

HohlCo I ApS

Cæciliavej 52, 2500 Valby CVR no. 42 53 35 99

Annual report for the financial year 09.07.21 - 31.12.22

Årsrapporten er godkendt på den ordinære generalforsamling, d. 23.05.23

Toni Hohlbein Dirigent





Vi er et uafhængigt medlem af det globale rådgivnings- og revisionsnetværk

København Knud Højgaards Vej 9 2860 Søborg

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The company

HohlCo I ApS Cæciliavej 52 2500 Valby CVR no.: 42 53 35 99 Financial year: 01.01 - 31.12

Executive Board

Toni Hohlbein

Auditors

Beierholm Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab



I have on this day presented the annual report for the financial year 09.07.21 - 31.12.22 for HohlCo I ApS.

The annual report is presented in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act (Årsregnskabsloven).

The financial statements have not been audited, and I declare that the relevant conditions have been met.

In my opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the company's assets, liabilities and financial position as at 31.12.22 and of the results of the company's activities for the financial year 09.07.21 - 31.12.22.

The annual report is submitted for adoption by the general meeting.

Valby, May 23, 2023

Executive Board

Toni Hohlbein



To the management of HohlCo I ApS

Based on the company's book-keeping and other information provided by the management, we have compiled the financial statements of HohlCo I ApS for the financial year 09.07.21 - 31.12.22.

The financial statements comprise the income statement, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

We have performed our compilation engagement in accordance with the ISRS 4410 standard on Engagements to Compile Financial Statements.

We have applied our professional expertise to assist the management with the preparation and presentation of the financial statements in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act. We have complied with relevant provisions of the Danish Act on Approved Auditors and Audit Firms (Revisorloven) and the code of ethics of International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' International Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code), including principles of integrity, professional competence and due care.

Management retains responsibility for the financial statements and for the accuracy and completeness of the financial information on the basis of which the financial statements are prepared and presented.

Since a compilation engagement is not an assurance engagement, we are not required to verify the accuracy or completeness of the information provided by management for the compilation of the financial statements. Accordingly, we will not express an audit opinion or a review conclusion on whether the financial statements are prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Soeborg, Copenhagen, May 23, 2023

Beierholm Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab CVR no. 32 89 54 68

Anders Ladegaard State Authorized Public Accountant MNE-no. mne18830



	09.07.21
	31.12.22
	DKK
Gross loss	-12,072
Financial expenses	-110
Loss before tax	-12,182
Tax on loss for the year	0
Total tax	0
Loss for the year	-12,182

Proposed appropriation account

Retained earnings	-12,182
Total	-12,182



ASSETS

Note		31.12.22 DKK
	Equity investments in associates	20,000
	Total investments	20,000
	Total non-current assets	20,000
	Cash	17,193
	Total current assets	17,193
	Total assets	37,193

EQUITY AND LIABILITIES

	31.12.22 DKK
e	
Share capital	40,000
Retained earnings	-12,182
Total equity	27,818
Trade payables	9,375
Total short-term payables	9,375
Total payables	9,375
Total equity and liabilities	37,193



Figures in DKK	Share capital	Retained earnings	Total equity
Statement of changes in equity for 09.07.21 - 31.12.22			
Capital contributed on establishment Net profit/loss for the year	40,000 0	0 -12,182	40,000 -12,182
Balance as at 31.12.22	40,000	-12,182	27,818



1. Primary activities

The company's activities comprise ownership of shares.

2. Accounting policies

GENERAL

The annual report is presented in accordance with the provisions of the Danish Financial Statements Act (*Årsregnskabsloven*) for enterprises in reporting class B with application of provisions for a higher reporting class.

No comparative figures have been provided as this is the company's first financial year.

Basis of recognition and measurement

Income is recognised in the income statement as earned, including value adjustments of financial assets and liabilities. All expenses, including depreciation, amortisation, impairment losses and write-downs, are also recognised in the income statement.

Assets are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the company, and the value of such assets can be measured reliably. Liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits will flow from the company, and the value of such liabilities can be measured reliably. On initial recognition, assets and liabilities are measured at cost. Subsequently, assets and liabilities are measured as described for each item below.

On recognition and measurement, account is taken of foreseeable losses and risks arising before the date at which the annual report is presented and proving or disproving matters arising on or before the balance sheet date.



2. Accounting policies - continued -

INCOME STATEMENT

Gross loss

Gross loss comprises other external expenses.

Other external expenses

Other external expenses comprise costs relating to distribution, sales and advertising and administration, premises and bad debts to the extent that these do not exceed normal write-downs.

Other net financials

Interest income and interest expenses etc. are recognised in other net financials.

Tax on profit/loss for the year

The current and deferred tax for the year is recognised in the income statement as tax on the profit/loss for the year with the portion attributable to the profit/loss for the year, and directly in equity with the portion attributable to amounts recognised directly in equity.

BALANCE SHEET

Equity investments in associates

Equity investments in associates are measured in the balance sheet at cost less any impairment losses. Transaction costs directly attributable to the acquisition are recognised in the cost of equity investments.

Gains or losses on disposal of equity investments are determined as the difference between the disposal consideration and the carrying amount of net assets at the time of sale, including non-amortised goodwill, as well as the expected costs of divestment or discontinuation. Gains and losses are recognised in the income statement under income from equity investments.

Impairment losses on fixed assets

The carrying amount of fixed assets which are not measured at fair value is assessed annually for indications of impairment over and above what is reflected in depreciation and

2. Accounting policies - continued -

amortisation.

If the company's realised return on an asset or a group of assets is lower than expected, this is considered an indication of impairment.

If there are indications of impairment, an impairment test is conducted of individual assets or groups of assets.

If dividends are distributed on equity investments in associates exceeding the year earnings from the enterprise in question, this is considered an indication of impairment.

The assets or groups of assets are impaired to the lower of recoverable amount and carrying amount.

The higher of net selling price and value in use is used as the recoverable amount. The value in use is determined as the present value of expected net cash flows from the use of the asset or group of assets as well as expected net cash flows from the sale of the asset or group of assets after the expiry of their useful lives.

Impairment losses are reversed when the reasons for the impairment no longer exist.

Cash

Cash includes deposits in bank account.

Current and deferred tax

Current tax payable and receivable is recognised in the balance sheet as tax computed on the basis of the taxable income for the year, adjusted for tax paid on account.

Deferred tax liabilities and tax assets are recognised on the basis of all temporary differences between the carrying amounts and tax bases of assets and liabilities. However, deferred tax is not recognised on temporary differences relating to goodwill which is non-amortisable for tax purposes and other items where temporary differences, except for acquisitions, have arisen at the date of acquisition without affecting the net profit or loss for the year or the taxable income. In cases where the tax value can be determined according to different taxation rules, deferred tax is measured on the basis of management's intended use of the asset or settlement of the liability.

Deferred tax assets are recognised, following an assessment, at the expected realisable value through offsetting against deferred tax liabilities or elimination in tax on future earnings.

2. Accounting policies - continued -

Deferred tax is measured on the basis of the tax rules and at the tax rates which, according to the legislation in force at the balance sheet date, will be applicable when the deferred tax is expected to crystallise as current tax.

Payables

Short-term payables are measured at amortised cost, normally corresponding to the nominal value of such payables.

