

# Think Green ApS

Hovedvejen 56A, 2600 Glostrup

Company reg. no. 41 48 04 59

## Annual report

**1 July - 31 December 2020**

The annual report was submitted and approved by the general meeting on the 14 July 2021.

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Reinhold Beerling  
Chairman of the meeting

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Notes:

- To ensure the greatest possible applicability of this document, IAS/IFRS English terminology has been used.
- Please note that decimal points have not been used in the usual English way. This means that for instance DKK 146.940 means the amount of DKK 146,940, and that 23,5 % means 23.5 %.

## **Management's report**

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Today, the managing director has presented the annual report of Think Green ApS for the financial year 1 July - 31 December 2020.

The annual report has been presented in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

I consider the accounting policies appropriate and, in my opinion, the financial statements provide a fair presentation of the company's assets, equity and liabilities, and financial position at 31 December 2020 and of the company's results of activities in the financial year 1 July – 31 December 2020.

I am of the opinion that the management commentary presents a fair account of the issues dealt with.

We recommend that the annual report be approved by the general meeting.

Glostrup, 14 July 2021

**Managing Director**

Reinhold Beerling

## Independent auditor's report

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### To the shareholders of Think Green ApS

#### Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Think Green ApS for the financial year 1 July - 31 December 2020, which comprise accounting policies, income statement, statement of financial position, statement of changes in equity and notes. The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements present a fair view of the company's assets, equity and liabilities, and financial position at 31 December 2020 and of the results of the company's activities for the financial year 1 July - 31 December 2020 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

#### Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with international standards on auditing and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the section "Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements". We are independent of the company in accordance with international ethical requirements for auditors (IESBA's Code of Ethics), and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

#### Responsibilities of management and those charged with governance for the financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of financial statements that provide a fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act. Management is also responsible for such internal control as the management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

#### Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements, as a whole, are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report including an opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with international standards on auditing, and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

## **Independent auditor's report**

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As part of an audit conducted in accordance with international standards on auditing, and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of the internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's preparation of the financial statements using the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists arising from events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure, and contents of the financial statements, including disclosures in notes, and whether the financial statements reflect the underlying transactions and events in a manner that presents a fair view.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in the internal control that we identify during our audit.

### **Statement on the management commentary**

Management is responsible for the management commentary.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the management commentary, and we express no assurance opinion thereon.

## **Independent auditor's report**

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In connection with our audit of the financial statements, it is our responsibility to read the management commentary and to consider whether the management commentary is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or the evidence obtained during the audit, or whether it otherwise appears to contain material misstatement.

Furthermore, it is our responsibility to consider whether the management commentary provides the information required under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Based on the work we have performed, we believe that management commentary is consistent with the financial statements and that it has been prepared in accordance with the provisions of the Danish Financial Statement Act. We did not discover any material misstatement in the management commentary.

Glostrup, 14 July 2021

### **PKF Munkebo Vindelev**

State Authorised Public Accountants  
Company reg. no. 14 11 92 99

Kasper Vindelev  
State Authorised Public Accountant  
mne29389

## Company information

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<b>The company</b>	Think Green ApS Hovedvejen 56A 2600 Glostrup
	Company reg. no. 41 48 04 59 Established: 1 July 2020 Financial year: 1 July - 31 December
<b>Managing Director</b>	Reinhold Beerling
<b>Auditors</b>	PKF Munkebo Vindelev, Statsautoriseret Revisionsaktieselskab Hovedvejen 56 2600 Glostrup
<b>Parent company</b>	Think Sunny ApS
<b>Associated enterprise</b>	Green-2-Market Holding ApS, Glostrup

## Management commentary

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### **The principal activities of the company**

The entity's primary activity is investment in other entities.

### **Development in activities and financial matters**

Loss from ordinary activities after tax totals DKK -30.000. Management considers the net loss for the year satisfactory.

The company has lost more than half of the equity. The management anticipates that the equity can be restored through future earnings.

### **Events occurring after the end of the financial year**

No events materially affecting the Company's financial position have occurred subsequent to the financial year.



## Accounting policies

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The annual report for Think Green ApS has been presented in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act regulations concerning reporting class B enterprises. Furthermore, the company has decided to comply with certain rules applying to reporting class C enterprises.

The annual report is presented in DKK. The annual report comprises the first financial year and hence comparative figures are not available.

### **Recognition and measurement in general**

Income is recognised in the income statement concurrently with its realisation, including the recognition of value adjustments of financial assets and liabilities. Likewise, all costs are recognised in the income statement, including depreciations amortisations, writedowns for impairment, provisions, and reversals due to changes in estimated amounts previously recognised in the income statement.

Assets are recognised in the statement of financial position when it seems probable that future economic benefits will flow to the company and the value of the asset can be reliably measured.

Liabilities are recognised in the statement of financial position when it is seems probable that future economic benefits will flow out of the company and the value of the liability can be reliably measured.

Assets and liabilities are measured at cost at the initial recognition. Hereafter, assets and liabilities are measured as described below for each individual accounting item.

Upon recognition and measurement, allowances are made for such predictable losses and risks which may arise prior to the presentation of the annual report and concern matters that exist on the reporting date.

## Income statement

### **Gross loss**

Gross loss comprises other external costs.

Other external costs comprise costs incurred for administration.

### **Financial income and expenses**

Financial income and expenses are recognised in the income statement with the amounts concerning the financial year. Financial income and expenses comprise interest income and expenses.

### **Results from equity investment in associate**

Dividend from equity investment in associate is recognised in the financial year in which the dividend is declared.

## Accounting policies

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### **Tax on net profit or loss for the year**

Tax for the year comprises the current income tax for the year and changes in deferred tax and is recognised in the income statement with the share attributable to the net profit or loss for the year and directly in equity with the share attributable to entries directly in equity.

The company is subject to Danish rules on compulsory joint taxation of Danish group enterprises.

The current Danish income tax is allocated among the jointly taxed companies proportional to their respective taxable income (full allocation with reimbursement of tax losses).

## Statement of financial position

### **Investments**

#### **Equity investment in associate**

Equity investment in associate is measured at cost. If the recoverable amount is lower than the cost, writedown for impairment is done to match this lower value.

### **Receivables**

Receivables are measured at amortised cost, which usually corresponds to nominal value.

In order to meet expected losses, impairment takes place at the net realisable value. The company has chosen to use IAS 39 as a basis for interpretation when recognising impairment of financial assets, which means that impairments must be made to offset losses where an objective indication is deemed to have occurred that an account receivable or a portfolio of accounts receivable is impaired. If an objective indication shows that an individual account receivable has been impaired, an impairment takes place at individual level.

### **Liabilities other than provisions**

Other liabilities concerning other payables and are measured at amortised cost which usually corresponds to the nominal value.

## Income statement

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All amounts in DKK.

<u>Note</u>	1/7 2020 - 31/12 2020
<b>Gross loss</b>	<b>-29.420</b>
Other financial costs	-393
<b>Pre-tax net loss</b>	<b>-29.813</b>
Tax on net profit or loss for the year	0
<b>Net loss for the year</b>	<b>-29.813</b>
 <b>Proposed appropriation of net profit:</b>	
Allocated from retained earnings	-29.813
<b>Total allocations and transfers</b>	<b>-29.813</b>

## Statement of financial position

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All amounts in DKK.

<u>Note</u>	<u>31/12 2020</u>
<b>Assets</b>	
<b>Non-current assets</b>	
1 Equity investments in associate	19.600
Total investments	<u>19.600</u>
<b>Total non-current assets</b>	<b><u>19.600</u></b>
<b>Current assets</b>	
Other receivables	23.080
Total receivables	<u>23.080</u>
<b>Total current assets</b>	<b><u>23.080</u></b>
<b>Total assets</b>	<b><u>42.680</u></b>

## Statement of financial position

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All amounts in DKK.

<u>Note</u>	<u>31/12 2020</u>
<b>Equity and liabilities</b>	
<b>Equity</b>	
Contributed capital	40.000
Retained earnings	-29.813
<b>Total equity</b>	<b><u>10.187</u></b>
<b>Liabilities other than provisions</b>	
Payables to group enterprises	<u>19.993</u>
Total long term liabilities other than provisions	<u>19.993</u>
Other payables	<u>12.500</u>
Total short term liabilities other than provisions	<u>12.500</u>
<b>Total liabilities other than provisions</b>	<b><u>32.493</u></b>
<b>Total equity and liabilities</b>	<b><u>42.680</u></b>
<b>2 Contingencies</b>	
<b>3 Related parties</b>	

## Statement of changes in equity

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All amounts in DKK.

	<b>Contributed capital</b>	<b>Retained earnings</b>	<b>Total</b>
Equity 1 July 2020	40.000	0	40.000
Retained earnings for the year	0	-29.813	-29.813
	<b>40.000</b>	<b>-29.813</b>	<b>10.187</b>

## Notes

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All amounts in DKK.

	31/12 2020
<b>1. Equity investments in associate</b>	
Additions during the year	19.600
<b>Cost 31 December 2020</b>	<b>19.600</b>
<b>Carrying amount, 31 December 2020</b>	<b>19.600</b>

### Financial highlights for the enterprise according to the latest approved annual report

	Equity interest	Equity	Results for the year	Carrying amount, Think Green ApS
Green-2-Market Holding ApS, Glostrup	49 %	16.470	-23.530	19.600

## 2. Contingencies

### Contingent assets

The company has a deferred tax asset of 7 TDKK regarding losses brought forward. The tax asset has not been recognised in the balance sheet as it is uncertain when the loss can be utilized in the future earnings.

### Joint taxation

With Think Sunny ApS, company reg. no 38 29 02 66 as administration company, the company is subject to the Danish scheme of joint taxation and is proportionally liable for tax claims within the joint taxation scheme.

The jointly taxed enterprises' total known net liability to the Danish tax authorities emerges from the financial statements of the administration company.

## 3. Related parties

### Consolidated financial statements

None of the company's parent companies present consolidated financial statements.