# ICG HARI Holding ApS

c/o Implement Consulting Group P/S Strandvejen 54, DK-2900 Hellerup

## Annual Report for 8 December -31 December 2020

CVR No 41 92 02 70

The Annual Report was presented and adopted at the Annual General Meeting of the Company on 6 /7 2021

Lars Korterman Chairman of the General Meeting



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### **Management's Statement**

The Executive Board and Board of Directors have today considered and adopted the Annual Report of ICG HARI Holding ApS for the financial year 8 December - 31 December 2020.

The Annual Report is prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act. The Company complies with the exemption provisions governing the omission to have its Financial Statements audited.

In our opinion the Financial Statements give a true and fair view of the financial position at 31 December 2020 of the Company and of the results of the Company operations for 2020.

We recommend that the Annual Report be adopted at the Annual General Meeting.

Hellerup, 6 July 2021

#### **Executive Board**

Hanna Lilka Pauliina Riehl Executive Officer

#### **Board of Directors**

Hanna Lilka Pauliina Riehl Chairman Lars Korterman

The Annual General Meeting has decided that the Financial Statements for next year are not to be subject to any audit.



# **Practitioner's Statement on Compilation of Financial Statements**

To the Management of ICG HARI Holding ApS

We have compiled the Financial Statements of ICG HARI Holding ApS for the financial year 8 December - 31 December 2020 on the basis of the Enterprise's accounting records and other information you have provided.

The Financial Statements comprise income statement, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity and notes, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

We performed our work in accordance with ISRS 4410, Engagements to Compile Financial Information.

Based on our professional expertise, we have assisted you with the preparation and presentation of the Financial Statements in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act. We have complied with relevant provisions of the Danish Act on Approved Auditors and Audit Firms and IESBA's Code of Ethics, including the principles of integrity, objectivity, professional competence and due care.

The Financial Statements and the accuracy and completeness of the information forming the basis of the compilation of the Financial Statements are your responsibility.

As an engagement to compile financial information is not an assurance engagement, we are under no duty to verify the accuracy or completeness of the information you provided to us to compile the Financial Statements. Accordingly, we express no audit opinion or review opinion as to whether the Financial Statements have been prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Hellerup, 6 July 2021 **PricewaterhouseCoopers** Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab *CVR No 33 77 12 31* 

Henrik Ødegaard State Authorised Public Accountant mne31489



### **Company Information**

The Company	ICG HARI Holding ApS c/o Implement Consulting Group P/S Strandvejen 54 DK-2900 Hellerup
	CVR No: 41 92 02 70 Financial period: 8 December - 31 December Municipality of reg. office: Gentofte
Board of Directors	Hanna Lilka Pauliina Riehl, Chairman Lars Korterman
Executive Board	Hanna Lilka Pauliina Riehl
Auditors	PricewaterhouseCoopers Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab Strandvejen 44 DK-2900 Hellerup

### Income Statement 8 December - 31 December

	Note	8 December - 31 December 2020 DKK
Gross profit/loss		-1,000
Impairment of fixed asset investments		-126,570
Profit/loss before financial income and expenses		-127,570
Financial income		497,856 -300
Financial expenses Profit/loss before tax		369,986
Tax on profit/loss for the year	2	-57,214
Net profit/loss for the year		312,772

### **Distribution of profit**

#### Proposed distribution of profit

Retained earnings	312,772
	312,772



### **Balance Sheet 31 December**

#### Assets

	Note	2020
		DKK
Other investments	_	1,101,051
Fixed asset investments	-	1,101,051
Fixed assets	_	1,101,051
Other receivables	_	537,856
Receivables	_	537,856
Currents assets	_	537,856
Assets	_	1,638,907

### **Balance Sheet 31 December**

### Liabilities and equity

	Note	2020
		DKK
Share capital		40,000
Retained earnings		312,772
Equity		352,772
Provision for deferred tax		49,448
Provisions		49,448
Credit institutions		100
Payable to owner		1,227,821
Corporation tax		7,766
Other payables		1,000
Short-term debt		1,236,687
Debt		1,236,687
Liabilities and equity		1,638,907
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### **Statement of Changes in Equity**

	Retained			
	Share capital earnings		Total	
	DKK	DKK	DKK	
Equity at 8 December	0	0	0	
Cash payment concerning formation of entity	40,000	0	40,000	
Net profit/loss for the year	0	312,772	312,772	
Equity at 31 December	40,000	312,772	352,772	

#### 1 Key activities

The company's purpose is to own shares in other companies as well as other related activities defined by the board of directors.

2	Tax on profit/loss for the year	8 December - 31 December 2020 DKK
	Current tax for the year	7,766
	Deferred tax for the year	49,448
		57,214

#### 3 Accounting Policies

The Annual Report of ICG HARI Holding ApS for 2020 has been prepared in accordance with the provisions of the Danish Financial Statements Act applying to enterprises of reporting class B.

The Financial Statements for 2020 are presented in DKK.

#### **Recognition and measurement**

Revenues are recognised in the income statement as earned. Furthermore, value adjustments of financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value or amortised cost are recognised. Moreover, all expenses incurred to achieve the earnings for the year are recognised in the income statement, including depreciation, amortisation, impairment losses and provisions as well as reversals due to changed accounting estimates of amounts that have previously been recognised in the income statement.

Assets are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits attributable to the asset will flow to the Company, and the value of the asset can be measured reliably.

Liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits will flow out of the Company, and the value of the liability can be measured reliably.

Assets and liabilities are initially measured at cost. Subsequently, assets and liabilities are measured as described for each item below.

#### **Translation policies**

Transactions in foreign currencies are translated at the exchange rates at the dates of transaction. Exchange differences arising due to differences between the transaction date rates and the rates at the dates of payment are recognised in financial income and expenses in the income statement. Where foreign exchange transactions are considered hedging of future cash flows, the value adjustments are recognised directly in equity.

Receivables, payables and other monetary items in foreign currencies that have not been settled at the balance sheet date are translated at the exchange rates at the balance sheet date. Any differences between the exchange rates at the balance sheet date and the rates at the time when the receivable or the debt arose are recognised in financial income and expenses in the income statement.

### **Income Statement**

#### Other external expenses

Other external expenses comprise costs related to administration, etc.



#### 3 Accounting Policies (continued)

#### **Gross profit/loss**

With reference to section 32 of the Danish Financial Statements Act, gross profit/loss is calculated as a summary of other external expenses.

#### Financial income and expenses

Financial income and expenses are recognised in the income statement at the amounts relating to the financial year.

#### Tax on profit/loss for the year

Tax for the year consists of current tax for the year and changes in deferred tax for the year. The tax attributable to the profit for the year is recognised in the income statement, whereas the tax attributable to equity transactions is recognised directly in equity.

### **Balance Sheet**

#### Receivables

Receivables are measured in the balance sheet at the lower of amortised cost and net realisable value, which corresponds to nominal value less provisions for bad debts.

#### Other investments

Other investments, which consist of non-listed shares, are measured at the lower of cost and recoverable amount.

#### Deferred tax assets and liabilities

Deferred income tax is measured using the balance sheet liability method in respect of temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts for financial reporting purposes on the basis of the intended use of the asset and settlement of the liability, respectively.

Deferred tax assets are measured at the value at which the asset is expected to be realised, either by elimination in tax on future earnings or by set-off against deferred tax liabilities within the same legal tax entity.

Deferred tax is measured on the basis of the tax rules and tax rates that will be effective under the legislation at the balance sheet date when the deferred tax is expected to crystallise as current tax. Any changes in deferred tax due to changes to tax rates are recognised in the income statement or in equity if the deferred tax relates to items recognised in equity.



#### 3 Accounting Policies (continued)

#### Current tax receivables and liabilities

Current tax liabilities and receivables are recognised in the balance sheet as the expected taxable income for the year adjusted for tax on taxable incomes for prior years and tax paid on account. Extra payments and repayment under the on-account taxation scheme are recognised in the income statement in financial income and expenses.

#### **Financial debts**

Debts are measured at amortised cost, substantially corresponding to nominal value.

