Offshore Helicopter Services Denmark A/S

c/o Crossbord Aps, Hobrovej 42D, 3. th, 9000, Aalborg CVR-no. 41 52 62 11

Annual report 2023/24 for the period 1 May 2023 – 30 April 2024

Approved at the annual general meeting of shareholders on 11 November 2024 Chairman

Miguel Angel Carrasco

Offshore Helicopter Services Denmark A/S

Annual Report 2023/24

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Statement by the Board of Directors and the Executive Board

The Board of Directors and the Executive Board have today discussed and approved the annual report of Offshore Helicopter Services Denmark A/S for the financial year 1 May 2023 – 30 April 2024.

The annual report is prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the Company's financial position at 30 April 2024 and the results of the Company's operations for the financial year 1 May 2023 – 30 April 2024.

Further, in our opinion, the Management's review gives a fair review of the matters discussed in the Management's review.

We recommend the adoption of the annual report at the annual general meeting.

Aalborg

Denmark

11 November 2024

Executive Board

Jonathan Hopkinson

Board of Directors:

Miguel Angel Carrasco

Chairman

Jonathan Paul Hopkinson

Zohoglingon

Kevin Andrew Spengler

Independent auditor report on the financial statements

To the shareholders of Offshore Helicopter Services Denmark A/S

Disclaimer of opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Offshore Helicopter Services Denmark A/S for the financial year 1 May 2023 – 30 April 2024, comprising income statement, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity and notes, including accounting policies. The financial statements are prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

We do not express an opinion on the financial statements. Because of the significance of the matter described in the "Basis for disclaimer of opinion" section of our report, we have not been able to obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence to provide a basis for an audit opinion on these financial statements.

Basis for disclaimer of opinion

During the audit of the financial statements for 2022/23 we concluded that the Company's bookkeeping records did not make up a reliable basis for the preparation of the financial statements, and that we therefore were unable to obtain sufficient and appropriate audit evidence to support an opinion on the financial statements. On 4 December 2023, we therefore issued an auditors report on the financial statements for 2022/23 with a Disclaimer of opinion.

We have since then not been able to obtain further audit evidence related to the opening balance at 1 May 2023 and are therefore unable to assess, whether adjustments to the opening balance were necessary and their possible impact on the income statement and statement of changes in equity.

Management's responsibility for the financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act and for such internal control that Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, Management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements unless Management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our responsibility is to conduct an audit of the Company's financial statements in accordance with International Standard on Auditing (ISAs) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark. Because of the significance of the matters described in the "Basis for disclaimer of opinion" section, we have not been able to obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence to provide a basis for an audit opinion on these financial statements.

We are independent of the Company in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' International Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) and the additional ethical requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the IESBA Code.

Statement on the Management's review

As stated in the "Basis for disclaimer of opinion" section, we have not been able to obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence to provide a basis for an audit opinion on these financial statements. Accordingly, we do not make a statement on the Management's review.

Fredericia, 11 November 2024 **KPMG**Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab

CVR no. 25 57 81 98

Michael Lund Siegumfeldt

Midu Sizufaler

State Authorised

Public Accountant

mne28662

Company details

Name Offshore Helicopter Services Denmark A/S

Address Hobrovej 42D, 3th, 9000 Aalborg

 CVR Number
 41 52 62 11

 Established
 17 July 2020

Financial year 1 April 2023 – 30 April 2024

Board of Directors Miguel Angel Carrasco, Chairman

Jonathan Paul Hopkinson Kevin Andrew Spengler

Executive Board Jonathan Hopkinson

Auditors KPMG P/S

Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab Dampfærgevej 28, DK-2100 Copenhagen

Management's review

Financial highlights

DKK '000	2024	2023	2022	2021
Gross profit/ (loss)	(8,769)	51,808	64,836	16,815
Operating profit/ (loss)	(29,297)	3,028	27,398	3,778
Profit/loss from financial income and expenses	(203)	(863)	1,256	(152)
Profit/loss for the year	(29,658)	(1,133)	22,036	2,754
Total assets	56,280	72,408	91,554	86,803
Investments in property, plant and equipment	_	_	490	620
Equity	(5,601)	24,057	25,190	3,154
Average number of full-time employees	19	50	50	29
Current ratio	91 %	144 %	219 %	154 %
Return on equity	(321)%	(5)%	155 %	87 %
Solvency ratio	(10)%	33 %	28 %	4 %

The financial ratios have been calculated as follows:

Current ratio: Current assets/ current liabilities x 100 Return on equity: Profit/loss after tax/ average equity x 100

Solvency ratio: Equity ex non-controlling interests year end/ total equity and liabilities at year end x 100

The Company's business review

Offshore Helicopter Services Denmark A/S is a Danish subsidiary of CHC Group and the principal activities comprise offshore helicopter flights to offshore operations in the Danish part of the North Sea for TotalEnergies EP Denmark A/S.

The Company's fleet of helicopters includes Airbus H175 helicopters. The fleet of helicopters is leased on a short-term basis from a group company.

The Company's main trading contract terminated on 4 May 2023 which left solely adhoc work. After 31 July 2023, the Company had no upcoming revenue.

Financial review

The income statement for 2023/24 shows a loss of DKK (29,658) against a loss of DKK (1,133) in the prior year, and the balance sheet at 30 April 2024 shows equity of DKK (5,601). The increased loss is in line with expectations following the termination of the Company's main trading contract early in the financial year.

Capital resources

The Company is subject to the capital loss provisions in the Danish Private Companies Act.

The CHC Group LLC has confirmed that it will provide the Company with financial support and assist the Company in meeting their liabilities, as and when they fall due.

At 30 April 2024, equity amounted to T.DKK (5,601). The company has lost its equity and the company is therefore covered by the rules in the Danish company act regarding loss of capital. It is expected that the equity can be re-established on own initiative, alternatively by a capital injection.

The financial statements are presented on a going concern basis.

Uncertainty regarding recognition and measurement

There is no uncertainty or unusual conditions in the recognition or measurement of the assets/liabilities disclosed in the balance sheet.

Environmental matters

The Company seeks to minimise adverse impacts to the environment from its activities, whilst continuing to address health, safety and economic issues.

Outlook

Revenue and result from 2024/25 is expected to be 0 (nil).

Income statement

Notes	T. DKK	2023/24	2022/23
			13 months
	Gross (loss)/profit	(8,769)	51,808
3	Staff Costs	(20,528)	(48,780)
	Depreciation of property, plant and equipment	(158)	(2,596)
	(Loss)/ profit before net financials	(29,455)	432
4	Financial Income	23	2,227
5	Financial Expenses	(226)	(3,090)
	Loss before tax	(29,658)	(431)
6	Tax for the year	_	(702)
	Loss for the year	(29,658)	(1,133)

Balance sheet

Notes	T. DKK	2023/24	2022/23
	ASSETS		
8	Fixed Assets		
	Property, plant and equipment	_	_
	Fixtures and fittings, other plant and equipment	_	_
	Leasehold Improvements	_	_
9	INVESTMENTS		
	Deposits	_	2,560
	Contract Assets	_	_
			2,560
	Total Fixed Assets		2,560
			2,300
	Non Fixed Assets		4.644
	Spare parts and consumables		1,611
			1,611
	Receivables		44.007
	Trade Receivables		14,907
	Receivables from group Enterprises	56,268	45,062
	Other Receivables	12	962 678
	Prepayments		
		56,280	61,609
	Cash		6,628
	Total Non Fixed Assets	56,280	69,848
	TOTAL ASSETS	56,280	72,408
	EQUITY AND LIABILITIES		
	Equity		
	Share Capital	400	400
	Retained earnings/accumulated loss	(6,001)	23,657
	Total equity/(deficit)	(5,601)	24,057
	Provisions		
	Deferred Tax		_
	Tax Provisions		
	Non-current liabilities other than provisions		
	Contract Liabilities		
			_

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Current liabilities other than provisions		
Prepayments received from customers	_	_
Trade payables	2,042	15,347
Payables to group enterprises	59,776	29,526
Corporation tax payable	_	_
Other payables	63	3,478
	61,881	48,351
Total liabilities other than provisions	61,881	48,351
TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES	56,280	72,408

Statement of changes in shareholders' equity/deficit

T. DKK	Share capital	Retained earnings	Total
Balance 1 May 2023	400	23,657	24,057
Profit/loss for the year		(29,658)	(29,658)
Balance 30 April 2024	400	(6,001)	(5,601)

The Company's share capital remained DKK 400 thousand since the establishment.

Notes to the financial statements

1. Accounting policies

The annual report has been prepared in accordance with the provisions applying to reporting C mediumsized entities under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

The accounting policies used in the preparation of the financial statements are consistent with those of last year. Due to the acquisition of the Company and to align with the Group, the comparative figures comprise of a 13 month period in the prior year from 1 April 2022 - 30 April 2023 compared to the 12 month period from 01 May 2023 - 30 April 2024 in the current year.

Cashflow statement

The Company has taken advantage of the disclosure exemption in preparing these financial statements as permitted by the Act. This information is included in the consolidated financial statements of EEA Helicopters Operations B.V, the ultimate parent company.

Basis of recognition and measurement

Assets are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the Company and the value of the asset can be reliably measured.

Liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet when an outflow of economic benefits is probable and when the liability can be reliably measured.

On initial recognition, assets and liabilities are measured at cost. Subsequently, assets and liabilities are measured as described below for each individual item.

In recognising and measuring assets and liabilities, any gains, losses and risks occurring prior to the presentation of the annual report that evidence conditions existing at the balance sheet date are taken into account.

Income is recognised in the income statement as earned, including value adjustments of financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value or amortised cost. Equally, costs incurred to generate the year's earnings are recognised, including depreciation, amortisation, impairment losses and provisions as well as reversals as a result of changes in accounting estimates of amounts which were previously recognised in the income statement.

Reporting currency

The financial statements are presented in Danish kroner (DKK'000).

Foreign currency translation

On initial recognition, transactions denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the exchange rate at the transaction date. Foreign exchange differences arising between the exchange rates at the transaction date and the date of payment are recognised in the income statement as financial income or financial expenses.

Receivables and payables and other monetary items denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the exchange rate at the balance sheet date. The difference between the exchange rates at the balance sheet date and the date at which the receivable or payable arose or was recognised in the most recent financial statements is recognised in the income statement as financial income or financial expenses.

Income statement

Revenue

The Company has chosen IFRS 15 as interpretation of the Danish Financial Statements Act for revenue recognition.

Revenue from the sale of services is recognised in the income statement provided that the service relates to the period before the end of the year and that the income can be reliably measured and is expected to be received.

Revenue is measured at the fair value of the agreed consideration excluding VAT and taxes charged on behalf of third parties. All discounts and rebates granted are recognised in revenue.

Gross profit

The items revenue, cost of sales, change in inventories of finished goods and work in progress, work performed for own account and capitalised and external expenses have been aggregated into one item in the income statement called gross profit in accordance with section 32 of the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Cost of sales

Cost of sales includes the cost of goods used in generating the year's revenue.

Other external expenses

Other external expenses include the year's expenses relating to the Company's core activities, including expenses relating to distribution, sale, advertising, administration, premises, bad debts, payments under operating leases, etc.

Staff costs

Staff costs include wages and salaries, including compensated absence and pension to the Company's employees, as well as other social security contributions, etc. The item is net of refunds from public authorities.

Depreciation

The item comprises depreciation of property, plant and equipment.

The basis of depreciation, which is calculated as cost less any residual value, is depreciated on a straight line basis over the expected useful life. The expected useful lives of the assets are as follows:

Fixtures and fittings, other plant and equipment 5 years Leasehold improvements 5 years

Financial income and expenses

Financial income and expenses are recognised in the income statements at the amounts that concern the financial year. Net financials include interest income and expenses as well as allowances and surcharges under the advance-payment-of-tax scheme, etc.

Tax

Tax for the year includes current tax on the year's expected taxable income and the year's deferred tax adjustments. The portion of the tax for the year that relates to the profit/loss for the year is recognised in the income statement, whereas the portion that relates to transactions taken to equity is recognised in equity.

Balance sheet

Property, plant and equipment

Items of property, plant and equipment are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Cost includes the acquisition price and costs directly related to the acquisition until the time at which the asset is ready for use.

Gains or losses are calculated as the difference between the selling price less selling costs and the carrying amount at the date of disposal. Gains and losses from the disposal of property, plant and equipment are recognised in the income statement as other operating income or other operating expenses.

Investments

Investments comprises rent deposits measured at cost.

Contract assets comprises mobilisation costs incurred to fulfil a contract and is recognised in accordance with IFRS 15. Mobilisation costs incurred in order to fulfil a contract includes payroll costs and certain direct start-up costs in order to mobilize a helicopter base and operations, if these costs are expected to be recovered. Contract assets are amortised over the term of the contract.

Impairment of fixed assets

The carrying amount of property, plant and equipment and investments is assessed for impairment on an annual basis.

Impairment tests are conducted on assets or groups of assets when there is evidence of impairment. The carrying amount of impaired assets is reduced to the higher of the net selling price and the value in use (recoverable amount).

The recoverable amount is the higher of the net selling price of an asset and its value in use. The value in use is calculated as the present value of the expected net cash flows from the use of the asset or the group of assets and the expected net cash flows from the disposal of the asset or the group of assets after the end of the useful life.

Previously recognised impairment losses are reversed when the reason for recognition no longer exists. Impairment losses on goodwill are not reversed.

Inventories

Inventories comprise spare parts and consumables. Inventories are measured at cost in accordance with the FIFO method. Where the net realisable value is lower than cost, inventories are written down to this lower value. The net realisable value of inventories is calculated as the sales amount less costs of completion and expenses required to effect the sale and is determined taking into account marketability, obsolescence and development in the expected selling price.

The cost of spare parts and consumables comprises the cost of acquisition plus delivery costs.

Receivables

Receivables are measured at amortised cost.

An impairment loss is recognised if there is objective evidence that a receivable or a group of receivables is impaired. If there is objective evidence that an individual receivable has been impaired, an impairment loss is recognised on an individual basis.

Receivables in respect of which there is no objective evidence of individual impairment are tested for objective evidence of impairment on a portfolio basis. The portfolios are primarily based on the debtors' domicile and credit ratings in line with the Company's risk management policy. The objective evidence applied to portfolios is determined based on historical loss experience.

Impairment losses are calculated as the difference between the carrying amount of the receivables and the present value of the expected cash flows, including the realisable value of any collateral received. The effective interest rate for the individual receivable or portfolio is used as discount rate.

Prepayments

Prepayments recognised under "Assets" comprise prepaid expenses regarding subsequent financial reporting years.

Cash

Cash comprise cash and short term securities which are readily convertible into cash and subject only to minor risks of changes in value.

Given the nature of the Group's cash pool arrangement, cash pool balances are not considered cash, but are recognised under "Receivables from group entities".

Income taxes

Current tax payables and receivables are recognised in the balance sheet as the estimated income tax charge for the year, adjusted for prior-year taxes and tax paid on account.

Deferred tax is measured according to the liability method on all temporary differences between the carrying amount and the tax base of assets and liabilities. However, deferred tax is not recognised on temporary differences relating to goodwill which is not deductible for tax purposes and on office premises and other items where temporary differences, apart from business combinations, arise at the date of acquisition without affecting either profit/loss for the year or taxable income. Where alternative tax rules can be applied to determine the tax base, deferred tax is measured based on Management's intended use of the asset or settlement of the liability, respectively.

Deferred tax is measured according to the tax rules and at the tax rates applicable at the balance sheet date when the deferred tax is expected to crystallise as current tax. Deferred tax assets are recognised at the expected value of their utilisation; either as a set-off against tax on future income or as a set-off against deferred tax liabilities in the same legal tax entity. Changes in deferred tax due to changes in the tax rate are recognised in the income statement.

Liabilities

Financial liabilities are recognised at the date of borrowing at the net proceeds received less transaction costs paid. On subsequent recognition, financial liabilities are measured at amortised cost, corresponding to the capitalised value, using the effective interest rate. Accordingly, the difference between the proceeds and the nominal value is recognised in the income statement over the term of the loan. Financial liabilities also include the capitalised residual lease liability in respect of finance leases.

Other liabilities are measured at net realisable value.

Prepayments received from customers

Prepayments received from customers comprise prepaid revenue regarding subsequent financial reporting years. Prepayments received from customers has been recognised under "Contract liabilities".

Financial statements 1 May 2023 - 30 April 2024

Notes to the financial Statements

2. Capital resources

The Company is subject to the capital loss provisions in the Danish Private Companies Act.

The CHC Group LLC has confirmed that it will provide the Company with financial support and assist the Company in meeting their liabilities, as and when they fall due.

At 30 April 2024, equity amounted to T.DKK (5,601). The company has lost its equity and the company is therefore covered by the rules in the Danish company act regarding loss of capital. It is expected that the equity can be re-established on own initiative, alternatively by a capital injection.

The financial statements are presented on a going concern basis.

3. Staff costs

DKK '000	2023/24	2022/23
Wages/Salaries	19,621	42,202
Pension	2,582	5,981
Other social security costs	(1,675)	597
	20,528	48,780
Average number of full time employees	16	50

There were no employees remaining at the company after 30 October 2023.

No remuneration has been paid to the Executive Board and Board of Directors in 2023/24 and 2022/23.

4. Financial income

DKK '000	2023/24	2022/23
Finance Income, group entities	23	2,227
Other financial expenses	<u> </u>	
	23	2,227

5. Financial expenses			
DKK '000		2023/24	2022/23
	_	_	
Financial Expenses, group enterprises		_	_
Other financial expenses	_	227	3,090
	=	227	3,090
6. Tax for the year			
DKK '000		2023/24	2022/23
DIK 000	-	2023/24	
Estimated tax charge for the year		_	846
Deferred tax adjustments in the year		_	(144)
	-	_	702
	=		
7. Proposed distribution of loss			
DKK '000	_	2023/24	2022/23
Retained earnings	=	(29,658)	(1,133)
	=	(29,658)	(1,133)
8. Property, plant and equipment			
DKK '000			
	Fixtures and		
	fittings, other plant and	Leasehold	
	equipment	improvements	Total
C I I. 4 May 2022			
Cost at 1 May 2023		_	
Cost at 30 April 2024			
Carrying amount at 20 April 2024			
Carrying amount at 30 April 2024			

9. Investments DKK '000

	Deposits	Contract assets	Total
Cost at 1 May 2023	2,560	_	2,560
Additions	_	_	_
Deposits Returned	(2,560)	_	(2,560)
Cost at 30 April 2024	_	_	_
Carrying amount at 30 April 2024	_	_	

Contract assets comprised of mobilisation costs that are amortised on a straight-line basis over the term of the contract. Total contract asset costs have been taken to the P & L in FY23.

10. Non-current liabilities other than provisions

Non-current liabilities other than provisions comprises of contract liabilities. Contract liabilities are recognised as income over the contract period of 1-5 years.

11. Contractual obligations and contingencies, etc

Other financial obligations

The company ended the lease obligations with Esbjerg Airport on the 31st of August 2023.

12. Collateral

The Company has not provided any security or other collateral in assets at 30 April 24.

13. Related Parties

Offshore Helicopter Services Denmark A/S's related party comprise of the following:

Parties exercising control

Related party	Domicile	Basis for control
CHC Denmark ApS	Aalborg, Denmark	100% ownership

During the year, the Company entered into transactions, in the ordinary course of business with other related parties. Transactions entered into, and trading balances outstanding at 30 April 2024, are as follows:

Related party	Sales to related party DKK '000	Purchases from related party DKK '000	Amounts owed by related party DKK '000	Amounts owed to related party DKK '000
Heli-One (Norway) AS				
2024	6,639	8,216	6,538	1,590
Heli-One Canada ULC				
2024	_	1,111		6,150
CHC Helicopters Netherlands B.V				
2024	1,643	1,987	1,643	345
CHC Scotia Limited				
2024	_	337	_	843
EEA Helicopters Operations B.V				
2024	_			371
Offshore Services Australasia Pty Ltd				
2024	_		47,893	_
CHC Leasing S.a.r.l				
2024	_	3,760		11,994
CHC Cayman Investments I Ltd				
2024	_		194	29,089
Heli-One Canada ULC				
2024		406		3,114
CHC Helicopter Support (US) Inc				
2024	_	588		5,445
Other				
2024	_	167		835

14. Uncertainty regarding recognition and measurement

There is no uncertainty or unusual conditions in the recognition or measurement of the assets/ liabilities disclosed in the balance sheet.

15. Events after the balance sheet date

There have been no substantial events of note since the close of financial year 2023/24.