# Gemini JV K/S

Southamptongade 4, DK-2150 Nordhavn

# Annual Report for 2022

CVR No. 41 93 45 22

The Annual Report was presented and adopted at the Annual General Meeting of the company on 22/6 2023

Mark Raine Chairman of the general meeting



# **Contents**

	_Page
Management's Statement and Auditor's Report	
Management's Statement	1
Independent Auditor's Report	2
Company information	
Company information	4
Financial Statements	
Income Statement 1 January - 31 December	5
Balance sheet 31 December	6
Statement of changes in equity	8
Notes to the Financial Statements	9



## Management's statement

The Executive Board has today considered and adopted the Financial Statements of Gemini JV K/S for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2022.

The Annual Report is prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion the Financial Statements give a true and fair view of the financial position at 31 December 2022 of the Company and of the results of the Company operations for 2022.

We recommend that the Financial Statements be adopted at the Annual General Meeting.

Nordhavn, 22 June 2023

#### **Executive Board**

Henrik Skak Bender Stine Seneberg

Rune Højby Kock

Thomas Ebbe Riise-Jakobsen



### **Independent Auditor's report**

To the shareholders of Gemini JV K/S

#### **Opinion**

In our opinion, the Financial Statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Company at 31 December 2022 and of the results of the Company's operations for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2022 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

We have audited the Financial Statements of Gemini JV K/S for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2022, which comprise income statement, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity and notes, including a summary of significant accounting policies ("the Financial Statements").

#### **Basis for Opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the "Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the Financial Statements" section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' International Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) and the additional ethical requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the IESBA Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

### Management's responsibilities for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act, and for such internal control as Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the Financial Statements, Management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the Financial Statements unless Management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

#### Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Financial Statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these Financial Statements.

As part of an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the Financial Statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.



### **Independent Auditor's report**

- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by Management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of Management's use of the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the Financial Statements and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the Financial Statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and contents of the Financial Statements, including the disclosures, and whether the Financial Statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that gives a true and fair view.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Hellerup, 22 June 2023

**PricewaterhouseCoopers** Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab CVR No 33 77 12 31

Mikael Johansen State Authorised Public Accountant mne23318

Kristian Rath State Authorised Public Accountant mne42817



## **Company information**

The Company Gemini JV K/S

Southamptongade 4 DK-2150 Nordhavn CVR No: 41 93 45 22

Financial period: 1 January - 31 December

Incorporated: 11 December 2020 Financial year: 3rd financial year Municipality of reg. office: Nordhavn

**Executive Board** Henrik Skak Bender

Stine Seneberg Rune Højby Kock

Thomas Ébbe Riise-Jakobsen

Auditors PricewaterhouseCoopers

Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab

Strandvejen 44 2900 Hellerup

Bankers Danske Bank

Lersø Parkallé 100 2100 Copenhagen



# **Income statement 1 January - 31 December**

	Note	2022	2021
		DKK	DKK
Gross loss		-299,365	-88,417
Financial income	3	1,777	0
Financial expenses	4	-140,199	-7,236
Profit/loss before tax	_	-437,787	-95,653
Tax on profit/loss for the year	_	0	0
Net profit/loss for the year	_	-437,787	-95,653
Distribution of profit			
		2022	2021
	_	DKK	DKK
Proposed distribution of profit			
Retained earnings		-437,787	-95,653
	_	-437,787	-95,653



# **Balance sheet 31 December**

## Assets

	Note	2022	2021
		DKK	DKK
		100.000	0
Receivables from group enterprises		100,000	0
Other receivables	5	6,697,313	0
Receivables	_	6,797,313	0
Cash at bank and in hand	-	367,223	26,421
Current assets	-	7,164,536	26,421
Assets		7,164,536	26,421



# **Balance sheet 31 December**

## Liabilities and equity

	Note	2022	2021
		DKK	DKK
Share capital		300	300
Retained earnings		-552,538	-114,751
Equity	-	-552,238	-114,451
Payables to group enterprises		6,910,292	77,186
Long-term debt	6	6,910,292	77,186
Trade payables	_	806,482	63,686
Short-term debt	-	806,482	63,686
Debt	-	7,716,774	140,872
Liabilities and equity	-	7,164,536	26,421
Key activities	1		
Staff	2		
Contingent assets, liabilities and other financial obligations	7		
Related parties	8		
Accounting Policies	9		



# **Statement of changes in equity**

	Share capital	Retained earnings	Total
	DKK	DKK	DKK
Equity at 1 January	300	-114,751	-114,451
Net profit/loss for the year	0	-437,787	-437,787
Equity at 31 December	300	-552,538	-552,238



## 1. Key activities

The company's key activity is to develop investment property and any other related activity.

		2022	2021
2.	Staff		
Avei	rage number of employees	0	0
		2022	2021
		DKK	DKK
<b>3.</b>	Financial income		
Inte	rest received from group enterprises	144	0
Excl	hange adjustments	1,633	0
		1,777	0
		2022	2021
		DKK	DKK
4.	Financial expenses		
Inte	rest paid to group enterprises	134,687	2,826
Oth	er financial expenses	4,668	4,248
Excl	hange adjustments, expenses	844	162
		140,199	7,236
		2022	2021
		<u></u>	DKK
<b>5.</b>	Other receivables	DKK	DKK
			-
Othe	er receivables	6,697,313	0
		6,697,313	0



### 6. Long-term debt

Payments due within 1 year are recognised in short-term debt. Other debt is recognised in long-term debt. The debt falls due for payment as specified below:

	2022	2021
	DKK	DKK
Payables to group enterprises		
After 5 years	6,910,292	0
Between 1 and 5 years	0	77,186
Long-term part	6,910,292	77,186
Within 1 year	0	0
	6,910,292	77,186

### 7. Contingent assets, liabilities and other financial obligations

There are no security and contingent liabilities at 31 December 2022.

### 8. Related parties and disclosure of consolidated financial statements

#### **Consolidated Financial Statements**

The Company is included in the Group Annual Report of the Parent Company of the largest and smallest group:

Name	Place of registered office
NREP Nordic Strategies Fund IV LP	Luxembourg



### 9. Accounting policies

The Annual Report of Gemini JV K/S for 2022 has been prepared in accordance with the provisions of the Danish Financial Statements Act applying to enterprises of reporting class B as well as selected rules applying to reporting class C.

The accounting policies applied remain unchanged from last year.

The Financial Statements for 2022 are presented in DKK.

#### **Recognition and measurement**

Revenues are recognised in the income statement as earned. Furthermore, value adjustments of financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value or amortised cost are recognised. Moreover, all expenses incurred to achieve the earnings for the year are recognised in the income statement, including depreciation, amortisation, impairment losses and provisions as well as reversals due to changed accounting estimates of amounts that have previously been recognised in the income statement.

Assets are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits attributable to the asset will flow to the Company, and the value of the asset can be measured reliably.

Liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits will flow out of the Company, and the value of the liability can be measured reliably.

Assets and liabilities are initially measured at cost. Subsequently, assets and liabilities are measured as described for each item below.

#### **Translation policies**

Danish kroner is used as the presentation currency. All other currencies are regarded as foreign currencies.

Transactions in foreign currencies are translated at the exchange rates at the dates of transaction. Exchange differences arising due to differences between the transaction date rates and the rates at the dates of payment are recognised in financial income and expenses in the income statement. Where foreign exchange transactions are considered hedging of future cash flows, the value adjustments are recognised directly in equity.

Receivables, payables and other monetary items in foreign currencies that have not been settled at the balance sheet date are translated at the exchange rates at the balance sheet date. Any differences between the exchange rates at the balance sheet date and the rates at the time when the receivable or the debt arose are recognised in financial income and expenses in the income statement.

Fixed assets acquired in foreign currencies are measured at the transaction date rates.

#### **Income statement**

#### Other external expenses

Other external expenses comprise expenses for premises, sales as well as office expenses, etc.

#### **Gross loss**

With reference to section 32 of the Danish Financial Statements Act, gross profit/loss comprises of other external expenses.

#### Financial income and expenses

Financial income and expenses are recognised in the income statement at the amounts relating to the financial year.



### **Balance sheet**

### Receivables

Receivables are measured in the balance sheet at the lower of amortised cost and net realisable value, which corresponds to nominal value less provisions for bad debts.

#### Financial debts

Debts are measured at amortised cost, substantially corresponding to nominal value.

