C/O Better Energy A/S Gammel Kongevej 60, 14th floor 1850 Frederiksberg C

Business registration no. 41949635

# **Annual Report 2023**

The annual report was presented and adopted at the Annual General Meeting on 24 May 2024

Ho Kei Au Chair of the Annual General Meeting

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# **Company information**

**Company** Better Energy Skælskør P/S

C/O Better Energy A/S

Gammel Kongevej 60, 14th floor

1850 Frederiksberg C

Business registration no.: 41949635 Date of formation: 11 December 2020

**Board of Directors** Nikolaj Kristian Qvade Rasmusen

Martin Wincents Brobæk Madsen

Signe Storgaard Sørensen

**Executive Board** Martin Wincents Brobæk Madsen, Managing director

**General Partner** Better Energy Komplementar DK ApS

## Management's statement

Today, the Executive Board and the Board of Directors have considered and adopted the annual report of Better Energy Skælskør P/S for the financial year 1 January 2023 - 31 December 2023.

The annual report is presented in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities and financial position of Better Energy Skælskør P/S at 31 December 2023 and of the results of the company's operations for the financial year 1 January 2023 - 31 December 2023.

In our opinion, the management's review includes a true and fair account of the matters addressed in the review.

The conditions for not conducting an audit of the financial statements have been met.

We recommend that the annual report be adopted at the Annual General Meeting.

Frederiksberg, 24 May 2024

#### **Executive Board**

Martin Wincents Brobæk Madsen Managing director

#### **Board of Directors**

Nikolaj Kristian Qvade Rasmusen Chairman Martin Wincents Brobæk Madsen Board member Signe Storgaard Sørensen Board member

## Management's review

## The company's main activities

The main activities of Better Energy Skælskør P/S are directly or indirectly to acquire, own and operate solar parks as well as related activities including to own and / or to lease real estate.

## **Development in activities and financial matters**

Better Energy Skælskør P/S' income statement of the financial year 1 January 2023 - 31 December 2023 shows a result of DKK -154,200 and the balance sheet at 31 December 2023 shows a balance sheet total of DKK 5,934,704 and an equity of DKK 255,091.

During 2023 progress was made in developing the future solar park. Capitalised expenses related to the future solar park up until 31 December 2023 amount to DKK 5,468,006.

## **Income statement**

	Note	2023 DKK	2022 DKK
Gross profit		-149,729	-17,000
Operating profit	_	-149,729	-17,000
Financial income	1	35	16,640
Financial expenses	2	-4,506	-1,234
Profit from ordinary activities before tax		-154,200	-1,594
Profit		-154,200	-1,594
Proposed distribution of results			
Retained earnings		-154,200	-1,594
Distribution of profit	_	-154,200	-1,594

# **Balance sheet as of 31 December**

Assets	Note	2023 DKK	2022 DKK
Property, plant and equipment in progress	3 _	5,468,006	1,638,722
Property, plant and equipment	_	5,468,006	1,638,722
Fixed assets	_	5,468,006	1,638,722
Receivables from group enterprises		0	432,640
Other receivables		446,296	414,180
Receivables	_	446,296	846,820
Cash and cash equivalents	_	20,402	0
Current assets	_	466,698	846,820
Assets	_	5,934,704	2,485,542

# **Balance sheet as of 31 December**

	Note	2023 DKK	2022 DKK
Equity and liabilities	Note	DKK	DKK
Contributed capital		400,000	400,000
Retained earnings		-144,909	9,291
Equity		255,091	409,291
Trade payables		141,420	0
Payables to group enterprises		5,538,193	2,076,251
Short-term liabilities other than provisions		5,679,613	2,076,251
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Liabilities other than provisions		5,679,613	2,076,251
Equity and liabilities		5,934,704	2,485,542
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# Statement of changes in equity

	Contributed	Retained	
	capital	earnings	Total
Equity 1 January 2023	400,000	9,291	409,291
Profit (loss)	0	-154,200	-154,200
Equity 31 December 2023	400,000	-144,909	255,091

The company was established 11 December 2020 with a contributed capital of DKK 400,000.

On 4 April 2024 the capital was increased by DKK 100,000 to a total of DKK 500,000.

## **Notes**

	2023	2022
	DKK	DKK
1. Financial income		
Financial income from group enterprises	0	16,640
Other financial income	35	0
	35	16,640
	2023	2022
	DKK	DKK
2. Financial expenses		
Exchange rate losses	4,506	1,234
	4,506	1,234
	2023	2022
	DKK	DKK
3. Property, plant and equipment in progress		
Cost at the beginning of the year	1,638,722	0
Additions for the year	3,829,284	1,638,722
Cost at the end of the year	5,468,006	1,638,722
Carrying amount at the end of the year	5,468,006	1,638,722
Interests included in cost of assets	36,827	0

## 4. Significant events occurring after end of reporting period

No events have occurred after the balance sheet date to this date, which would influence the evaluation of this annual report.

## 5. Contingent liabilities

Better Energy Skælskør P/S has engaged in conditional agreements regarding purchase of land and neighbour compensations for a total of DKK 1.8 million. Furthermore is Better Energy Skælskør P/S exposed to buy properties located within 200 meters of a Better Energy solar park (Danish renewable energy legislation).

The company has entered into 1 long-term physical contract to deliver power at a fixed price. The contract term is 10 years from 01.03.2024 and covers approx. 63% of the annual volume.

## 6. Group relations

Name and registered office of the parent company preparing consolidated statements for the smallest group: Better Energy Holding A/S, Business Registration No. 31865883, Frederiksberg.

## 7. Unrecognised rental and lease commitments

	2023	2022
Liabilities under rental or lease agreements until maturity in total	40.730.359	0

## **Accounting policies**

## **Reporting class**

The annual report of Better Energy Skælskør P/S for 2023 has been presented in accordance with the provisions of the Danish Financial Statements Act applying to enterprises of reporting class B with addition of certain provisions for reporting class C.

The accounting policies applied remain unchanged from last year.

## **Reporting currency**

The annual report is presented in Danish kroner (DKK).

#### **Recognition and measurement**

Assets are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable as a result of a prior event that future economic benefits will flow to the company, and the value of the assets can be measured reliably.

Liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet when the company has a legal or constructive obligation as a result of a prior event, and it is probable that future economic benefits will flow out of the company, and the value of the liabilities can be measured reliably.

On initial recognition, assets and liabilities are measured at cost. Measurement subsequent to initial recognition is affected as described below for each financial statement item. Anticipated risks and losses that arise before the time of presentation of the annual report and that confirm or invalidate affairs and conditions existing at the balance sheet date are considered at recognition and measurement.

Income is recognised in the income statement when earned, whereas costs are recognised by the amounts attributable to this financial year.

## Foreign currency translation

On initial recognition, foreign currency transactions are translated applying the exchange rate at the transaction date. Receivables, payables and other monetary items denominated in foreign currencies that have not been settled at the balance sheet date are translated using the exchange rate at the balance sheet date.

Exchange differences that arise between the rate at the transaction date and the one in effect at the payment date or the rate at the balance sheet date are recognised in the income statement as financial income or financial expenses. Property, plant and equipment, intangible assets, inventories and other non-monetary assets that have been purchased in foreign currencies are translated using historical rates.

## **Income statement**

## **Gross profit/loss**

The company has decided to aggregate certain items of the income statement in accordance with the provisions of Section 32 of the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Gross profit or loss comprises other external expenses.

## Other external expenses

Other external expenses include expenses for operation and administration.

#### **Financial income**

Financial income comprises interest income, including interest income on receivables from group enterprises, amortisation of financial assets, payables and transactions in foreign currencies as well as fair value adjustments of financial interests.

## **Accounting policies**

#### **Financial expenses**

Financial expenses comprise interest expenses, including interest expenses on payables to group enterprises, amortisation of financial liabilities, payables and transactions in foreign currencies as well as fair value adjustments of financial interests.

#### **Balance sheet**

#### Property, plant and equipment

Land and buildings, solar parks, tools and equipment and leasehold improvements are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Land is not depreciated.

Cost comprises the acquisition price, costs directly attributable to the acquisition and preparation costs of the asset until the time when it is ready to be put into operation.

Interest expenses on loans for the manufacturing of property, plant and equipment are included in cost if they relate to the manufacturing period. All other financial expenses are recognised in the income statement.

The basis of depreciation is cost less estimated residual value after the end of useful life. Straight-line depreciation is made on the basis of the following estimated useful lives of the assets:

Buildings:50 yearsSolar parks:30 yearsTools and equipment:3-8 yearsLeasehold improvements5 years

For leasehold improvements and assets subject to finance leases, the depreciation period cannot exceed the contract period. Estimated useful lives and residual values are reassessed annually.

Items of property, plant and equipment are written down to the lower of recoverable amount and carrying amount.

## Receivables

Receivables are measured at amortised cost, usually equalling nominal value, less writedowns for bad and doubtful debts

Impairment of accounts receivables past due is established on individual assessment of receivables.

#### Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash at bank and in hand as well as short-term securities with a term of less than three months which can be converted directly into cash at bank and in hand and involve only an insignificant risk of value changes.

## **Equity**

## **Proposed dividends**

Proposed dividends for the year are recognised as a separate item under equity. Proposed dividends are recognised as a liability when approved by the Annual General Meeting.

## **Accounting policies**

## Liabilities

Financial liabilities are recognised initially at the proceeds received net of transaction expenses incurred. In subsequent periods, financial liabilities are measured at amortised cost, corresponding to the capitalised value using the effective interest method, so that the difference between the proceeds and the nominal value is recognised in the Income Statement over the life of the financial instrument.

Other liabilities, comprising deposits, trade payables and other accounts payable, are measured at amortised cost, which usually corresponds to the nominal value.

## Off-balance sheet items

Contingent liabilities comprise obligations that arise from past events and whose existence will be confirmed only by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not fully within the control of the company; or present obligations that arise from past events but are not recognised because the outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will probably not be required to settle the obligation or because the amount of the obligation cannot be measured with sufficient reliability.

Lease commitments are measured at the nominal value of the remaining lease payments.