

### Gl. Vraa A/S

Nyropsgade 41, 4. 1602 Copenhagen CVR No. 42530980

## Annual report 2023

The Annual General Meeting adopted the annual report on 17.05.2024

**Johannus Gunnar Egholm Hansen** Chairman of the General Meeting

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# **Entity details**

#### Entity

Gl. Vraa A/S Nyropsgade 41, 4. 1602 Copenhagen

Business Registration No.: 42530980 Registered office: Copenhagen Financial year: 01.01.2023 - 31.12.2023

#### **Board of Directors**

Johannus Gunnar Egholm Hansen, Chairman Rune Bro Roin Michael Lind Thomas Lund

#### **Executive Board**

Michael Lind

#### **Auditors**

Deloitte Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab Weidekampsgade 6 2300 Copenhagen S

## **Statement by Management**

The Board of Directors and the Executive Board have today considered and approved the annual report of Gl. Vraa A/S for the financial year 01.01.2023 - 31.12.2023.

The annual report is presented in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the Entity's financial position at 31.12.2023 and of the results of its operations for the financial year 01.01.2023 - 31.12.2023.

We believe that the management commentary contains a fair review of the affairs and conditions referred to therein.

We recommend the annual report for adoption at the Annual General Meeting.

Copenhagen, 01.05.2024

**Executive Board** 

**Michael Lind** 

#### **Board of Directors**

Johannus Gunnar Egholm Hansen Chairman **Rune Bro Roin** 

**Michael Lind** 

**Thomas Lund** 

## Independent auditor's report

#### To the shareholders of Gl. Vraa A/S

#### Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Gl. Vraa A/S for the financial year 01.01.2023 -31.12.2023, which comprise the income statement, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity and notes, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial statements are prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the Entity's financial position at 31.12.2023 and of the results of its operations for the financial year 01.01.2023 - 31.12.2023 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

#### **Basis for opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) and additional requirements applicable in Denmark. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the "Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements" section of this auditor's report. We are independent of the Entity in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' International Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) and the additional ethical requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the IESBA Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

#### Management's responsibilities for the financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act, and for such internal control as Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, Management is responsible for assessing the Entity's ability to continue as a going concern, for disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern, and for using the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements unless Management either intends to liquidate the Entity or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

#### Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to
  fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence
  that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a
  material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may
  involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Entity's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by Management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of Management's use of the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements, and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Entity's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Entity to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures in the notes, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that gives a true and fair view.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

#### Statement on the management commentary

Management is responsible for the management commentary.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the management commentary, and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the management commentary and, in doing so, consider whether the management commentary is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

Moreover, it is our responsibility to consider whether the management commentary provides the information required by relevant law and regulations.

Based on the work we have performed, we conclude that the management commentary is in accordance with the financial statements and has been prepared in accordance with the requirements in the relevant law and regulations. We did not identify any material misstatement of the management commentary.

Copenhagen, 01.05.2024

#### Deloitte

Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab CVR No. 33963556

#### Mads Haugegaard Albrechtsen

State Authorised Public Accountant Identification No (MNE) mne45846

## **Management commentary**

#### **Primary activities**

The primary purpose of the company is to develop, construct and operate renewable energy plants and other related activities.

#### **Development in activities and finances**

The development of the combined 500 MW solar PV and energy storage project in Gl. Vraa in Aalborg Municipality continued as planned and went through its first public planning hearing in the autumn of 2023, and the planning process will continue throughout 2024, with an expectation of final permitting by the end of 2025. Final grid connection agreement has been signed and security submitted with the Danish TSO, Energinet.

#### Events after the balance sheet date

No events have occurred after the balance sheet date to this date, which would influence the evaluation of this annual report.

## **Income statement for 2023**

	2023 Notes DKK	2021/22	
		DKK	DKK
Gross profit/loss		(147,188)	(57,600)
Other financial income	1	26,436	80,658
Other financial expenses	2	(66,261)	(70,045)
Profit/loss for the year		(187,013)	(46,987)
Proposed distribution of profit and loss			
Retained earnings		(187,013)	(46,987)
Proposed distribution of profit and loss		(187,013)	(46,987)

# Balance sheet at 31.12.2023

#### Assets

	Notes	2023	2021/22
		DKK	DKK
Property, plant and equipment in progress		5,233,111	1,519,856
Property, plant and equipment	3	5,233,111	1,519,856
Other receivables		342,482	0
Financial assets	4	342,482	0
Fixed assets		5,575,593	1,519,856
Other receivables		2,959,669	211,728
Receivables		2,959,669	211,728
Cash		819,480	1,038,756
Current assets		3,779,149	1,250,484
Assets		9,354,742	2,770,340

#### **Equity and liabilities**

		2023	2021/22
	Notes	DKK	DKK
Contributed capital		2,222,222	2,000,000
Retained earnings		(234,000)	(46,987)
Equity		1,988,222	1,953,013
Payables to group enterprises		6,774,674	0
Non-current liabilities other than provisions	5	6,774,674	0
Trade payables		562,596	1,956
Payables to group enterprises		0	716,571
Other payables		29,250	98,800
Current liabilities other than provisions		591,846	817,327
Liabilities other than provisions		7,366,520	817,327
Equity and liabilities		9,354,742	2,770,340
Contingent liabilities	6		

# Statement of changes in equity for 2023

	Contributed	Retained	
	capital	earnings	Total
	DKK	DKK	DKK
Equity beginning of year	2,000,000	(46,987)	1,953,013
Increase of capital	222,222	0	222,222
Profit/loss for the year	0	(187,013)	(187,013)
Equity end of year	2,222,222	(234,000)	1,988,222

## Notes

#### 1 Other financial income

	2023	2021/22 DKK
	DKK	
Financial income from group enterprises	0	80,658
Other interest income	26,436	0
	26,436	80,658
2 Other financial expenses		
	2023	2021/22
	ркк	DKK
Financial expenses from group enterprises	65,843	59,479
Other interest expenses	35	10,566
Exchange rate adjustments	383	0
	66,261	70,045
3 Property, plant and equipment		
		Property,
		plant and
	ec	quipment in
		progress
		DKK
Cost beginning of year		1,519,856
Additions		3,713,255
Cost end of year		5,233,111
Carrying amount end of year		5,233,111
4 Financial assets		
		Other

	receivables
	DKK
Additions	342,482
Cost end of year	342,482
Carrying amount end of year	342,482

The Company has entered option agreements regarding lease of land for renewable energy projects.

#### 5 Non-current liabilities other than provisions

	Due after
	more than 12
	months
	2023
	DKK
Payables to group enterprises	6,774,674
	6,774,674

#### **6** Contingent liabilities

The company has deposited DKK 2 million with its bank as collateral for connection to the Danish energy network. The collateral is presented as other receivables.

The Company participates in a Danish joint taxation system. The Company is therefore liable under the Company Tax Act's rules on income taxes, etc., for the jointly taxed companies and also for any obligations to contain withholding tax on interest, royalties and dividends for these companies.

## **Accounting policies**

#### **Reporting class**

This annual report has been presented in accordance with the provisions of the Danish Financial Statements Act governing reporting class B enterprises with addition of a few provisions for reporting class C.

#### **Recognition and measurement**

Assets are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable as a result of a prior event that future economic benefits will flow to the Entity, and the value of the asset can be measured reliably.

Liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet when the Entity has a legal or constructive obligation as a result of a prior event, and it is probable that future economic benefits will flow out of the Entity, and the value of the liability can be measured reliably.

On initial recognition, assets and liabilities are measured at cost. Measurement subsequent to initial recognition is effected as described below for each financial statement item.

Anticipated risks and losses that arise before the time of presentation of the annual report and that confirm or invalidate affairs and conditions existing at the balance sheet date are considered at recognition and measurement.

Income is recognised in the income statement when earned, whereas costs are recognised by the amounts attributable to this financial year.

#### Tax on profit/loss for the year and deferred tax

Tax for the year, which consists of current tax for the year and changes in deferred tax, is recognised in the income statement by the portion attributable to profit or loss for the year and recognised directly in equity by the portion attributable to entries directly in equity.

The Entity is jointly taxed with all Danish group enterprises.

Deferred tax is recognised on all temporary differences between the carrying amount and the tax base of assets and liabilities, for which the tax base of assets is calculated based on the planned use of each asset.

Deferred tax assets, including the tax base of tax loss carryforwards, are recognised in the balance sheet at their estimated realisable value.

#### **Income statement**

#### **Gross profit or loss**

Gross profit or loss comprises external expenses.

#### Other external expenses

Other external expenses include expenses relating to the Entity's ordinary activities, including administrative and audit costs.

#### Other financial income

Other financial expenses comprise including interest expenses on payables to group enterprises, net capital or exchange losses on securities, payables and transactions in foreign currencies, amortisation of financial liabilities, and tax surcharge under the Danish Tax Prepayment Scheme etc.

#### **Other financial expenses**

Other financial expenses comprise including interest expenses on payables to group enterprises, net capital or exchange losses on securities, payables and transactions in foreign currencies, amortisation of financial liabilities, and tax surcharge under the Danish Tax Prepayment Scheme etc.

#### **Balance sheet**

#### Property, plant and equipment

Land and buildings, plant and machinery, and other fixtures and fittings, tools and equipment are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Land is not depreciated.

Cost comprises the acquisition price, costs directly attributable to the acquisition and preparation costs of the asset until the time when it is ready to be put into operation.

Cost includes usual costs to develop solar projects, including cost to advisors and payment for land leases.

The basis of depreciation is cost less estimated residual value after the end of useful life. Assets under construction are not depreciated.

Estimated useful lives and residual values are reassessed annually.

Items of property, plant and equipment are written down to the lower of recoverable amount and carrying amount.

#### Receivables

Receivables are measured at amortised cost, usually equalling nominal value, less writedowns for bad and doubtful debts.

#### Cash

Cash comprises cash in hand and bank deposits.

#### **Other financial liabilities**

Other financial liabilities are measured at amortised cost, which usually corresponds to nominal value.