsibility to consider whether management's review provides the information required

under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Based on the work we have performed, we conclude that management's review is in accordance with the

financial statements and has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Danish Financial

Statements Act. We did not identify any material misstatement of management's review.

Copenhagen, 13 March 2023

**Baker Tilly Denmark** 

Godkendt Revisionspartnerselskab

CVR no. 35 25 76 91

Peter Aagesen

statsautoriseret revisor

MNE no. mne41287

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## **Company details**

The company Bioomix ApS

Kochsgade 25 5000 Odense C

CVR no.: 42 55 99 97

Reporting period: 23 July 2021 - 31 December 2022

Incorporated: 23 July 2021

Domicile: Odense

Supervisory board Henrik Busch-Larsen, chairman

Anders Kjær

Julia Magdalena Østergaard Andersen

Executive board Morten Østergaard Andersen, director

Auditors Baker Tilly Denmark

Godkendt Revisionspartnerselskab

Poul Bundgaards Vej 1, 1.

2500 Valby



## **Management's review**

### **Business review**

The company's main activity consists in developing and selling biotechnology products.

#### **Financial review**

The company's income statement for the year ended 31 December 2022 shows a loss of DKK 2.161.140, and the balance sheet at 31 December 2022 shows equity of DKK 7.877.435.

## Significant events occurring after the end of the financial year

No events have occurred after the balance sheet date which could significantly affect the company's financial position.



## Income statement 23 July 2021 - 31 December 2022

| <u></u>  | Note | 2021/22        |
|--|------|----------------|
|  |      | (17 mth.) DKK. |
| Gross profit   |      | 3.423.504      |
| Staff costs  | 1    | -6.069.838     |
| Depreciation, amortisation and impairment of intangible assets and property, plant and equipment |      | -233.836       |
| Profit/loss before net financials  |      | -2.880.170     |
| Financial costs  |      | -210.063       |
| Profit/loss before tax   |      | -3.090.233     |
| Tax on profit/loss for the year  | 2    | 929.093        |
| Profit/loss for the year   |      | -2.161.140     |
|  |      |                |
| Recommended appropriation of profit/loss   |      |                |
| Transferred to reserve for development expenditure   |      | 3.024.137      |
| Retained earnings  |      | -5.185.277     |
|  |      | -2.161.140     |



## **Balance sheet at 31 December 2022**

|  | Note | 2022       |
|--|------|------------|
|  |      | DKK        |
| Assets   |      |            |
| Acquired patents                                 |      | 46.695     |
| Development projects in progress                 |      | 3.877.099  |
| Intangible assets                                | 3    | 3.923.794  |
| Other fixtures and fittings, tools and equipment | 4    | 3.499.948  |
| Leasehold improvements                           | 4    | 9.612      |
| Tangible assets                                  |      | 3.509.560  |
| Deposits   |      | 350.700    |
| Fixed asset investments                          | _    | 350.700    |
| Total non-current assets                         |      | 7.784.054  |
| Other receivables                                |      | 1.578.124  |
| Deferred tax asset                               |      | 76.131     |
| Corporation tax                                  | _    | 852.962    |
| Receivables                                      |      | 2.507.217  |
| Cash at bank and in hand                         | _    | 2.796.877  |
| Total current assets                             | _    | 5.304.094  |
| Total assets                                     | _    | 13.088.148 |



## **Balance sheet 31 December**

|   | Note | 2022<br>DKK |
|---|------|-------------|
| Equity and liabilities                              |      |             |
| Share capital                                       |      | 55.265      |
| Reserve for development expenditure                 |      | 3.024.137   |
| Retained earnings                                   |      | 4.798.033   |
| Equity  | _    | 7.877.435   |
| Convertible and profit-yielding instruments of debt | _    | 4.160.000   |
| Total non-current liabilities                       |      | 4.160.000   |
| Trade payables                                      |      | 527.910     |
| Other payables                                      |      | 522.803     |
| Total current liabilities                           | _    | 1.050.713   |
| Total liabilities                                   |      | 5.210.713   |
| Total equity and liabilities                        | _    | 13.088.148  |



## Statement of changes in equity

|                                     | Share capital DKK | Share<br>premium<br>account<br>DKK | Reserve for development expenditure | Retained<br>earnings<br>DKK | Total<br>DKK |
|-------------------------------------|-------------------|------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|-----------------------------|--------------|
| Equity at 23 July                   | 40.000            | 0                                  | 0                                   | 0                           | 40.000       |
| Cash capital increase               | 15.265            | 9.983.310                          | 0                                   | 0                           | 9.998.575    |
| Net profit/loss for the year        | 0                 | 0                                  | 3.024.137                           | -5.185.277                  | -2.161.140   |
| Transfer from share premium account | 0                 | -9.983.310                         | 0                                   | 9.983.310                   | 0            |
| Equity at 31 December               | 55.265            | 0                                  | 3.024.137                           | 4.798.033                   | 7.877.435    |



## Notes

|   |   | 2021/22<br>(17 mth.) DKK. |
|---|---|---------------------------|
| 1 | Staff costs   |                           |
|   | Wages and salaries  | 5.308.726                 |
|   | Pensions  | 582.771                   |
|   | Other social security costs                               | 60.675                    |
|   | Other staff costs   | 117.666                   |
|   |   | 6.069.838                 |
|   | Average number of employees                               |                           |
| 2 | Tax on profit/loss for the year  Current tax for the year | -852.962                  |
|   | Deferred tax for the year                                 | -76.131                   |
|   | Deletied tax for the year                                 |                           |
|   |   | -929.093                  |



## **Notes**

## 3 Intangible assets

|   |          | Development |
|---|----------|-------------|
|   | Acquired | projects in |
|   | patents  | progress    |
|   | DKK      | DKK         |
| Cost at 23 July                                   | 0        | 0           |
| Additions for the year                            | 53.366   | 3.877.099   |
| Cost at 31 December                               | 53.366   | 3.877.099   |
| Impairment losses and amortisation at 23 July     | 0        | 0           |
| Amortisation for the year                         | 6.671    | 0           |
| Impairment losses and amortisation at 31 December | 6.671    | 0           |
| Carrying amount at 31 December                    | 46.695   | 3.877.099   |

The company's development projects relate to the development of cells and microbes within agriculture. The projects are expected to be continuously developed in the coming financial years, and none of the projects have currently been completed.



## **Notes**

## 4 Tangible assets

|   | Other fixtures and fittings, tools and equipment | Leasehold improvements |
|---|--|------------------------|
| Cost at 23 July                                   | 0  | 0                      |
| Additions for the year                            | 3.726.985  | 9.740                  |
| Cost at 31 December                               | 3.726.985  | 9.740                  |
| Impairment losses and depreciation at 23 July     | 0  | 0                      |
| Depreciation for the year                         | 227.037  | 128                    |
| Impairment losses and depreciation at 31 December | 227.037  | 128                    |
| Carrying amount at 31 December                    | 3.499.948  | 9.612                  |

## 5 Contingent liabilities

The company has entered into rental and leasing agreements with a total obligation per 31 December 2022 on tDKK 3,276.

The company is jointly taxed with the parent company Omixholding ApS and jointly and severally liable with other jointly taxed companies for payment of corporation tax and withholding tax on dividends, interest and royalties etc.



## **Accounting policies**

The annual report of Bioomix ApS for 2021/22 has been prepared in accordance with the provisions of the Danish Financial Statements Act applying to enterprises of reporting class B, as well as provisions applying to reporting class C entities.

As 2021/22 is the company's first reporting period, no comparatives have been presented.

### Basis of recognition and measurement

Income is recognised in the income statement as earned, including value adjustments of financial assets and liabilities. All expenses, including amortisation, depreciation and impairment losses, are also recognised in the income statement.

Assets are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the company and the value of the asset can be measured reliably.

Liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits will flow from the company and the value of the liability can be measured reliably.

On initial recognition, assets and liabilities are measured at cost. On subsequent recognition, assets and liabilities are measured as described below for each individual accounting item.

Certain financial assets and liabilities are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Amortised cost is calculated as the historic cost less any installments and plus/less the accumulated amortisation of the difference between the cost and the nominal amount.

On recognition and measurement, allowance is made for predictable losses and risks which occur before the annual report is presented and which confirm or invalidate matters existing at the balance sheet date.

### Income statement

### **Gross profit**

In pursuance of section 32 of the Danish Financial Statements Act, the company does not disclose its revenue.

Gross profit reflects an aggregation of revenue, changes in inventories of finished goods and work in progress and other operating income less costs of raw materials and consumables and other external expenses.

#### Other operating income

The item Other operating income includes items of a secondary nature relative to the company's activities.



## **Accounting policies**

#### Other external expenses

Other external expenses include expenses related to distribution, sale, advertising, administration, premises, bad debts, payments under operating leases, etc.

#### Staff costs

Staff costs include wages and salaries, including compensated absence and pensions, as well as other social security contributions, etc. made to the entity's employees.

#### Amortisation, depreciation and impairment losses

Amortisation, depreciation and impairment losses comprise the year's amortisation, depreciation and impairment of intangible assets and property, plant and equipment.

#### Financial income and expenses

Financial income and expenses are recognised in the income statement at the amounts that relate to the financial year. Net financials include interest income and expenses, financial expenses relating to finance leases, realised and unrealised capital/exchange gains and losses on securities, liabilities and foreign currency transactions, amortisation of financial assets and liabilities and surcharges and allowances under the Danish Tax Prepayment Scheme, etc.

## Tax on profit/loss for the year

Tax for the year, which comprises the current tax charge for the year and changes in the deferred tax charge, is recognised in the income statement as regards the portion that relates to the profit/loss for the year and directly in equity as regards the portion that relates to entries directly in equity.

#### **Balance sheet**

### Intangible assets

Development projects and patents

Development costs comprise costs, wages/salaries and amortisation losses that are directly and indirectly attributable to the company's development activities.

Developments projects recognised in the balance sheet are measured at cost less accumulated amortisation and impairment losses.

Following the completion of the development work, development costs are amortised on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful life. The amortisation period is usually five years.



## **Accounting policies**

Patents are measured at cost less accumulated amortisation and impairment losses. Patents are amortised on a straight-line basis over the remaining patent period, however not more than 8 years.

### **Tangible assets**

Items of plant and machinery and fixtures and fittings, tools and equipment are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses.

The depreciable amount is cost less the expected residual value at the end of the useful life.

Cost comprises the purchase price and any costs directly attributable to the acquisition until the date when the asset is available for use. The cost of self-constructed assets comprises direct and indirect costs of materials, components, sub-suppliers and wages.

Straight-line depreciation is provided on the basis of the following estimated useful lives of the assets:

| U | Se | e fi | ul | li | fe |
|---|----|------|----|----|----|
|   |    |      |    |    |    |

Other fixtures and fittings, tools and equipment 5 years Leasehold improvements 5 years

#### Receivables

Receivables are measured at amortised cost.

### Income tax and deferred tax

Current tax liabilities and current tax receivables are recognised in the balance sheet as the estimated tax on the taxable income for the year, adjusted for tax on the taxable income for previous years and tax paid on account.

Deferred tax is measured according to the tax rules and at the tax rates applicable in the respective countries at the balance sheet date when the deferred tax is expected to crystallise as current tax. Deferred tax adjustments resulting from changes in tax rates are recognised in the income statement, with the exception of items taken directly to equity.

#### Liabilities

Liabilities, which include trade payables, payables to group entities and other payables, are measured at amortised cost, which is usually equivalent to nominal value.

