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## Himmerland Ejendomsselskab ApS

Sveasvej 7, 1. 1917 Frederiksberg C CVR No. 41914971

## Annual report 2022

The Annual General Meeting adopted the annual report on 15.05.2023

Johannus Gunnar Egholm Hansen

Chairman of the General Meeting

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# **Entity details**

#### **Entity**

Himmerland Ejendomsselskab ApS Sveasvej 7, 1. 1917 Frederiksberg C

Business Registration No.: 41914971 Registered office: Frederiksberg

Financial year: 01.01.2022 - 31.12.2022

#### **Board of Directors**

Johannus Gunnar Egholm Hansen, Chairman Rune Bro Roin Michael Lind Thomas Lund

#### **Executive Board**

Michael Lind

#### **Auditors**

Deloitte Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab Weidekampsgade 6 2300 Copenhagen S

## **Statement by Management**

The Board of Directors and the Executive Board have today considered and approved the annual report of Himmerland Ejendomsselskab ApS for the financial year 01.01.2022 - 31.12.2022.

The annual report is presented in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the Entity's financial position at 31.12.2022 and of the results of its operations for the financial year 01.01.2022 - 31.12.2022.

We believe that the management commentary contains a fair review of the affairs and conditions referred to therein.

We recommend the annual report for adoption at the Annual General Meeting.

Copenhagen, 15.05.2023

**Executive Board** 

**Michael Lind** 

**Board of Directors** 

Johannus Gunnar Egholm Hansen Chairman **Rune Bro Roin** 

**Michael Lind** 

**Thomas Lund** 

## Independent auditor's report

#### To the shareholders of Himmerland Ejendomsselskab ApS

#### **Opinion**

We have audited the financial statements of Himmerland Ejendomsselskab ApS for the financial year 01.01.2022 -

31.12.2022, which comprise the income statement, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity and notes, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial statements are prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the Entity's financial position at 31.12.2022 and of the results of its operations for the financial year 01.01.2022 - 31.12.2022 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

#### **Basis for opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) and additional requirements applicable in Denmark. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the "Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements" section of this auditor's report. We are independent of the Entity in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' International Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) and the additional ethical requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the IESBA Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

#### Management's responsibilities for the financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act, and for such internal control as Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, Management is responsible for assessing the Entity's ability to continue as a going concern, for disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern, and for using the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements unless Management either intends to liquidate the Entity or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

#### Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to
  fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence
  that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a
  material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may
  involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Entity's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by Management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of Management's use of the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements, and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Entity's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Entity to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures in the notes, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that gives a true and fair view.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

#### Statement on the management commentary

Management is responsible for the management commentary.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the management commentary, and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the management commentary and, in doing so, consider whether the management commentary is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

Moreover, it is our responsibility to consider whether the management commentary provides the information required under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Based on the work we have performed, we conclude that the management commentary is in accordance with the financial statements and has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Danish Financial Statements Act. We did not identify any material misstatement of the management commentary.

Copenhagen, 15.05.2023

#### **Deloitte**

Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab CVR No. 33963556

#### **Mads Haugegaard Albrechtsen**

State Authorised Public Accountant Identification No (MNE) mne45846

## **Management commentary**

#### **Primary activities**

The objects of the company are to invest, enter, sell and rent immovable property, invest in securities, and other related activities directly or through investments in other companies.

#### **Development in activities and finances**

The company's profit shows a loss of 159 t.dkk against a loss of 41 t.dkk last year, which is on a par with expectations.

The Company has lost more than half of its equity. The equity will be reestablished through a capital injection of 200 t.dkk as a tax-exempt group contribution.

#### **Events after the balance sheet date**

No events have occurred after the balance sheet date to this date, which would materially affect the assessment of this annual report.

## **Income statement for 2022**

		2022	2020/21
	Notes	Notes DKK	DKK
Gross profit/loss		(88,546)	(39,776)
Other financial income		5,235	0
Other financial expenses	1	(75,451)	(799)
Profit/loss for the year		(158,762)	(40,575)
Proposed distribution of profit and loss			
Retained earnings		(158,762)	(40,575)
Proposed distribution of profit and loss		(158,762)	(40,575)

# **Balance sheet at 31.12.2022**

#### **Assets**

		2022	2020/21
	Notes	DKK	DKK
Property, plant and equipment in progress		1,651,401	1,583,650
Property, plant and equipment	2	1,651,401	1,583,650
Fixed assets		1,651,401	1,583,650
Receivables from group enterprises		0	14,560
Receivables		0	14,560
Cash		174,466	387,615
Current assets		174,466	402,175
Assets		1,825,867	1,985,825

### **Equity and liabilities**

	2022	2020/21
Notes	DKK	DKK
	250,000	250,000
	(199,337)	(40,575)
	50,663	209,425
	1,744,579	0
3	1,744,579	0
	0	4,100
	0	1,734,800
	30,625	37,500
	30,625	1,776,400
	1,775,204	1,776,400
	1,825,867	1,985,825
		Notes DKK  250,000 (199,337) 50,663  1,744,579 3 1,744,579  0 0 30,625 30,625 1,775,204

Contingent liabilities

4

# **Statement of changes in equity for 2022**

	Contributed capital DKK	Retained earnings DKK	Total DKK
Equity beginning of year	250,000	(40,575)	209,425
Profit/loss for the year	0	(158,762)	(158,762)
Equity end of year	250,000	(199,337)	50,663

## **Notes**

#### 1 Other financial expenses

	2022 DKK	
Financial expenses from group enterprises	73,818	0
Other interest expenses	1,633	799
	75,451	799

#### 2 Property, plant and equipment

	Property, plant and
	equipment in progress DKK
Cost beginning of year	1,583,650
Additions	67,751
Cost end of year	1,651,401
Carrying amount end of year	1,651,401

#### 3 Non-current liabilities other than provisions

	Due after more than 12 months 2022 DKK
Payables to group enterprises	1,744,579
	1,744,579

#### **4 Contingent liabilities**

The Company participates in a Danish joint taxation system. The Company is therefore liable under the Company Tax Act's rules on income taxes, etc., for the jointly taxed companies and also for any obligations to contain withholding tax on interest, royalties and dividends for these companies.

## **Accounting policies**

#### **Reporting class**

This annual report has been presented in accordance with the provisions of the Danish Financial Statements Act governing reporting class B enterprises with addition of a few provisions for reporting class C.

The accounting policies applied to these financial statements are consistent with those applied last year.

#### **Recognition and measurement**

Assets are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable as a result of a prior event that future economic benefits will flow to the Entity, and the value of the asset can be measured reliably.

Liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet when the Entity has a legal or constructive obligation as a result of a prior event, and it is probable that future economic benefits will flow out of the Entity, and the value of the liability can be measured reliably.

On initial recognition, assets and liabilities are measured at cost. Measurement subsequent to initial recognition is effected as described below for each financial statement item.

Anticipated risks and losses that arise before the time of presentation of the annual report and that confirm or invalidate affairs and conditions existing at the balance sheet date are considered at recognition and measurement.

Income is recognised in the income statement when earned, whereas costs are recognised by the amounts attributable to this financial year.

#### Tax on profit/loss for the year and deferred tax

Tax for the year, which consists of current tax for the year and changes in deferred tax, is recognised in the income statement by the portion attributable to profit or loss for the year and recognised directly in equity by the portion attributable to entries directly in equity.

The Entity is jointly taxed with all Danish group enterprises.

Deferred tax is recognised on all temporary differences between the carrying amount and the tax base of assets and liabilities, for which the tax base of assets is calculated based on the planned use of each asset.

Deferred tax assets, including the tax base of tax loss carryforwards, are recognised in the balance sheet at their estimated realisable value.

#### **Income statement**

#### **Gross profit or loss**

Gross profit or loss comprises external expenses.

#### Other external expenses

Other external expenses include expenses relating to the Entity's ordinary activities, including administrative and audit costs.

#### Other financial income

Other financial expenses comprise including interest expenses on payables to group enterprises, net capital or exchange losses on securities, payables and transactions in foreign currencies, amortisation of financial liabilities, and tax surcharge under the Danish Tax Prepayment Scheme etc.

#### Other financial expenses

Other financial expenses comprise including interest expenses on payables to group enterprises, net capital or exchange losses on securities, payables and transactions in foreign currencies, amortisation of financial liabilities, and tax surcharge under the Danish Tax Prepayment Scheme etc.

#### **Balance sheet**

#### Property, plant and equipment

Land and buildings, plant and machinery, and other fixtures and fittings, tools and equipment are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Land is not depreciated.

Cost comprises the acquisition price, costs directly attributable to the acquisition and preparation costs of the asset until the time when it is ready to be put into operation.

Interest expenses on loans for the financing of the manufacture of property, plant and equipment are included in cost if they relate to the manufacturing period. All other finance costs are recognised in the income statement.

The basis of depreciation is cost less estimated residual value after the end of useful life. Straight-line depreciation is made on the basis of the following estimated useful lives of the assets:

Estimated useful lives and residual values are reassessed annually.

Items of property, plant and equipment are written down to the lower of recoverable amount and carrying amount.

#### **Receivables**

Receivables are measured at amortised cost, usually equalling nominal value less writedowns for bad and doubtful debts.

#### Cash

Cash comprises cash in hand and bank deposits.

#### Other financial liabilities

Other financial liabilities are measured at amortised cost, which usually corresponds to nominal value.