NREP Union K/S

Southamptongade 4, DK-2150 Nordhavn

Annual Report for 2022

CVR No. 41 71 63 47

The Annual Report was presented and adopted at the Annual General Meeting of the limited partnership on 8/6 2023

Kasper Juulsgaard Sørensen Chairman of the general meeting



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Management's statement

The Executive Board has today considered and adopted the Financial Statements of NREP Union K/S for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2022.

The Annual Report is prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion the Financial Statements give a true and fair view of the financial position at 31 December 2022 of the Limited Partnership and of the results of the Limited Partnership operations for 2022.

We recommend that the Annual Report be adopted at the Annual General Meeting.

Copenhagen, 8 June 2023

Executive Board

Henrik Skak Bender Rune Højby Kock Stine Seneberg

Thomas Ebbe Riise-Jakobsen



Independent Auditor's report

To the limited partners of NREP Union K/S

Opinion

In our opinion, the Financial Statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Limited Partnership at 31 December 2022 and of the results of the Limited Partnership's operations for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2022 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

We have audited the Financial Statements of NREP Union K/S for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2022, which comprise income statement, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity and notes, including a summary of significant accounting policies ("the Financial Statements").

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the "Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the Financial Statements" section of our report. We are independent of the Limited Partnership in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' International Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) and the additional ethical requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the IESBA Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Management's responsibilities for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act, and for such internal control as Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the Financial Statements, Management is responsible for assessing the Limited Partnership's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the Financial Statements unless Management either intends to liquidate the Limited Partnership or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Financial Statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these Financial Statements.

As part of an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the Financial Statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that
 are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness
 of the Limited Partnership's internal control.



Independent Auditor's report

- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by Management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of Management's use of the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the Financial Statements and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Limited Partnership's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the Financial Statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Limited Partnership to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and contents of the Financial Statements, including the disclosures, and whether the Financial Statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that gives a true and fair view.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Esbjerg, 8 June 2023

PricewaterhouseCoopers Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab CVR No 33 77 12 31

Jannick Kjersgaard State Authorised Public Accountant mne29440 Hans Baunsgaard Eskildsen State Authorised Public Accountant mne45827



Company information

The Company NREP Union K/S

Southamptongade 4 DK-2150 Nordhavn CVR No: 41 71 63 47

Financial period: 1 January - 31 December

Incorporated: 24 September 2020 Financial year: 2nd financial year Municipality of reg. office: Copenhagen

Executive board Henrik Skak Bender

Rune Højby Kock

Stine Seneberg Thomas Ebbe Riise-Jakobsen

Auditors PricewaterhouseCoopers

Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab

Esbjerg Brygge 28, 2. 6700 Esbjerg



Income statement 1 January - 31 December

Note	2022	2020/21
	DKK 12 months	DKK 15 months
Gross loss	-1,141,112	-1,258,330
Financial income 3	306	41
Financial expenses 4	-8,171	-3,119
Net profit/loss for the year	-1,148,977	-1,261,408
Distribution of profit		
	2022	2020/21
	DKK	DKK
Proposed distribution of profit		
Retained earnings	-1,148,977	-1,261,408
	-1,148,977	-1,261,408



Balance sheet 31 December

Assets

	Note	2022 DKK	2020/21 DKK
Investments in participating interests		836,088,000	836,088,000
Fixed asset investments		836,088,000	836,088,000
Fixed assets		836,088,000	836,088,000
Receivables from group enterprises		0	71,838
Other receivables		0	18,162
Receivables		0	90,000
Cash at bank and in hand		169,199	922
Current assets		169,199	90,922
Assets		836,257,199	836,178,922



Balance sheet 31 December

Liabilities and equity

	Note	2022	2020/21
		DKK	DKK
Share capital		1,578,743	90,000
Retained earnings		833,677,615	834,826,592
Equity		835,256,358	834,916,592
Trade payables		926,449	326,402
Payables to group enterprises		74,392	935,928
Short-term debt		1,000,841	1,262,330
Debt		1,000,841	1,262,330
Liabilities and equity		836,257,199	836,178,922
Key activities	1		
Staff	2		
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Statement of changes in equity

	Share capital	Retained earnings	Total
	DKK	DKK	DKK
Equity at 1 January	90,000	834,826,592	834,916,592
Capital increase	1,488,743	0	1,488,743
Net profit/loss for the year	0	-1,148,977	-1,148,977
Equity at 31 December	1,578,743	833,677,615	835,256,358



Notes to the Financial Statements

1. Key activities

The company's key activity is to hold shares, directly or indirectly, in other companies and own real estate, as well as to engage in all activities and transactions that the general partner deems necessary or expedient in connection therewith. Furthermore, the company must at all times, directly or indirectly, engage in all activities that are necessary, appropriate or beneficial to further the stated purposes.

	2022	2020/21
2. Staff		
Average number of employees	0	0
	2022 	2020/21 DKK
3. Financial income	DKK	DKK
Other financial income	0	41
Exchange adjustments	306	0
	306	41
	2022	2020/21
	DKK	DKK
4. Financial expenses		
Other financial expenses	7,460	3,119
Exchange adjustments, expenses	711	0
	8,171	3,119

5. Related parties and disclosure of consolidated financial statements

Consolidated Financial Statements

The Company is included in the Group Annual Report of the Parent Company:

Name Place of registered office

NREP Income+ Fund ScSp Luxembourg



Notes to the Financial Statements

6. Accounting policies

The Annual Report of NREP Union K/S for 2022 has been prepared in accordance with the provisions of the Danish Financial Statements Act applying to enterprises of reporting class B as well as selected rules applying to reporting class C.

The accounting policies applied remain unchanged from last year.

The Financial Statements for 2022 are presented in DKK.

Recognition and measurement

Revenues are recognised in the income statement as earned. Furthermore, value adjustments of financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value or amortised cost are recognised. Moreover, all expenses incurred to achieve the earnings for the year are recognised in the income statement, including depreciation, amortisation, impairment losses and provisions as well as reversals due to changed accounting estimates of amounts that have previously been recognised in the income statement.

Assets are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits attributable to the asset will flow to the Company, and the value of the asset can be measured reliably.

Liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits will flow out of the Company, and the value of the liability can be measured reliably.

Assets and liabilities are initially measured at cost. Subsequently, assets and liabilities are measured as described for each item below.

Translation policies

Danish kroner is used as the presentation currency. All other currencies are regarded as foreign currencies.

Transactions in foreign currencies are translated at the exchange rates at the dates of transaction. Exchange differences arising due to differences between the transaction date rates and the rates at the dates of payment are recognised in financial

income and expenses in the income statement. Where foreign exchange transactions are considered hedging of future cash flows, the value adjustments are recognised directly in equity.

Receivables, payables and other monetary items in foreign currencies that have not been settled at the balance sheet date are translated at the exchange rates at the balance sheet date. Any differences between the exchange rates at the balance sheet date and the rates at the time when the receivable or the debt arose are recognised in financial income and expenses in the income statement.

Income statement

Other external expenses

Other external expenses comprise expenses for office expenses, etc.

Gross loss

With reference to section 32 of the Danish Financial Statements Act, gross profit/loss is calculated as a summary of other external expenses.

Income from investments in participating interests

Dividends from participating interests are recognised as income in the income statement when adopted at the General Meeting of the participating interest. However, dividends relating to earnings in the participating interest before it was acquired by the Parent Company are set off against the cost of the participating interest.



Notes to the Financial Statements

Financial income and expenses

Financial income and expenses are recognised in the income statement at the amounts relating to the financial year.

Balance sheet

Investments in participating interests

Investments in participating interests are measured at cost. Where cost exceeds the recoverable amount, write-down is made to this lower value.

Receivables

Receivables are measured in the balance sheet at the lower of amortised cost and net realisable value, which corresponds to nominal value less provisions for bad debts.

Financial debts

Debts are measured at amortised cost, substantially corresponding to nominal value.

