

# Waste Plastic Upcycling - Trading ApS

Østergade 5, 1. 1, 8000 Aarhus C

Company reg. no. 42 01 90 38

**Annual report** 

1 January - 31 December 2021

The annual report was submitted and approved by the general meeting on the 18 March 2022.

Klaus Lindblad Chairman of the meeting



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Notes to users of the English version of this document:

<sup>•</sup> This document is a translation of a Danish version of the document. In the event of any dispute regarding the interpretation of any part of the document, the Danish version of the document shall prevail.

<sup>•</sup> To ensure the greatest possible applicability of this document, IAS/IFRS English terminology has been used.

<sup>•</sup> Please note that decimal points remain unchanged from Danish version of the document. This means that DKK 146.940 corresponds to the English amount of DKK 146,940, and that 23,5 % corresponds to 23.5 %.

### Management's statement

Today, the Board of Directors and the Managing Director have approved the annual report of Waste Plastic Upcycling - Trading ApS for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2021.

The annual report has been prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

We consider the chosen accounting policy to be appropriate, and in our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Company at 31 December 2021 and of the results of the Company's operations for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2021.

Further, in our opinion, the Management's review gives a true and fair review of the matters discussed in the Management's review.

We recommend that the annual report be approved at the Annual General Meeting.

Aarhus C, 15 March 2022

### **Managing Director**

Niels Henrik Bagge

### **Board of directors**

Niels Stielund Niels Karsten Albertsen Sven Bjørn Pedersen

Klaus Henrik Lindblad

### To the Shareholders of Waste Plastic Upcycling - Trading ApS

### **Opinion**

We have audited the financial statements of Waste Plastic Upcycling - Trading ApS for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2021, which comprise income statement, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity, notes and a summary of significant accounting policies, for the Company. The financial statements are prepared under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Company at 31 December 2021, and of the results of the Company's operations for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2021 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

### **Basis for Opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the "Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements" section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' International Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) and the additional ethical requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the IESBA Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

### **Management's Responsibilities for the Financial Statements**

Management is responsible for the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act, and for such internal control as Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, Management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements unless Management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

### **Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements**

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

### **Independent auditor's report**

As part of an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by Management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of Management's use of the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and contents of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that gives a true and fair view.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

### **Statement on Management's Review**

Management is responsible for Management's Review.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover Management's Review, and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

### **Independent auditor's report**

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read Management's Review and, in doing so, consider whether Management's Review is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained during the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

Moreover, it is our responsibility to consider whether Management's Review provides the information required under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Based on the work we have performed, we conclude that Management's Review is in accordance with the financial statements and has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Danish Financial Statement Act. We did not identify any material misstatement of Management's Review.

Copenhagen, 15 March 2022

### **BUUS JENSEN**

State Authorised Public Accountants Company reg. no. 16 11 90 40

Arne Sørensen State Authorised Public Accountant mne27757

### **Company information**

**The company** Waste Plastic Upcycling - Trading ApS

Østergade 5, 1. 1 8000 Aarhus C

Company reg. no. 42 01 90 38 Established: 1 January 2021

Domicile: Aarhus

Financial year: 1 January - 31 December

**Board of directors** Niels Stielund

Niels Karsten Albertsen Sven Bjørn Pedersen Klaus Henrik Lindblad

Managing Director Niels Henrik Bagge

Auditors BUUS JENSEN, Statsautoriserede revisorer

Parent company Waste Plastic Upcycling A/S

### Management's review

### The principal activities of the company

Waste Plastic Upcycling - Trading ApS purpose is to buy and sell oil products.

### Development in activities and financial matters

The results from ordinary activities after tax are DKK 33.928. The management consider the results satisfactory.

# **Income statement 1 January - 31 December**

All amounts in DKK.

Not	<u>e</u>	2021
	Gross profit	43.247
1	Other financial expenses	57
	Pre-tax net profit or loss	43.190
2	Tax on net profit or loss for the year	-9.482
	Net profit or loss for the year	33.708
	Proposed appropriation of net profit:	
	Transferred to retained earnings	33.708
	Total allocations and transfers	33.708

### **Balance sheet at 31 December**

All amounts in DKK.

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Assets	
Note	2021
Current assets	
Trade receivables	120.279
Other receivables	16.735
Total receivables	137.014
Cash and cash equivalents	37.358
Total current assets	174.372
Total assets	174.372

### **Balance sheet at 31 December**

All amounts in DKK.

### **Equity and liabilities**

Equity and liabilities	
<u>lote</u>	2021
Equity	
Contributed capital	40.000
Retained earnings	33.708
Total equity	73.708
Long term labilities other than provisions	
Trade payables	14.000
Payables to subsidiaries	77.182
Income tax payable to subsidiaries	9.482
Total short term liabilities other than provisions	100.664
Total liabilities other than provisions	100.664
Total equity and liabilities	174.372

### 3 Contingencies

# **Statement of changes in equity**

All amounts in DKK.

	Contributed capital	Retained earnings	Total
Equity 1 January 2021	40.000	0	40.000
Retained earnings for the year	0	33.708	33.708
	40.000	33.708	73.708

### **Notes**

All amounts in DKK.

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### 1. Other financial expenses

Other financial costs		57
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57

### 2. Tax on net profit or loss for the year

Tax on net profit or loss for the year	9.482

9.482

### 3. Contingencies

### **Joint taxation**

With Waste Plastic Upcycling A/S, company reg. no 41 87 32 64 as administration company, the company is subject to the Danish scheme of joint taxation and unlimitedly, jointly, and severally liable, along with the other jointly taxed companies, for the total corporation tax.

The company is unlimitedly, jointly, and severally liable, along with the other jointly taxed companies, for any obligations to withhold tax on interest, royalties, and dividends.

The jointly taxed enterprises' total known net liability to the Danish tax authorities emerges from the financial statements of the administration company.

Any subsequent adjustments of corporate taxes or withholding tax, etc., may result in changes in the company's liabilities.

### **Accounting policies**

The annual report for Waste Plastic Upcycling - Trading ApS has been presented in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act regulations concerning reporting class B enterprises. Furthermore, the company has decided to comply with certain rules applying to reporting class C enterprises.

The annual report is presented in DKK. The annual report comprises the first financial year and hence comparative figures are not available.

### Income statement

### **Gross profit**

Gross profit comprises the revenue, changes in inventories of finished goods, and work in progress, work performed for own account and capitalised, other operating income, and external costs.

The enterprise will be applying IAS 11 and IAS 18 as its basis of interpretation for the recognition of revenue.

Revenue is recognised in the income statement if delivery and passing of risk to the buyer have taken place before the end of the year and if the income can be determined reliably and inflow is anticipated. Recognition of revenue is exclusive of VAT and taxes and less any discounts relating directly to sales.

Other external expenses comprise expenses incurred for sales and administration.

### Financial income and expenses

Financial income and expenses are recognised in the income statement with the amounts concerning the financial year. Financial income and expenses comprise interest income and expenses, financial expenses from financial leasing, realised and unrealised capital gains and losses relating to securities, debt and transactions in foreign currency, amortisation of financial assets and liabilities as well as surcharges and reimbursements under the advance tax scheme, etc.

### Tax on net profit or loss for the year

Tax for the year comprises the current income tax for the year and changes in deferred tax and is recognised in the income statement with the share attributable to the net profit or loss for the year and directly in equity with the share attributable to entries directly in equity.

The company is subject to Danish rules on compulsory joint taxation of Danish group enterprises.

The current Danish income tax is allocated among the jointly taxed companies proportional to their respective taxable income (full allocation with reimbursement of tax losses).

### Statement of financial position

#### Receivables

Receivables are measured at amortised cost, which usually corresponds to nominal value.

In order to meet expected losses, impairment takes place at the net realisable value. The company has chosen to use IAS 39 as a basis for interpretation when recognising impairment of financial assets, which means that impairments must be made to offset losses where an objective indication is deemed to have occurred that an account receivable or a portfolio of accounts receivable is impaired. If an objective indication shows that an individual account receivable has been impaired, an impairment takes place at individual level.

Accounts receivable for which there is no objective indication of impairment at the individual level are evaluated at portfolio level for objective indication of impairment. The portfolios are primarily based on the debtors' domicile and credit rating in accordance with the company's and the group's credit risk management policy. Determination of the objective indicators applied for portfolios are based on experience with historical losses.

Impairment losses are calculated as the difference between the carrying amount of accounts receivable and the present value of the expected cash flows, including the realisable value of any securities received. The effective interest rate for the individual account receivable or portfolio is used as the discount rate.

### Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash at bank and on hand.

### Liabilities other than provisions

Other liabilities are measured at amortised cost which usually corresponds to the nominal value.