

AXON Networks ApS

Bygmestervej 2, 1.
2400 København NV

CVR no. 42 03 51 06

Annual report for 2023

(3rd Financial year)

Adopted at the annual general meeting
on 27. juni 2024

Tomas Sørensen Boye
chairman

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Statement by management on the annual report

The executive board has today discussed and approved the annual report of AXON Networks ApS for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2023.

The annual report is prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In my opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the company's financial position at 31 December 2023 and of the results of the company's operations for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2023.

In my opinion, management's review includes a fair review of the matters dealt with in the management's review.

The financial statements have not been audited. Management considers the criteria for not auditing the financial statements to be met.

Management recommends that the annual report should be approved by the company in general meeting.

Copenhagen, 21 June 2024

Executive board

Tomas Sørensen Boye
Director

Auditor's report on compilation of the financial statements

To the shareholder of AXON Networks ApS

We have compiled the financial statements of AXON Networks ApS for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2023 based on the company's bookkeeping records and other information made available by enterprise.

The financial statements comprises a summary of significant accounting policies, income statement, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity and notes.

We performed the engagement in accordance with ISRS 4410, Compilation Engagements.

We have applied our professional expertise to assist the enterprise in the preparation and presentation of the financial statements in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act. We complied with the relevant provisions of the Danish Act on Approved Auditors and with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code), including principles relating to integrity, objectivity, professional competence and due care.

The financial statements and the accuracy and completeness of the information used to compile the financial statements are the enterprise's responsibility.

As a compilation engagement is not an assurance engagement, we are not required to verify the accuracy or completeness of the information provided by enterprise for our compilation of the financial statements. Accordingly, we do not express an audit or a review conclusion on whether the financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Hellerup, 21 June 2024

CVR no. 33 25 68 76



Søren Jonassen
State Authorized Public Accountant
mne18488

Company details

The company

AXON Networks ApS
Bygmestervej 2, 1.
2400 København NV

CVR no.: 42 03 51 06

Reporting period: 1 January - 31 December 2023

Incorporated: 6 January 2021

Financial year: 3rd financial year

Domicile: Copenhagen

Executive board

Tomas Sørensen Boye, director

Auditors

Crowe
Statsautoriseret Revisionsinteressentskab v.m.b.a.
Rygårds Allé 104
2900 Hellerup

Management's review

Business review

The purpose of the company is to act as a software and platform provider for the European telecommunications and network operators and related activities.

Financial review

The company's income statement for the year ended 31 December 2023 shows a profit of DKK 832,308, and the balance sheet at 31 December 2023 shows equity of DKK 1,768,768.

Significant events occurring after the end of the financial year

No events have occurred after the balance sheet date which could significantly affect the company's financial position.

Accounting policies

The annual report of AXON Networks ApS for 2023 has been prepared in accordance with the provisions of the Danish Financial Statements Act applying to reporting class B entities, as well as provisions applying to reporting class C entities.

The accounting policies applied are consistent with those of last year.

The annual report for 2023 is presented in DKK

Basis of recognition and measurement

Income is recognised in the income statement as earned, including value adjustments of financial assets and liabilities. All expenses, including amortisation, depreciation and impairment losses, are also recognised in the income statement.

Assets are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the company and the value of the asset can be measured reliably.

Liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits will flow from the company and the value of the liability can be measured reliably.

On initial recognition, assets and liabilities are measured at cost. On subsequent recognition, assets and liabilities are measured as described below for each individual accounting item.

Certain financial assets and liabilities are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Amortised cost is calculated as the historic cost less any installments and plus/less the accumulated amortisation of the difference between the cost and the nominal amount.

On recognition and measurement, allowance is made for predictable losses and risks which occur before the annual report is presented and which confirm or invalidate matters existing at the balance sheet date.

Income statement

Gross profit

In pursuance of section 32 of the Danish Financial Statements Act, the company does not disclose its revenue.

Gross profit reflects an aggregation of revenue and other external expenses.

Revenue

Income from the sale of service is recognised in the income statement, provided that the transfer of risk, usually on delivery to the buyer, has taken place and that the income can be measured reliably and is expected to be received.

Accounting policies

Financial income and expenses

Financial income and expenses are recognised in the income statement at the amounts that relate to the financial year. Net financials include interest income and expenses, bank fees, financial expenses relating to realised and unrealised exchange gains and losses on foreign currency transactions, and allowances under the Danish Tax Prepayment Scheme, etc.

Tax on profit/loss for the year

Tax for the year, which comprises the current tax charge for the year and changes in the deferred tax charge, is recognised in the income statement as regards the portion that relates to the profit/loss for the year and directly in equity as regards the portion that relates to entries directly in equity.

Balance sheet

Tangible assets

Items of other fixtures and fittings, tools and equipment are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses.

The depreciable amount is cost less the expected residual value at the end of the useful life.

Cost comprises the purchase price and any costs directly attributable to the acquisition until the date when the asset is available for use.

Straight-line depreciation is provided on the basis of the following estimated useful lives of the assets:

Useful life

Other fixtures and fittings, tools and equipment 3 years

Fixed asset investments

Other investments

Other financial assets, which consist of deposits are measured at fair value at the balance sheet date. Financial assets with a fixed maturity which management expects to hold to maturity are measured at amortised cost and are written down to a lower recoverable amount.

Receivables

Receivables are measured at amortised cost.

An impairment loss is recognised if there is objective evidence that a receivable or a group of receivables is impaired. If there is objective evidence that an individual receivable is impaired, an impairment loss for that individual asset is recognised.

Prepayments

Prepayments recognised under 'Current assets' comprises expenses incurred concerning subsequent financial years.

Accounting policies

Equity

Dividends

Proposed dividends are disclosed as a separate item under equity. Dividends are recognised as a liability when declared by the annual general meeting of shareholders.

Income tax and deferred tax

Current tax liabilities and current tax receivables are recognised in the balance sheet as the estimated tax on the taxable income for the year, adjusted for tax on the taxable income for previous years and tax paid on account.

Deferred tax is measured according to the liability method in respect of temporary differences between the carrying amount of assets and liabilities and their tax base, calculated on the basis of the planned use of the asset and settlement of the liability, respectively. Deferred tax is measured at net realisable value.

Deferred tax assets, including the tax base of tax losses allowed for carry forward, are measured at the value to which the asset is expected to be realised, either as a set-off against tax on future income or as a set-off against deferred tax liabilities within the same legal tax entity. Any deferred net tax assets are measured at net realisable value.

Liabilities

Liabilities, which include trade payables, payables to group entities and other payables, are measured at amortised cost, which is usually equivalent to nominal value.

Foreign currency translation

On initial recognition, foreign currency transactions are translated applying the exchange rate at the transaction date. Foreign exchange differences arising between the exchange rates at the transaction date and at the date of payment are recognised in the income statement as financial income or financial expenses. If foreign currency instruments are considered cash flow hedges, any unrealised value adjustments are taken directly to a fair value reserve under 'Equity'.

Receivables and payables and other monetary items denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the exchange rates at the balance sheet date. The difference between the exchange rates at the balance sheet date and the date at which the receivable or payable arose or was recognised in the latest financial statements is recognised in the income statement as financial income or financial expenses.

Income statement
1 January 2023 - 31 December 2023

| | <u>Note</u> | <u>2023</u> DKK | <u>2022</u> TDKK |
|--|-------------|-----------------------|---------------------|
| Gross profit | | 12,354,341 | 7,447 |
| Staff costs | 1 | -9,413,743 | -6,608 |
| Depreciation, amortisation and impairment of intangible assets and property, plant and equipment | | <u>-53,960</u> | <u>-25</u> |
| Profit/loss before net financials | | 2,886,638 | 814 |
| Financial costs | | <u>-1,816,924</u> | <u>-133</u> |
| Profit/loss before tax | | 1,069,714 | 681 |
| Tax on profit/loss for the year | 2 | <u>-237,406</u> | <u>-150</u> |
| Profit/loss for the year | | <u>832,308</u> | <u>531</u> |
| Recommended appropriation of profit/loss | | | |
| Retained earnings | | <u>832,308</u> | <u>531</u> |
| | | <u>832,308</u> | <u>531</u> |

Balance sheet at 31 December 2023

| | <u>Note</u> | <u>2023</u> DKK | <u>2022</u> TDKK |
|--|-------------|--------------------------------|----------------------------|
| Assets | | | |
| Other fixtures and fittings, tools and equipment | 3 | <u>358,342</u> | <u>67</u> |
| Tangible assets | | <u>358,342</u> | <u>67</u> |
| Total non-current assets | | <u>358,342</u> | <u>67</u> |
| Receivables from group enterprises | | 2,605,884 | 2,146 |
| Other receivables | 4 | 867,315 | 453 |
| Prepayments | | <u>162,256</u> | <u>64</u> |
| Receivables | | <u>3,635,455</u> | <u>2,663</u> |
| Cash at bank and in hand | | <u>1,237,035</u> | <u>497</u> |
| Total current assets | | <u>4,872,490</u> | <u>3,160</u> |
| Total assets | | <u><u>5,230,832</u></u> | <u><u>3,227</u></u> |

Balance sheet at 31 December 2023

| | <u>Note</u> | <u>2023</u> DKK | <u>2022</u> TDKK |
|-------------------------------------|-------------|--------------------------------|----------------------------|
| Equity and liabilities | | | |
| Share capital | | 40,000 | 40 |
| Retained earnings | | 1,728,768 | 896 |
| Equity | | <u>1,768,768</u> | <u>936</u> |
| Provision for deferred tax | | 31,554 | 15 |
| Total provisions | | <u>31,554</u> | <u>15</u> |
| Trade payables | | 1,506,625 | 1,074 |
| Corporation tax | | 69,029 | 143 |
| Other payables | | 1,854,856 | 1,059 |
| Total current liabilities | | <u>3,430,510</u> | <u>2,276</u> |
| Total liabilities | | <u>3,430,510</u> | <u>2,276</u> |
| Total equity and liabilities | | <u><u>5,230,832</u></u> | <u><u>3,227</u></u> |
| Contingent liabilities | 5 | | |
| Mortgages and collateral | 6 | | |

Statement of changes in equity

| | <u>Share capital</u> | <u>Retained earnings</u> | <u>Total</u> |
|-----------------------------------|----------------------|------------------------------|-------------------------|
| Equity at 1 January 2023 | 40,000 | 896,460 | 936,460 |
| Net profit/loss for the year | 0 | 832,308 | 832,308 |
| Equity at 31 December 2023 | <u>40,000</u> | <u>1,728,768</u> | <u>1,768,768</u> |

Notes

| | <u>2023</u> | <u>2022</u> |
|--|-------------------------|---|
| | DKK | TDKK |
| 1 Staff costs | | |
| Wages and salaries | 8,741,151 | 6,206 |
| Pensions | 509,791 | 335 |
| Other social security costs | 162,801 | 67 |
| | <u>9,413,743</u> | <u>6,608</u> |
| | | |
| Number of fulltime employees on average | <u>9</u> | <u>7</u> |
| | | |
| 2 Tax on profit/loss for the year | | |
| Current tax for the year | 220,660 | 146 |
| Deferred tax for the year | 16,746 | 4 |
| | <u>237,406</u> | <u>150</u> |
| | | |
| 3 Tangible assets | | |
| | | <u>Other fixtures and fittings, tools and equipment</u> |
| Cost at 1 January 2023 | | 104,913 |
| Additions for the year | | <u>344,996</u> |
| Cost at 31 December 2023 | | <u>449,909</u> |
| | | |
| Impairment losses and depreciation at 1 January 2023 | | 37,607 |
| Depreciation for the year | | <u>53,960</u> |
| Impairment losses and depreciation at 31 December 2023 | | <u>91,567</u> |
| | | |
| Carrying amount at 31 December 2023 | | <u>358,342</u> |

Notes

4 Other receivables

Of other receivables 343 thousand DKK is due after 1 year regarding deposits.

5 Contingent liabilities

The company has entered into an rental agreement, with a total contingent liability of TDKK 1.686

6 Mortgages and collateral

None.