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# ***SI II A/S***

Sankt Annæ Plads 28, DK-1250 København K

## **Annual Report for 26 August 2020 - 31 December 2021**

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CVR No 41 62 54 73

The Annual Report was  
presented and adopted at  
the Annual General  
Meeting of the Company on  
29/6 22

Morten Marc Hübbe  
Chairman of the General  
Meeting



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# Management's Statement

The Executive Board and Board of Directors have today considered and adopted the Annual Report of SI II A/S for the financial year 26 August 2020 - 31 December 2021.

The Annual Report is prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion the Financial Statements give a true and fair view of the financial position at 31 December 2021 of the Company and of the results of the Company operations for 2020/21.

In our opinion, Management's Review includes a true and fair account of the matters addressed in the Review.

We recommend that the Annual Report be adopted at the Annual General Meeting.

Copenhagen, 29 June 2022

## Executive Board

Michael Shane Paladin  
CEO

## Board of Directors

Morten Marc Hübbe  
Chairman

Morten Ersbøll Ebbesen

Erik Jonas Fredrik Näslund

Rolf Ernst Torsøe

James Lewis Norwood

# Independent Auditor's Report

To the Shareholder of SI II A/S

## Opinion

In our opinion, the Financial Statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Company at 31 December 2021 and of the results of the Company's operations for the financial year 26 August 2020 - 31 December 2021 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

We have audited the Financial Statements of SI II A/S for the financial year 26 August 2020 - 31 December 2021, which comprise income statement, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity and notes, including a summary of significant accounting policies ("the Financial Statements").

## Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the "Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the Financial Statements" section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' International Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) and the additional ethical requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the IESBA Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

## Statement on Management's Review

Management is responsible for Management's Review.

Our opinion on the Financial Statements does not cover Management's Review, and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the Financial Statements, our responsibility is to read Management's Review and, in doing so, consider whether Management's Review is materially inconsistent with the Financial Statements or our knowledge obtained during the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

Moreover, it is our responsibility to consider whether Management's Review provides the information required under the Danish Financials Statements Act.

Based on the work we have performed, in our view, Management's Review is in accordance with the Financial Statements and has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Danish Financial Statements Act. We did not identify any material misstatement in Management's Review.

# Independent Auditor's Report

## Management's responsibilities for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act, and for such internal control as Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the Financial Statements, Management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the Financial Statements unless Management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

## Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Financial Statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these Financial Statements.

As part of an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the Financial Statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by Management.

## Independent Auditor's Report

- Conclude on the appropriateness of Management's use of the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the Financial Statements and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the Financial Statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and contents of the Financial Statements, including the disclosures, and whether the Financial Statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that gives a true and fair view.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Hellerup, 29 June 2022

**PricewaterhouseCoopers**

Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab

*CVR No 33 77 12 31*

Rasmus Friis Jørgensen

statsautoriseret revisor

mne28705

Niels Henrik B. Mikkelsen

statsautoriseret revisor

mne16675

## Company Information

### **The Company**

SI II A/S  
Sankt Annæ Plads 28  
DK-1250 København K  
  
CVR No: 41 62 54 73  
Financial period: 26 August - 31 December  
Incorporated: 26 August 2020  
Financial year: 1st financial year  
Municipality of reg. office: København

### **Board of Directors**

Morten Marc Hübbe, Chairman  
Morten Ersbøll Ebbesen  
Erik Jonas Fredrik Näslund  
Rolf Ernst Torsøe  
James Lewis Norwood

### **Executive Board**

Michael Shane Paladin

### **Auditors**

PricewaterhouseCoopers  
Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab  
Strandvejen 44  
DK-2900 Hellerup

# Management's Review

## Key activities

The purpose of the company is to provide administrative services, to invest in and hold investments and financial instruments as well as other activities that, in the opinion of the Board of Directors, are directly or indirectly connected with this.

## Development in the year

The income statement of the Company for 2020/21 shows a loss of DKK 35,028,492, and at 31 December 2021 the balance sheet of the Company shows equity of DKK 3,623,849,766.

## Subsequent events

No events materially affecting the assessment of the Annual Report have occurred after the balance sheet date.



## Income Statement 26 August - 31 December

	<u>Note</u>	<u>2020/21</u>
		26.08.20 - 31.12.21 DKK
<b>Gross profit/loss</b>		<b>-37.536.598</b>
Financial income	1	2.935.394
Financial expenses	2	<u>-427.288</u>
<b>Profit/loss before tax</b>		<b>-35.028.492</b>
Tax on profit/loss for the year		<u>0</u>
<b>Net profit/loss for the year</b>		<b><u>-35.028.492</u></b>

## Distribution of profit

### Proposed distribution of profit

Retained earnings		<u>-35.028.492</u>
		<b><u>-35.028.492</u></b>

# Balance Sheet 31 December

## Assets

	<u>Note</u>	<u>2020/21</u> DKK
Investments in subsidiaries	3	3.547.826.858
<b>Fixed asset investments</b>		<b><u>3.547.826.858</u></b>
<b>Fixed assets</b>		<b><u>3.547.826.858</u></b>
Receivables from group enterprises		73.384.547
<b>Receivables</b>		<b><u>73.384.547</u></b>
<b>Cash at bank and in hand</b>		<b><u>2.680.236</u></b>
<b>Currents assets</b>		<b><u>76.064.783</u></b>
<b>Assets</b>		<b><u>3.623.891.641</u></b>

# Balance Sheet 31 December

## Liabilities and equity

	<u>Note</u>	<u>2020/21</u> DKK
Share capital		401.000
Retained earnings		<u>3.623.448.766</u>
<b>Equity</b>		<b><u>3.623.849.766</u></b>
Trade payables		<u>41.875</u>
<b>Short-term debt</b>		<b><u>41.875</u></b>
<b>Debt</b>		<b><u>41.875</u></b>
<b>Liabilities and equity</b>		<b><u>3.623.891.641</u></b>
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## Statement of Changes in Equity

	<u>Share capital</u> DKK	<u>Retained earnings</u> DKK	<u>Total</u> DKK
Equity at 26 August	400.000	0	400.000
Cash capital increase	1.000	3.658.477.258	3.658.478.258
Net profit/loss for the year	0	-35.028.492	-35.028.492
<b>Equity at 31 December</b>	<b><u>401.000</u></b>	<b><u>3.623.448.766</u></b>	<b><u>3.623.849.766</u></b>

# Notes to the Financial Statements

	2020/21
	26.08.20 - 31.12.21 DKK
<b>1 Financial income</b>	
Interest received from group enterprises	2.935.394
	<b>2.935.394</b>
<b>2 Financial expenses</b>	
Interest paid to group enterprises	180.210
Exchange adjustments, expenses	247.078
	<b>427.288</b>
<b>3 Investments in subsidiaries</b>	
	2020/21
	DKK
Cost at 26 August	0
Additions for the year	3.547.826.858
<b>Carrying amount at 31 December</b>	<b>3.547.826.858</b>

Investments in subsidiaries are specified as follows:

Name	Place of registered office	Share capital	Votes and ownership
Siteimprove A/S	København K	579.486	100%

# Notes to the Financial Statements

## 4 Contingent assets, liabilities and other financial obligations

### Contingent liabilities

The group companies are jointly and severally liable for tax on the jointly taxed incomes etc of the Group. The total amount of corporation tax payable is disclosed in the Annual Report of Siteimprove Holding A/S, which is the management company of the joint taxation purposes. Moreover, the group companies are jointly and severally liable for Danish withholding taxes by way of dividend tax, tax on royalty payments and tax on unearned income. Any subsequent adjustments of corporation taxes and withholding taxes may increase the Company's liability.

## 5 Related parties

### Basis

#### Consolidated Financial Statements

The Company is included in the Group Annual Report of:

<u>Name</u>	<u>Place of registered office</u>
Siteimprove Holding A/S	Sankt Annæ Plads 28, 1250 København K, Denmark

# Notes to the Financial Statements

## 6 Accounting Policies

The Annual Report of SI II A/S for 2020/21 has been prepared in accordance with the provisions of the Danish Financial Statements Act applying to enterprises of reporting class B as well as selected rules applying to reporting class C.

The Financial Statements for 2020/21 are presented in DKK.

### Consolidated financial statements

With reference to section 112 of the Danish Financial Statements Act and to the consolidated financial statements of Siteimprove Holding A/S, the Company has not prepared consolidated financial statements.

### Recognition and measurement

Revenues are recognised in the income statement as earned. Furthermore, value adjustments of financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value or amortised cost are recognised. Moreover, all expenses incurred to achieve the earnings for the year are recognised in the income statement, including depreciation, amortisation, impairment losses and provisions as well as reversals due to changed accounting estimates of amounts that have previously been recognised in the income statement.

Assets are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits attributable to the asset will flow to the Company, and the value of the asset can be measured reliably.

Liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits will flow out of the Company, and the value of the liability can be measured reliably.

Assets and liabilities are initially measured at cost. Subsequently, assets and liabilities are measured as described for each item below.

### Translation policies

Transactions in foreign currencies are translated at the exchange rates at the dates of transaction. Exchange differences arising due to differences between the transaction date rates and the rates at the dates of payment are recognised in financial income and expenses in the income statement. Where foreign exchange transactions are considered hedging of future cash flows, the value adjustments are recognised directly in equity.

Receivables, payables and other monetary items in foreign currencies that have not been settled at the balance sheet date are translated at the exchange rates at the balance sheet date. Any differences between the exchange rates at the balance sheet date and the rates at the time when the receivable or the debt arose are recognised in financial income and expenses in the income statement.

# Notes to the Financial Statements

## 6 Accounting Policies (continued)

Fixed assets acquired in foreign currencies are measured at the transaction date rates.

### Income Statement

#### Other external expenses

Other external expenses comprise administrative cost etc.

#### Gross profit/loss

With reference to section 32 of the Danish Financial Statements Act, gross profit/loss is calculated as a summary of other external expenses.

#### Financial income and expenses

Financial income and expenses are recognised in the income statement at the amounts relating to the financial year.

#### Tax on profit/loss for the year

Tax for the year consists of current tax for the year and changes in deferred tax for the year. The tax attributable to the profit for the year is recognised in the income statement, whereas the tax attributable to equity transactions is recognised directly in equity.

The Company is jointly taxed with wholly owned Danish and foreign subsidiaries. The tax effect of the joint taxation is allocated to enterprises in proportion to their taxable incomes.

### Balance Sheet

#### Investments in subsidiaries

Investments in subsidiaries are measured at cost. Where cost exceeds the recoverable amount, write-down is made to this lower value.

#### Receivables

Receivables are measured in the balance sheet at the lower of amortised cost and net realisable value, which corresponds to nominal value less provisions for bad debts.

#### Deferred tax assets and liabilities

Deferred income tax is measured using the balance sheet liability method in respect of temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts for financial reporting purposes on the basis of the intended use of the asset and settlement of the liability, respectively.



# Notes to the Financial Statements

## 6 Accounting Policies (continued)

Deferred tax assets are measured at the value at which the asset is expected to be realised, either by elimination in tax on future earnings or by set-off against deferred tax liabilities within the same legal tax entity.

Deferred tax is measured on the basis of the tax rules and tax rates that will be effective under the legislation at the balance sheet date when the deferred tax is expected to crystallise as current tax. Any changes in deferred tax due to changes to tax rates are recognised in the income statement or in equity if the deferred tax relates to items recognised in equity.

### **Current tax receivables and liabilities**

Current tax liabilities and receivables are recognised in the balance sheet as the expected taxable income for the year adjusted for tax on taxable incomes for prior years and tax paid on account. Extra payments and repayment under the on-account taxation scheme are recognised in the income statement in financial income and expenses.

### **Financial debts**

Debts are measured at amortised cost, substantially corresponding to nominal value.