Norlys Infrastructure Holding A/S

Tietgensvej 4, DK-8600 Silkeborg

Annual Report for 2023

CVR No. 42 43 53 84

The Annual Report was presented and adopted at the Annual General Meeting of the company on 25/4 2024

Christian Richard Paarsgaard Ibsen Chairman of the general meeting



Contents

	Page
Management's Statement and Auditor's Report	
Management's Statement	1
Independent Auditor's Report	2
Management's Review	
Company information	5
Management's Review	6
Financial Statements	
Income Statement 1 January - 31 December	7
Balance sheet 31 December	8
Statement of changes in equity	10
Notes to the Financial Statements	11

Management's statement

The Executive Board and Board of Directors have today considered and adopted the Annual Report of Norlys Infrastructure Holding A/S for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2023.

The Annual Report is prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion the Financial Statements give a true and fair view of the financial position at 31 December 2023 of the Company and of the results of the Company operations for 2023.

In our opinion, Management's Review includes a true and fair account of the matters addressed in the Review.

We recommend that the Annual Report be adopted at the Annual General Meeting.

Silkeborg, 8 April 2024

Executive Board

Carsten Bryder Thejls Stine Aare Jensen **CFO**

CEO

Board of Directors

Jesper Vinter Barslund Dennis van Alphen Malte Larsen Chairman Vice chairman

Jess Julin Ibsen Christian Greve Gert Vinther Jørgensen

Jakobus Maarten Alfrink Alexandre Edouard Jean Pieyre



Independent Auditor's report

To the shareholders of Norlys Infrastructure Holding A/S

Opinion

In our opinion, the Financial Statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Company at 31 December 2023 and of the results of the Company's operations for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2023 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

We have audited the Financial Statements of Norlys Infrastructure Holding A/S for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2023, which comprise income statement, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity and notes, including a summary of significant accounting policies ("the Financial Statements").

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the "Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the Financial Statements" section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' International Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) and the additional ethical requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the IESBA Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Statement on Management's Review

Management is responsible for Management's Review.

Our opinion on the Financial Statements does not cover Management's Review, and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the Financial Statements, our responsibility is to read Management's Review and, in doing so, consider whether Management's Review is materially inconsistent with the Financial Statements or our knowledge obtained during the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

Moreover, it is our responsibility to consider whether Management's Review provides the information required under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Based on the work we have performed, in our view, Management's Review is in accordance with the Financial Statements and has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Danish Financial Statements Act. We did not identify any material misstatement in Management's Review.

Management's responsibilities for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act, and for such internal control as Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the Financial Statements, Management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the Financial Statements unless Management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.



Independent Auditor's report

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Financial Statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these Financial Statements.

As part of an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the Financial Statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by Management.



Independent Auditor's report

- Conclude on the appropriateness of Management's use of the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the Financial Statements and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the Financial Statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and contents of the Financial Statements, including the disclosures, and whether the Financial Statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that gives a true and fair view.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Aarhus C, 8 April 2024

PricewaterhouseCoopers Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab CVR No 33 77 12 31

Michael Groth Hansen State Authorised Public Accountant mne33228 Line Borregaard State Authorised Public Accountant mne34353



Company information

The Company Norlys Infrastructure Holding A/S

Tietgensvej 4 DK-8600 Silkeborg

CVR No: 42 43 53 84

Financial period: 1 January - 31 December

Municipality of reg. office: Silkeborg

Jesper Vinter Barslund, chairman Dennis van Alphen, vice chairman **Board of Directors**

Malte Larsen Jess Julin Ibsen Christian Greve

Gert Vinther Jørgensen Jakobus Maarten Alfrink Alexandre Edouard Jean Pieyre

Executive Board Carsten Bryder Thejls

Stine Aare Jensen

Auditors PricewaterhouseCoopers

Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab Jens Chr. Skous Vej 1

DK-8000 Aarhus C



Management's review

Key activities

The company's activity this year has consisted of providing management services to subsidiaries as well as owning capital shares in subsidiaries and associated companies.

Development in the year

The income statement of the Company for 2023 shows a loss of TDKK 41, and at 31 December 2023 the balance sheet of the Company shows a positive equity of TDKK 21,410,072.

The past year and follow-up on development expectations from last year

The income statement of the Company for 2022 shows a loss of TDKK 15, and at 31 December 2022 the balance sheet of the Company shows positive equity of tDKK 21,410,113.

Result is considered satisfactory.

Operating risks

The company has not assumed any special risks beyond those that are normal for the industry.

Targets and expectations for the year ahead

The management expects a negative result before tax for 2023 in the range of TDKK -20 to TDKK -50.

Statement of corporate social responsibility

Reference is made to the statement of social responsibility, which is included in the consolidated accounts for Norlys amba, CVR no. 26382645.

Statement on data ethics

Reference is made to the statement of policy for data ethics, which is included in the consolidated financial statements for Norlys amba, CVR no. 26 38 26 45.

Unusual events

The financial position at 31 December 2023 of the Company and the results of the activities and cash flows of the Company for the financial year for 2023 have not been affected by any unusual events.

Subsequent events

From the balance sheet date until today, no circumstances have arisen which would alter the assessment of the annual report.



Income statement 1 January - 31 December

	Note	2023	2022
		TDKK	TDKK
Gross loss		-60	-16
Financial income		8	1
Profit/loss before tax		-52	-15
Tax on profit/loss for the year	2	11	0
Net profit/loss for the year		-41	-15
Distribution of profit			
		2023	2022
	•	TDKK	TDKK
Proposed distribution of profit			
Retained earnings		-41	-15
	•	-41	-15



Balance sheet 31 December

Assets

	Note	2023	2022
		TDKK	TDKK
Investments in subsidiaries		21,409,728	21,409,728
Fixed asset investments		21,409,728	21,409,728
Fixed assets		21,409,728	21,409,728
Deferred tax asset		10	0
Corporation tax receivable from group enterprises		1	0
Receivables		11	0
Cash at bank and in hand		393	385
Current assets		404	385
Assets		21,410,132	21,410,113



Balance sheet 31 December

Liabilities and equity

•	Note	2023	2022
		TDKK	TDKK
Share capital		40,000	40,000
Share premium account		21,370,128	21,370,128
Retained earnings		-56	-15
Equity		21,410,072	21,410,113
Other provisions		60	0
Provisions		60	0
Liabilities and equity		21,410,132	21,410,113
Staff	1		
Contingent assets, liabilities and other financial obligations	3		
Accounting Policies	4		



Statement of changes in equity

	Share capital	Share premium account	Retained earnings	Total
	TDKK	TDKK	TDKK	TDKK
Equity at 1 January	40,000	21,370,128	-15	21,410,113
Net profit/loss for the year	0	0	-41	-41
Equity at 31 December	40,000	21,370,128	-56	21,410,072



Notes to the Financial Statements

		2023	2022
1.	Staff		
	Average number of employees	0	0
		2023	2022
		TDKK	TDKK
2 .	Income tax expense		
	Deferred tax for the year	-10	0
	Adjustment of deferred tax concerning previous years	-1	0
		-11	0

3. Contingent assets, liabilities and other financial obligations

Other contingent liabilities

The group companies are jointly and severally liable for tax on the jointly taxed incomes etc of the Group. The total amount of corporation tax payable is disclosed in the Annual Report of Norlys Holding A/S, which is the management company of the joint taxation purposes. Moreover, the group companies are jointly and severally liable for Danish withholding taxes by way of dividend tax, tax on royalty payments and tax on unearned income. Any subsequent adjustments of corporation taxes and withholding taxes may increase the Company's liability.



Notes to the Financial Statements

4. Accounting policies

The Annual Report of Norlys Infrastructure Holding A/S for 2023 has been prepared in accordance with the provisions of the Danish Financial Statements Act applying to enterprises of reporting class B as well as selected rules applying to reporting class C.

The accounting policies applied remain unchanged from last year.

The Financial Statements for 2023 are presented in TDKK.

Recognition and measurement

Revenues are recognised in the income statement as earned. Furthermore, value adjustments of financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value or amortised cost are recognised. Moreover, all expenses incurred to achieve the earnings for the year are recognised in the income statement, including depreciation, amortisation, impairment losses and provisions as well as reversals due to changed accounting estimates of amounts that have previously been recognised in the income statement.

Assets are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits attributable to the asset will flow to the Company, and the value of the asset can be measured reliably.

Liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits will flow out of the Company, and the value of the liability can be measured reliably.

Assets and liabilities are initially measured at cost. Subsequently, assets and liabilities are measured as described for each item below.

Income statement

Other external expenses

Other external expenses comprise expenses for premises, sales as well as office expenses, etc.

Gross profit/loss

With reference to section 32 of the Danish Financial Statements Act, gross profit/loss is calculated as a summary of revenue and other external expenses.

Income from investments in subsidiaries

Dividends from subsidiaries are recognised as income in the income statement when adopted at the General Meeting of the subsidiary. However, dividends relating to earnings in the subsidiary before it was acquired by the Parent Company are set off against the cost of the subsidiary.

Financial income and expenses

Financial income and expenses are recognised in the income statement at the amounts relating to the financial year.

Tax on profit/loss for the year

Tax for the year consists of current tax for the year and deferred tax for the year. The tax attributable to the profit for year is recognised in the income statement, whereas the tax attributable to equity transactions is recognised directly in equity.

The Company is jointly taxed with Norlys Holding A/S. The tax effect of the joint taxation is allocated to Danish enterprises in proportion to their taxable incomes.



Notes to the Financial Statements

Balance sheet

Investments in subsidiaries

Investments in subsidiaries are measured at cost. Where cost exceeds the recoverable amount, write-down is made to this lower value.

Receivables

Receivables are measured in the balance sheet at the lower of amortised cost and net realisable value, which corresponds to nominal value less provisions for bad debts.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities

Deferred income tax is measured using the balance sheet liability method in respect of temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts for financial reporting purposes on the basis of the intended use of the asset and settlement of the liability, respectively.

Deferred tax assets, including the tax base of tax loss carry-forwards, are measured at the value at which the asset is expected to be realised, either by elimination in tax on future earnings or by set-off against deferred tax liabilities within the same legal tax entity.

Deferred tax is measured on the basis of the tax rules and tax rates that will be effective under the legislation at the balance sheet date when the deferred tax is expected to crystallise as current tax. Any changes in deferred tax due to changes to tax rates are recognised in the income statement or in equity if the deferred tax relates to items recognised in equity.

Current tax receivables and liabilities

Current tax receivables and liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet at the amount calculated on the basis of the expected taxable income for the year adjusted for tax on taxable incomes for prior years. Tax receivables and liabilities are offset if there is a legally enforceable right of set-off and an intention to settle on a net basis or simultaneously.

