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Sofie-Amaliegaard Energi- og Naturpark ApS

c/o Grant Thornton, Stockholmsgade 45, 2100 København Ø

Company reg. no. 41 68 01 80

Annual report

1 January - 31 December 2022

The annual report was submitted and approved by the general meeting on the 6 July 2023.

Sarah Hassan Abdelazim Moustafa Chairman of the meeting

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Notes:

- $\bullet \ \ \text{To ensure the greatest possible applicability of this document, IAS/IFRS English terminology has been used.}$
- Please note that decimal points have not been used in the usual English way. This means that for instance DKK 146.940 means the amount of DKK 146,940, and that 23,5 % means 23.5 %.

Management's statement

Today, the executive board has presented the annual report of Sofie-Amaliegaard Energi- og Naturpark ApS for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2022.

The annual report has been presented in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

We consider the accounting policies appropriate and, in our opinion, the financial statements provide a fair presentation of the company's assets, equity and liabilities, and financial position at 31 December 2022 and of the company's results of activities in the financial year 1 January – 31 December 2022.

We are of the opinion that the management commentary presents a fair account of the issues dealt with.

We recommend that the annual report be approved at the Annual General Meeting.

København Ø, 6 July 2023

Executive board

Gustavo Francisco Lopez Obermeier Stefanie Wimmer

Sarah Hassan Abdelazim Moustafa

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Independent auditor's report

To the Shareholders of Sofie-Amaliegaard Energi- og Naturpark ApS

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Sofie-Amaliegaard Energi- og Naturpark ApS for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2022, which comprise income statement, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity, notes and a summary of significant accounting policies, for the Company. The financial statements are prepared under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Company at 31 December 2022, and of the results of the Company's operations for the financial year 1 January - 31 December 2022 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the "Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements" section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' International Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) and the additional ethical requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the IESBA Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Management's Responsibilities for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act, and for such internal control as Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, Management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements unless Management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

Independent auditor's report

As part of an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an
 opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by Management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of Management's use of the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and contents of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that gives a true and fair view.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Statement on Management's Review

Management is responsible for Management's Review.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover Management's Review, and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

Independent auditor's report

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read Management's Review and, in doing so, consider whether Management's Review is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained during the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

Moreover, it is our responsibility to consider whether Management's Review provides the information required under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Based on the work we have performed, we conclude that Management's Review is in accordance with the financial statements and has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Danish Financial Statement Act. We did not identify any material misstatement of Management's Review.

Copenhagen, 6 July 2023

Grant Thornton

State Authorised Public Accountants Company reg. no. 34 20 99 36

Michael Beuchert State Authorised Public Accountant mne 32794

Company information

The company Sofie-Amaliegaard Energi- og Naturpark ApS

c/o Grant Thornton Stockholmsgade 45 2100 København Ø

Company reg. no. 41 68 01 80

Financial year: 1 January - 31 December

Executive board Gustavo Francisco Lopez Obermeier

Stefanie Wimmer

Sarah Hassan Abdelazim Moustafa

Auditors Grant Thornton, Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab

Stockholmsgade 45 2100 København Ø

Bankers Sydbank

Parent company BayWa r.e. Solar Projects GmbH

Management's review

The principal activities of the company

The object of the company is the planning, development, construction and operation of photovoltaic installations and any kind of renewable energy to produce electricity and sell the produced electricity.

Development in activities and financial matters

The gross loss for the year totals DKK -20.300 against DKK -15.980 last year. Income or loss from ordinary activities after tax totals DKK -22.194 against DKK -16.480 last year. Management considers the net profit or loss for the year as expected.

Events occurring after the end of the financial year

There has been no events after the year end, which can effect the financial state of the company.

Income statement 1 January - 31 December

Total allocations and transfers

All a	mounts in DKK.		
Not	<u>e</u>	2022	2021
	Gross loss	-20.300	-15.980
3	Other financial costs	-1.894	-500
	Pre-tax net profit or loss	-22.194	-16.480
	Tax on net profit or loss for the year	0	0
	Net profit or loss for the year	-22.194	-16.480
	Proposed distribution of net profit:		
	Allocated from retained earnings	-22.194	-16.480

-22.194

-16.480

Balance sheet at 31 December

All amounts in DKK.

Assets		
Note	2022	2021
Current assets		
Receivables from subsidiaries	497.966	0
Total receivables	497.966	0
Cash and cash equivalents	61.405	43.011
Total current assets	559.371	43.011
Total assets	559.371	43.011

Balance sheet at 31 December

All amounts in DKK.

Equity and liabilities		
Note	2022	2021
Equity		
Contributed capital	40.000	40.000
Results brought forward	-38.743	-16.548
Total equity	1.257	23.452
Long term labilities other than provisions		
Trade creditors	439.479	0
Payables to group enterprises	118.635	19.559
Total short term liabilities other than provisions	558.114	19.559
Total liabilities other than provisions	558.114	19.559
Total equity and liabilities	559.371	43.011

¹ Uncertainties concerning the enterprise's ability to continue as a going concern

4 Contingencies

Statement of changes in equity

All amounts in DKK.

	Contributed capital	Retained earnings	Total
Equity 1 January 2022	40.000	-16.549	23.451
Profit or loss for the year brought forward	0	-22.194	-22.194
	40.000	-38.743	1.257

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All amounts in DKK.

2022 2021

1. Uncertainties concerning the enterprise's ability to continue as a going concern

The company is financed through a loan from the parent company

2. Staff costs

There were no other employees than the Executive Board this year, who have not received remuneration.

3. Other financial costs

	1.894	500
Other financial costs	302	315
Financial costs, group enterprises	1.592	185

4. Contingencies

Contingent liabilities

The company does not have any commitments or contingent liabilities.

Accounting policies

The annual report for Sofie-Amaliegaard Energi- og Naturpark ApS has been presented in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act regulations concerning reporting class B enterprises. Furthermore, the company has decided to comply with certain rules applying to reporting class C enterprises.

The accounting policies are unchanged from last year, and the annual report is presented in DKK.

Recognition and measurement in general

Income is recognised in the income statement concurrently with its realisation, including the recognition of value adjustments of financial assets and liabilities. Likewise, all costs are recognised in the income statement, including depreciations amortisations, writedowns for impairment, provisions, and reversals due to changes in estimated amounts previously recognised in the income statement.

Assets are recognised in the statement of financial position when it seems probable that future economic benefits will flow to the company and the value of the asset can be reliably measured.

Liabilities are recognised in the statement of financial position when it is seems probable that future economic benefits will flow out of the company and the value of the liability can be reliably measured.

Assets and liabilities are measured at cost at the initial recognition. Hereafter, assets and liabilities are measured as described below for each individual accounting item.

Certain financial assets and liabilities are measured at amortised cost, allowing a constant effective interest rate to be recognised during the useful life of the asset or liability. Amortised cost is recognised as the original cost less any payments, plus/less accrued amortisations of the difference between cost and nominal amount. In this way, capital losses and gains are allocated over the useful life of the liability.

Upon recognition and measurement, allowances are made for such predictable losses and risks which may arise prior to the presentation of the annual report and concern matters that exist on the reporting date.

Income statement

Gross loss

Gross loss comprises the revenue, changes in inventories of finished goods, and work in progress, own work capitalised, other operating income, and external costs.

The enterprise will be applying IAS 11 and IAS 18 as its basis of interpretation for the recognition of revenue.

Accounting policies

Revenue is recognised in the income statement if delivery and passing of risk to the buyer have taken place before the end of the year and if the income can be determined reliably and inflow is anticipated. Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration promised exclusive of VAT and taxes and less any discounts relating directly to sales.

Cost of sales comprises costs concerning purchase of raw materials and consumables less discounts and changes in inventories.

Other external costs comprise costs incurred for administration.

Financial income and expenses

Financial income and expenses are recognised in the income statement with the amounts concerning the financial year. Financial income and expenses comprise interest income and expenses, financial expenses from financial leasing, realised and unrealised capital gains and losses relating to securities, debt and transactions in foreign currency, amortisation of financial assets and liabilities as well as surcharges and reimbursements under the advance tax scheme, etc.

Tax on net profit or loss for the year

Tax for the year comprises the current income tax for the year and changes in deferred tax and is recognised in the income statement with the share attributable to the net profit or loss for the year and directly in equity with the share attributable to entries directly in equity. The deferred tax is not allocated in the annual report.

Statement of financial position

Receivables

Receivables are measured at amortised cost, which usually corresponds to nominal value.

Cash on hand and demand deposits

Cash on hand and demand deposits comprise cash at bank and on hand.

Liabilities other than provisions

Other liabilities concerning payables to suppliers, group enterprises, and other payables are measured at amortised cost which usually corresponds to the nominal value.