Ørsted Commercial Commodities A/S

Annual report for 2022

CVR no. 41 96 55 33

(2nd Financial year)

Adopted at the annual general meeting on 24 April 2023

Jeppe Skov Andersen chairman

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Statement by management on the annual report

The Board of Directors and executive board have today discussed and approved the annual report of Ørsted Commercial Commodities A/S for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2022.

The annual report is prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the company's financial position at 31 December 2022 and of the results of the company's operations for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2022.

Management recommends that the annual report should be approved by the company in general meeting.

Skærbæk, 14 April 2023

Executive board

Christian Garnæs Director

Board of Directors

Mikkel Kvist Thomsen chairman

Rune Sonne Bundgaard-Jørgensen deputy chairman

Independent auditor's report

To the shareholder of Ørsted Commercial Commodities A/S Opinion

In our opinion, the Financial Statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Company at 31 December 2022 and of the results of the Company's operations for the financial year 1 January 2022 - 31 December 2022 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

We have audited the Financial Statements of Ørsted Commercial Commodities A/S for the financial year 1. January 2022 - 31 December 2022, which comprise a summary of significant accounting policies, income statement, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity and notes, including a summary of significant accounting policies ("financial statements").

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' International Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) and the additional ethical requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the IESBA Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Management's responsibilities for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of Financial Statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act, and for such internal control as Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, Management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concernand using the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements unless Management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistical ternative but to do so.

Independent auditor's report

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as awhole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue anauditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by Management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of Management's use of the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.

Independent auditor's report

• Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and contents of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that gives a true and fair view.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Copenhagen, 14 April 2023

PricewaterhouseCoopers

Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab CVR no. 33 77 12 31

Anders Stig Lauritsen State Authorised Public Accountant MNE no. mne32800 Daniel Kønigsfeld Sitch statsautoriseret revisor MNE no. mne47889

Company details

The company Ørsted Commercial Commodities A/S

Kraftværksvej 53

Skærbæk 7000 Fredericia

Telephone: +45 99 55 11 11

Website: www.orsted.com

CVR no.: 41 96 55 33

Reporting period: 1 January - 31 December 2022

Financial year: 2nd financial year

Domicile: Fredericia

Board of Directors Mikkel Kvist Thomsen, chairman

Rune Sonne Bundgaard-Jørgensen, deputy chairman

Executive board Christian Garnæs

Auditors PricewaterhouseCoopers

Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab

Strandvejen 44 2900 Hellerup

Consolidated financial statements

The company is reflected in the group report as the parent

company Ørsted A/S, Fredericia, CVR nr. 36 21 37 28

The group report of Ørsted A/S, Fredericia, CVR nr. 36 21 37 28 can

be obtained at the following address:

https://orstedcdn.azureedge.net/-/media/2022-annual-

report/orsted-annual-report-

2022.ashx?rev=dbb7b462b5d64e53989413e99130cdbc&hash=27

3FAA9F115E673717493F904CC1FC18

Accounting policies

The annual report of Ørsted Commercial Commodities A/S for 2022 has been prepared in accordance with the provisions of the Danish Financial Statements Act applying to enterprises of reporting class B, as well as provisions applying to reporting class C entities.

The accounting policies applied are consistent with those of last year.

The annual report for 2022 is presented in TDKK

Basis of recognition and measurement

Income is recognised in the income statement as earned, including value adjustments of financial assets and liabilities. All expenses, including amortisation, depreciation and impairment losses, are also recognised in the income statement.

Assets are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the company and the value of the asset can be measured reliably.

Liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits will flow from the company and the value of the liability can be measured reliably.

On initial recognition, assets and liabilities are measured at cost. On subsequent recognition, assets and liabilities are measured as described below for each individual accounting item.

Certain financial assets and liabilities are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Amortised cost is calculated as the historic cost less any installments and plus/less the accumulated amortisation of the difference between the cost and the nominal amount.

On recognition and measurement, allowance is made for predictable losses and risks which occur before the annual report is presented and which confirm or invalidate matters existing at the balance sheet date.

Income statement

Other external expenses

Other external expenses include expenses related to advertising, administration etc.

Financial income and costs

Financial income and costs are recognised in the income statement at the amounts that relate to the financial year. Net financials include interest income and costs, financial costs relating to finance leases, realised and unrealised capital/exchange gains and losses on securities, liabilities and foreign currency transactions, amortisation of financial assets and liabilities and surcharges and allowances under the Danish Tax Prepayment Scheme, etc.

Accounting policies

Tax on profit/loss for the year

The company is subject to the Danish rules on compulsory joint taxation of the Group's Danish subsidiaries. Subsidiaries participate in the joint taxation arrangement from the time when they are included in the consolidated financial statements and until the time when they withdraw from the consolidation.

On payment of joint taxation contributions, the current Danish income tax is allocated between the jointly taxed entities in proportion to their taxable income. Entities with tax losses receive joint taxation contributions from entities that have been able to use tax losses to reduce their own taxable profits.

Tax for the year, which comprises the current tax charge for the year and changes in the deferred tax charge, is recognised in the income statement as regards the portion that relates to the profit/loss for the year and directly in equity as regards the portion that relates to entries directly in equity.

Balance sheet

Receivables

Receivables are measured at amortised cost.

An impairment loss is recognised if there is objective evidence that a receivable or a group of receivables is impaired. If there is objective evidence that an individual receivable is impaired, an impairment loss for that individual asset is recognised.

Income tax and deferred tax

Current tax receivables are recognised in the balance sheet as the estimated tax on the taxable income for the year, adjusted for tax on the taxable income for previous years and tax paid on account.

Liabilities

Liabilities, which include other payables, are measured at amortised cost, which is usually equivalent to nominal value.

Income statement 1 January 2022 - 31 December 2022

	Note	2022	2021
		TDKK	TDKK
Revenue		o	0
Other external expenses		-12	-15
Gross profit		-12	-15
Staff costs	2	0	0
Profit/loss before net financials		-12	-15
Financial income Financial costs	3	1 -3	0 -3
Profit/loss before tax	3	-14	-18
Tax on profit/loss for the year	4	<u> </u>	4
Profit/loss for the year		-7	-14
Distribution of profit			
Retained earnings		-7	-14
		-7	-14

Balance sheet 31 December

	Note	2022 TDKK	2021 TDKK
Assets		IDKK	IDIN
Assets			
Receivables from group enterprises		387	397
Deferred tax asset		1	0
Corporation tax		3	4
Receivables		391	401
Total current assets		391	401
Total assets		391	401
Equity and liabilities			
Share capital		400	400
Retained earnings		-21	-14
Equity		379	386
Other payables		12	15
Total current liabilities		12	15
Total liabilities		12	15
Total equity and liabilities		391	401
Main activity	1		
Contingent liabilities	5		

Statement of changes in equity

	Retained		
	Share capital	earnings	Total
	TDKK	TDKK	TDKK
Equity at 1 January 2022	400	-14	386
Net profit/loss for the year	0	-7	-7
Equity at 31 December 2022	400	-21	379

Notes

1	Main	activity
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The company does not have operating activity yet.

		2022 TDKK	2021 TDKK
2	Staff costs		
	Average number of employees		1
	The executive board and board of directors have not been paid re	muneration.	
		2022 TDKK	2021 TDKK
_		IDKK	IDKK
3	Financial costs		
	Other financial costs	3	3
		3	3
4	Tax on profit/loss for the year		
	Current tax for the year	-3	-4
	Adjustment of tax concerning previous years	-3	0
	Adjustment of deferred tax concerning previous years	-1	0
		-7	-4

Notes

5 Contingent liabilities

Liability in joint taxation

The group's Danish companies are jointly and severally liable for tax on group jointly taxes income, etc. Reference is made to the annual report for Ørsted A/S, the administration company in relation to joint taxation. The group's Danish companies are also jointly and severally liable for Danish withholding taxes on dividends, royalties and interests within the group of jointly taxed entities. Any subsequent corrections to income and withholding taxes may result in an increase in the entities' liability.

The group's Danish entities have joint and several liability for joint VAT registration.