



intertrust
GROUP

IDCV TS FT3 K/S

**c/o DLA Piper Denmark, Rådhuspladsen 4, DK-
1550 Copenhagen**

CVR no. 41 38 02 25

Annual report for 2020

Adopted at the annual general meeting
on 31 March 2021

Niels Ankerstjerne Sloth
chairman

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Statement by management on the annual report

The executive board has today discussed and approved the annual report of IDCV TS FT3 K/S for the financial year 15 May - 31 December 2020.

The annual report is prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the company's financial position at 31 December 2020 and of the results of the company's operations for the financial year 15 May - 31 December 2020.

In our opinion, management's review includes a fair review of the matters dealt with in the management's review.

Management recommends that the annual report should be approved by the company in general meeting.

Copenhagen, 31 March 2021

On behalf of the General Partner: IDC RP 2019 ApS

Michael Skovbo Bühlmann

Richard Aitkenhead Castillo

Roberto Aitkenhead

Niels Ankerstjerne Sloth

Independent auditor's report

To the shareholder of IDCV TS FT3 K/S

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the company's financial position at 31 December 2020 and of the results of the company's operations for the financial year 15 May - 31 December 2020 in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

We have audited the financial statements of IDCV FUEL GLOBAL FTG K/S for the financial year 15 May - 31 December 2020, which comprise income statement, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity and notes, including a summary of significant accounting policies ("financial statements").

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark. Our responsibilities under those standards and requirements are further described in the "Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements" section of our report. We are independent of the company in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Statement on management's review

Management is responsible for management's review.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover management's review, and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read management's review and, in doing so, consider whether management's review is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained during the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

Moreover, it is our responsibility to consider whether management's review provides the information required under the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Based on the work we have performed, we conclude that management's review is in accordance with the financial statements and has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Danish Financial Statements Act. We did not identify any material misstatement of management's review.

Independent auditor's report

Management's responsibilities for the financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of financial statements, that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of the financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements unless management either intends to liquidate the company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs and the additional requirements applicable in Denmark, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.

Independent auditor's report

- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and contents of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that gives a true and fair view.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Hellerup, 31 March 2021

PricewaterhouseCoopers
Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab
CVR no. 33 77 12 31

Niels Henrik B. Mikkelsen
State Authorised Public Accountant
MNE no. mne16675

Company details

The company

IDCV TS FT3 K/S
c/o DLA Piper Denmark
Rådhuspladsen 4
DK-1550 Copenhagen

CVR no.: 41 38 02 25

Reporting period: 15 May - 31 December 2020

Domicile: Copenhagen

On behalf of the General Partner: IDC RP 2019 ApS

Michael Skovbo Bühlmann
Richard Aitkenhead Castillo
Roberto Aitkenhead
Niels Ankerstjerne Sloth

Auditors

PricewaterhouseCoopers
Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab
Strandvejen 44
DK-2900 Hellerup

Management's review

Business review

The object of the limited partnership is to generate income and capital appreciation by making investments in unlisted shares.

Unusual matters

The company's financial position at 31 December 2020 and the results of its operations for the financial year ended 31 December 2020 are not affected by any unusual matters.

Financial review

The company's income statement for the year ended 31 December 2020 shows a loss of TUSD 4, and the balance sheet at 31 December 2020 shows equity of TUSD 996.

Significant events occurring after the end of the financial year

No events have occurred after the balance sheet date which could significantly affect the company's financial position.

Income statement 15 May - 31 December

	<u>Note</u>	<u>2020</u> TUSD
Gross profit		-4
Profit/loss for the year		-4
Distribution of profit		
Retained earnings		-4
		-4

Balance sheet 31 December

	<u>Note</u>	<u>2020</u> TUSD
Assets		
Other fixed asset investments		<u>1.000</u>
Fixed asset investments		<u>1.000</u>
Total non-current assets		<u>1.000</u>
Total assets		<u><u>1.000</u></u>

Balance sheet 31 December

	<u>Note</u>	<u>2020</u> TUSD
Equity and liabilities		
Contributed capital		1.000
Retained earnings		-4
		<u> </u>
Equity	2	<u>996</u>
Trade payables		<u>4</u>
Total current liabilities		<u>4</u>
		<u> </u>
Total liabilities		<u>4</u>
		<u> </u>
Total equity and liabilities		<u><u>1.000</u></u>
Staff expenses	1	

Statement of changes in equity

	Contributed capital	Retained earnings	Total
Equity at 15 May 2020	0	0	0
Cash capital increase	1.000	0	1.000
Net profit/loss for the year	0	-4	-4
Equity at 31 December 2020	1.000	-4	996

Notes

	<u>2020</u>
1 Staff expenses	
Average number of employees	<u>0</u>

2 Equity

Limited Partners' and General Partners' total committed capital is TUSD 1.000 of which TUSD 0 is not yet called at 31 December 2020.

Accounting policies

The annual report of IDCV TS FT3 K/S for 2020 has been prepared in accordance with the provisions of the Danish Financial Statements Act applying to enterprises of reporting class B, as well as provisions applying to reporting class C entities.

The annual report for 2020 is presented in USD.

Currency exchange rate (USD/DKK):
31/12/2020: 605,76

As 2020 is the company's first reporting period, no comparatives have been presented.

Basis of recognition and measurement

Income is recognised in the income statement as earned, including value adjustments of financial assets and liabilities. All expenses, including amortisation, depreciation and impairment losses, are also recognised in the income statement.

Assets are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the company and the value of the asset can be measured reliably.

Liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits will flow from the company and the value of the liability can be measured reliably.

On initial recognition, assets and liabilities are measured at cost. On subsequent recognition, assets and liabilities are measured as described below for each individual accounting item.

Certain financial assets and liabilities are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Amortised cost is calculated as the historic cost less any installments and plus/less the accumulated amortisation of the difference between the cost and the nominal amount.

On recognition and measurement, allowance is made for predictable losses and risks which occur before the annual report is presented and which confirm or invalidate matters existing at the balance sheet date.

Income statement

Gross profit

In pursuance of section 32 of the Danish Financial Statements Act, the company does not disclose its revenue.

Gross profit reflects an aggregation of revenue and other operating income less costs of other external expenses.

Accounting policies

Other external expenses

Other external expenses include expenses related to administration as well as expenses relating to the company's ordinary activities.

Management fee comprises of management fee for the period calculated according to the Limited Partnership Agreement.

Value adjustment of investments

The value adjustment of investments in portfolio companies comprises value adjustments realized from sale and value adjustments unrealized from any revaluation or impairment of investments in portfolio companies at fair value.

Tax on profit/loss for the year

The company is not independently liable to tax and consequently tax has not been recognized.

Balance sheet

Other securities and investments, fixed assets

Investments in portfolio companies are measured according to the guidelines of the "International Private Equity and Venture Capital" (IPEV) "Valuation Guidelines" which is why investments are recognised at fair value at the balance sheet date in accordance with the Danish Financial Statement Act §37 and §41.

Fair value estimation

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. Given the unquoted nature of the company's investments, the calculation of fair value assumes that the investment is realized or sold at the measurement date regardless of the company's intention to sell.

Valuations will factor in, among other items, the portfolio company's financial position and operating results, recent rounds of financing, exit or bid at portfolio company, subsequent events, exit strategy, shareholder rights and liquidation preferences, current developments including investment specific as well as industry/region related and commodity related events (if applicable).

The fair value estimates presented herein are not necessarily indicative of an amount the company could realize in a current transaction. Future confirming events will also affect the estimates of fair value. The effect of such events on the estimates of fair value, including the ultimate liquidation of investments, could be material to the financial statements.

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash and deposits at banks.

Accounting policies

Liabilities

Other liabilities, which include trade payables and other payables, are measured at amortised cost, which is usually equivalent to nominal value.

Foreign currency translation

On initial recognition, foreign currency transactions are translated applying the exchange rate at the transaction date. Foreign exchange differences arising between the exchange rates at the transaction date and at the date of payment are recognized in the income statement as financial income or financial expenses. If foreign currency instruments are considered cash flow hedges, any unrealized value adjustments are taken directly to a fair value reserve under 'Equity.'