

Crowe Statsautoriseret Revisionsinteressentskab v.m.b.a.

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Raven Investments ApS

Svanemøllevej 34 2100 København Ø

CVR no. 41 68 72 82

Annual report for 2020/21

(1st Financial year)

Adopted at the annual general meeting on 6. juli 2022

Scott Campbell Macaw chairman

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Statement by management on the annual report

The executive board has today discussed and approved the annual report of Raven Investments ApS for the financial year 4 September 2020 - 31 December 2021.

The annual report is prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In my opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the company's financial position at 31 December 2021 and of the results of the company's operations for the financial year 4 September 2020 - 31 December 2021.

In my opinion, management's review includes a fair review of the matters dealt with in the management's review.

Management recommends that the annual report should be approved by the company in general meeting.

København Ø, 5 July 2022

Executive board

Scott Campbell Macaw

Independent auditor's report

To the shareholder of Raven Investments ApS Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Raven Investments ApS for the financial year 4 September 2020 - 31 December 2021, which comprise a summary of significant accounting policies, income statement, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity and notes. The financial statements are prepared under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the company's financial position at 31 December 2021 and of the results of the company's operations for the financial year 4 September 2020 - 31 December 2021 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the "Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements" section of our report. We are independent of the company in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and IESBA Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Management's responsibilities for the financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of financial statements, that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of the financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements unless management either intends to liquidate the company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

Independent auditor's report

As part of an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and contents of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that gives a true and fair view.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Statement on management's review

Management is responsible for management's review.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover management's review, and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

Independent auditor's report

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read management's review and, in doing so, consider whether management's review is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained during the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

Moreover, it is our responsibility to consider whether management's review provides the information required under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Based on the work we have performed, we conclude that management's review is in accordance with the financial statements and has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Danish Financial Statements Act. We did not identify any material misstatement of management's review.

Hellerup, 5. juli 2022 CVR no. 33 25 68 76

Søren Jonassen Statsautoriseret revisor MNE no. mne18488

Company details

Raven Investments ApS Svanemøllevej 34 The company

2100 København Ø

41 68 72 82 CVR no.:

Reporting period: 4 September 2020 - 31 December 2021

Incorporated: 4 September 2020

Domicile: Copenhagen

Executive board Scott Campbell Macaw

Auditors Crowe

Statsautoriseret Revisionsinteressentskab v.m.b.a.

Rygårds Allé 104 2900 Hellerup

Management's review

Business review

The purpose of the Company is to operate ad an investment company after Aktieavancebeskatningsloven §19.

Financial review

The company's income statement for the year ended 31 December 2021 shows a profit of DKK 3.829.719, and the balance sheet at 31 December 2021 shows equity of DKK 4.029.719.

As the Company is an investment company after Aktieavancebeskatningslovens §19, there is not accrued any income tax in the financial statements. The individual shareholders are reliable for the taxes generated from the income in the company.

Significant events occurring after the end of the financial year

No events have occurred after the balance sheet date which could significantly affect the company's financial position.

Accounting policies

The annual report of Raven Investments ApS for 2020/21 has been prepared in accordance with the provisions of the Danish Financial Statements Act applying to enterprises of reporting class B, as well as provisions applying to reporting class C entities.

The accounting policies applied are consistent with those of last year.

The annual report for 2020/21 is presented in DKK

As 2020/21 is the company's first reporting period, no comparatives have been presented.

Basis of recognition and measurement

Income is recognised in the income statement as earned, including value adjustments of financial assets and liabilities. All expenses, including amortisation, depreciation and impairment losses, are also recognised in the income statement.

Assets are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the company and the value of the asset can be measured reliably.

Liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits will flow from the company and the value of the liability can be measured reliably.

On initial recognition, assets and liabilities are measured at cost. On subsequent recognition, assets and liabilities are measured as described below for each individual accounting item.

Certain financial assets and liabilities are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Amortised cost is calculated as the historic cost less any installments and plus/less the accumulated amortisation of the difference between the cost and the nominal amount.

On recognition and measurement, allowance is made for predictable losses and risks which occur before the annual report is presented and which confirm or invalidate matters existing at the balance sheet date.

Income statement

Gross profit

In pursuance of section 32 of the Danish Financial Statements Act, the company does not disclose its revenue.

Gross profit reflects an aggregation of revenue, changes in inventories of finished goods and work in progress and other operating income less costs of raw materials and consumables and other external expenses.

Accounting policies

Financial income and expenses

Financial income and expenses are recognised in the income statement at the amounts that relate to the financial year. Net financials include interest income and expenses, financial expenses relating to finance leases, realised and unrealised capital/exchange gains and losses on securities, liabilities and foreign currency transactions, amortisation of financial assets and liabilities and surcharges and allowances under the Danish Tax Prepayment Scheme, etc.

Tax on profit/loss for the year

As the shareholders are reliable for the income taxes, there are not accrued any income taxed in the Company.

Balance sheet

Fixed asset investments

Other investments

Other investments consist of a shareoption mesured at costprice. If the market prices is considered below costprice the value will be written down to this lower value.

Receivables

Receivables are measured at amortised cost.

Prepayments

Prepayments recognised under 'Current assets' comprises expenses incurred concerning subsequent financial years.

Equity

Dividends

Proposed dividends are disclosed as a separate item under equity. Dividends are recognised as a liability when declared by the annual general meeting of shareholders.

Income tax and deferred tax

Liabilities

Financial liabilities are recognised on the raising of the loan at the proceeds received net of transaction costs incurred. On subsequent recognition, the financial liabilities are measured at amortised cost, corresponding to the capitalised value, using the effective interest method. Accordingly, the difference between the net proceeds and the nominal value is recognised in the income statement over the term of the loan.

Financial liabilities also include the capitalised residual finance lease commitment.

Other liabilities, which include trade payables, payables to group entities and other payables, are measured at amortised cost, which is usually equivalent to nominal value.

Accounting policies

Foreign currency translation

On initial recognition, foreign currency transactions are translated applying the exchange rate at the transaction date. Foreign exchange differences arising between the exchange rates at the transaction date and at the date of payment are recognised in the income statement as financial income or financial expenses. If foreign currency instruments are considered cash flow hedges, any unrealised value adjustments are taken directly to a fair value reserve under 'Equity'.

Income statement 4 September 2020 - 31 December 2021

	Note	2020/21 DKK
		DKK
Revenue		607.762
Other external costs		-329.454
Gross profit		278.308
Financial income	2	4.387.552
Financial costs	3	-836.141
Profit/loss before tax		3.829.719
Tax on profit/loss for the year		0
Profit/loss for the year		3.829.719
Recommended appropriation of profit/loss		
Retained earnings		3.829.719
		3.829.719

Balance sheet at 31 December 2021

	Note	2020/21 DKK
Assets		
Other financial investments		3.765.862
Fixed asset investments		3.765.862
Total non-current assets		3.765.862
Trade receivables		66.929
Other receivables		10.651.826
Receivables		10.718.755
Cash at bank and in hand		1.194.494
Total current assets		11.913.249
Total assets		15.679.111

Balance sheet at 31 December 2021

	Note	2020/21 DKK
Equity and liabilities		
Share capital		100.000
Retained earnings		3.929.719
Equity		4.029.719
Other payables		11.516.118
Total non-current liabilities	4	11.516.118
Trade payables		38.069
Other payables		95.205
Total current liabilities		133.274
Total liabilities		11.649.392
Total equity and liabilities		15.679.111

Statement of changes in equity

	Share capital	Share premium account	Retained earnings	Total
Equity at 4 September 2020	100.000	100.000	0	200.000
Net profit/loss for the year	0	0	3.829.719	3.829.719
Transfer from share premium account	0	-100.000	100.000	0
Equity at 31 December 2021	100.000	0	3.929.719	4.029.719

Notes

					2020/21
1	Staff costs				DKK
1					0
	Average number of employees				0
					2020/21
					DKK
2	Financial income				
	Other financial income				4.387.552
					4.387.552
					2020/21
2					DKK
3	Financial costs Other financial costs				836.141
	Other imalicial costs				
					836.141
4	Long term debt	5 .1.	D. 1.		
		Debt at 4	Debt at 31		Debt
		September	December	Instalment	outstanding
		2020	2021	next year	after 5 years
	Other payables	0	11.516.118	0	0
		0	11.516.118	0	0

5 Contingent liabilities

The company has no contingent liabilities.

Notes

6 Mortgages and collateral

None of the financial assets are pledge.