

Better Energy Abkær P/S

Gammel Kongevej 60, 14th floor

1850 Frederiksberg C

Business Registration No. 42148938

Annual Report 2022

The annual report was presented and
adopted at the Annual General Meeting
on 12 May 2023

Ho Kei Au
Chair of the Annual General Meeting

Better Energy Abkær P/S

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Better Energy Abkær P/S

Company information

Company	Better Energy Abkær P/S Gammel Kongevej 60, 14th floor 1850 Frederiksberg C Business Registration No.: 42148938 Date of formation: 12 February 2021
Board of Directors	Mark Augustenborg Ødum Rasmus Lildholdt Kjær Ho Kei Au
Executive Board	Anders Knokgaard Nielsen, Director
General Partner	Better Energy Komplementar DK ApS

Management's statement

Today, the Executive Board and the Board of Directors have considered and adopted the annual report of Better Energy Abkær P/S for the financial year 1 January 2022 - 31 December 2022.

The annual report is presented in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities and financial position of Better Energy Abkær P/S at 31 December 2022 and of the results of the company's operations for the financial year 1 January 2022 - 31 December 2022.

In our opinion, the management's review includes a true and fair account of the matters addressed in the review.

The conditions for not conducting an audit of the financial statements have been met.

We recommend that the annual report be adopted at the Annual General Meeting.

Frederiksberg, 12 May 2023

Executive Board

Anders Knokgaard Nielsen
Director

Board of Directors

Mark Augustenborg Ødum
Chairman

Rasmus Lildholdt Kjær
Board member

Ho Kei Au
Board member

Better Energy Abkær P/S

Management's review

The company's main activities

The main activities of Better Energy Abkær P/S are directly or indirectly to acquire, own and operate solar parks as well as related activities including to own and /or lease real estate.

Development in activities and financial matters

Better Energy Abkær P/S' income statement of the financial year 1 January 2022 - 31 December 2022 shows a result of DKK -8.285 and the balance sheet at 31 December 2022 a balance sheet total of DKK 1.597.325 and an equity of DKK 384.800.

During 2022 progress was made in developing the future solar park. Capitalised expenses up until 31 December 2022 amount to 948,433.

Better Energy Abkær P/S

Income statement

	Note	2022 DKK	2021 DKK
Gross profit		-17.001	-4.770
Operating profit		-17.001	-4.770
Financial income	1	10.479	0
Financial expenses	2	-1.763	-2.145
Profit from ordinary activities before tax		-8.285	-6.915
Profit		-8.285	-6.915
Proposed distribution of results			
Retained earnings		-8.285	-6.915
Distribution of profit		-8.285	-6.915

Better Energy Abkær P/S**Balance sheet as of 31 December**

	Note	2022 DKK	2021 DKK
Assets			
Property, plant and equipment in progress	3	948.433	0
Property, plant and equipment		948.433	0
Fixed assets		948.433	0
Receivables from group enterprises		405.476	0
Other receivables		241.608	0
Receivables		647.084	0
Cash and cash equivalents		1.808	397.855
Current assets		648.892	397.855
Assets		1.597.325	397.855

Better Energy Abkær P/S**Balance sheet as of 31 December**

	Note	2022 DKK	2021 DKK
Equity and liabilities			
Contributed capital		400.000	400.000
Retained earnings		-15.200	-6.915
Equity		384.800	393.085
Payables to group enterprises		1.212.525	4.770
Short-term liabilities other than provisions		1.212.525	4.770
Liabilities other than provisions		1.212.525	4.770
Equity and liabilities		1.597.325	397.855
Significant events occurring after end of reporting period	4		
Group relations	5		

Better Energy Abkær P/S

Statement of changes in equity

	Contributed capital	Retained earnings	Total
Equity 1 January 2022	400.000	-6.915	393.085
Profit (loss)		-8.285	-8.285
Equity 31 December 2022	400.000	-15.200	384.800

The company was established on 12 February 2021 with a contributed capital of DKK 400,000.

Notes

	2022	2021
1. Financial income		
Financial income from group enterprises	10.476	0
Other financial income	3	0
	<u>10.479</u>	<u>0</u>

	2022	2021
2. Financial expenses		
Other financial expenses	1.049	2.145
Exchange rate losses	714	0
	<u>1.763</u>	<u>2.145</u>

	2022	2021
3. Property, plant and equipment in progress		
Additions for the year	948.433	0
Cost at the end of the year	<u>948.433</u>	<u>0</u>
Carrying amount at the end of the year	<u>948.433</u>	<u>0</u>

4. Significant events occurring after end of reporting period

No events have occurred after the balance sheet date to this date, which would influence the evaluation of this annual report.

5. Group relations

Name and registered office of the parent company preparing consolidated statements for the smallest group: Better Energy Holding A/S, Business Registration No. 31865883, Frederiksberg.

Better Energy Abkær P/S

Accounting policies

Reporting class

The annual report of Better Energy Abkær P/S for 2022 has been presented in accordance with the provisions of the Danish Financial Statements Act applying to enterprises of reporting class B with addition of certain provisions for reporting class C.

The accounting policies applied remain unchanged from last year.

Reporting currency

The annual report is presented in Danish kroner (DKK).

Recognition and measurement

Assets are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable as a result of a prior event that future economic benefits will flow to the company, and the value of the assets can be measured reliably.

Liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet when the company has a legal or constructive obligation as a result of a prior event, and it is probable that future economic benefits will flow out of the company, and the value of the liabilities can be measured reliably.

On initial recognition, assets and liabilities are measured at cost. Measurement subsequent to initial recognition is affected as described below for each financial statement item. Anticipated risks and losses that arise before the time of presentation of the annual report and that confirm or invalidate affairs and conditions existing at the balance sheet date are considered at recognition and measurement.

Income is recognised in the income statement when earned, whereas costs are recognised by the amounts attributable to this financial year.

Foreign currency translation

On initial recognition, foreign currency transactions are translated applying the exchange rate at the transaction date. Receivables, payables and other monetary items denominated in foreign currencies that have not been settled at the balance sheet date are translated using the exchange rate at the balance sheet date.

Exchange differences that arise between the rate at the transaction date and the one in effect at the payment date or the rate at the balance sheet date are recognised in the income statement as financial income or financial expenses. Property, plant and equipment, intangible assets, inventories and other non-monetary assets that have been purchased in foreign currencies are translated using historical rates.

Income statement

Gross profit/loss

The company has decided to aggregate certain items of the income statement in accordance with the provisions of Section 32 of the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Gross profit or loss comprises other external expenses.

Other external expenses

Other external expenses include expenses for operation and administration.

Financial income

Financial income comprises interest income, including interest income on receivables from group enterprises, amortisation of financial assets, payables and transactions in foreign currencies, fair value adjustments of financial interests as well as tax relief under the Danish Tax Prepayment Scheme etc.

Accounting policies

Financial expenses

Financial expenses comprise interest expenses, including interest expenses on payables to group enterprises, amortisation of financial liabilities, payables and transactions in foreign currencies, fair value adjustments of financial interests as well as tax surcharge under the Danish Tax Prepayment Scheme etc.

Balance sheet

Property, plant and equipment

Land and buildings, solar parks, tools and equipment and leasehold improvements are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Land is not depreciated.

Cost comprises the acquisition price, costs directly attributable to the acquisition and preparation costs of the asset until the time when it is ready to be put into operation.

Interest expenses on loans for the manufacturing of property, plant and equipment are included in cost if they relate to the manufacturing period. All other financial expenses are recognised in the income statement.

The basis of depreciation is cost less estimated residual value after the end of useful life. Straight-line depreciation is made on the basis of the following estimated useful lives of the assets:

Buildings:	50 years
Solar parks:	30 years
Tools and equipment:	3-8 years
Leasehold improvements	5 years

For leasehold improvements and assets subject to finance leases, the depreciation period cannot exceed the contract period. Estimated useful lives and residual values are reassessed annually.

Items of property, plant and equipment are written down to the lower of recoverable amount and carrying amount.

Receivables

Receivables are measured at amortised cost, usually equalling nominal value, less writedowns for bad and doubtful debts.

Other receivables

Other receivables comprise non-financial assets, which are measured at cost, less writedowns for bad and doubtful debts.

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash at bank and in hand as well as short-term securities with a term of less than three months which can be converted directly into cash at bank and in hand and involve only an insignificant risk of value changes.

Equity

Proposed dividends

Proposed dividends for the year are recognised as a separate item under equity. Proposed dividends are recognised as a liability when approved by the Annual General Meeting.

Accounting policies

Liabilities

Financial liabilities are recognised initially at the proceeds received net of transaction expenses incurred. In subsequent periods, financial liabilities are measured at amortised cost, corresponding to the capitalised value using the effective interest method, so that the difference between the proceeds and the nominal value is recognised in the Income Statement over the life of the financial instrument.

Other liabilities, comprising deposits, trade payables and other accounts payable, are measured at amortised cost, which usually corresponds to the nominal value.