# **Deloitte.**



# MG Parc Fredericia 9 ApS

Hovedvagtsgade 6, 4. th 1103 København K CVR No. 41518243

# **Annual report 2023**

The Annual General Meeting adopted the annual report on 17.06.2024

# Ignace De Paepe

Chairman of the General Meeting

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# **Entity details**

# **Entity**

MG Parc Fredericia 9 ApS Hovedvagtsgade 6, 4. th 1103 København K

Business Registration No.: 41518243

Registered office: København

Financial year: 01.01.2023 - 31.12.2023

# **Executive Board**

Lars Ulrik Bruun Ignace De Paepe

# **Auditors**

Deloitte Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab Weidekampsgade 6 2300 Copenhagen S

# **Statement by Management**

The Executive Board has today considered and approved the annual report of MG Parc Fredericia 9 ApS for the financial year 01.01.2023 - 31.12.2023.

The annual report is presented in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the Entity's financial position at 31.12.2023 and of the results of its operations for the financial year 01.01.2023 - 31.12.2023.

We believe that the management commentary contains a fair review of the affairs and conditions referred to therein.

We recommend the annual report for adoption at the Annual General Meeting.

Copenhagen, 17.06.2024

**Executive Board** 

Lars Ulrik Bruun

Ignace De Paepe

# Independent auditor's report

## To the shareholders of MG Parc Fredericia 9 ApS

## **Opinion**

We have audited the financial statements of MG Parc Fredericia 9 ApS for the financial year 01.01.2023 - 31.12.2023, which comprise the income statement, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity and notes, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial statements are prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the Entity's financial position at 31.12.2023 and of the results of its operations for the financial year 01.01.2023 - 31.12.2023 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

# **Basis for opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) and additional requirements applicable in Denmark. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the "Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements" section of this auditor's report. We are independent of the Entity in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' International Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) and the additional ethical requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the IESBA Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

## Management's responsibilities for the financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act, and for such internal control as Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, Management is responsible for assessing the Entity's ability to continue as a going concern, for disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern, and for using the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements unless Management either intends to liquidate the Entity or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

# Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to
  fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence
  that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a
  material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may
  involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Entity's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by Management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of Management's use of the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements, and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Entity's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Entity to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures in the notes, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that gives a true and fair view.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

# Statement on the management commentary

Management is responsible for the management commentary.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the management commentary, and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the management commentary and, in doing so, consider whether the management commentary is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

Moreover, it is our responsibility to consider whether the management commentary provides the information required under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Based on the work we have performed, we conclude that the management commentary is in accordance with the financial statements and has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Danish Financial Statements Act. We did not identify any material misstatement of the management commentary.

Copenhagen, 17.06.2024

# Deloitte

Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab CVR No. 33963556

# Jan Larsen

State Authorised Public Accountant Identification No (MNE) mne16541

# **Management commentary**

# **Primary activities**

The Entity's primary activity is construction of property and related business.

# **Development in activities and finances**

The result for the year was a loss of 1,069,024 DKK. The performance for the year is considered satisfactory.

# **Events after the balance sheet date**

No events have occurred after the balance sheet date to this date, which would influence the evaluation of this annual report.

# **Income statement for 2023**

		2023	2022
	Notes	DKK	DKK
Gross profit/loss		(145,559)	(73,677)
Other financial income	1	0	1,441
Other financial expenses	2	(1,224,674)	(212,764)
Profit/loss before tax		(1,370,233)	(285,000)
Tax on profit/loss for the year	3	301,209	62,000
Profit/loss for the year		(1,069,024)	(223,000)
Proposed distribution of profit and loss			
Retained earnings		(1,069,024)	(223,000)
Proposed distribution of profit and loss		(1,069,024)	(223,000)

# **Balance sheet at 31.12.2023**

# **Assets**

		2023	2022
	Notes	DKK	DKK
Property, plant and equipment in progress		38,834,372	4,936,290
Property, plant and equipment	4	38,834,372	4,936,290
Fixed assets		38,834,372	4,936,290
Receivables from group enterprises		102,123	47,783
Deferred tax		311,000	62,000
Other receivables		17,948	0
Prepayments		0	22,263
Receivables		431,071	132,046
Cash		5,033,269	2,032,512
Current assets		5,464,340	2,164,558
Assets		44,298,712	7,100,848

# **Equity and liabilities**

		2023	2022
	Notes	DKK	DKK
Contributed capital		50,000	50,000
Retained earnings		(1,006,328)	62,696
Equity		(956,328)	112,696
Deposits		1,330,931	0
Payables to group enterprises		43,904,109	6,975,301
Other payables		20,000	12,851
Current liabilities other than provisions		45,255,040	6,988,152
Liabilities other than provisions		45,255,040	6,988,152
Equity and liabilities		44,298,712	7,100,848
Employees	5		
Contingent liabilities	6		

# **Statement of changes in equity for 2023**

	Contributed capital DKK	Retained earnings DKK	Total DKK
Equity beginning of year	50,000	62,696	112,696
Profit/loss for the year	0	(1,069,024)	(1,069,024)
Equity end of year	50,000	(1,006,328)	(956,328)

# **Notes**

# 1 Other financial income

	2023	2022
	DKK	DKK
Financial income from group enterprises	0	1,441
	0	1,441
2 Other financial expenses		
	2023	2022
	DKK	DKK
Financial expenses from group enterprises	1,165,014	204,251
Other interest expenses	513	4,046
Exchange rate adjustments	55,611	1,563
Other financial expenses	3,536	2,904
	1,224,674	212,764
3 Tax on profit/loss for the year		
	2023	2022
	DKK	DKK
Change in deferred tax	(249,000)	(62,000)
Refund in joint taxation arrangement	(52,209)	0
	(301,209)	(62,000)
4 Property, plant and equipment		
		Property,
		plant and
	e	quipment in
		progress DKK
Cost beginning of year		4,936,290
Additions		33,898,082
Cost end of year		38,834,372
Carrying amount end of year		38,834,372

### 5 Employees

The Entity has no employees other than the Executive Board. The Executive Officer has not received any remuneration.

# **6 Contingent liabilities**

The Entity participates in a Danish joint taxation arrangement where MG Projekter ApS serves as the administration company. According to the joint taxation provisions of the Danish Corporation Tax Act, the Entity is therefore liable for income taxes etc for the jointly taxed entities. The jointly taxed entities' total known net liability under the joint taxation arrangement is disclosed in the administration company's financial statements.

# **Accounting policies**

# **Reporting class**

This annual report has been presented in accordance with the provisions of the Danish Financial Statements Act governing reporting class B enterprises with addition of a few provisions for reporting class C.

The accounting policies applied to these financial statements are consistent with those applied last year.

## **Recognition and measurement**

Assets are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable as a result of a prior event that future economic benefits will flow to the Entity, and the value of the asset can be measured reliably.

Liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet when the Entity has a legal or constructive obligation as a result of a prior event, and it is probable that future economic benefits will flow out of the Entity, and the value of the liability can be measured reliably.

On initial recognition, assets and liabilities are measured at cost. Measurement subsequent to initial recognition is effected as described below for each financial statement item.

Anticipated risks and losses that arise before the time of presentation of the annual report and that confirm or invalidate affairs and conditions existing at the balance sheet date are considered at recognition and measurement.

Income is recognised in the income statement when earned, whereas costs are recognised by the amounts attributable to this financial year.

# **Income statement**

## Gross profit or loss

Gross profit or loss comprises external expenses.

# Other external expenses

Other external expenses include expenses relating to the Entity's ordinary activities, including expenses for administrative etc.

## **Property costs**

Property costs include costs incurred to operate the Entity's properties in the financial year, including repair and maintenance costs, property tax and electricity, water and heating, which are not charged directly from the lessee.

### Other financial income

Other financial income comprises interest income, including interest income on receivables from group enterprises, net capital or exchange gains on securities, payables and transactions in foreign currencies, amortisation of financial assets, and tax relief under the Danish Tax Prepayment Scheme etc.

# Other financial expenses

Other financial expenses comprise interest expenses, including interest expenses on payables to group

enterprises, net capital or exchange losses on securities, payables and transactions in foreign currencies, amortisation of financial liabilities, and tax surcharge under the Danish Tax Prepayment Scheme etc.

# Tax on profit/loss for the year

Tax for the year, which consists of current tax for the year and changes in deferred tax, is recognised in the income statement by the portion attributable to the profit for the year and recognised directly in equity by the portion attributable to entries directly in equity.

The Entity is jointly taxed with all Danish group enterprises. The current Danish income tax is allocated among the jointly taxed entities proportionally to their taxable income (full allocation with a refund concerning tax losses).

### **Balance sheet**

## Property, plant and equipment

Land and buildings are measured at cost. Land is not depreciated.

Cost comprises the acquisition price, costs directly attributable to the acquisition and preparation costs of the asset until the time when it is ready to be put into operation.

Estimated useful lives and residual values are reassessed annually.

Items of property, plant and equipment are written down to the lower of recoverable amount and carrying amount.

# **Receivables**

Receivables are measured at amortised cost, usually equalling nominal value less writedowns for bad and doubtful debts.

# **Deferred** tax

Deferred tax is recognised on all temporary differences between the carrying amount and the tax-based value of assets and liabilities, for which the tax-based value is calculated based on the planned use of each asset.

Deferred tax assets, including the tax base of tax loss carryforwards, are recognised in the balance sheet at their estimated realisable value, either as a set-off against deferred tax liabilities or as net tax assets.

## **Prepayments**

Prepayments comprise incurred costs relating to subsequent financial years. Prepayments are measured at cost.

## Cash

Cash comprises bank deposits.

# Other financial liabilities

Other financial liabilities are measured at amortised cost, which usually corresponds to nominal value.