

Octopus Holding P/S

c/o Fokus Asset Management A/S Østbanegade 123 2100 København Ø

Annual Report

1 January - 31 December 2022

Business registration no. 41 97 66 24 3rd financial year

The Annual Report was presented and adopted at the Annual General Meeting of the Company on 7 Febuary 2023

Chair of the General Meeting

Michael Rønnelund





CONTENTS

	Page
Company Information	
Company Information	2
Statements	
Statement by management on the annual report	3
Internal audit's reports	4
Independent auditor's report	5
Management's review	
Management's review	7
Financial statements	
Income statement 1 January - 31 December	8
Balance sheet at 31 December	9
Statement of changes in equity at 31 December	11
Notes	12
Accounting policies	13



COMPANY INFORMATION

Company Information

The Company Octopus Holding P/S

c/o Fokus Asset Mangement A/S

Østbanegade 123 2100 København Ø

Business registration no.41 97 66 24Date of foundation23 December 2020Financial year3rd financial year

Accounting period 1 January - 31 December 2022

Municipality Copenhagen

Board of Directors Jacob Østergaard Skyum, Chair

Johnna Else Thygesen Seong Hwan Byun Inseok Heo

Executive Board Tonny Nielsen

Auditors PricewaterhouseCoopers

Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab

Strandvejen 44 2900 Hellerup CVR-nr. 33 77 12 31

Internal Auditors PenSam

Palle Mortensen, Head of internal audit

Management company Fokus Asset Mangement A/S

Østbanegade 123 2100 København Ø

Parent company Holdingselskabet af 4. februar P/S

C/O Fokus Asset Management A/S

2100 København Ø



STATEMENTS

Inseok Heo

Statement by management on the annual report

The executive board has today discussed and approved the annual report of Octopus Holding P/S for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2022.

The annual report is prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the company's financial position at 31 December 2022 and of the results of the company's operations for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2022.

In our opinion, management's review includes a fair review of the matters dealt with in the management's review.

Management recommends that the annual report shou	ld be approved by the company in general meeting.	
Copenhagen, 7 Febuary 2023		
Executive board		
Tonny Nielsen Director		
Board of Directors		
Jacob Østergaard Skyum Chair	Johnna Else Thygesen	Seong Hwan Byun



STATEMENTS

Internal audit's reports

Opinion

In our opinion, the Financial Statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Company at 31 December 2022 and of the results of the company's operations for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2022 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

We have audited the Financial Statements of Octopus Holding P/S for the financial year 1 January - 31. December 2022, which comprise income statement, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity and notes, including a summary of significant accounting policies ("the Financial Statements").

Statement on Management's Review

Management is responsible for Management's Review.

Our opinion on the Financial Statements does not cover Management's Review, and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the Financial Statements, our responsibility is to read Management's Review and, in doing so, consider whether Management's Review is materially inconsistent with the Financial Statements or our knowledge obtained during the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

Moreover, it is our responsibility to consider whether Management's Review provides the information required under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Based on the work we have performed, in our view Management's Review is in accordance with the Financial Statements and has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Danish Financial Statements Act. We did not identify any material misstatement in Management's Review.

Management's responsibilities for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act, and for such internal control as Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark. We planned and performed the audit to obtain reasonable assurance that the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement. We participated in the audit of all critical audit areas and in agreement with the division of labor agreed with the Independent Auditor.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Farum, 7 Febuary 2023

Palle Mortensen Head of internal audit



6

STATEMENTS

Independent auditor's report To the shareholders of Octopus Holding P/S

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the company's financial position at 31 December 2022 and of the results of the company's operations for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2022 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

We have audited the financial statements of Octopus Holding P/S for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2022, which comprise a summary of significant income statement, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity, notes and accounting policies. The financial statements are prepared under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the *Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements* section of our report. We are independent of the company in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and IESBA Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our

Statement on management's review

Management is responsible for management's review.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover management's review, and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read management's review and, in doing so, consider whether management's review is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained during the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

Moreover, it is our responsibility to consider whether management's review provides the information required under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Based on the work we have performed, we conclude that management's review is in accordance with the financial statements and has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Danish Financial Statements Act. We did not identify any material misstatement of management's review.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of financial statements, that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of the financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements unless management either intends to liquidate the company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.





STATEMENTS

Independent auditor's report (continued)

As part of an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the company to cease to
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and contents of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that gives a true and fair view.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Hellerup, 7 Febuary 2023

PricewaterhouseCoopers

Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab CVR-nr. 33 77 12 31

Maj-Britt Nørskov Nannestad State Authorised Public Accountant mne32198 Jacob Dannefer State Authorised Public Accountant mne47886



MANAGEMENT'S REVIEW

Management's review

Key activities

The company's key activity is to act as a holding company, owning shares in companies or other financial instruments in companies carrying on business activities within real estate.

Development in the year

The income statement of the company for 2022 shows a result at DKK -71,742,245, which is not considered satisfying but as expected, the balance sheet at 31 December 2022 at DKK 807,809,386 and the equity of DKK 807,734,262.

The accounting policies have been changed compared to last year. It is the opinion of the Management that this change in accounting policy provides a more true and fair view of the Entity's financial position. Investments in subsidiaries are now measured under the equity method using the measure method. Transactioncosts in 2021 and 2022 are now presented as assets. The accounting policy change have resultat in the following changes in the comparative figures:

The impact on the profit for the year in the Annual Report 2021 is positive DKK 25,658,668 and the balance sheet has been corrected accordingly: Assets: DKK 152,569,031, Equity: DKK 125,356,507. There have been no changes in tax due to the Entity being a limted partnership. The changes concerns 2021 only.

Subsequent events

No events materially affecting the assessment of the Annual Report have occurred after the balance sheet date.



Income statement 1 January - 31 December

DKK

DKK	Note	2022	2021
Other external expenses	1	-373,704	-21,173
Gross profit		-373,704	-21,173
Income from investments in subsidiaries		-70,656,852	0
Driftsresultat		-71,030,556	-21,173
Financial expenses	2	-711,689	-313
PROFIT/LOSS FOR THE YEAR		-71,742,245	-21,486
Proposed distribution of profit/loss Proposed dividend for the financial year Extraordinary dividend recognized under equity Net profit/loss for the year		68,000,000 80,000,000 -219,742,245	0 0 -21,486
DISTRIBUTION		-71,742,245	-21,486



Balance sheet at 31 December

 ĸ	ĸ

Ditt	Note	2022	2021
ASSETS			
Investments in subsidiaries	3 _	806,842,479	0
NON-CURRENT ASSETS IN TOTAL	-	806,842,479	0
Prepayments	_	0	27,169,344
Receivables in total	-	0	27,169,344
Cash at bank and in hand	-	966,907	125,399,687
CURRENT ASSETS IN TOTAL	-	966,907	152,569,031
ASSETS IN TOTAL	=	807,809,386	152,569,031



Balance sheet at 31 December

	Note	2022	2021
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
			.=0 .05
Share capital		9,595,200	478,125
Retained earnings		730,139,062	-43,493
Proposed dividend for the financial year	-	68,000,000	124,921,875
EQUITY IN TOTAL	_	807,734,262	125,356,507
Payables to group enterprises		36,375	132
Other payables		38,749	27,212,392
	-		, ,
Current liabilities in total	-	75,124	27,212,524
TOTAL LIABILITIES		75,124	27,212,524
TOTAL LIABILITIES	-	75,124	27,212,324
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES IN TOTAL	_	807,809,386	152,569,031
	-		
Related parties	4		
•			
Contingent assets, liabilities and other financial obligations	5		



Statement of changes in equity at 31 December

DKK

		Share premium	Retained	Proposed dividend for the	
	Share capital	account	earnings	financial year	In total
Share capital at 1 January 2022	478,125	124,921,875	-25,702,161	0	99,697,839
Change in accounting policy	0	0	25,658,668	0	25,658,668
Capital increase	9,117,075	825,002,925	0	0	834,120,000
Transfered to retained earnings	0	-949,924,800	949,924,800	0	0
Extraordinary dividend paid	0	0	-80,000,000	0	-80,000,000
Net profit/loss for the year	0	0	-139,742,245	68,000,000	-71,742,245
Equity at 31 December 2022	9,595,200	0	730,139,062	68,000,000	807,734,262



Notes

DKK

1. Other external expenses

The company had no employees in the financial year, and no remuneration was paid to the management and board of directors.

	2022	2021
2. Financial expenses		
Other financial expenses	-711,689	-313
Financial expenses in total	-711,689	-313
3. Investments in subsidiaries		
Cost price beginning of year	0	0
Additions for the year	2,518,854,571	0
Cost price end of year	2,518,854,571	0
Value adjustments at beginning of year	0	0
Dividends received	-1,641,355,240	0
Value adjustment for the year	-70,656,852	0
Value adjustments at end of year	-1,712,012,092	0
Carrying amount end of year	806,842,479	0

Investments in subsidiaries are specified as follows:

	Place of		Votes and
Name	registered office	Share capital	ownership
Nesa Allé P/S	København	1,000,000	100.00%
Nesa Allé nr. 1 Komplementar ApS	København	40,001	100.00%

4. Related parties

Octopus Holding P/S is owned by AIP Octopus ApS and Holdingselskabet af 4. februar P/S which also holdes the main part of the shares. The annual report is therefor included in the consolidated financial statements of PenSam Holding A/S, Jørgen Knudsens Vej 2, 3520 Farum, CVR. No. 12 62 95 32.

5. Contingent assets, liabilities and other financial obligations

The company has not undertaken any securities, guarantee, rental and leasing obligations or other obligations beyond what is stated in the accounts.



Accounting policies

Reporting class

The annual report of Octopus Holding P/S for 2022 has been prepared in accordance with the provisions of the Danish Financial Statements Act applying to enterprises of reporting class B, as well as provisions applying to reporting class C entities.

The annual report for 2022 is presented in DKK.

The annual report for the company is included in the consolidated financial statements of PenSam Holding A/S, Jørgen Knudsens Vej 2, 3520 Farum, CVR. No 12 62 95 32.

In general

The accounting policies have been changed compared to last year. Investments in subsidiaries are now measured under the equity method using the measure method. Transactioncosts in 2021 and 2022 are now presented as assets. The accounting policy change have resultat in the following changes in the comparative figures:

The impact on the profit for the year in the Annual Report 2021 is positive DKK 25,658,668 and the balance sheet has been corrected accordingly: Assets: DKK 152,569,031, Equity: DKK 125,356,507. There have been no changes in tax due to the Entity being a limted partnership. The changes concern 2021 only.

The remaining of the accounting policies applied are consistent with those of last year.

Recognition and measurement

Revenues are recognised in the income statement as earned. Furthermore, value adjustments of financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value or amortised cost are recognised. Moreover, all expenses incurred to achieve the earnings for the year are recognised in the income statement, including depreciation, amortisation, impairment losses and provisions as well as reversals due to changed accounting estimates of amounts that have previously been recognised in the income statement.

Assets are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the company and the value of the asset can be measured reliably.

Liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits will flow from the company and the value of the liability can be measured reliably.

On initial recognition, assets and liabilities are measured at cost. On subsequent recognition, assets and liabilities are measured as described below for each individual accounting item.

Income statement

Other external expenses

Other external expenses include expenses related to administration.

Income from investments in subsidiaries

The item "Income from investments in subsidiaries" in the income statement includes the proportionate share of the profit for the year.

Financial income and expenses

Financial income and expenses are recognised in the income statement at the amounts that relate to the financial year. Net financials include interest income and expenses, realised and unrealised capital/exchange gains and losses on liabilities.

Tax on profit/loss for the year

The company is not an independent tax subject, therefore no tax is recognized in the annual accounts. The company's taxable income is taxed by the capital owners and the obligations fall on them.



Accounting policies (continued)

Balance sheet

Investments in subsidiaries

Investments in subsidiaries are recognised and measured under the equity method using the measure method.

The item "Investments in subsidiaries" in the balance sheet include the proportionate ownership share of the net asset value of the enterprises calculated on the basis of the fair values of identifiable net assets at the time of acquisition with deduction or addition of unrealised intercompany profits or losses and with addition of the remaining value of any increases in value and goodwill calculated at the time of acquisition of the enterprises.

The total net revaluation of investments in subsidiaries is transferred upon distribution of profit to "Reserve for net revaluation under the equity method" under equity. The reserve is reduced by dividend distributed to the Parent Company and adjusted for other equity movements in the subsidiaries.

Subsidiaries with a negative net asset value are recognised at DKK 0. Any legal or constructive obligation of the Parent Company to cover the negative balance of the enterprise is recognised in provisions.

Receivables

Receivables are measured at amortized cost. It corresponds to nominal value, reduced by write-downs to counter expected losses.

Cash at bank and in hand

Cash includes cash in hand and is measured at nominal value.

Equity

The equity includes the share capital and a number of other equity items that may be prescribed by law or laid down in the articles of association.

Liabilities

Other liabilities, which include trade payables, payables to group enterprises and other payables, are measured at amortised cost, which is usually equivalent to nominal value.