

Munin Property Holding ApS

Kalvebod Brygge 39,4., 1560 København V

CVR no. 42 35 60 77

Annual report 2022

Approved at the Company's annual general meeting on 3 April 2023

Chair of the meeting:

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Thomas Esben Khan

The following is a translation of an original Danish document. The original Danish document is the governing document for all purposes, and in case of any discrepancy, the Danish wording will be applicable.

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Statement by the Board of Directors and the Executive Board

Today, the Board of Directors and the Executive Board have discussed and approved the annual report of Munin Property Holding ApS for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2022.

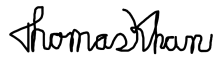
The annual report is prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Company at 31 December 2022 and of the results of the Company's operations for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2022.

Further, in our opinion, the Management's review gives a fair review of the matters discussed in the Management's review.

We recommend that the annual report be approved at the annual general meeting.

Copenhagen, 3 April 2023
Executive Board:

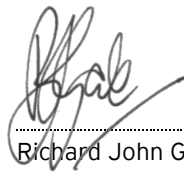


Thomas Esben Khan

Board of Directors:



Henrik Skriver



Richard John Gale



Pavlos Nearchou

Independent auditor's report

To the shareholder of Munin Property Holding ApS

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Munin Property Holding ApS for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2022, which comprise income statement, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity and notes, including accounting policies. The financial statements are prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Company at 31 December 2022 and of the results of the Company's operations for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2022 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the "Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements" section of our report. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Independence

We are independent of the Company in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' International Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) and the additional ethical requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the IESBA Code.

Management's responsibilities for the financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act and for such internal control as Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, Management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements unless Management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance as to whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of the financial statements.

As part of an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- ▶ Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations or the override of internal control.
- ▶ Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.

Independent auditor's report

- ▶ Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by Management.
- ▶ Conclude on the appropriateness of Management's use of the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- ▶ Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and contents of the financial statements, including the note disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that gives a true and fair view.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Statement on the Management's review

Management is responsible for the Management's review.

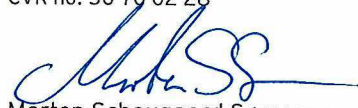
Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the Management's review, and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the Management's review and, in doing so, consider whether the Management's review is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained during the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

Moreover, it is our responsibility to consider whether the Management's review provides the information required under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Based on the work we have performed, we conclude that the Management's review is in accordance with the financial statements and has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Danish Financial Statement Act. We did not identify any material misstatement of the Management's review.

Odense, 3 April 2023
EY Godkendt Revisionspartnerselskab
CVR no. 30 70 02 28



Morten Schougaard Sørensen
State Authorised Public Accountant
mne32129

Management's review

Company details

Name	Munin Property Holding ApS
Address, Postal code, City	Kalvebod Brygge 39,4., 1560 København V
CVR no.	42 35 60 77
Established	29 April 2021
Registered office	København
Financial year	1 January - 31 December
Board of Directors	Henrik Skriver Richard John Gale Pavlos Nearchou
Executive Board	Thomas Esben Khan
Auditors	EY Godkendt Revisionspartnerselskab Cortex Park Vest 3, 5230 Odense M, Denmark

Management's review

Business review

The company's purpose is to be holding company for Gammel Jernbanevej 27 ApS.

Financial review

The income statement for 2022 shows a loss of DKK 5,473,205 against a loss of DKK 25,818 last year, and the balance sheet at 31 December 2022 shows equity of DKK 50,250,977.

Management considers the Company's financial performance in the year as expected.

Events after the balance sheet date

No events materially affecting the Company's financial position have occurred subsequent to the financial year-end.

Financial statements 1 January - 31 December

Income statement

Note	DKK	2022 12 months	2021 8 months
	Gross profit/loss	-420,571	-33,000
	Income from investments in group enterprises	-5,006,988	0
3	Financial income	364,756	0
4	Financial expenses	-500,958	-100
	Profit/loss before tax	-5,563,761	-33,100
5	Tax for the year	90,556	7,282
	Profit/loss for the year	-5,473,205	-25,818
	 Recommended appropriation of profit/loss		
	Retained earnings/accumulated loss	-5,473,205	-25,818
		-5,473,205	-25,818

Financial statements 1 January - 31 December

Balance sheet

Note	DKK	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>
	ASSETS		
	Fixed assets		
6	Investments		
	Investments in group enterprises	50,765,008	0
		<u>50,765,008</u>	<u>0</u>
	Total fixed assets	<u>50,765,008</u>	<u>0</u>
	Non-fixed assets		
	Receivables		
	Receivables from group enterprises	29,002,410	0
	Deferred tax assets	94,775	7,282
		<u>29,097,185</u>	<u>7,282</u>
	Cash	<u>928,044</u>	<u>39,900</u>
	Total non-fixed assets	<u>30,025,229</u>	<u>47,182</u>
	TOTAL ASSETS	<u><u>80,790,237</u></u>	<u><u>47,182</u></u>

Financial statements 1 January - 31 December

Balance sheet

Note	DKK	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>
	EQUITY AND LIABILITIES		
	Equity		
	Share capital	60,000	40,000
	Retained earnings	50,190,977	-25,818
	Total equity	<u>50,250,977</u>	<u>14,182</u>
	Liabilities other than provisions		
	Current liabilities other than provisions		
	Trade payables	50,000	33,000
	Payables to group enterprises	30,096,550	0
	Other payables	392,710	0
		<u>30,539,260</u>	<u>33,000</u>
	Total liabilities other than provisions	<u>30,539,260</u>	<u>33,000</u>
	TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES	<u>80,790,237</u>	<u>47,182</u>

- 1 Accounting policies
- 2 Staff costs
- 7 Contractual obligations and contingencies, etc.
- 8 Collateral

Financial statements 1 January - 31 December

Statement of changes in equity

DKK	<u>Share capital</u>	<u>Retained earnings</u>	<u>Total</u>
Cash payments concerning formation of enterprise	40,000	0	40,000
Transfer through appropriation of loss	0	-25,818	-25,818
Equity at 1 January 2022	40,000	-25,818	14,182
Capital increase	20,000	55,690,000	55,710,000
Transfer through appropriation of loss	0	-5,473,205	-5,473,205
Equity at 31 December 2022	60,000	50,190,977	50,250,977

Financial statements 1 January - 31 December

Notes to the financial statements

1 Accounting policies

The annual report of Munin Property Holding ApS for 2022 has been prepared in accordance with the provisions in the Danish Financial Statements Act applying to reporting class B entities and elective choice of certain provisions applying to reporting class C entities.

In accordance with section 110(1) of the Danish Financial Statements Act, the Company has not prepared consolidated financial statements.

The accounting policies used in the preparation of the financial statements are consistent with those of last year.

Reporting currency

The financial statements are presented in Danish kroner (DKK).

Income statement

Gross profit/loss

The items revenue and external expenses have been aggregated into one item in the income statement called gross profit/loss in accordance with section 32 of the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Other external expenses

Other external expenses include the year's expenses relating to the Company's core activities, including expenses relating to administration.

Profit/loss from investments in subsidiaries

The income statement includes the proportional share of the underlying companies' profit or loss.

Financial income and expenses

Financial income and expenses are recognised in the income statements at the amounts that concern the financial year. Net financials include interest income and expenses as well as allowances and surcharges under the advance-payment-of-tax scheme, etc.

Tax

Tax for the year includes current tax on the year's expected taxable income and the year's deferred tax adjustments. The portion of the tax for the year that relates to the profit/loss for the year is recognised in the income statement, whereas the portion that relates to transactions taken to equity is recognised in equity.

The Company and its Danish group entities are jointly taxed. The total Danish income tax charge is allocated between profit/loss-making Danish entities in proportion to their taxable income (full absorption).

Jointly taxed entities entitled to a tax refund are reimbursed by the management company based on the rates applicable to interest allowances, and jointly taxed entities which have paid too little tax pay a surcharge according to the rates applicable to interest surcharges to the management company.

Financial statements 1 January - 31 December

Notes to the financial statements

1 Accounting policies (continued)

Balance sheet

Investments in subsidiaries

Equity investments in subsidiaries are measured according to the equity method.

On initial recognition, equity investments in subsidiaries are measured at cost, i.e. plus transaction costs. The cost is allocated in accordance with the acquisition method.

The cost is adjusted by shares of profit/loss after tax calculated in accordance with the Group's accounting policies.

Dividend received is deducted from the carrying amount.

Equity investments in subsidiaries measured at net asset value are subject to impairment test requirements if there is any indication of impairment.

Impairment of fixed assets

The carrying amount of investments in subsidiaries is assessed for impairment on an annual basis.

Impairment tests are conducted on assets or groups of assets when there is evidence of impairment. The carrying amount of impaired assets is reduced to the higher of the net selling price and the value in use (recoverable amount).

The recoverable amount is the higher of the net selling price of an asset and its value in use. The value in use is calculated as the present value of the expected net cash flows from the use of the asset or the group of assets and the expected net cash flows from the disposal of the asset or the group of assets after the end of the useful life.

Previously recognised impairment losses are reversed when the reason for recognition no longer exists.

Receivables

The Company has chosen IAS 39 as interpretation for impairment write-down of financial receivables.

Receivables are measured at amortised cost.

An impairment loss is recognised if there is objective evidence that a receivable is impaired.

Impairment losses are calculated as the difference between the carrying amount of the receivables and the realisable value of the receivables.

Cash

Cash comprises cash.

Income taxes

Current tax payables and receivables are recognised in the balance sheet as the estimated income tax charge for the year, adjusted for prior-year taxes and tax paid on account.

Deferred tax is measured according to the liability method on all temporary differences between the carrying amount and the tax base of assets and liabilities.

Deferred tax is measured according to the tax rules and at the tax rates applicable at the balance sheet date when the deferred tax is expected to crystallise as current tax. Deferred tax assets are recognised at the expected value of their utilisation; either as a set-off against tax on future income or as a set-off against deferred tax liabilities in the same legal tax entity. Changes in deferred tax due to changes in the tax rate are recognised in the income statement.

Financial statements 1 January - 31 December

Notes to the financial statements

1 Accounting policies (continued)

Other payables

Other payables are measured at net realisable value.

Financial statements 1 January - 31 December

Notes to the financial statements

2 Staff costs

The Company has no employees.

DKK	2022 12 months	2021 8 months
3 Financial income		
Interest receivable, group entities	364,756	0
	364,756	0
4 Financial expenses		
Interest expenses, group entities	496,550	0
Other financial expenses	4,408	100
	500,958	100
5 Tax for the year		
Deferred tax adjustments in the year	-90,556	-7,282
	-90,556	-7,282

Financial statements 1 January - 31 December

Notes to the financial statements

6 Investments

DKK	<u>Investments in group enterprises</u>
Cost at 1 January 2022	0
Additions	55,771,996
Cost at 31 December 2022	<u>55,771,996</u>
Profit/loss for the year	-835,432
Value adjustments for the year	<u>-4,171,556</u>
Value adjustments at 31 December 2022	<u>-5,006,988</u>
Carrying amount at 31 December 2022	<u>50,765,008</u>

Subsidiaries

<u>Name</u>	<u>Domicile</u>	<u>Interest</u>
Gammel Jernbanevej 27 ApS	København	100.00%

7 Contractual obligations and contingencies, etc.

The Company is jointly taxed with Extra Property Holding ApS as management company, and is jointly and severally liable with other jointly taxed group entities for payment of income taxes, withholding taxes on interest, royalties and dividends.

8 Collateral

The Company has not provided any security or other collateral in assets at 31 December 2022.